San Francisco Transportation Plan Update

PART 5: Strategic Initiatives
Spring 2013



www.sfcta.org/MoveSmartSF | twitter.com/SanFranciscoTA | www.facebook.com/MoveSmartSF

Strategic Initiatives

- Complete Streets
- Next-Generation Transportation Demand Management
- Local-to-Regional Connections
- Project Delivery



Why strategic policy initiatives? What are they?

- Identify timely or emerging areas of transportation policy need
- Set policy direction for these areas of need and recommend sector strategies and activities that can respond to needs
- Guide the Authority's work and those of other agencies working in the transportation sector
- Suggest new opportunities for experimentation and innovation



Three strategic policy initiatives in the 2004 CWTP

Investments to support key land use goals

- ► Transit improvements to serve growth areas
 - T-Third, Central Subway, 19th Ave study, Geary BRT, Van Ness BRT, Transbay Terminal
 - New generation of developer mitigation measures
- Coordinated land use/transportation planning efforts
 - Bi-County Study, Park Merced, Treasure Island
- ► Transportation Sustainability Fee and CEQA reform work



Photo credit: Steve Bolan



Three strategic policy initiatives in the 2004 CWTP

Streets as vital public spaces

- Better Streets Plan
- Pavement to Parks
 - Ped plazas (16th, 24th, Balboa BART)
 - Parklets
- Sunday Streets
- Streetscape improvement projects
 - Valencia, Newcomb, Leland
- Better Market Street planning/design
- Shared streets
 - Linden, planned Western SOMA alleys







Three strategic policy initiatives in the 2004 CWTP

3 Travel demand and parking management

- SFpark pilot implementation
- Mobility Access and Pricing Study
- Transportation Demand Management Partnership
- Muni Partners Program
- Continued growth of car-sharing with City support
- Bike sharing kick-off
- Strategic analysis report (SAR) on shuttles
- Guaranteed Ride Home program
- Bike parking ordinance for private buildings





The goals of the SFTP

Strengthen the city's regional competitiveness

Provide world-class infrastructure

Create a more livable city

Ensure a healthy environment



Four proposed strategic policy initiatives for the SFTP

- Complete Streets: Provide more benefit with each transportation investment by creating a cost-effective complete streets approach
- Next-generation TDM: Broaden and deepen TDM efforts in order to manage the demand for driving and parking more effectively
- **❸ Local-to-regional connection:** Strengthen San Francisco's connection to the region and balance the needs of residents, commuters, visitors and through travelers
- **Project Delivery:** Improve the delivery of projects and programs



Complete Streets Initiative

Goal: Provide more benefit with each transportation investment by creating a more cost-effective complete streets approach

- Consider all modes from the conceptual stages of a project to reduce the cost and time to delivery of complete streets
- ▶ Strengthen the modal strategies, especially pedestrian sector capital priorities
- Clarify complete street expectations in terms of project development and implementation
- Develop a consistent city approach for prioritization and funding of all stages of project development





Consider all modes, define modal priorities

Consider all modes from the conceptual stages of a project to reduce the cost and time to deliver complete streets

- ► Clarify format and use of City's Complete Streets Checklist
- Continue to refine citywide project database to support inter-agency coordination
- Further develop modal priorities, including:
 - Transit Effectiveness Project and next generation bicycle projects
 - Pedestrian Sector Development
 - City Pedestrian Strategy
 - Next-generation Traffic Calming Program
 - Pedestrian Implementation Strategy





Set realistic expectations, practices

Clarify complete streets expectations by creating more consistent approaches to:

- Design features/scope (how to establish "must," "should," "may" practices)
- Design processes (mainstreaming a culture of value engineering, alternatives analysis, phasing)
- Funding practices (defining when a desired component is a "base" project cost vs. add-on funded by another "pot" of money)
- Recognizing trade-offs, prioritizing our efforts: How many multi-featured projects can/should we deliver per year?





Increase consistency across funding programs

Develop a consistent city approach for prioritization and funding of all stages of project development:

- Authority fund programs
 - OBAG responding to regional program requirements, criteria
 - Prop AA responding to voter-approved expenditure plan
 - Prop K supporting OBAG, AA and other project development needs
- Other city funding policies and programs
 - City capital plan, streets bond program
 - SFMTA, other agencies' capital programs





Next-Generation Transportation Demand Management

- Institute more coordinated and streamlined delivery and monitoring of TDM by City agencies
- Support and promote TDM activities with and among private-sector employers and institutions
- Implement robust and innovative TDM strategies, particularly pricing and technology solutions
- Advance bicycling and walking as TDM strategies







Next-Generation Transportation Demand Management

Potential strategies and approaches

Strategy	Examples
Inter-agency coordination	TDM Partnership Project, evaluation of pilots and of Planning Code TDM
Private-sector engagement	Sector Working Groups, Muni Partners Program
Innovative strategies	Congestion/parking pricing, bundled transit passes, HOV studies, dynamic ridesharing
Bicycling and walking	Bike sharing, "Commute by Bike," public area maps



