AMENDED IN BOARD 1/31/2017 ORDINANCE NO.

FILE NO. 160925

[Planning Code - Transportation Demand Management Program Requirement] 1 2 Ordinance amending the Planning Code to establish a citywide Transportation Demand 3 4 Management (TDM) Program, to require Development Projects to incorporate design features, incentives, and tools that support sustainable forms of transportation; to 5 create a new administrative fee to process TDM Plan applications and compliance 6 reports; and to make conforming amendments to various sections of the Planning 7 Code; affirming the Planning Department's determination under the California 8 9 Environmental Quality Act, and making findings of public necessity, convenience, and welfare under Planning Code Section 302, and findings of consistency with the General 10 Plan and the eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. 11 12 NOTE: **Unchanged Code text and uncodified text** are in plain Arial font. **Additions to Codes** are in *single-underline italics Times New Roman font*. 13 **Deletions to Codes** are in *strikethrough italics Times New Roman font*. Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. 14 Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font. Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code 15 subsections or parts of tables. 16 Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco: 17 18 19 Section 1. Findings. The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby finds and determines that: 20 The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this 21 (a) ordinance comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources 22 Code Section 21000 et seg.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of 23 Supervisors in File No. 160925, and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board affirms 24 this determination. 25

1	(b)	On	, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No, the
2	Board of Su	<u>ipervisors</u>	adopted findings that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are
3	consistent,	on balan	ce, with the City's General Plan and eight priority policies of Planning
4	Code Section	on 101.1.	The Board adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution
5	A Memoran	dum fron	n the Planning Department discussing the ordinance's consistency with
6	the General	l Plan an	d Planning Code Section 101.1 is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
7	Supervisors	in File N	lo. 160925, and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board adopts
8	those findin	gs as its	<u>own.</u>
9	(c)	On Au	gust 4, 2016, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No. 19715,
10	approved th	is legisla	tion, and recommended it for adoption by the Board of Supervisors, A
11	<u>Memorandu</u>	ım from t	he Planning Department discussing how public necessity, convenience
12	and welfare	require a	adoption of this ordinance is on file with the Clerk of the Board of
13	Supervisors	in File N	lo. 160925, and is incorporated herein by reference. The Board adopts
14	those findin	gs as its	own. and adopted findings that it will serve the public necessity,
15	convenience	e and we	elfare. Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, the Board adopts these
16	findings as	its own.	A copy of said Planning Commission Resolution No. 19715,
17	recommend	ling adop	tion of this Ordinance, is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
18	in File No. 1	60925 a	nd is incorporated herein by reference.
19			
20	Secti	ion 2. Th	ne Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Sections 169,169.1,
21	169.2, 169.3	3, 169.4,	169.5, and 169.6, to read as follows:
22			
23	SEC.	169. TR	ANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT PROGRAM.
24	<u>Sectio</u>	ons 169 th	arough 169.6 (hereafter referred to collectively as "Section 169") set forth the
25	<u>requirements</u>	s of the Tr	ansportation Demand Management Program (TDM Program).

under CEQA, has been shepherded by the State under Senate Bill 743 (Stats. 2013. C. 386, now

1	codified in Public Resources Code Section 21099). SB 743 required the Office of Planning and
2	Research (OPR) to develop new guidelines to replace the existing transportation review standard,
3	focused on automobile delay, with new criteria that "promote the reduction of greenhouse gas
4	emissions, the development of multimodal transportation networks, and a diversity of land uses." OPR
5	recommended a replacement metric of Vehicle Miles Traveled, or VMT, that is, the amount and
6	distance of automobile travel attributable to a project. The Planning Commission unanimously
7	approved a Resolution adopting changes consistent with implementation of SB 743, including the use of
8	Vehicle Miles Traveled as the metric for calculating transportation-related environmental impacts, at
9	its hearing on March 3, 2016 (Planning Commission Resolution No. 19579).
10	(3) The third component creates the TDM Program, detailed in Section 169. The
11	TDM Program seeks to promote sustainable travel modes by requiring new development projects to
12	incorporate design features, incentives, and tools that support transit, ride-sharing, walking, and
13	bicycle riding for the residents, tenants, employees, and visitors of their projects.
14	(d) State and regional governments have enacted many laws and policy initiatives that
15	promote the same sustainable transportation goals the TDM Program seeks to advance. For instance,
16	at the state level, the Congestion Management Law, Gov. Code Section 65088, establishes that to
17	reduce the state's traffic congestion crisis and "keep California moving," it is important to build
18	transit-oriented development, revitalize the state's cities, and promote all forms of transportation.
19	Assembly Bill 32, the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (Chapter 488, Statutes of
20	2006), requires statewide GHG reductions to 1990 levels by 2020. Executive Orders B-30-15, S-3-05
21	and B-16-12 set forth GHG reduction targets beyond that year, to 2050. Senate Bill 375, the
22	Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act of 2008 (Chapter 728, Statutes of 2008) supports
23	the state's climate action goals to reduce GHG emissions through coordinated transportation and land
24	use planning with the goal of creating more sustainable communities. Under this statute, the
25	California Air Resources Board establishes GHG reduction targets for metropolitan planning

1	organizations, based on land use patterns and transportation systems specified in Regional
2	Transportation Plans and Sustainable Community Strategies. Plan Bay Area 2040 sets GHG and
3	Vehicle Miles Traveled reduction targets and a target for increasing non-automobile mode share for
4	the Bay Area.
5	(e) In addition, San Francisco has enacted many laws and policy initiatives that promote
6	the same sustainable transportation goals the TDM Program seeks to advance. The "Transit First
7	Policy," in Section 8A.115 of the City Charter, declares that public transit is "an economically and
8	environmentally sound alternative to transportation by individual automobiles," and that within the
9	City, "travel by public transit, by bicycle and on foot must be an attractive alternative to travel by
10	private automobile." The GHG Reduction Ordinance, codified at Chapter 9 of the Environment Code
11	sets GHG reduction emission targets of 25% below 1990 levels by 2017; 40% below 1990 levels by
12	2025; and 80% below 1990 levels by 2050. The City's Climate Action Strategy, prepared pursuant to
13	the GHG Reduction Ordinance, has identified a target of having 50% of total trips within the City be
14	made by modes other than automobiles by 2017, and 80% by 2030. One of the ways identified to
15	achieve this target is through TDM for new development.
16	(f) San Francisco has long acknowledged the importance of TDM strategies in the
17	Transportation Element of the City's General Plan, the San Francisco County Transportation Plan,
18	and many Area Plans. For example, each of the Area Plans within Eastern Neighborhoods and the
19	Transit Center District Plan identify policies for the development of a TDM program within them.
20	(g) The TDM Program set forth in Section 169 requires new projects subject to its
21	requirements to incorporate design features, incentives, and tools to encourage new residents, tenants,
22	employees, and visitors to travel by sustainable transportation modes, such as transit, walking, ride-
23	sharing, and biking, thereby reducing Vehicle Miles Traveled associated with new development. The
24	goals of the TDM Program are to help keep San Francisco moving as it grows, and to promote better

1	environmental, health, and safety outcomes, consistent with the state, regional, and local policies
2	mentioned above.
3	(h) For projects that use Development Agreements and may not be required to comply fully
4	with the requirements of Section 169, it is the Board of Supervisors' strong preference that
5	Development Agreements should include similar provisions that meet the goals of the TDM Program.
6	(i) The Board of Supervisors finds that it is in the public interest to exempt
7	affordable housing from the fees and requirements of the TDM Program, in order to promote
8	this important City policy and priority, and also because these projects generally generate less
9	VMT. A 2014 study by Transform and California Housing Partnership Corporation, "Why
10	creating and preserving affordable homes near transit is a highly effective climate protection
11	strategy," finds that "Higher Income households [defined as above 120% of area median
12	income] drive more than twice as many miles and own more than twice as many vehicles as
13	Extremely Low-Income households [defined as 30% or less of AMI] living within 1/4 mile of
14	frequent transit," which demonstrates how the TDM value for on-site affordable housing units
15	is largely dependent on the level of affordability of the targeted households.
16	(j) The Board of Supervisors finds that it is in the public interest to exempt some
17	uses from the TDM Program fees, in order to promote other important City policies and
18	priorities, such as the goals and missions of City-funded charitable health and human service
19	organizations. As such, the Board of Supervisors finds that parking spaces dedicated to
20	service vehicles provided for City-funded charitable health and human service organizations
21	shall be excluded from the definition of a parking space in the TDM Program Standards.
22	
23	SEC. 169.2. DEFINITIONS.
24	For purpose of Section 169, the following definitions shall apply. In addition, see the Planning
25	Commission Standards for the Transportation Demand Management Program (TDM Program

1	Standards), described in Section 169.6, for additional definitions of terms applicable to this Section
2	<u>169.</u>
3	Approval. Any required approval or determination on a Development Application that the
4	Planning Commission, Planning Department, or Zoning Administrator issues.
5	Development Application. As defined in Section 401.
6	Development Project. As defined in Section 401.
7	Transportation Demand Management, or TDM. Design features, incentives, and tools
8	implemented by Development Projects to reduce VMT, by helping residents, tenants, employees, and
9	visitors choose sustainable travel options such as transit, bicycle riding, or walking.
10	Transportation Demand Management Plan, or TDM Plan. A Development Project's plan
11	describing compliance with the TDM Program.
12	Transportation Demand Management Program, or TDM Program. The San Francisco policy
13	requiring Development Projects to incorporate TDM measures in their proposed projects, as set forth
14	in Section 169.
15	Vehicle Miles Traveled, or VMT. A measure of the amount and distance that a Development
16	Project causes people to drive, as set forth in more detail by the Planning Commission in the TDM
17	Program Standards prepared pursuant to Section 169.6.
18	
19	SEC. 169.3. APPLICABILITY.
20	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), Section 169 shall apply to any Development
21	Project in San Francisco that results in:
22	(1) Ten or more Dwelling Units, as defined in Section 102; or
23	(2) Ten or more bedroomss of in a Group Housing or Residential Care Facility,
24	as thisese terms are is defined in Section 102; or

1	(3) Any new construction resulting in 10,000 occupied square feet or more of any
2	use other than Residential, as this term is defined in Section 102, excluding any area used for accessory
3	parking; or
4	(4) Any Change of Use resulting in 25,000 occupied square feet or more of any use
5	other than Residential, as this term is defined in Section 102, excluding any area used for accessory
6	parking, as set forth in the TDM Program Standards, if:
7	(A) The Change of Use involves a change from a Residential use to any use
8	other than Residential; or
9	(B) The Change of Use involves a change from any use other than
10	Residential, to another use other than Residential.
11	(5) For any Development Project that has been required to finalize and record a
12	TDM Plan pursuant to Section 169.4 below, any increase in accessory parking spaces or Parking
13	Garage spaces within such Development Project that results in an increase in the requirements of the
14	TDM Standards shall be required to modify such TDM Plan pursuant to Section 169.4(f) below.
15	(b) Exemptions. Notwithstanding subsection (a), Section 169 shall not apply to the
16	<u>following:</u>
17	(1) One Hundred Percent Affordable Housing Projects. Residential uses within
18	<u>Development Projects where all residential units are affordable to households at or below</u> 150%
19	120% of the Area Median Income, as defined in Section 401, shall not be subject to the TDM Program.
20	Any uses other than Residential within those projects, whose primary purpose is to provide services to
21	the Residential uses within those projects shall also be exempt. Other uses shall be subject to the TDM
22	program. All uses shall be subject to all other applicable requirements of the Planning Code.
23	(2) Parking Garages and Parking Lots, as defined in Section 102. However, parking
24	spaces within such Parking Garages or Parking Lots, when included within a larger Development
25	

1	Project, may be considered in the determination of TDM Plan requirements, as described in the TDM
2	<u>Program Standards.</u>
3	(c) When determining whether a Development Project shall be subject to the TDM
4	Program, the Development Project shall be considered in its entirety. A Development Project shall no
5	seek multiple applications for building permits to evade the applicability of the TDM Program.
6	(d) The TDM Program shall not apply to any Development Project that receives Approval
7	of a any Development Application or Development Agreement before the effective date of this
8	<u>Section.</u>
9	(e) Development Projects with a Development Application filed or an Environmenta
10	Application deemed complete on or before September 4, 2016 shall be subject to 50% of the
11	applicable target, as defined in the Planning Commission's Standards. Development Projects
12	with no Development Application filed or an Environmental Application deemed complete on
13	or before September 4, 2016, but that file a Development Application on or after September 5
14	2016, and before January 1, 2018, shall be subject to 75% of the such target. Development
15	Projects with a Development Application on or after January 1, 2018 shall be subject to 100%
16	of the such target.
17	
18	SEC. 169.4. TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS.
19	(a) A property owner shall submit a proposed TDM Plan along with the Development
20	Project's first Development Application. For all projects that require a pre-application community
21	meeting, the Project Sponsor shall present a draft TDM Plan at that pre-application meeting
22	and solicit feedback from the local community to be taken into consideration in preparing the
23	proposed TDM Plan for submittal to the Planning Department. For all projects that require a
24	community meeting occur prior to project application, the Project Sponsor shall discuss
25	potential TDM measures and program standards at that meeting and solicit feedback from the

1	local community to be taken into consideration in preparing the proposed TDM Plan for
2	submittal to the Planning Department. If the Planning Department requires any preliminary
3	application or assessment prior to the project application, the project sponsor shall submit a
4	draft TDM plan at that time. The proposed TDM Plan shall document the Development Project's
5	proposed compliance with Section 169 and the Planning Commission's TDM Program Standards.
6	(b) The proposed TDM Plan shall be reviewed in conjunction with the approval of the first
7	Development Application for the Development Project.
8	(c) Compliance with the TDM Program, including compliance with a finalized TDM Plan,
9	shall be included as a Condition of Approval of the Development Project. The Planning Commission
10	shall not waive, reduce, or adjust the requirements of the TDM Program through the approval
11	processes described in Sections 304, 309, 329 or any other Planning Commission approval process
12	that allows for exceptions.
13	(d) The Development Project shall be subject to the TDM Program Standards in effect at
14	the time of its first Development Project Application Approval. If the Planning Commission has issued
15	revised TDM Program Standards subsequent to that the date of the Development Project's first
16	<u>Development Project Approval Application was filed, then the property owner may elect to have the</u>
17	Development Project be subject to the later-approved TDM Program Standards, but if so, must meet al
18	requirements of such revised Standards.
19	(e) The Zoning Administrator shall approve and order the recordation of a Notice in the
20	Official Records of the Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco for the subject property prior
21	to the issuance of a building or site permit. This Notice shall include the Development Project's final
22	TDM Plan and detailed descriptions of each TDM measure.
23	(f) Upon application of a property owner, after a TDM Plan is finalized and the associated
24	building or site permit has been issued, a Development Project's TDM Plan may be modified in
25	accordance with procedures and standards adopted by the Planning Commission in the TDM Program

1	Standards. However, if such modification to an existing TDM Plan is required pursuant to Section
2	169.3(a)(5) above, the modified TDM Plan shall be finalized in accordance with the procedures and
3	requirements of the TDM Standards in effect at the time of the modification.
4	(g) Property owners shall pay administrative fees with the application, periodic
5	compliance review, and voluntary update review of their TDM Plans, as set forth in the
6	Planning Department Fee Schedule.
7	
8	SEC. 169.5. MONITORING, REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE.
9	(a) Prior to the issuance of a first certificate of occupancy, the property owner shall
10	facilitate a site inspection by Planning Department staff to confirm that all approved physical
11	improvement measures in the Development Project's TDM Plan have been implemented and/or
12	installed. The property owner shall also provide documentation that all approved programmatic
13	measures in the Development Project's TDM Plan will be implemented. The process and standards for
14	determining compliance shall be specified in the Planning Commission's TDM Program Standards.
15	(b) Throughout the life of the Development Project, the property owner shall:
16	(1) Maintain a TDM coordinator, as defined in the Planning Commission's TDM
17	Program Standards, who shall coordinate with the City on the Development Project's compliance with
18	its approved TDM Plan.
19	(2) Allow City staff access to relevant portions of the property to conduct site visits,
20	surveys, inspection of physical improvements, and/or other empirical data collection, and facilitate in-
21	person, phone, and/or e-mail or web-based interviews with residents, tenants, employees, and/or
22	visitors. City staff shall provide advance notice of any request for access and shall use all reasonable
23	efforts to protect personal privacy during visits and in the use of any data collected during this process
24	(3) Submit periodic compliance reports to the Planning Department, as required by
25	the Planning Commission's TDM Program Standards.

1	(3) Each of the TDM measures in the TDM Program Standards shall be assigned a
2	number of points, reflecting its relative effectiveness to reduce VMT. This relative effectiveness
3	determination shall be grounded in literature review, local data collection, best practice research,
4	and/or professional transportation expert opinion, and shall be described in the TDM Program
5	<u>Standards.</u>
6	(c) One year after the effective date of the TDM Program, the Planning Department
7	shall prepare a report analyzing the implementation of the TDM Program and describing any
8	changes to the TDM Program Standards. Every four years, following the periodic updates to the
9	San Francisco Countywide Transportation Plan that the San Francisco County Transportation
10	Authority prepares, the Planning Department shall prepare a report containing the same
11	information analyzing the implementation of the TDM Program and describing any changes to
12	the TDM Program Standards. The Planning Department shall present such reports to the Planning
13	Commission, and and may present it them to the Board of Supervisors during a public
14	hearings, if a Supervisor chooses to request a hearing on the matter.
15	
16	Section 3. The Planning Code is hereby amended by revising Sections <u>102</u> , 151, 163,
17	166, <u>and 305, and 357</u> to read as follows:
18	
19	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.
20	* * * *
21	Floor Area, Gross.
22	* * * *
23	(b) "Gross Floor Area" shall not include the following:
24	* * * *
25	

1	(21) Any area devoted to bicycle parking, bicycle maintenance rooms, or car share
2	spaces when such features are provided as part of a Development Project's compliance with
3	the Transportation Demand Management Program set forth in Section 169 of the Planning
4	Code.
5	* * * *
6	
7	SEC. 151. SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES.
8	(a) Applicability. Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in the minimum quantities
9	specified in Table 151, except as otherwise provided in Section 151.1 and Section 161 of this
10	Code. Where the building or lot contains uses in more than one of the categories listed,
11	parking requirements shall be calculated in the manner provided in Section 153 of this Code.
12	Where off-street parking is provided which exceeds certain amounts in relation to the
13	quantities specified in Table 151, as set forth in subsection (c), such parking shall be
14	classified not as accessory parking but as either a principal or a conditional use, depending
15	upon the use provisions applicable to the district in which the parking is located. In
16	considering an application for a conditional use for any such parking, due to the amount being
17	provided, the Planning Commission shall consider the criteria set forth in Section 157 of this
18	Code. Minimum off-street parking requirements shall be reduced, to the extent needed, when such
19	reduction is part of a Development Project's compliance with the Transportation Demand Management
20	Program set forth in Section 169 of the Planning Code.
21	* * * *
22	
23	SEC. 163. TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS AND
24	TRANSPORTATION BROKERAGE SERVICES IN COMMERCIAL AND MIXED USE

DISTRICTS.

(a) Purpose. This Section <u>163</u> is intended to assure that adequate <u>measures</u> <u>services</u>
are undertaken and maintained to minimize the transportation impacts of added office
employment and residential development in the downtown and South of Market area, in a
manner consistent with the objectives and policies of the General Plan, by facilitating the
effective use of transit, encouraging ridesharing, and employing other practical means to
reduce commute travel by single-occupant vehicles.

- (b) Applicability. The requirements of this Section apply to any project meeting one of the following conditions:
- (1) In Commercial and Mixed Use Districts, projects where the *gross occupied* square feet of new construction, conversion, or added floor area for office use equals at least 100,000 square feet;
- (2) In the C-3-O(SD) District, where new construction, conversion, or added floor area for residential use equals at least 100,000 square feet or 100 dwelling units;
- (3) In the C-3-O(SD) District, projects where the *gross* <u>occupied</u> square feet of new construction or added floor area for any non-residential use equals at least 100,000 square feet; or
- (4) In the case of the SSO, WMUO, or MUO District, where the *gross* <u>occupied</u> square feet of new, converted or added floor area for office use equals at least 25,000 square feet.
- (c) Requirement. For all applicable projects, the *project sponsor property owner* shall be required to provide on-site transportation brokerage services for the actual lifetime of the project, as provided in this Subsection. Prior to the issuance of a temporary permit of occupancy *(for this purpose Section 149(d) shall apply)*, the *project sponsor property owner* shall execute an agreement with the Planning Department for the provision of on-site transportation brokerage services. *and preparation of a transportation management program to be approved by the*

1	Director of Planning and implemented by the provider of transportation brokerage services. The
2	transportation management program and transportation brokerage services shall be designed:
3	(1) To promote and coordinate effective and efficient use of transit by tenants and their
4	employees, including the provision of transit information and sale of transit passes on-site;
5	(2) To promote and coordinate ridesharing activities for all tenants and their
6	employees within the structure or use;
7	(3) To reduce parking demand and assure the proper and most efficient use of on-site
8	or off-site parking, where applicable, such that all provided parking conforms with the requirements of
9	Article 1.5 of this Code and project approval requirements;
10	(4) To promote and encourage the provision and proliferation of car-sharing services
11	convenient to tenants and employees of the subject buildings in addition to those required by Section
12	166, and to promote and encourage those tenants and their employees to prioritize the use of car-share
13	services for activities that necessitate automobile travel, including the promotion and sale of individual
14	and business memberships in certified car-sharing organizations, as defined by Section 166(b)(2).
15	(5) To promote and encourage project occupants to adopt a coordinated flex-time or
16	staggered work hours program designed to more evenly distribute the arrival and departure times of
17	employees within normal peak commute periods;
18	(6) To participate with other project sponsors in a network of transportation brokerage
19	services for the respective downtown, South of Market area, or other area of employment concentration
20	in Mixed Use Districts;
21	(7) To carry out other activities determined by the Planning Department to be
22	appropriate to meeting the purpose of this requirement.
23	SEC. 166. CAR SHARING.
24	* * * *
25	(g) Optional Car-Share Spaces.

(1) Amount of Optional Spaces. In addition to any permitted or required parking that may apply to the project, the property owner may elect to provide additional car-share parking spaces in the maximum amount specified in Table 166A; provided, however, that the optional car-share parking spaces authorized by this subsection (g) are not permitted for a project that receives a Conditional Use authorization to increase parking. <u>Additional car-share parking spaces shall be allowed beyond the maximum amount specified in Table 166A, to the extent needed, when such additional car-share parking spaces are part of a Development Project's compliance with the Transportation Demand Management Program set forth in Section 169 of the Planning Code.</u>

SEC. 305. VARIANCES.

(a) General. The Zoning Administrator shall hear and make determinations regarding applications for variances from the strict application of quantitative standards in this Code. He shall have power to grant only such variances as may be in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Code and in accordance with the general and specific rules contained herein, and he shall have power to grant such variances only to the extent necessary to overcome such practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship as may be established in accordance with the provisions of this Section. No variance shall be granted in whole or in part which would have an effect substantially equivalent to a reclassification of property; or which would permit any use, any height or bulk of a building or structure, or any type or size or height of sign not expressly permitted by the provisions of this Code for the district or districts in which the property in question is located; or which would grant a privilege for which a conditional use procedure is provided by this Code; or which would change a definition in this Code; or which would waive, reduce or adjust the inclusionary housing requirements of

Sections 415 through 415.9; or which would reduce or waive any portion of the usable open
space applicable under certain circumstances in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use
Districts pursuant to Section 135(i) and 135.3(d); or which would waive or reduce the quantity
of bicycle parking required by Sections 155.2 through 155.3 where off-street automobile
parking is proposed or existing; or which would waive, reduce or adjust the requirements of the
TDM Program in Sections 169 et seq. A variance may be granted for the bicycle parking layout
requirements in Section 155.1 of this Code. If the relevant Code provisions are later changed
so as to be more restrictive before a variance authorization is acted upon, the more restrictive
new provisions, from which no variance was granted, shall apply. The procedures for
variances shall be as specified in this Section and in Sections 306 through 306.5.
* * * *

Section 4. Ordinance 149-16 (Board of Supervisors File No. 160632, effective August 31, 2016) repealed the entirety of Section 357, which this Ordinance sought to amend. As a result of the Board's action, amendments to Section 357 are no longer being proposed.

Section 5. Add the following to the Planning Department Fee Schedule (referenced in Board of Supervisors' Ordinance 149-16), as a new subsection (c) in the Section entitled "TRANSPORTATION REVIEW ASSOCIATED WITH PROJECT APPLICATIONS."

(c) Transportation Demand Management Program fees. The fee for review of a Development Project's Transportation Demand Management Plan (TDM Plan) shall be \$6,000, plus time and materials in excess of this initial one-time fee. The fee for periodic compliance review required under the Transportation Demand Management Program (TDM Program) Standards shall be \$1,000. In addition, the fee for voluntary Transportation

Demand Management Plan TDM Plan update review shall be \$1,300. Development Projects

consisting of 24 Dwelling Units or less shall be exempt from the periodic compliance review fee and the voluntary update review fee, but shall be otherwise subject to the TDM Program as set forth in Planning Code Section 169 et seq, including the required payment of the application fee. Any land use that requires a TDM Plan, but will be occupied by a non-profit organization that will receive funding from the City to provide services at the subject property shall be exempt from all TDM fees, provided it files fee waiver applications with the Planning Department. Non-profit organizations wishing to be exempt from these fees shall file their fee waiver applications together with their TDM Plan (to waive the application fee), every two years after issuance of a certificate of occupancy (to waive the compliance fees), and as needed (to waive the voluntary update review fee). Aside from these fee waivers, these non-profit organizations shall be subject to the TDM Program as set forth in Planning Code Section 169 et seq. The non-profit fee waivers listed above shall be revoked if a change occurs in the use or tenancy of the project, such that the minimum requirements for such a waiver are no longer met.

Section 46. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance.

Section <u>57</u>. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under

1	the official title of the ordinance. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, if the City enacts the
2	ordinance in Board of Supervisors File No. 160632, which, among other things, deletes
3	Planning Code Section 357 in its entirety and places the transportation study fees referenced
4	in Planning Code Section 357 into the uncodified Section 4 of that ordinance, it is the intent of
5	the Board of Supervisors that this ordinance not conflict with the ordinance in File No. 160632
6	Accordingly, if the City enacts the ordinance in File No. 160632 with the deletion of Planning
7	Code Section 357 in its entirety, it is the intent of the Board of Supervisors that Section 357 be
8	likewise deleted from this ordinance, but that subsection (c) of Planning Code Section 357,
9	which is added by this ordinance, be treated as an uncodified provision of this ordinance, and
10	serve as the basis for the inclusion of the fee established in subsection (c) in the Planning
11	Department Schedule of Fees.
12	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
13	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
14 By: ANDREA RUIZ-ESQUIDE Deputy City Attorney	Ву:
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