Executive Summary Planning Code Text Change

HEARING DATE: OCTOBER 23, 2014

Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

1650 Mission St.

Reception: 415.558.6378

415.558.6409

415.558.6377

Fax:

Planning

Information:

Project Name: Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation

Case Number: 2013.0647T

Initiated by: Planning Department

Staff Contact: Aaron Starr, Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 415-558-6362

Reviewed by: AnMarie Rodgers, Senior Policy Advisor

anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org, 415-558-6395

Recommendation: Approval with modifications

PLANNING CODE AMENDMENT

The proposed Ordinance would amend the Planning Code to consolidate definitions into Section 102, reorganize Article 2 to create Zoning Control Tables, and make nonsubstantive changes to various sections in Articles 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in order to update, clarify, and simplify Code language.

The Way It Is Now:

- Article 2 of the Planning Code contains use and residential unit density controls for Residential (R), Commercial (C), Manufacturing (M) and Production Distribution and Repair (PDR) Districts. See Exhibit C for sample of the existing Article 2 use charts.
- Articles 7 and 8 contain zoning control tables for the City's Neighborhood Commercial Districts (NCDs) and Mixed Use Districts (MUDs). Zoning control tables include a summary of use controls as well as development standards. Each zoning district has its own table, and divides the uses into vertical controls (i.e. uses are regulated by story). See Exhibit D for sample of an Article 7 zoning control table.
- Article 1 contains development standards for all zoning districts in the City, such as rear yard and front yard setbacks, open space requirements, parking ratios and the like.
- Section 102 is the primary Section for definitions in the Planning Code, but definitions especially use definitions are found in almost every Article of the Planning Code. Use
 definitions are located in Articles 2, 7 and 8. Many of the use definitions are duplicative or
 overlap.

The Way It Would Be:

The proposed legislation would:

• Replace the use tables in Article 2 with zoning control tables, similar to those found in Articles 7 and 8; however, rather than giving each zoning district its own table, similar zoning districts, such as all RH (Residential, House) or all RM (Residential, Mixed) zoning districts, would be grouped into one table. These charts would not be divided up into vertical controls like they are in the NCDs and MUDs, because uses in these districts, for the most part, are not regulated by

story. The tables also include the use controls as well as development standards for that particular zoning district. See page 175 of Exhibit B (Proposed Ordinance) for an example of the proposed Zoning Control Tables.

Move all use definitions and "universal definitions" (definitions that are not specific to one Article or Section of the Code or that are general terms, such as Planning Department, Board of Supervisors, Façade, etc.) into Section 102 (page 2, Exhibit B), and separate out location and operational conditions from use definitions and place them in Section 202.2 (page 130, Exhibit B). Eventually, the goal is to have all zoning districts reference one set of use definitions, and operation and location controls.

BACKGROUND

Overall Goals and Phasing

The goals of this proposal are to reorganize Article 2 so that it is easier to use, rationalize use definitions by consolidating them into one section of the Code and have all zoning districts reference one set of use definitions. To do this, the Department is proposing a three phase approach. The first phase would consolidate all definitions into one location (Section 102) and to reorganize Article 2 into a format similar to Articles 7 and 8. The second and third phases would delete use definitions in Articles 7 and 8 and modify those Articles so that they reference the consolidated use definitions in Section 102.

The three phase approach is proposed for two reasons. The first is to break up the proposal so that it isn't overwhelming for staff, the Commission or members of the public. While the majority of the changes to the Code in this process will be non-substantive, each phase will require an ordinance that is several hundred pages long. This phase alone is over 460 pages long. The second reason is to reduce the potential for errors and oversights. Breaking up this process into three phases will allow staff to focus on fewer sections at a time. While this will temporarily make the Planning Code longer and in parts redundant, Staff believes that breaking up the proposal into phases is essential to ensuring a process that is as transparent and efficient as possible.

How Did We Get Here?

The Planning Code maintained the same basic structure until 1986 when the NCD controls were added to the Code in Article 7. Prior to that, all development standards and general definitions were located in Article 1, use definitions and use controls were located in Article 2.

For its time, Article 7 was a dramatically new way of organizing the Planning Code and thinking about land use, primarily because it used vertical controls to regulate uses; however, because of the structural differences between Articles 2 and 7, and the desire to more closely regulate retail and service uses, Article 7 was given its own set of use definitions. When Article 8 was added to the Code, it followed the same format as Article 7 along with adding its own list of use definitions. Today we have four sets of use definitions in the Planning Code; one for R Districts and one for C, M and PDR Districts in Article 2, one for NCDs in Article 7, and one for MUDs in Article 8. Many of these uses overlap and some are exact copies, while other use definitions are exclusive to that particular Article.

Use Chart vs. Zoning Control Table

The use charts used in Article 2 define and list the various land uses permitted in R, C, M, and PDR Districts in one chart. The chart includes the use definition and indicates if the use is permitted, requires conditional use authorization or is not permitted. One advantage of this format is that it allows you to see all of the districts where a particular use is permitted in one table. The main disadvantage is that

these charts do not also include development standards or other relevant controls for particular uses. To find those, the user has search through other sections of the Planning Code, which often means sorting through several paragraphs of code in order to find the information. Further, because the definition for each use is located within the use charts, these charts are difficult to format and cumbersome to use. It also requires some use definitions to be listed twice, once for Residential districts (RH, RM, RTO, RC) and once for Commercial districts (C, M, and PDR).

Zoning control tables found in Articles 7 and 8 list land uses as well as basic development standards and controls, providing the user a single table that outlines the basic parameters of a particular zoning district. If more information is needed about a development standard, the section where that standard is found is listed in the zoning control table for reference. Also, uses are listed in a separate section (790 and 890 respectively) so that they only need to be listed once, and because the use definition is not in the table, they are more succinct and easier to understand.

While there is an advantage to being able to see all of the districts where a use is permitted in one chart, experience has shown that the zoning controls tables in Articles 7 and 8 are more user friendly than the use charts used in Article 2. Further, should the need ever arise, use charts can always be developed as a Planning Department publication rather than being included in the Planning Code. Staff developed the proposed zoning control tables for Article 2 in the attached Ordinance based on the tables in Articles 7 and 8, but refined them to be more space efficient and user friendly.

Proposed Definition Structure

Articles 2, 7, and 8 also have different ways of categorizing land uses. In addition to providing an organizational structure, use categories are sometimes used to identify special controls or prohibitions. The chart below compares the how the three articles currently categorize their uses.

Article 2	Articles 7/8
Dwellings	Residential Use
Other Housing	Residential Use
Institutions	Institutional
Retail Sales and Personal Service	Retail Sales and Service
Massage Establishments	Retail Sales and Service
Offices	Non-Retail Sales and Service/ Office
Laundering Facilities	Retail Sales and Service
Assembly and Entertainment	Retail Sales and Service/ Assembly, Recreation, Arts and Entertainment
Home and Business Services	Non-Retail Sales and Service/ Home and Business Service
Automotive	Retail Sales and Service/ Automotive Services and/or Vehicle Parking
Animal Services	Retail Sales and Service
Wholesale, Storage Distribution etc	N/A: Refers to Industrial/PDR uses in Article 2
Manufacturing and processing	N/A: Refers to Industrial/PDR uses in Article 2

To maintain continuity with the current Code, Staff organized the uses in the Code using existing terms and groupings. The result is eight main use categories with several sub categories as shown below:

- Agriculture
- **Industrial**
- Institutional: Education, Healthcare and Community
- Sales and Service: Retail, Non-Retail
- Residential
- Entertainment, Arts and Recreation: Non-Commercial, Retail
- Automotive: Non-Retail, Retail
- **Utility and Infrastructure**

For a chart showing a complete listing of the proposed uses divided into their use categories, please see

The purpose behind using these new use categories is twofold. The first is to maintain continuity with the way use definitions are currently categorized, which will help lessen the need for significant policy changes. The second is to provide a way to organize the uses though the various use districts. The new zoning tables in Article 2 will use the eight use categories to list the uses, reducing the size of each table. For example, in RH districts Industrial uses are not permitted. Rather than listing all Industrial type uses in the RH Zoning Control Table and indicating them as NP, the use table will show just the use category "Industrial" as not permitted in all RH Districts. The same would be true for Retail Sales and Service Uses in C Districts, which are primarily permitted. Rather than listing out all Retail Sales and Service Uses, only those that have specific provisions would be listed individually. Otherwise all Retail Sales and Service Uses would be show as permitted. Please see page 178 of the proposed Ordinance (Exhibit B) for an example.

Use Characteristic vs. Use

With this Ordinance, use characteristics would be more clearly defined and delineated in the Code. There are two types of use characteristics, residential and commercial. Residential use characteristics include Student Housing and SROs. Commercial use characteristics include Drive Thru Facility, Formula Retail, Open Air Sales, Out Door Activity Area, Walk-Up Facility, and Water Borne Commerce. Characteristics are not stand alone uses that can be approved on their own, and are regulated separately from the use itself since they are not inherent to the use. For instance a Restaurant can be Formula Retail and a Drive Thru Facility, but those characteristics are not inherent to the Restaurant use. You can also have a Restaurant without those characteristics. Similarly, Student Housing and SROs can be either dwelling units or part of a group housing development. Residential Use Characteristics are listed at the beginning of Residential and Standards Uses table and Commercial Characteristics are listed at the beginning of ever Non-Residential Standards and Uses table for commercial districts.

Outreach and Process to Date

The Department originally presented this effort to the Planning Commission on June 20, 2013. At that time, the Department gave an overview of how the Planning Code had grown over time from about 18 pages in the 1930s to the 1336+ page Code we have today, and how that growth added both necessary and unnecessary complexity to the Code. Staff also discussed the proposed organizational structure of the new Article 2 including the proposed use categories, the use of zoning control tables and consolidating definitions into Section 102. After that presentation, the Department held two community outreach meetings, one on August 9, 2013 and one on August 14, 2013. At those meetings, the Department gave an overview of the proposal to a few interested community members and took feedback on the proposed

reorganization. The Department spent the next few months further refined the proposed Ordinance based on the outreach meetings, comments from the Commission and further analysis of the Planning Code. Prior to coming to this Commission for initiation, the proposed Ordinance has been reviewed internally by both current planning and citywide staff, and the Zoning Administrator and Assistant Zoning Administrator have each been consulted in the development process. The Ordinance also went through a five month review by the City Attorney's office.

After the Ordinance was initiated by the Planning Commission on July 24, 2014 two community organizations (the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods and The Cow Hollow Neighborhood Association) requested that Staff attend their land use committee meetings and discuss the proposed Ordinance. Staff met with the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods (CSFN) on August 11, 2014. Coalition Members and Staff went over a list of questions and proposed modifications to the Ordinance, many of which have been incorporated into the revise Ordinance before the Commission today. Staff also met with the Cow Hollow Neighborhood Association on August 14, 2014 and went over the proposed changes and answered questions from the group's land use committee. The discussion was fairly general, but the group was primarily concerned about any changes that may be happening to the RH zoned neighborhoods.

Use Changes/Consolidations

The Code currently has an estimated 315 separate uses listed in the Code; the proposed Ordinance reduces that number down to 116 (See Exhibits E and F). Staff was able to achieve this dramatic reduction because a significant number of uses appear twice in the Code (once in Article 7 and once in Article 8) or in some case four times, such as Hospitals (twice in Article 2, once in Article 7 and once in Article 8). Staff attempted to maintain as many of the existing uses as possible; however because there are so many uses in the Code, and the Code is such a complicated document, Staff did have to make some decisions that involved deleting or consolidating certain uses. The following is a summary of the uses in the eight new use categories and the various changes that were made to uses in the process of consolidation.

Agricultural Uses

There are three Agricultural uses in the Code; Neighborhood Agriculture, Large-Scale Urban Agriculture and Greenhouses. Agricultural uses are widely permitted uses. In R Districts Neighborhood Agriculture is principally permitted, while Large Scale Urban Agriculture and Greenhouses require conditional use authorization. More intensive areas, such as PDR and M Districts, permit all types of Agricultural uses as of right. Greenhouses are prohibited in C-3 Districts; otherwise Agricultural uses are permitted as of right in all C-3 Districts. The operational controls for Agricultural Uses were moved from the use definitions in Section 102.34 to Section 202.2(c).

The following is a list of changes made to the definitions of Agricultural Uses in this Ordinance.

• Greenhouse is a use currently found in the Planning Code, but there is no definition for it; therefore, a definition for Greenhouse was developed by staff using definitions found in the dictionary and on the internet. The proposed new Greenhouse definition is as follows:

Greenhouse. An Agricultural use that involves the cultivation of plants inside a glass building. This definition does not include accessory structures located in a required rear yard that comply with Section 136(c)(22) of this Code.

Automotive Uses

Executive Summary
Hearing Date: October 23, 2014

Automotive Uses are divided into two subsections; Retail Automotive Use and Non-Retail Automotive Use. The Retail Automotive Use includes Automotive Repair, Automotive Sale or Rental, Automobile Service Station, Automotive Wash, Gas Station, Public Parking Garage, Public Parking Lot, Vehicle Storage Garage, and Vehicle Storage Lot. Non-Retail Automotive includes Ambulance Services, Parcel Delivery Service, Private Parking Garage, Private Parking Lot, and Vehicle Tow Service. Several of the existing automotive uses have been consolidated or removed, and the operational and location controls for all Automotive Uses have been moved to Section 202.2. The proposed changes to Automotive Uses are as follows:

- Consolidation and Simplification of Automotive Uses. The NE Ordinance (BF110548), which was split up into smaller ordinances after the commission's review, removed overly specific automotive use definitions that dealt with auto repair and maintenance in Article 2 (Planning Code Section 223), and replaced them with references to the more general automotive use definitions in Article 8. These changes have not been adopted by the Board of Supervisors yet, but the Planning Commission voted to recommend approval of these amendments on May 3, 2012 (Resolution 18615), and staff has included these changes in this Ordnance. The consolidation of these uses doesn't significantly impact how these uses are regulated.
- Parking Definitions. Currently, the Planning Code has 13 different parking definitions; three in Article 2, two in Article 7, six in Article 8. Most of these are duplicate definitions, and the uses primarily differentiate between whether or not the parking is public or private, and whether or not it is located on an open lot or in a garage. Article 8 has most of the variation and specification; parking uses are divided into six different uses.¹ These uses are distinguished not only by whether or not the parking is public or private, or located on an open lot or in a garage, but also the by the user of the parking. For instance, "Auto Parking Lot, Community Residential" is a private parking lot for use only by residents and visitors of residents of the vicinity. Internal discussion with current planning staff and a search of the Department's database revealed that this type of distinction was rarely used, and that this level of differentiation seemed unnecessary, difficult to implement and difficult to enforce. Based on this, and the limited impact on removing the definitions, staff felt that it was appropriate to reduce the number of parking definitions to four², eliminating the distinction of who can use the parking. Staff believes that these four definitions will sufficiently addresses the land use impacts associated with parking in all zoning districts.

Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Uses

This use category replaces Assembly and Entertainment use category in Article Two and the Assembly, Recreation, Arts and Entertainment category in Article 8. There is no separate category for entertainment uses in Article 7, which placed these types of uses under Retail Sales and Services. This category also includes several uses that were either not categorized into larger use categories in Article 2, or which were previously included in Section 102. This use category is also broken into two sub-use categories including Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation and Non-Commercial Entertainment, Arts and Recreation. The proposed changes in this use category are as follows:

¹ Auto Parking Lot, Community Residential (890.7); Auto Parking Garage, Community Residential (890.8); Auto Parking Lot, Community Commercial (890.6); Auto Parking Garage, Community Commercial (890.10); Auto Parking Lot, Public (890.11); Auto Parking Garage, Public (890.12).

² Parking Lot, Private; Parking Lot, Public; Parking Garage, Private; Parking Garage, Public

Executive Summary Hearing Date: October 23, 2014

- Non-Commercial Entertainment, Arts and Recreation. This use category was created for two uses that did not fit into the definition of a retail or commercial use. These two uses are Open Recreation Area and Passive Outdoor Recreation Area. Their definitions have not changed.
- Adult Entertainment. This use has been moved to the Retail Sales and Service use category, and is now called an Adult Business. Often when entertainment uses are mentioned in the Planning Code, it is usually followed by the caveat "except for Adult Entertainment." Since this use is often excluded from the Entertainment Use category, Staff made the decision to remove it from Entertainment and Recreation category and place it in the Retail Sales and Services category. The name was also changed to Adult Business to reflect its new category. This does not change the way the uses is regulated in the Planning Code, or the Police Code.
- Amusement Game Arcade. The proposed Ordinance removes the Amusement Game Arcade as a separate use and consolidates it into General Entertainment. Amusement Game Arcade was added as a separate use to the Planning Code in the 1980s because of concerns over the proliferation of video game arcades in the City, and the perceived impact that they had on the City's teenage population. While video game arcades are making a small comeback as a novelty use, Staff finds that the land use impacts associated with arcades is similar to other general entertainment uses and does not need to be called out as a separate use in the Code.
- General Entertainment. This is a new use definition derived from some of the less impactful uses in the Other Entertainment use definition currently in Articles 7 and 8 (790.38 and 890.37). This new use definition includes billiard halls, bowling alleys, skating rinks, mini-golf and video game arcades. Removed from this definition are the uses that are already included in the definition of Nighttime Entertainment and Arts Activities, both of which are found in Section 102 as separate definitions.
- Livery Stable. This was previously included in the Animal Services use category located in Currently, Animal Services includes Kennels, Cat Boarding, Riding Section 224. Academies/Livery Stable, and Animal Hospital. Animal Services is not proposed as a use category in this Ordinance. Most uses that were in this category are being move to the Retail Sales and Service use category, with the exception of Livery Stables, which has more in common with recreation and entertainment uses.

Industrial Use Category

Industrial Use category is primarily made up of the uses currently listed in Article 2 (Sections 225), the one exception is Light Manufacturing, which is listed in both Articles 2 and 8. Most of these uses are only permitted in M and PDR Districts; however Light Manufacturing is currently permitted in all C-3 Districts and will continue to be permitted in all C-3 districts with this Ordinance. In addition to the operational and location requirements for Industrial uses being moved to Section 202.2(d), the following changes were made to uses found in the Industrial Use Category:

Grain Elevator. There was no definition for Grain Elevator in the Planning Code, but it does appear as a separate use in Section 225(g). Staff developed a definition for this use based several other definitions found in the dictionary and on the internet. The proposed definition is as follows:

> Grain Elevator. An Industrial Use defined as a storage facility for grain that contains a bucket elevator or a pneumatic conveyor that scoops up grain from a lower level and deposits it in a silo

or other storage facility. This use also covers the entire elevator complex including, but not limited to, receiving and testing offices, weighbridges, and storage facilities.

- Volatile Materials Storage. This is a new definition that was created by merging Inflammable³ Material Storage (Section 225(d)) and Explosive Storage (Section 225(e)). The impacts of this are minor, but do require that Inflammable Material Storage uses receive CU authorization from the Planning Commission in M-2 Districts, where previously this use was principally permitted.
- Manufacturing Uses. Currently, Article 2 has 31 different Manufacturing Use categories for C, M and PDR Districts (Section 226), while Article 8 has one; Light Manufacturing (Section 890.54). The existing controls for manufacturing uses in M and PDR districts are such that the uses could not be condensed down to only a couple of uses without making substantial changes to how those uses are regulated; however Staff was able to condense them down to 11⁴ uses. Staff based the new manufacturing uses on how existing manufacturing uses are controlled in PDR districts, and the type of manufacturing that occurs. For example, uses that deal with the manufacturing and processing of food, fiber and beverages are grouped into Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 1 & 2. Staff chose to group manufacturing uses based on PDR controls primarily because these controls were recently updated based on community input⁵. Moreover, there are more properties zoned PDR than M⁶, and PDR is a more modern zoning category.

Condensing these definitions into 11 categories had little impact on M-2 Districts; however there are some more significant impacts to M-1 properties. Mostly uses became more permissive, while one uses - Battery Manufacturing - became prohibited⁷. These changes are detailed below:

Was Prohibited, now Permitted in M-1: Curing, smoking, or drying fish; manufacture of cereals, distilled liquors, felt or shoddy, hair or hair products, pickles, sauerkraut, vinegar, yeast, soda or soda compounds, structural clay products, meat products, and fish oil. (now Food, Fiber and Beverage Processing 1); Blast Furnace (now Heavy Manufacturing 1).

Was Permitted, now Prohibited in M-1: Battery Manufacturing (now Heavy Manufacturing 3)

<u>Was Prohibited, now Permitted with CU in M-1:</u> Production or refining of petroleum products. (now Heavy Manufacturing 2)

Institutional Uses

The new Institutional Use category is divided into three subcategories including Education, Healthcare and Community. These uses are currently found in 209.3 and 217, the Institutional Use sections in the

³ Inflammable is often confused as an antonym to flammable, however it means capable of burning or easily set on fire

⁴ Automobile Assembly, Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 1 and 2, Heavy Manufacturing 1, 2, 3, Light Manufacturing, Metal Workshop, Livestock Processing 1 and 2, and Ship Yard.

⁵ Board File 131205, Enactment Number 071-14, Effective 6/23/14

⁶ There are 71 properties zoned M-1 and only 58 properties zoned M-2, while there are 283 properties with a PDR zoning.

⁷ An internet search for this uses did not find any battery manufacturing within the City of San Francisco. It is unlike that this change will have any impact on existing businesses.

Executive Summary Hearing Date: October 23, 2014

current Article 2. These uses appear in Articles 7 and 8 as Institutional uses as well. The following is a listing of the changes made to Institutional uses in the proposed Ordinance:

- Institutional Use Groupings. Other Large Institution (790.50), Other Small Institution (790.51) and Other Institutions (890.50) are grouping of institutional uses used in Articles 7 and 8, respectively. These groupings have been removed and replaced with the following uses; Child Care Facility, Social Service or Philanthropic Facility, School, Post-Secondary Educational Institution, Religious Institution, Community Facility, and Private Community Facility. Removing these use groupings allows continuity with current regulations in Article 2 districts and removes duplicate or redundant use definitions. It also allows these uses to be regulated separately in Article 7 and 8 districts should the need arise in the future.
- School. School is a new use definition that is made up of two existing use definitions; Elementary School and Secondary School. Staff merges these two uses into one use because their land us impacts are similar and they are currently regulated the same in all zoning districts. School is a different use than Post-Secondary Education Institutions, which is currently a separate use and would continue to be a separate use should this Ordinance move forward.

Residential Uses

Residential Uses includes Dwelling Units, Group Housing, Residential Hotels, Live Work Units⁸ and Senior Housing. These uses were previously included in Section 209.1 and 215 of Article 2. The definitions for these uses have not changed; however the use currently known as "Dwellings Specifically Designed for and Occupied by Senior Citizens" has been renamed "Senior Housing" and its location operational standards are now located in Section 202.2(f).

Sales and Service Use Category

Sales and Service Use category is divided into two subcategories; Retail and Non-Retail. These uses are mostly found in Articles 7 and 8 (790 and 890 respectively) but they are also found in Article 2 as Commercial Establishments in Section 209.8, Retail Sales and Service in Section 218, and Offices in 219. Retail uses are defined as "... uses that involve the sale of goods, typically in small quantities or services directly to the ultimate consumer or end user with some space for retail service on site..." This uses includes uses such as Restaurant, Bars, Gyms and Jewelry Stores. A Non-Retail Sales and Service use is defined as "...uses that involve the sale of goods or services to other businesses rather than the end user, or that do not provide for direct sales to the consumer on site." This use category includes things like General Office, Catering, Laboratory and Commercial Storage. This distinction is particularly important in NC, RC and some C-3 Districts that seek to have retail uses on the ground floor and non-retail uses on the upper floors.

Sales and Service is by far the largest use category in the Code and includes 45 different uses (32 for Retail and 13 for Non-Retail). This is primarily due to Articles 7 and 8, which regulate Sales and Service uses more specifically than other zoning districts. Except for Amusement Game Arcade (see discussion above) and Hardware Store (see discussion below) all retail uses have been maintained in this Ordinance, and some uses like Cat Boarding, Animal Hospitals and Hotel⁹ have been added to the Retail Sales and

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

_

⁸ Live/Work Units are no longer permitted in San Francisco; however the use definition is maintained in the Planning Code for the Live/Work units that legally established when the use was permitted.

⁹ Animal Uses were previously listed in Section 224 as "Animal Services" and Hotels, previously known as Tourist Hotels, were listed in Sections 209.2 and 216 as "Other Housing."

Service Use category. The following is a listing of the changes made to the uses in the Retail and Non-Retail Sales and Service Use categories:

Retail Sales and Service Uses

• Trade Shop. The Trade Shop definitions in Articles 7 and Article 8 are essentially the same, and a similar use is found in Article 2 called "Home and Business Service" (Section 222). The proposed Ordinance uses the definition in Articles 7 and 8, which covers all of the uses listed in Article 2 except for Catering and Hardware Stores. Staff decided to keep Catering out of the Trade Shop definition and make Catering its own use because Trade Shops are considered a retail use and Catering is not (A Catering use with a retail function is defined as a Restaurant). This is particularly important in Neighborhood Commercial Districts (Article 7) where retail uses are encouraged and in some cases required on the ground floor, while non-retail uses are typically discouraged or prohibited. Staff removed Hardware Stores from the Trade Shop definition because this use is already covered in the General Retail Sales and Service use definition, it is not defined anywhere in the Code, and it is not listed as a separate use anywhere else in the Code.

Trade Shops are considered to be PDR uses¹⁰, so removing Catering and Hardware Stores from the Trade Shop definition also removed them from the list of PDR uses. However, because Catering is becoming its own use, it can be listed individually as a PDR use, and the proposed Ordinance does that. Hardware Store on the other hand is not being given its own use definition and instead is being grouped with General Retail Sales and Service, which is not a PDR use; therefore Hardware Stores will no longer be considered a PDR use should this Ordinance become law. The impacts of this change are listed below:

- Hardware Stores would be subject to the gross floor area limitations for Retail in PDR
 Districts; however Storage Yards, which includes contractor supply yards, would still be
 considered a PDR use and not subject to those restrictions.
- Hardware Stores would no longer be able to locate on the ground floor in a space greater than 2,500 sq. ft. within a Small Enterprise Workspace (SEW).
- Hardware Stores would be considered a retail use for the purposes of calculating TIDF (Transportation Impact Development Fee).
- **Personal Services.** Staff divided Personal Service into two new use categories, which include Personal Service and Instructional Service. Currently, Personally Service is defined as:

A retail use which provides grooming services to the individual, including salons, cosmetic services, tattoo parlors, and health spas, or instructional services not certified by the State Educational Agency, such as art, dance, exercise, martial arts, and music classes.

This definition was split into two as follows:

Service, Personal. A Retail Sales and Services Use that provides grooming services to the individual, including salons, cosmetic services, tattoo parlors, and health spas, bathhouses, and steam rooms.

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

-

¹⁰A PDR use is a Production, Distribution and Repair Use. These uses are encouraged in PDR Districts, unlike retail and other commercial uses.

Service, Instructional. A Retail Sales and Service Use that includes instructional services not certified by the State Educational Agency, such as art, dance, exercise, martial arts, and music classes.

Staff split this definition into two uses at the request of Supervisor Tang, who is seeking to regulate Personal Services differently than Instructional Services in certain neighborhoods in her district. While it would add another use definition to the Code, this change allows more flexibility in how these uses are regulated.

Cat Boarding is a use currently in the Code, but which did not have a definition. Staff derived the proposed definition based on the definition for Kennel, which is currently found in Section 224(c). The proposed new definition is as follows:

Cat Boarding. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides boarding only for cats.

Non-Retail Sales and Service Uses

- Administrative Services (790.106 and 890.106) is a non-retail sales and service use not open to the public, and was originally added to the Code to allow for clerical services to locate within Neighborhood Commercial Districts. It was intended to be distinct from a General Office use, which is not permitted in neighborhood commercial districts. Professional Services (790.108, 890.108) is a similar use, but is a retail use and open to the public. It also includes administrative and clerical uses in addition to real-estate brokers, advertising agencies, public relation agencies and the like. In order to accommodate for both the retail and non-retail aspects of these two uses and to clarify the difference between these uses, staff changes the names of these uses to Non-Retail Professional Services (previously Administrative Services) and a Retail Professional Service (previously Professional Services). The Department continued to have internal discussions as to whether or not these uses distinctions are needed anymore, and there is an effort to reexamine how we regulate office uses in Neighborhood Commercial Districts; however, for this Ordinance, Staff has maintained these uses in order to avoid making larger policy changes.
- Office Use is currently defined in section 890.70 and includes general office uses as well as Professional Services (now Retail Professional Services) and Administrative Services (now Non-Retail Professional Services). Staff maintained this term, Office Use, because it is used in other areas of the Planning Code (Section 320) but removed the text that defined general office uses and used it to create a separate General Office definition. In its place staff put a reference to the new General Office use definition; now an Office Use is defined as "A grouping of uses that includes General Office, Retail Professional Services and Non-Retail Professional Services..." This allows General Offices uses to be regulated separately from Retail and Non-Retail Professional Services.

Utility and Infrastructure Uses

As the name suggest, Utility and Infrastructure Use category contains uses for the City's utility and infrastructure uses, including Community Recycling Center, Internet Service Exchange, Public Transportation Facility, Public Utilities Yard, Wireless Telecommunications Service (WTS) Facility, and Utility Installation. These uses were previously listed under "Public Facilities and Utilities" in Section 209.6 and "Other Uses" in Section 227. Other than grouping these uses into one single category and

renaming Wireless Telecommunications Facility to Wireless Telecommunications Service Facility¹¹, Staff has not proposed any significant changes to these definitions.

NE Legislation.

Staff also included changes that were part of the Northeast Ordinances¹² even though they have not yet been adopted into the Code. Staff felt that it was appropriate to include these changes because they were reviewed and recommended by the Commission, and are included in the pending Northeast Ordinances that were reintroduced at the Board this past month. Further, these Ordinances are scheduled to be heard at the Land Use Committee on October 20.

The following is a summary of the proposed changes in the NE Ordinance that have been included in this proposed Ordinance:

- Consolidate definitions of Awning, Canopy, and Marquee (Sections 136, 136.1, 136.2, 136.3)
- Make awning and sign controls for RC (Residential, Commercial) districts consistent with those for NC (Neighborhood Commercial) Districts (Sections 136.1, 136.2, 243, 249.5, 607.1, 607.3, 607.4 and Table 209.3)
- Make parking requirements in C-3 (Downtown, Commercial) and RC districts consistent with those of NCT (Neighborhood Commercial Transit) districts (Sections 151.1 and 243, and Tables 209.3 and 210.2)
- Make surface parking lots a nonconforming use in C-3-S districts (Sections 156 and 184)
- Remove horsepower limits for machines in accessory uses in C (Commercial) Districts, add operating conditions (Section 204.3)
- Eliminate the conditional use requirement for high residential density in C-3 Districts (Table 210.2 and Section 214)
- Consolidate Automotive Uses with those in NC and Mixed Use Districts (Sections 102 and 223)
- Nonconforming surface parking lots in C-3 districts built before 1985 are no longer grandfathered
 in, and will now be required to be converted to another use, or seek conditional use approval to
 continue as a parking lot. Previously, these parking lots were allowed to operate in perpetuity.
- New conditionally-permitted uses that replace nonconforming uses in NC districts will now require conditional use approval. Previously, these uses were allowed to convert to any principally permitted or conditionally permitted use as of right.

Modifications Since Initiation

Since the Ordinance was initiated by the Planning Commission, Staff has continued to review and correct the proposed Ordinance and has incorporated some suggestions and correction from members of the public. The vast majority of these changes are clerical and do not substantively alter the proposed Ordinance. A list of the changes can be found in Exhibit G.

SAN FRANCISCO
PLANNING DEPARTMENT

¹¹ This name change was done to make the Planning Code consistent with other codes and Planning Department Documents.

¹² Originally Board Files 110547, 110548, subsequently reintroduced as Board Files 120471, 120472, and 120474. Planning Department Case # 2011.0533TZ. The Planning Commission had its final hearing on these Ordinances on 5/17/12.

REQUIRED COMMISSION ACTION

The proposed Resolution is before the Commission so that it may recommend approval or disapproval to initiate the Planning Code amendments.

RECOMMENDATION

The Department recommends that the Commission recommend approval with modifications of the proposed Ordinance to the Board of Supervisors. The proposed modifications are as follows:

Allow Staff to continue to find and fix typos, incorrect or missing references and other nonsubstantive changes in consultation with the City Attorney's office.

Clerical Amendments

- 1. Page 175, Line 8: Text for RH-2 height limits should be moved to RH-2 Zoning Column.
- 2. Page 233, Lines 24-25: Reference to old Code sections should be replaced with the following text, "...such that the combined floor area of any and all uses permitted by the Zoning Control Table for PDR Districts may not exceed the limits stated in the table below for any given lot."
- 3. Page N/A, Line N/A: Add Section 219.1(c)(2) to the Ordinance and fix reference to Small Enterprise Workspace: Should be: Section 102 Section 227(t).
- 4. Page 419, Line 14: Add section 320(f) to correct reference. "Section 219" should be changed to "Office Use as defined in Section 102"

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION

At over 1336 pages and including over 100 zoning districts, the Planning Code is a large and complicated document. This complexity, some of which is necessary, can make it difficult to effectively implement and interpret the City's land use regulations. It also makes it difficult for members of the community to effectively engage in the City's development process. The Department strongly believes that consolidating use definitions and making the Planning Code easier to use by creating zoning control tables for all zoning districts will help mitigate these issues. Further, standardizing how zoning districts are organized will aid future community planning efforts by providing a clear framework for existing land use regulations and use definitions.

Staff's Recommended Modification

Staff has thoroughly reviewed and vetted the proposed Ordinance, and has held or attended several community meetings to seek input and answer questions on the proposed changes. This effort, which has taken over a year to compete, has created a more complete and accurate Ordinance; however as with any large undertaking small errors and typos are inevitable. Staff is asking that the Commission included in their recommendation a provision that allows Planning Staff to continue to refine the proposed Ordinance as part of their motion. Any changes would be limited to non-substantive changes and have to be vetted by the City Attorney's office.

Executive Summary
Hearing Date: October 23, 2014

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

This Ordinance is not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 1506(c)(2) because it does not result in a physical change in the environment.

PUBLIC COMMENT

The Department held two community outreach meetings on the propose Ordinance, and attended the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods (CFSN) Land Use Committee meeting and the Cow Hollow Neighborhood Association Land Use Committee meeting. Overall the reception was positive; however there was a concern that more substantive changes would be made in the Ordinance and that the Ordinance was large and confusing. In response to some of the concerns raised by CSFN, the Department modified some parts of the Ordinance to clarify language.

The Department received a resolution from CSFN stating its opposition to the proposed Ordinance because of what they see as four unresolved issue. The Department sent a response to the resolution on October 10, 2014 (Exhibit H). The Cathedral Hill Neighborhood Association sent a letter in support of CFSN resolution.

The Department also received a letter from the Miraloma Park Improvement Club asking that the adoption of the Article 2 Ordinance be delayed because believes that the Ordinance "will change 'student housing' from an Institutional to a Residential 'characteristic use,' which will get this institutional use granted automatically in residential areas without a conditional use permit." The Department responded to this letter on 10/15/14 in an attempt to correct this misunderstanding. (Exhibit H)

RECOMMENDATION: Approval with Modifications

Attachments:

Exhibit A: Draft Resolution Exhibit B: Ordinance

Exhibit C: Sample of existing Article 2
Exhibit D: Sample of existing Article 7

Exhibit E: List of new definitions and corresponding existing code section

Exhibit F: Chart of propose use categories and uses

Exhibit G: List of Changes Since Initiation

Exhibit H: Letters and Responses

SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Planning Commission Draft Resolution

HEARING DATE: OCTOBER 23, 2014

1650 Mission St. Suite 400 San Francisco, CA 94103-2479

Reception: 415.558.6378

Fax:

415.558.6409 Planning

Information: **415.558.6377**

Project Name: Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation

Case Number: 2013.0647T

Initiated by: Planning Department

Staff Contact: Aaron Starr, Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs

aaron.starr@sfgov.org, 415-558-6362

Reviewed by: AnMarie Rodgers, Senior Policy Advisor

anmarie.rodgers@sfgov.org, 415-558-6395

Recommendation: Approval with Modifications

RECOMMENDING THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPT A PROPOSED ORDINANCE WITH MODIFICATIONS THAT WOULD AMEND THE PLANNING CODE TO CONSOLIDATE DEFINITIONS INTO SECTION 102, REORGANIZE ARTICLE 2 TO CREATE ZONING CONTROL TABLES, AND MAKE NONSUBSTANTIVE CHANGES TO VARIOUS SECTIONS IN ARTICLES 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 AND 8 IN ORDER TO UPDATE, CLARIFY, AND SIMPLIFY CODE LANGUAGE; AFFIRMING THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT'S CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT DETERMINATION AND MAKING FINDINGS OF CONSISTENCY WITH THE GENERAL PLAN AND THE EIGHT PRIORITY POLICIES OF PLANNING CODE SECTION 101.1.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS, until 1986, development standards and general definitions were located in Article 1 of the Planning Code, and use definitions and use controls were located in Article 2 of the Planning Code; and

WHEREAS, in 1986, Article 7 was added to the Planning Code to regulate the City's Neighborhood Commercial Districts, which came with their own set of controls, use definitions and organizational structure; and

WHEREAS, a few years after Article 7 was added, Article 8 was added to the Planning Code to regulate the City's South of Market Street Mixed Use Districts and Chinatown Mixed Use Districts, which also came with its own set of controls, use definitions and organizational structure; and

WHEREAS, the addition of these new sections and new set of use definitions made the Planning Code more complicated and inconsistent, and its provisions more difficult to implement and enforce; and

WHEREAS, there is a need to rethink how the Planning Code is organized in order to make it more user-friendly; and

WHEREAS, the proposed legislation is intended to resolve the aforementioned issues; and

Resolution No. XXXXX Case No 2013.0647T Hearing Date: October 23, 2014 Article 2 Reorganization

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission (hereinafter "Commission") conducted a duly noticed public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to consider the proposed Ordinance on October 23, 2014; and

WHEREAS, this Ordinance is not defined as a project under CEQA Guidelines Sections 15378 and 1506(c)(2) because it does not result in a physical change in the environment; and

WHEREAS, the Commission has heard and considered the testimony presented to it at the public hearing and has further considered written materials and oral testimony presented on behalf of Department staff and other interested parties; and

WHEREAS, the all pertinent documents may be found in the files of the Department, as the custodian of records, at 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the Commission has reviewed the proposed Ordinance:

MOVED, that the Planning Commission hereby recommends that the Board of Supervisors **approve with modifications** the proposed ordinance. Specifically, the Commission recommends the following modifications:

 Allow Staff to continue to find and fix typos, incorrect or missing references and other nonsubstantive changes in consultation with the City Attorney's office.

Clerical Amendments

- 1. Page 175, Line 8: Text for RH-2 height limits should be moved to RH-2 Zoning Column.
- 2. **Page 233, Lines 24-25:** Reference to old Code sections should be replaced with the following text, "...such that the combined floor area of any and all uses permitted by the Zoning Control Table for PDR Districts may not exceed the limits stated in the table below for any given lot."
- 3. **Page N/A, Line N/A:** Add Section 219.1(c)(2) to the Ordinance and fix reference to Small Enterprise Workspace: Should be: *Section 102 Section 227(t)*.
- 4. **Page 419, Line 14:** Add section 320(f) to correct reference. "Section 219" should be changed to "Office Use as defined in Section 102"

FINDINGS

Having reviewed the materials identified in the preamble above, and having heard all testimony and arguments, this Commission finds, concludes, and determines as follows:

1. At over 1,336 pages and including over 100 zoning districts, the Planning Code is a large and complicated document. This complexity, some of which is necessary, can make it difficult to effectively implement and interpret the City's land use regulations. It also makes it difficult for members of the community to effectively engage in the City's development process. The Commission finds that consolidating use definitions and making the Planning Code easier to use by creating zoning control tables for all zoning districts will help address these issues.

Resolution No. XXXXX Case No 2013.0647T Hearing Date: October 23, 2014 Article 2 Reorganization

The Commission finds that standardizing how zoning districts are organized will aid future community planning efforts by providing a clear framework for existing land use regulations and use definitions.

- 3. The Commission finds that Zoning Control Tables are a more user friendly way to convey zoning information in the Planning Code, and one of the main components of this ordinance is to remove the existing use tables in Article 2, and replace them with zoning controls tables modeled after the ones found in Articles 7 and 8 of the Planning Code.
- 4. This Ordinance is phase one of a three phase approach that will eventually lead to all zoning districts in the City referencing one set of use definitions. The Commission finds that this three phase approach will help ensure that the proposed ordinances are not overwhelming for Staff, the Commission and members of the public, and that it will reduce the potential for errors and oversights.
- 5. The Commission finds that while this Ordinance is extremely large, it is not seeking to make any substantive policy changes to the City's land use controls that have not already been reviewed and voted on by this Commission.
- 6. The Commission finds that Staff has thoroughly reviewed and vetted the proposed Ordinance, and has held or attended several community meetings to seek input and answer questions on the proposed changes. This effort, which has taken over a year to compete, has created a more complete and accurate Ordinance; however as with any large undertaking small errors and typos are inevitable. As such, the Commission has included in its recommendation a provision that allows Planning Staff to continue to refine the proposed Ordinance.
- **7. General Plan Compliance.** The proposed Ordinance and the Commission's recommended modifications are consistent with the Objectives and Policies of the General Plan:

OBJECTIVE 10

ENSURE A STREAMLINED, YET THOROUGH, AND TRANSPARENT DECISION-MAKING PROCESS.

Policy 10.1

Create certainty in the development entitlement process, by providing clear community parameters for development and consistent application of these regulations.

The proposed Ordinance will bring more consistency to the Planning Code by consolidating uses into one section of the Code. This will ensure that each zoning district references one definition for a particular use. The proposed Ordinance will also reorganize Article 2 so that the zoning controls for each district are displayed in an easy to understand, more complete and consistent table. Both of these improvements will help bring certainty to the development process by providing clear community parameters for development and consistent application of these regulations.

Resolution No. XXXXX Case No 2013.0647T Hearing Date: October 23, 2014 **Article 2 Reorganization**

8. Planning Code Section 101 Findings. The proposed amendments to the Planning Code are consistent with the eight Priority Policies set forth in Section 101.1(b) of the Planning Code in that:

- 1. That existing neighborhood-serving retail uses be preserved and enhanced and future opportunities for resident employment in and ownership of such businesses enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on neighborhood-serving retail uses.
- 2. That existing housing and neighborhood character be conserved and protected in order to preserve the cultural and economic diversity of our neighborhoods;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on existing housing or neighborhood character.
- 3. That the City's supply of affordable housing be preserved and enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on the City's supply of affordable housing.
- 4. That commuter traffic not impede MUNI transit service or overburden our streets or neighborhood parking;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not result in commuter traffic impeding MUNI transit service or overburdening the streets or neighborhood parking.
- 5. That a diverse economic base be maintained by protecting our industrial and service sectors from displacement due to commercial office development, and that future opportunities for resident employment and ownership in these sectors be enhanced;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not cause displacement of the industrial or service sectors due to office development, and future opportunities for resident employment or ownership in these sectors would not be impaired.
- 6. That the City achieve the greatest possible preparedness to protect against injury and loss of life in an earthquake;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have an impact on City's preparedness against injury and loss of life in an earthquake.
- 7. That the landmarks and historic buildings be preserved;
 - The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on the City's Landmarks and historic buildings.
- 8. That our parks and open space and their access to sunlight and vistas be protected from development;

Resolution No. XXXXX

Hearing Date: October 23, 2014

Case No 2013.0647T Article 2 Reorganization

The proposed Ordinance would not have a negative effect on the City's parks and open space access to sunlight and vistas.

9. **Planning Code Section 302 Findings.** The Planning Commission finds from the facts presented that the public necessity, convenience and general welfare require the proposed amendments to the Planning Code as set forth in Section 302.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED by the San Francisco Planning Commission on October 23, 2014.

Jonas P. Ionin Commission Secretary

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

DATE: October 23, 2014

Exhibit B: Ordinance

1	[Planning Code - Consolidate Definitions, Reorganize Article 2, and Make Other Nonsubstantive Changes to Update, Clarify, and Simplify Code Language.]			
2				
3	Ordinance am	ending the Planning Code to consolidate definitions into Section 102,		
4	reorganize Art	icle 2 to create Zoning Control Tables, and make nonsubstantive		
5	changes to va	rious sections in Articles 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in order to update, clarify,		
6	and simplify C	ode language; affirming the Planning Department's California		
7	Environmenta	Quality Act determination and making findings of consistency with the		
8	General Plan a	nd the eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1.		
9	NOTE:	Unchanged Code text and uncodified text are in plain Arial font.		
10		Additions to Codes are in <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> . Deletions to Codes are in <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman font</u> .		
11		Board amendment additions are in double-underlined Arial font. Board amendment deletions are in strikethrough Arial font.		
12		Asterisks (* * * *) indicate the omission of unchanged Code subsections or parts of tables.		
13				
14	Be it ord	ained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:		
15				
16	Section	1. Findings.		
17	(a) The	Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this		
18	ordinance comp	oly with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources		
19	Code Sections	21000, et seq.). The Board of Supervisors hereby affirms this determination.		
20	Said determina	tion is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No		
21	and is incorpora	ated herein by reference.		
22	(b) On _	, the Planning Commission, in Resolution No, adopted		
23	findings that the	e actions contemplated in this ordinance are consistent, on balance, with the		
24	City's General I	Plan and eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1. The Board		
25				

- adopts these findings as its own. A copy of said Resolution is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. _____ and is incorporated herein by reference.
- (c) Pursuant to Planning Code Section 302, this Board finds that these Planning Code amendments will serve the public necessity, convenience, and welfare for the reasons set forth in Planning Commission Resolution No. _____ and the Board incorporates such reasons herein by reference.

Section 2. Article 1 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 186.3, revising Sections 102 through 102.37, 121.9, 124, 127, 128, 136, 136.1, 145.1, 145.4, 151.1, 155, 156, 159, 168, 178, 179.1, 181, 182, 183, 184, 186.1, 187.1, and 187.2, and deleting Sections 121.5, 121.8, 136.2, 136.3, and 175.7, to read as follows:

SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Code, certain words and terms used herein are defined as set forth in this and the following sections. Additional definitions applicable to Article 7, Neighborhood Commercial Districts, and to Article 9, Mission Bay Districts, are set forth in Section 790. Additional definitions applicable only to Article 8, Mixed Use Districts, are set forth in Section 890. Additional definitions applicable only to the Bernal Heights Special Use District are set forth in Section 242. Additional definitions applicable only to Article 9, Mission Bay Districts, are set forth in Section 996. All words used in the present tense shall include the future. All words in the plural number shall include the singular number, and all words in the singular number shall include the plural number, unless the natural construction of the wording indicates otherwise. The word "shall" is mandatory and not directory. Whenever any of the following terms is used it shall mean the corresponding officer, department, board or commission or its successor of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, herein referred to as the City: Assessor, Board of Supervisors, Planning Department of City Planning. Department of Public Works, Director of Planning, City Planning Commission, or Zoning

1	Administrator. In each case, the term shall be deemed to include an employee of any such
2	officer or department of the City who is lawfully authorized to perform any duty or exercise any
3	power as a representative or agent of that officer or department.
4	\underline{A}
5	Adjacent Building. Generally, a building on a lot adjoining the subject lot along a side lot line.
6	Adult Business. A Retail Sales and Service Use that includes the following: adult bookstore or
7	adult video store, as defined by Section 791 of the Police Code; adult theater, as defined by Section 791
8	of the Police Code; and encounter studio, as defined by Section 1072.1 of the Police Code. Such use
9	shall be located no less than 1,000 feet from another Adult Business use.
10	SEC. 102.35. Urban Agriculture. Urban Agriculture shall be defined as follows: A Use
11	Category that includes Neighborhood Agriculture, Large-Scale Urban Agriculture, and Greenhouse.
12	(b) Large-Scale Agriculture, Large-Scale Urban. An Agricultural Use that is characterized by
13	$T_{\underline{t}}$ he use of land for the production of food or horticultural crops to be harvested, sold, or
14	donated that occur: (1) (a) on a plot of land 1 one acre or larger or (2) (b) on smaller parcels
15	that cannot meet the physical and operational standards for Neighborhood Agriculture. $\underline{\mathit{This}}$
16	use is subject to location and operational conditions outlined in Section 202.2(c) of this Code.
17	(a) Neighborhood Agriculture, Neighborhood. An Agricultural Use that occupies less than
18	$4 \ \underline{one}$ acre for the production of food or horticultural crops to be harvested, sold, or donated
19	and complies with the controls and standards herein. The use includes, but is not limited to,
20	home, kitchen, and roof gardens. Farms that qualify as Neighborhood Agricultural use may
21	include, but are not limited to, community gardens, community-supported agriculture, market
22	gardens, and private farms. Neighborhood Agricultural use may be principal or accessory use.
23	This use is subject to location and operational conditions outlined in Section 202.2(c) of this Code.
24	Agriculture, Urban. Any subgrouping of Agricultural Uses that includes either Neighborhood
25	Agriculture or Large-Scale Urban Agriculture.

SEC. 102.1. Alley. A right-of-way	, less than 30	feet in width,	permanently	dedicated to
common and general use by the public.				

Ambulance Service. See Service, Ambulance.

Animal Hospital. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides medical care and accessory boarding services for animals, not including a Kennel.

SEC. 102.2. Arts Activities and Spaces. Arts activities shall A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that includes performance, exhibition (except exhibition of films), rehearsal, production, post-production and some schools of any of the following: Dance, music, dramatic art, film, video, graphic art, painting, drawing, sculpture, small-scale glassworks, ceramics, textiles, woodworking, photography, custom-made jewelry or apparel, and other visual, performance and sound arts and craft. It shall exclude accredited sSchools and accredited $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary $e\underline{E}$ ducational $i\underline{I}$ nstitutions <u>as defined by 209.3(k), 217(h), 790.50(c) and</u> 890.50(c). It shall include commercial arts and art-related business service uses including, but not limited to, recording and editing services, small-scale film and video developing and printing; titling; video and film libraries; special effects production; fashion and photo stylists; production, sale and rental of theatrical wardrobes; and studio property production and rental companies. Arts spaces shall include studios, workshops, galleries, museums, archives and theaters, and other similar spaces customarily used principally for arts activities, exclusive of a Movie tTheaters subject to Section 221(d), dance halls subject to Section 221(f), Amusement <u>Enterprise</u>, <u>aA</u>dult <u>eE</u>ntertainment <u>subject to Section 221(k) of this Code</u>, and any other establishment where liquor is customarily served during performances.

<u>Automobile Assembly.</u> An Industrial Use that involves the assembly of parts for the purpose of manufacturing automobiles, trucks, buses, or motorcycles. This use is subject to operational and location restrictions outlined in Section 202.2(d) of this Code.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	Automobile Wrecking. An Industrial Use that includes the storage of vehicles in not in
2	operational condition and/or sale of used automobile parts, or for the storage, dismantling, or
3	abandonment of junk, automobiles, trailers, machinery or parts thereof. This use is subject to
4	operational and location restrictions outlined in Section 202.2(d) of this Code.
5	Automobile Sale or Rental. A Retail Automotive Use that provides vehicle sales or rentals
6	within a building or on an open lot.
7	Automotive Repair. A Retail Automotive Use that provides any of the following automotive
8	repair services, when conducted within an enclosed building having no openings, other than fixed
9	windows or exits required by law, located within 50 feet of any R District: minor auto repair, engine
10	repair, rebuilding, or installation of power train components, reconditioning of badly worn or damaged
11	motor vehicles, collision service, or full body paint spraying. It may include other services for
12	automobiles including, but not limited to, accessory towing, if all towed vehicles stored on the premises
13	are limited to those vehicles that are to be repaired on the premises.
14	Automotive Service. A subgrouping of Retail Automotive Uses providing services for motor
15	vehicles that includes Automotive Gas Station, Automotive Service Station, Automotive Repair, and
16	Automotive Wash.
17	Automotive Service Station. A Retail Automotive Use that provides motor fuels and lubricating
18	oils directly into motor vehicles and minor auto repairs (excluding engine repair, rebuilding, or
19	installation of power train components, reconditioning of badly worn or damaged motor vehicles,
20	collision service, or full body paint spraying) and services that remain incidental to the principal sale
21	of motor fuel. Repairs shall be conducted within no more than three enclosed service bays in buildings
22	having no openings, other than fixed windows or exits required by law, located within 50 feet of any R
23	District. It may include other incidental services for automobiles including, but not limited to,
24	accessory towing, if the number of towing vehicles does not exceed one, and all towed vehicles stored

on the premises are limited to those vehicles that are to be repaired on the premises.

1	Automotive Use. A Commercial Use category that includes Automotive Repair, Ambulance
2	Services, Automobile Sale or Rental, Automotive Service Station, Automotive Wash, Gas Station, Parcel
3	Delivery Service, Private Parking Garage, Private Parking Lot, Public Parking Garage, Public
4	Parking Lot, Vehicle Storage Garage, Vehicle Storage Lot ,and Vehicle Tow Service. All Automotive
5	Uses that have Vehicular Use Areas defined in this Section of the Code shall meet the screening
6	requirements for vehicular use areas in Section 142.
7	Automotive Use, Non-Retail. A subcategory of Automotive Use that includes Ambulance
8	Services, Parcel Delivery Service, Private Parking Garage, Private Parking Lot, and Vehicle Tow
9	Service.
10	Automotive Use, Retail. A subcategory of Automotive Use that includes Automotive Repair,
11	Automotive Sale or Rental, Automobile Service Station, Automotive Wash, Gas Station, Public Parking
12	Garage, Public Parking Lot, Vehicle Storage Garage, and Vehicle Storage Lot.
13	Automotive Wash. A Retail Automotive Use that provides cleaning and polishing of motor
14	vehicles, including self-service operations. This use is subject to the location and operational
15	restrictions in Section 202.2(e).
16	Awning. A light roof-like structure, supported entirely by the exterior wall of a building;
17	consisting of a fixed or movable frame covered with cloth, plastic, or metal; extending over doors,
18	windows, and/or show windows; with the purpose of providing protection from sun and rain and/or
19	embellishment of the façade; as further regulated in Section 3105 of the Building Code.
20	<u>B</u>
21	Bar. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides on-site alcoholic beverage sales for drinking
22	on the premises, including bars serving beer, wine and/or liquor to the customer where no person
23	under 21 years of age is admitted (with Alcoholic Beverage Control [ABC] license types 23, 42, 48, or
24	61) and drinking establishments serving beer where minors are present (with ABC license types 42 or
25	

1	60) in conjunction with other uses such as Movie Theaters and General Entertainment. Such businesses
2	shall operate with the specified conditions in Section 202.2(a).
3	Basement. See Story.
4	SEC. 102.29. Bedroom. A "sSleeping Accommodation room" as defined in the Building
5	Code.
6	Board of Supervisors (Board). The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San
7	Francisco.
8	Bona Fide Eating Place. A place that is regularly and in a bona fide manner used and kept
9	open for the service of meals to guests for compensation and that has suitable kitchen facilities
10	connected therewith, containing conveniences for cooking of an assortment of foods that may be
11	required for ordinary meals.
12	(a) "Meals" shall mean an assortment of foods commonly ordered at various hours of the day
13	for breakfast, lunch, or dinner. Incidental food service, comprised only of appetizers to accompany
14	drinks, is not considered a meal. Incidental, sporadic, or infrequent sales of meals or a mere offering of
15	meals without actual sales is not compliance.
16	(b) "Guests" shall mean persons who, during the hours when meals are regularly served
17	therein, come to a bona fide public eating place for the purpose of obtaining, and actually order and
18	obtain at such time, in good faith, a meal therein. Nothing in this section, however, shall be construed
19	to require that any food be sold or purchased with any beverage.
20	(c) Actual and substantial sales of meals are required, during the normal days and meal hours
21	that a bona fide public eating place is open, provided that "normal days of operation" shall mean a
22	minimum of five days a week and "normal hours" of operation for meal service shall mean
23	approximately 7:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. if open for breakfast; 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. if open for lunch;
24	or 5:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. if open for dinner.
25	

1	(d) The premises must be equipped and maintained in good faith. This means the premises must
2	possess working refrigeration and cooking devices, pots, pans, utensils, table service, condiment
3	dispensers, menus, signs, and enough goods to make substantial meals. The premises must comply with
4	all regulations of the Department of Public Health.
5	(e) A minimum of 51 percent of the restaurant's gross receipts shall be from food sales prepared
6	and sold to guests on the premises. Records of the restaurant's gross receipts shall be provided to the
7	Department upon request.
8	(f) A "bona fide eating place" does not include an Adult Business as defined in this Section of
9	the Code.
10	SEC. 102.3. Building. Any structure having a roof supported by columns or walls.
11	<u>C</u>
12	Canopy. A light roof-like structure, supported by the exterior wall of a building and on columns
13	or wholly on columns, consisting of a fixed or movable frame covered with approved cloth, plastic or
14	metal, extending over entrance doorways only, with the purpose of providing protection from sun and
15	rain and/or embellishment of the façade, as further regulated in Section 3105 of the Building Code.
16	Cat Boarding. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides boarding only for cats.
17	Catering. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that involves the preparation and delivery of
18	goods including the following items: food, beverages; balloons, flowers, plants, party decorations and
19	favors; or cigarettes/candy.
20	Chair/Foot Massage. See Massage, Chair/Foot.
21	Change of Use. A change of gross floor area from one category of use to another category of
22	use listed in the use table for the zoning district of the subject lot.
23	Child Care Facility. An Institutional Community Use defined in California Health and Safety
24	Code Section 1596.750 that provides less than 24-hour care for children by licensed personnel and
25	meets the open-space and other requirements of the State of California and other authorities.

1	City. The City and County of San Francisco.
2	Commercial Use. A land use with the sole or chief emphasis on making a profit including but
3	not limited to Agricultural Uses, Industrial Uses, Sales and Service Uses, Retail Entertainment Uses,
4	and Auto Uses.
5	Commission. The San Francisco Planning Commission.
6	Community Facility. An Institutional Community Use that includes community clubhouses,
7	neighborhood centers, community cultural centers, or other community facilities not publicly owned
8	but open for public use in which the chief activity is not carried on as a gainful business and whose
9	chief function is the gathering of persons from the immediate neighborhood in a structure for the
10	purposes of recreation, culture, social interaction, health care, or education other than Institutional
11	<u>Uses as defined in this Section.</u>
12	Community Facility, Private. An Institutional Community Use that includes a private lodge,
13	private clubhouse, and private recreational facility other than a Community Facility as defined in this
14	section, and which is not operated as a gainful business.
15	Community Recycling Collection Center. A Utility and Infrastructure Use that collects, stores,
16	or handles recyclable materials, including glass and glass bottles, newspaper, aluminum, paper and
17	paper products, plastic and other materials which may be processed and recovered, if within a
18	completely enclosed container or building, having no openings other than fixed windows or exits
19	required by law, provided that: (1) Flammable materials are collected and stored in metal containers;
20	and (2) Collection hours are limited to 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. daily. It does not include the storage,
21	exchange, packing, disassembling or handling of junk, waste, used furniture and household equipment,
22	used cars in operable condition, used or salvaged machinery, or salvaged house-wrecking and
23	structural steel materials and equipment.
24	Condition(s) of Approval. A condition or set of written conditions imposed by the Planning

Commission or another permit-approving or issuing City agency or appellate body to which a project

1	applicant agrees to adhere and fulfill when it receives approval for the construction of a development
2	project subject to this Article.
3	Corner Lot. See Lot, Corner.
4	SEC. 102.37. Cottage Food Operation. An Accessory Use to a $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit as
5	defined in Section 113758 of the California State Health and Safety Code.
6	SEC. 102.4. Court. Any space on a lot other than a yard which that, from a point not
7	more than two feet above the floor line of the lowest story in the building on the lot in which
8	there are windows from rooms abutting and served by the court, is open and unobstructed to
9	the sky, except for obstructions permitted by this Code. An "outer court" is a court, one entire
10	side or end of which is bounded by a front setback, a rear yard, a side yard, a front lot line, a
11	street, or an alley. An "inner court" is any court that is not an outer court.
12	<u>D</u>
13	DBI. The San Francisco Department of Building Inspection or its successor.
14	Department. See Planning Department.
15	Development Impact Fee. A fee imposed on a development project as a condition of approval
16	to mitigate the impacts of increased demand for public services, facilities, or housing caused by the
17	development project that may or may not be an impact fee governed by the California Mitigation Fee
18	Act (California Government Code Section 66000, et seq.).
19	Design Professional. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that provides professional design
20	services to the general public or to other businesses and includes architectural, landscape
21	architectural, engineering, interior design, and industrial design services. It does not include (1) the
22	design services of graphic artists or other visual artists which are included in the definition of Arts
23	Activities; or (2) the services of advertising agencies or other services which are included in the
24	definition of Professional Service or Non-Retail Professional Service Financial Service or Medical

Service.

	Director.	The Director of	f the Planning	Department	or his or her	designee.
--	-----------	-----------------	----------------	------------	---------------	-----------

SEC. 102.5. **District.** A portion of the territory of the City, as shown on the Zoning Map, within which certain regulations and requirements or various combinations thereof apply under the provisions of this Code. The term "district" shall include any use, special use, height and bulk, or special sign district. The classes of use districts are described in Section 201 of this Code.

<u>Drive-Up Facility.</u> A Use Characteristic that includes a structure designed for drive-to or drive-through trade which provides service to patrons while in private motor vehicles, excluding Automotive Gas Station, Automotive Service Station, Automotive Repair, and Automotive Wash.

DPW. The Department of Public Works or its successor.

SEC. 102.6. **Dwelling.** A building, or portion thereof, containing one or more dDwelling uUnits. A "one-family dwelling" is a building containing exclusively a single dwelling unit. A "two-family dwelling" is a building containing exclusively two dwelling units. A "three-family dwelling" is a building containing exclusively three dwelling units.

SEC. 102.7. **Dwelling Unit.** A <u>Residential Use defined as a</u> room or suite of two or more rooms that is designed for, or is occupied by, one family doing its own cooking therein and having only one kitchen. A housekeeping room as defined in the Housing Code shall be a $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit for purposes of this Code. For the purposes of this Code, a \underline{L} ive/ $\underline{w}\underline{W}$ ork uUnit, as defined in *this* Section <u>102.13 of this Code</u>, shall not be considered a $\underline{d}D$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit.

<u>E</u>

Eating and Drinking Use. A grouping of Retail Sales and Service Uses that provide food and/or beverages for either on- or off-site food consumption including Bars, Restaurants, Limited-Restaurants, and Take-out Food. Eating and Drinking Uses are subject to the conditions in Section 202.2(a).

1	Entertainment. See also Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use, General Entertainment
2	Limited Live Performance, Nighttime Entertainment, and Outdoor Entertainment.
3	Entertainment, General. A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that provides
4	entertainment or leisure pursuits to the general public including billiard halls, bowling alleys, skating
5	rinks, min-golf and game arcades, when conducted within a completely enclosed building, and which is
6	adequately soundproofed or insulated so as to confine incidental noise to the premises.
7	SEC. 102.17. Nighttime Entertainment, Nighttime Uses. Nighttime entertainment uses shall A
8	Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that includes dance halls, discotheques, nightclubs
9	private clubs, and other similar evening-oriented entertainment activities which require dance
10	hall keeper police permits or Place of Entertainment or Limited Live Performance police permits
11	as defined in Section 1060 of the Police Code, which are not limited to non-amplified live
12	entertainment, including $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ estaurants and $\underline{b}\underline{B}$ ars which present such activities, but shall no
13	include any $a\underline{A}$ rts $\underline{Activity}$ $\underline{activities}$ or \underline{space} as $\underline{defined}$ in $\underline{Section}$ $\underline{102.2}$ of this \underline{Code} , any theate
14	performance space which does not serve alcoholic beverages during performances, or any
15	temporary uses permitted pursuant to Sections 205 through $\frac{205.3}{205.4}$ of this Code.
16	Entertainment, Outdoor. A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that include.
17	circuses, carnivals, or other amusement enterprises not conducted within a building, and conducted or
18	premises not less than 200 feet from any R District.
19	Entertainment, Arts and Recreation, Non-Commercial. A subcategory of Entertainment, Arts
20	and Recreation Uses that includes Open Recreation Area and Passive Outdoor Recreation.
21	Entertainment, Arts and Recreation, Retail. A subcategory of Entertainment, Arts and
22	Recreation Uses that includes Arts Activities, General Entertainment, Livery Stables, Movie Theater
23	Nighttime Entertainment, Outdoor Entertainment, and Sports Stadium.
24	Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use. A Use Category that includes Arts Activities
25	General Entertainment, Livery Stables, Movie Theater, Nighttime Entertainment, Open Recreation

1	Area, Outdoor Entertainment, Passive Outdoor Recreation and Sports Stadiums. Adult Business is not
2	included in this definition, except for the purposes of Development Impact Fee Calculation as described
3	in Article Four.
4	\underline{F}
5	Façade. An entire exterior wall assembly including, but not limited to, all finishes and siding,
6	fenestration, doors, recesses, openings, bays, parapets, sheathing, and framing.
7	Façade, Front. The portion of the Façade fronting a right-of-way, or the portion of the Façade
8	most closely complying with that definition, as in the case of a flag lot. Where a lot has more than one
9	frontage on rights-of-way. all such frontages shall be considered Front Façades except where a façade
10	meets the definition of "Rear Façade."
11	SEC. 102.22. Principal Façades, Principal. Exterior walls of a bB uilding that are
12	adjacent to or front on a public street, park, or plaza.
13	Façade, Rear. That portion of the Façade facing the part of a lot that most closely complies
14	with the applicable Planning Code rear yard requirements.
15	Fair Return on Investment. Where the property owner does not own the business, the before
16	income tax total annual rent and other compensation received from the business for the lease of the
17	land and buildings, less the expenses of the lessor, on a cash basis. Where the property owner also
18	owns the business, the before income tax profit on the sale of all goods and services at the business on
19	a cash basis; for an Automotive Service Station business, it shall include the sale of gasoline, less the
20	cost of goods sold and operating costs.
21	SEC. 102.8. Family. A single and separate living unit, consisting of either: (a) Oone
22	person, or two or more persons related by blood, marriage or adoption or by legal
23	guardianship pursuant to court order; plus necessary domestic servants and not more than
24	three roomers or boarders; (b) or A a group of not more than five persons unrelated by blood,
25	marriage or adoption, or such legal guardianship unless the group has the attributes of a family in

1	that it (a) has control over its membership and composition; (b) purchases its food and prepares and
2	consumes its meals collectively; and (c) determines its own rules or organization and utilization of the
3	residential space it occupies. A group occupying group housing or a hotel, motel, or any other
4	building or portion thereof other than a <u>dDwelling</u> , shall not be deemed to be a family.

SEC. 102.9. Floor Area, Gross. In dDistricts other than C-3, the sum of the gross areas of the several floors of a building or buildings, measured from the exterior faces of exterior walls or from the centerlines of walls separating two buildings. Where columns are outside and separated from an exterior wall (curtain wall) that encloses the building space or are otherwise so arranged that the curtain wall is clearly separate from the structural members, the exterior face of the curtain wall shall be the line of measurement, and the area of the columns themselves at each floor shall also be counted.

In C-3 Districts and the Van Ness Special Use District, the sum of the gross areas of the several floors of a building or buildings, measured along the glass line at windows at a height of four feet above the finished floor and along a projected straight line parallel to the overall building wall plane connecting the ends of individual windows, provided, however, that such line shall not be inward of the interior face of the wall.

- (a) Except as specifically excluded in this definition, "gGross fFloor aArea" shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Basement and cellar space, including tenants' storage areas and all other spaces except that used only for storage or services necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself;
- (2) Elevator shafts, stairwells, exit enclosures, and smoke-proof enclosures at each floor;
 - (3) Floor space in penthouses except as specifically excluded in this definition;

1	(4) Attic space (whether or not a floor has been laid) capable of being made into
2	habitable space;
3	(5) Floor space in balconies or mezzanines in the interior of the building;
4	(6) Floor space in open or roofed porches, arcades, or exterior balconies, if such
5	porch, arcade, or balcony is located above the ground floor or first floor of occupancy above
6	basement or garage and is used as the primary access to the interior space it serves;
7	(7) Floor space in accessory buildings, except for floor spaces used for
8	accessory off-street parking or loading spaces as described in Section 204.5 of this Code, and
9	driveways and maneuvering areas incidental thereto; and
10	(8) Any other floor space not specifically excluded in this definition.
11	(b) "Gross <u>fF</u> loor <u>a</u> <u>A</u> rea" shall not include the following:
12	(1) Basement and cellar space used only for storage or services necessary to
13	the operation or maintenance of the building itself;
14	(2) Attic space not capable of being made into habitable space;
15	(3) Elevator or stair penthouses, accessory water tanks or cooling towers, and
16	other mechanical equipment, appurtenances, and areas necessary to the operation or
17	maintenance of the building itself, if located at the top of the building or separated therefrom
18	only by other space not included in the gross floor area;
19	(4) Mechanical equipment, appurtenances, and areas necessary to the
20	operation or maintenance of the building itself (i) if located at an intermediate story of the
21	building and forming a complete floor level; or (ii) in C-3 Districts, if located on a number of
22	intermediate stories occupying less than a full floor level, provided that the mechanical
23	equipment, appurtenances, and areas are permanently separated from occupied floor areas
24	and in aggregate area do not exceed the area of an average floor as determined by the

Zoning Administrator;

- (5) Outside stairs to the first floor of occupancy at the face of the building which the stairs serve, or fire escapes;
 - (6) Floor space used for accessory off-street parking and loading spaces as described in Section 204.5 of this Code and up to a maximum of 150 percent (150%) of the off-street accessory parking permitted by right in Section 151.1 of this Code for C-3 Districts, and driveways and maneuvering areas incidental thereto;
 - (7) Bicycle parking that meets the standards of Sections 155.1 through <u>155.4</u> <u>155.5</u> of this Code;
 - (8) Arcades, plazas, walkways, porches, breezeways, porticos and similar features (whether roofed or not), at or near street level, accessible to the general public and not substantially enclosed by exterior walls; and accessways to public transit lines, if open for use by the general public; all exclusive of areas devoted to sales, service, display, and other activities other than movement of persons;
 - (9) Balconies, porches, roof decks, terraces, courts and similar features, except those used for primary access as described in Paragraph (a)(6) above, provided that:
 - (A) If more than 70 percent of the perimeter of such an area is enclosed, either by building walls (exclusive of a railing or parapet not more than three feet eight inches high) or by such walls and interior lot lines, and the clear space is less than 15 feet in either dimension, the area shall not be excluded from <u>gGross fFloor aArea</u> unless it is fully open to the sky (except for roof eaves, cornices, or belt courses that project not more than two feet from the face of the building wall).
 - (B) If more than 70 percent of the perimeter of such an area is enclosed, either by building walls (exclusive of a railing or parapet not more than three feet eight inches high), or by such walls and interior lot lines, and the clear space is 15 feet or more in both dimensions: (1) The area shall be excluded from gGross fFloor gArea if it is fully open to the

sky (except for roof eaves, cornices, or belt courses that project no more than two feet from the face of the building wall); and (2) The area may have roofed areas along its perimeter which are also excluded from <u>gGross fFloor aArea</u> if the minimum clear open space between any such roof and the opposite wall or roof (whichever is closer) is maintained at 15 feet (with the above exceptions) and the roofed area does not exceed 10 feet in depth; (3) In addition, when the clear open area exceeds 625 square feet, a canopy, gazebo, or similar roofed structure without walls may cover up to 10 percent of such open space without being counted as gross floor area.

- (C) If, however, 70 percent or less of the perimeter of such an area is enclosed by building walls (exclusive of a railing or parapet not more than three feet eight inches high) or by such walls and interior lot lines, and the open side or sides face on a yard, street or court whose dimensions satisfy the requirements of this Code and all other applicable codes for instances in which required windows face upon such yard, street, or court, the area may be roofed to the extent permitted by such codes in instances in which required windows are involved;
- (10) On lower, nonresidential floors, elevator shafts and other life-support systems serving exclusively the residential uses on the upper floors of a building;
- (11) One-third of that portion of a window bay conforming to the requirements of Section 136(d)(2) that extends beyond the plane formed by the face of the façade on either side of the bay, but not to exceed seven square feet per bay window as measured at each floor;
- (12) Ground floor area in the C-3-O, C-3-O(SD), C-3-S, C-3-S(SU), and C-3-G Districts devoted to building or pedestrian circulation and building service;
- (13) In the C-3-O, C-3-O(SD), C-3-S, C-3-S(SU), and C-3-G Districts, space devoted to personal services, restaurants, and retail sales of goods intended to meet the

convenience shopping and service needs of downtown workers and residents, not to exceed
5,000 occupied square feet per use and, in total, not to exceed 75 percent of the area of the
ground floor of the building plus the ground level, on-site open space. Said uses shall be
located on the ground floor except that, in order to facilitate the creation of more spacious
ground floor interior spaces, a portion of the said uses, in an amount to be determined
pursuant to the provisions of Section 309, may be located on a mezzanine level;

- (14) An interior space provided as an open space feature in accordance with the requirements of Section 138;
- (15) Floor area in C-3, South of Market Mixed Use Districts, and Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts devoted to child care facilities, provided that:
- (A) Allowable indoor space is no less than 3,000 square feet and no more than 6,000 square feet, and
 - (B) The facilities are made available rent free, and
- (C) Adequate outdoor space is provided adjacent, or easily accessible, to the facility. Spaces such as atriums, rooftops, or public parks may be used if they meet licensing requirements for child care facilities, and
- (D) The space is used for child care for the life of the building as long as there is a demonstrated need. No change in use shall occur without a finding by the *City* Planning Commission that there is a lack of need for child care and that the space will be used for a facility described in Subsection *15–16* below dealing with cultural, educational, recreational, religious, or social service facilities;
- (16) Floor area in C-3, South of Market Mixed Use Districts, and Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts permanently devoted to cultural, educational, recreational, religious, or social service facilities available to the general public at no cost or at a fee covering actual operating expenses, provided that such facilities are:

1	(A) Owned and operated by a nonprofit corporation or institution; or
2	(B) Are made available rent free for occupancy only by nonprofi
3	corporations or institutions for such functions. Building area subject to this $\pm \underline{S}$ ubsection shall
4	be counted as $\theta \underline{O}$ ccupied $f\underline{F}$ loor $a\underline{A}$ rea, except as provided in Subsections f (a) through (f
5	in the definition for Floor Area, Occupied of this Code, for the purpose of calculating the freight
6	loading requirements for the project;
7	(17) Floor space in mezzanine areas within $\frac{1}{L}$ ive/ $\frac{W}{L}$ ork $\frac{W}{L}$ nits where the
8	mezzanine satisfies all applicable requirements of the San Francisco Building Code;
9	(18) Floor space suitable primarily for and devoted exclusively to exhibitions of
10	performances by live/work tenants within the structure or lot, provided that such facilities wil
11	be available rent free to live/work tenants within the property for the life of the structure; and
12	(19) In South of Market Mixed Use Districts, $\frac{IL}{U}$ ive/ $\frac{W}{W}$ ork $\frac{W}{U}$ nits and any
13	occupied floor area devoted to mechanical equipment or appurtenances or other floor area
14	accessory to live/work use provided that:
15	(A) The nonresidential use within each $t\underline{L}$ ive/ $w\underline{W}$ ork $w\underline{U}$ nit shall be limited
16	to uses that are principal permitted uses in the district or otherwise are conditional uses in the
17	district and are approved as a conditional use;
18	(B) The density, enforcement, open space, parking, and freight loading
19	and other standards specified in Sections 124(j), 135.2, 151, and 152.1 shall be satisfied
20	along with all other applicable provisions of this Code; and
21	(C) For the purpose of calculating the freight loading requirement for the
22	project, building area subject to this Subsection shall be counted as $\theta \underline{Occupied} f\underline{F}$ loor $\theta \underline{A}$ real
23	except as provided in Subsections 102.10(a) through (f) of the definition in this Section 102 this
24	Code.

1	(20) In the C-3-O(SD) District, space devoted to personal services, eating and
2	drinking uses, or retail sales of goods and that is located on the same level as the rooftop park
3	on the Transbay Transit Center and directly accessible thereto by a direct publicly-accessible
4	pedestrian connection meeting the standards of Section 138(j)(1).
5	(21) In the C-3-O(SD) District, publicly-accessible space on any story above a
6	height of 600 feet devoted to public accommodation that offers extensive views, including
7	observation decks, sky lobbies, restaurants, bars, or other retail uses, as well as any elevators
8	or other vertical circulation dedicated exclusively to accessing or servicing such space. The
9	space must be open to the general public during normal business hours throughout the year,
10	and may charge a nominal fee for access.
11	SEC. 102.10. Floor Area, Occupied. Floor area devoted to, or capable of being
12	devoted to, a principal or conditional use and its accessory uses. For purposes of
13	computation, " $\theta \underline{O}$ ccupied $f\underline{F}$ loor $a\underline{A}$ rea" shall consist of the $g\underline{G}$ ross $f\underline{F}$ loor $a\underline{A}$ rea, as defined in
14	this Code, minus the following:
15	(a) Nonaccessory parking and loading spaces and driveways, and maneuvering areas
16	incidental thereto;

- (b) Exterior walls of the building;
- (c) Mechanical equipment, appurtenances, and areas necessary to the operation or maintenance of the building itself, wherever located in the building;
- (d) Restrooms and space for storage and services necessary to the operation and maintenance of the building itself, wherever located in the building;
- (e) Space in a retail store for store management, show windows, and dressing rooms, and for incidental repairs, processing, packaging, and stockroom storage of merchandise for sale on the premises; and
 - (f) Incidental storage space for the convenience of tenants.

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	SEC. 102.11. Floor Area Ratio. The ratio of the gG ross fF loor aA rea of all the buildings
2	on a lot to the area of the lot. In cases in which portions of the gross floor area of a building
3	project horizontally beyond the lot lines, all such projecting gross floor area shall also be
4	included in determining the floor area ratio.
5	Floor Area, Usable. Generally, the sum of the gross areas of the several floors of a building,
6	measured from the exterior walls or from the center lines of common walls separating two buildings.
7	See alternative definition for the Bernal Heights Special Use District.
8	Food, Fiber and Beverage Processing 1. An Industrial use that involves the processing of
9	food-stuffs, agricultural fibers, and beverages with a low potential for noxious fumes, noise and
10	nuisance to the surrounding area including but not limited to bottling plants, breweries, dairy products
11	plant, malt manufacturing or processing plant, fish curing, smoking, or drying, cereal manufacturing,
12	liquor distillery, manufacturing of felt or shoddy, processing of hair or products derived from hair,
13	pickles, sauerkraut, vinegar, yeast, soda or soda compounds, meat products, and fish oil. This use does
14	not include the processing of wood pulp, and is subject to the operating conditions outlined in Section
15	<u>202.2(d)</u>
16	Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 2. An Industrial Use that involves the processing of
17	food-stuffs, agricultural fibers, and beverages with a high potential for noxious fumes, noise and
18	nuisance to the surrounding area including but not limited to a flour mill, sugar refinery, and wool
19	pulling or scouring. This use does not include the processing of wood pulp, and is subject to the
20	operating conditions outlined in Section 202.2(d)
21	Formula Retail. A type of retail sales activity or retail sales establishment that has eleven or
22	more other retail sales establishments located in the United States. In addition to the eleven
23	establishments, the business maintains two or more of the following features: a standardized array of
24	merchandise, a standardized façade, a standardized decor and color scheme, a uniform apparel,
25	standardized signage, and/or a trademark or a servicemark.

1	(a) For the purposes of this definition, a retail sales activity or retail sales establishment shall
2	include the following uses as defined in this Section of this Code: "Bar," "Drive-up Facility," "Eating
3	and Drinking Use," "Liquor Store," "Sales and Service, Other Retail," "Restaurant," "Limited-
4	Restaurant," "Take-Out Food," "Sales and Service, Retail," "Service, Financial," and "Movie Theater,"
5	(b) Standardized array of merchandise shall be defined as 50 percent or more of in-stock
6	merchandise from a single distributor bearing uniform markings.
7	(c) Trademark shall be defined as a word, phrase, symbol, or design, or a combination of
8	words, phrases, symbols, or designs that identifies and distinguishes the source of the goods from one
9	party from those of others.
10	(d) Servicemark shall be defined as a word, phrase, symbol, or design, or a combination of
11	words, phrases, symbols, or designs that identifies and distinguishes the source of a service from one
12	party from those of others.
13	(e) Decor shall be defined as the style of interior furnishings, which may include, but is not
14	limited to, style of furniture, wall coverings or permanent fixtures.
15	(f) Color Scheme shall be defined as a selection of colors used throughout, such as on the
16	furnishings, permanent fixtures, and wall coverings, or as used on the façade.
17	(g) Façade shall be defined as the face or front of a building, including awnings, looking onto a
18	street or an open space.
19	(h) Uniform Apparel shall be defined as standardized items of clothing including, but not
20	limited to, standardized aprons, pants, shirts, smocks or dresses, hat, and pins (other than name tags)
21	as well as standardized colors of clothing.
22	(i) Signage shall be defined as a business sign pursuant to Section 602.3 of the Planning
23	<u>Code.</u>
24	<u>G</u>
25	

1	Gas Station. A Retail Automotive Use that provides motor fuels, lubricating oils, air, and water
2	directly into motor vehicles and without providing automotive repair services, and which also includes
3	self-service operations that sell motor fuel only. This use is subject to the controls in Sections 202.2(b)
4	<u>187.1, and 228.</u>
5	General Entertainment. See Entertainment, General.
6	General Grocery. See Grocery, General.
7	Gift Store-Tourist Oriented. A Retail Sales and Service Use that involves the marketing of
8	small art goods, gifts, souvenirs, curios, or novelties to the public, particularly those who are visitors to
9	San Francisco rather than local residents.
10	Grain Elevator. An Industrial Use defined as a storage facility for grain that contains a bucket
11	elevator or a pneumatic conveyor that scoops up grain from a lower level and deposits it in a silo or
12	other storage facility. This use also covers the entire elevator complex including, but not limited to
13	receiving and testing offices, weighbridges, and storage facilities.
14	Greenhouse. An Agricultural use that involves the cultivation of plants inside a glass building
15	This definition does not include accessory structures located in a required rear yard that comply with
16	Section 136(c)(22) of this Code.
17	Grocery, General. A Retail Sales and Services Use that:
18	(a) Offers a diverse variety of unrelated, non-complementary food and non-food commodities,
19	such as beverages, dairy, dry goods, fresh produce and other perishable items, frozen foods, household
20	products, and paper goods;
21	(b) May provide beer, wine, and/or liquor sales for consumption off the premises with a
22	California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board License type 20 (off-sale beer and wine) or type 21 (off-
23	sale general) within the accessory use limits as set forth in Section 703.2(b)(1)(C)(vi);
24	(c) Prepares minor amounts or no food on site for immediate consumption; and
25	(d) Markets the majority of its merchandise at retail prices.

1	(e) May have a Limited Restaurant use within the accessory use limits as set forth in Section	
2	703.2(b)(1)(C)(iii).	
3	(f) Such businesses shall operate with the specified conditions in Section 703.5.	
4	Grocery, Specialty. A Retail Sales and Services Use that:	
5	(a) Offers specialty food products such as baked goods, pasta, cheese, confections, coffee, meat,	
6	seafood, produce, artisanal goods, and other specialty food products, and may also offer additional	
7	food and non-food commodities related or complementary to the specialty food products;	
8	(b) May provide beer, wine, and/or liquor sales for consumption off the premises with a	
9	California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board License type 20 (off-sale beer and wine) or type 21 (off-	
10	sale general) within the accessory use limits as set forth in Section 703.2(b)(1)(C)(vi);	
11	(c) Prepares minor amounts or no food on site for immediate consumption; and	
12	(d) Markets the majority of its merchandise at retail prices.	
13	(e) May provide Limited Restaurant services within the accessory use limits as set forth in	
14	Section 703.2(b)(1)(C)(iii).	
15	(f) Such businesses shall operate with the specified conditions in Section 703.5.	
16	Gross Floor Area. See Floor Area, Gross	
17	Group Housing. A Residential Use that provides lodging or both meals and lodging, without	
18	individual cooking facilities, by prearrangement for a week or more at a time, in a space not defined by	
19	this Code as a dwelling unit. Such group housing shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a	
20	Residential Hotel, boardinghouse, guesthouse, rooming house, lodging house, residence club,	
21	commune, fraternity or sorority house, monastery, nunnery, convent, or ashram. It shall also include	
22	group housing affiliated with and operated by a medical or educational institution, when not located on	
23	the same lot as such institution, which shall meet the applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this	
24	Code concerning institutional master plans.	

1	Gym. A Retail Sales and Service Use including a health club, fitness, gymnasium, or exercise
2	facility when including equipment and space for weight-lifting and cardiovascular activities.
3	\underline{H}
4	Hazardous Waste Facility. An Industrial Use that includes any use involving the treatment,
5	transfer, storage, resource recovery, disposal, or recycling of hazardous waste that is produced at an
6	off-site facility, but shall not include a facility that: (1) manages only used oil, used oil filters, latex
7	paint, antifreeze, small household batteries or lead acid batteries; or (2) establishes that it is not
8	required to obtain a hazardous waste facility permit from the State of California. The terms "hazardous
9	waste," "treatment," "transfer," "storage," "disposal," "off-site facility," and "used oil" as used herein
10	shall have the meaning given those terms in the California Health and Safety Code, Division 20,
11	Chapter 6.5, Articles 2 and 13, which are hereby incorporated by reference.
12	<u>Health Service.</u> See Service, Health.
13	Heavy Manufacturing. See Manufacturing, Heavy.
14	SEC. 102.12. Height (of a building or structure). The vertical distance by which a
15	building or structure rises above a certain point of measurement. , which point shall be taken as
16	indicated herein. For this purpose, the term "building" shall be deemed to include the term
17	"structure." See Section 260 of this Code for how height is measured.
18	(a) In the case of either (b) or (c) below, such point shall be taken at the centerline of the
19	building or, where the building steps laterally in relation to a street that is the basis for height
20	measurement, separate points shall be taken at the centerline of each building step.
21	(b) Where the lot is level with or slopes downward from a street at the centerline of the
22	building or building step, such point shall be taken at curb level on such a street. This point shall be
23	used for height measurement only for a lot depth not extending beyond a line 100 feet from and parallel
24	to such street, or beyond a line equidistant between such street and the street on the opposite side of the
25	block, whichever depth is greater. Measurement of height for any portion of the lot extending beyond

1	such line shall be considered in relation to the opposite (lower) end of the lot, and that portion shall be
2	considered an upward sloping lot in accordance with Subsection (c) below, whether or not the lot also
3	has frontage on a lower street.
4	(c) Where the lot slopes upward from a street at the centerline of the building or building step
5	such point shall be taken at curb level for purposes of measuring the height of the closest part of the

(c) Where the lot slopes upward from a street at the centerline of the building or building step, such point shall be taken at curb level for purposes of measuring the height of the closest part of the building within 10 feet of the property line of such street; at every other cross-section of the building, at right angles to the centerline of the building or building step, such point shall be taken as the average of the ground elevations at either side of the building or building step at that cross-section. The ground elevations used shall be either existing elevations or the elevations resulting from new grading operations encompassing an entire block. Elevations beneath the building shall be taken by projecting a straight line between ground elevations at the exterior walls at either side of the entire building in the same plane.

(d) Where the lot has frontage on two or more streets, the owner may choose the street or streets from which the measurement of height is to be taken, within the scope of the rules stated above.

Where the height limits for buildings and structures are established by this Code, the upper points to be taken for measurement of height shall be as prescribed in the provisions relating to such height limits.

Horizontal Elements. All roof areas and all floor plates, except floor plates at or below grade.

Hospital. An Institutional Healthcare Use that includes a hospital, medical center, or other medical institution that provides facilities for inpatient and outpatient medical care and may also include medical offices, clinics, laboratories, and employee or student dormitories and other housing, operated by and affiliated with the institution, which institution has met the applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this Code concerning institutional master plans.

Hotel. A Retail Sales and Services Use that provides tourist accommodations, including guest rooms or suites, which are intended or designed to be used, rented, or hired out to guests (transient

1	visitors) intending to occupy the room for less than 32 consecutive days. This definition also applies to
2	buildings containing six or more guest rooms designated and certified as tourist units, under Chapter
3	41 of the San Francisco Administrative Code. For purposes of this Code, a Hotel does not include
4	(except within the Bayshore-Hester Special Use District as provided for in Sections 713 and 780.2 of
5	this Code) a Motel, which contains guest rooms or suites that are independently accessible from the
6	outside, with garage or parking space located on the lot, and designed for, or occupied by, automobile-
7	traveling transient visitors. Hotels shall be designed to include all lobbies, offices, and internal
8	circulation to guest rooms and suites within and integral to the same enclosed building or buildings as
9	the guest rooms or suites.

Hotel, Residential. A Residential Use defined in Chapter 41 of the San Francisco

Administrative Code that contains one or more residential hotel units. A residential hotel unit is a guest
room, as defined in Section 203.7 of Chapter XII, Part II, of the San Francisco Municipal Code

(Housing Code), which had been occupied by a permanent resident on September 23, 1979, or any
guest room designated as a residential unit pursuant to Sections 41.6 or 41.7 of Chapter 41 of the San
Francisco Administrative Code. Residential hotels are further defined and regulated in the Residential
Hotel Unit Conversion and Demolition Ordinance, Chapter 41, of the San Francisco Administrative
Code.

Hours of Operation. The permitted hours during which any commercial establishment, not including automated teller machines, may be open for business. Other restrictions on the hours of operation of Movie Theaters, Adult Businesses, and Entertainment Uses, as defined in this Section of the Code, shall apply pursuant to provisions in Section 303(c)(5), when such uses are permitted as conditional uses. A Pharmacy may qualify for the exception to operate on a 24-hour basis provided in this Section the Code.

Household. Any person or persons who reside or intend to reside in the same housing unit.

25 <u>I</u>

1	Industrial Use. A Use Category continuing the following uses: Automobile Wrecking,	
2	Automobile Assembly, Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 1 and 2, Grain Elevator, Hazardous Waste	
3	Facility, Junkyard, Livestock Processing 1 and 2, Heavy Manufacturing 1,2, and 3, Light	
4	Manufacturing, Metal Working, Power Plant, Ship Yard, Storage Yard, Volatile Materials Storage, and	
5	Truck Terminal.	
6	Infrastructure. Open space and recreational facilities; public realms improvements such as	
7	pedestrian improvements and streetscape improvements; public transit facilities; and community	
8	facilities such as libraries, child care facilities, and community centers.	
9	In-Kind Agreement. An agreement acceptable in form and substance to the City Attorney and	
10	the Director of Planning, under which the project sponsor agrees to provide a specific set of community	
11	improvements, at a specific phase of construction, in lieu of contribution to the relevant Fund.	
12	In Lieu Fee. A fee paid by a project sponsor in lieu of complying with a requirement of this	
13	Code and that is not a development impact fee governed by the Mitigation Fee Act.	
14	Institutional Community Use. A subcategory of Institutional Uses that includes Child Care	
15	Facility, Community Facility, Private Community Facility, Job Training, Philanthropic Administrative	
16	Services, Religious Institution, Social Service or Philanthropic Facility, and Public Facility.	
17	Institutional Education Use. A subcategory of Institutional Uses that includes Post-Secondary	
18	Educational Institution, School, and Trade School.	
19	Institutional Healthcare Use. A subcategory of Institutional Uses that includes Hospital	
20	Medical Cannabis Dispensary, and Residential Care Facility.	
21	Institutional Use. A Use Category that includes Child Care Facility, Community Facility,	
22	Private Community Facility, Hospital, Job Training, Medical Cannabis Dispensary, Philanthropic	
23	Administrative Services, Religious Institution, Residential Care Facility, Social Service or	
24	Philanthropic Facility, Post-Secondary Educational Institution, Public Facility, School, and Trade	
25	School.	

Interior Lot.	See Lot,	Interior.
---------------	----------	-----------

Internet Service Exchange. A Utility and Infrastructure Use defined as a location that contains any of the following uses (excluding Wireless Telecommunication Services Facility): switching equipment (whether wireline or wireless) that joins or connects occupants, customers, or subscribers to enable customers or subscribers to transmit data, voice or video signals to each other; one or more computer systems and related equipment used to build, maintain, or process data, voice or video signals, and provide other data processing services; or a group of network servers.

8 <u>*J*</u>

Jewelry Store. A Retail Sales and Service Use that primarily involves the sale of jewelry to the general public. It may involve sales of precious stones, gems, precious metals, gold and silver, or clocks and watches. Repair services or setting, custom design or manufacture of individual pieces of jewelry may also be provided.

Job Training. A Institutional Community Use that provides job training and may also provide vocational counseling and job referrals.

Junk Yard. An Industrial Use defined as an outdoor space where junk, waste, discarded or salvaged materials are stored or handled, including house-wrecking yards, used lumber yards, and places or yards for storage of salvaged house wrecking and structural steel materials and equipment, excluding automobile wrecking operations, which is defined as a separate use in this Section of the Code; yards or establishments for the sale, purchase, or storage of used cars or machinery in operable condition; and the processing of used, discarded, or salvaged materials as part of a permitted manufacturing operation in the same premises.

22 <u>K</u>

Kennel. A Retail Sales and Services Use where dogs are boarded for compensation, or are cared for or trained for hire, or are kept for sale or bred for sale, where the care, breeding, or sale of the dogs is the principal means of livelihood of the occupants of the premises.

1	\underline{L}
2	Laboratory. A Non-Retail Sales and Services Use intended or primarily suitable for scientific
3	research. The space requirements of uses within this category include specialized facilities and/or built
4	accommodations that distinguish the space from Office uses, Light Manufacturing, or Heavy
5	Manufacturing. Examples of laboratories include the following:
6	(a) Chemistry, biochemistry, or analytical laboratory;
7	(b) Engineering laboratory;
8	(c) Development laboratory;
9	(d) Biological laboratories including those classified by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC)
10	and National Institutes of Health (NIH) as Biosafety level 1, Biosafety level 2, or Biosafety level 3;
11	(e) Animal facility or vivarium, including laboratories classified by the CDC/NIH as Animal
12	Biosafety level 1, Animal Biosafety level 2, or Animal Biosafety level 3;
13	(f) Support laboratory;
14	(g) Quality assurance/Quality control laboratory; and
15	(h) Core laboratory.
16	Large-Scale Urban Agriculture. See Agriculture, Large Scale Urban.
17	Licensed Child Care Facility. A child care facility that has been issued a valid license by the
18	California Department of Social Services pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Sections
19	1596.80-1596.875, 1596.95-1597.09, or 1597.30-1597.61.
20	Life Science. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that involves the integration of natural and
21	engineering sciences and advanced biological techniques using organisms, cells, and parts thereof for
22	products and services. This includes the creation of products and services used to analyze and detect
23	various illnesses, the design of products that cure illnesses, and/or the provision of capital goods and
24	services, machinery, instruments, software, and reagents related to research and production. Life
25	Science uses may utilize office, laboratory, light manufacturing, or other types of space. As a subset of

1	Life Science	uses, Life	e Science	laboratories	typically	include	biological	laboratories	and	animal
2	facilities or v	vivaria, as c	described	in the Labora	tory defini	tion Subs	sections (d)	<u>and (e).</u>		

Light Manufacturing. See Manufacturing, Light.

Limited Live Performance. An Accessory Use as defined in Section 1060 of the Police Code

Limited Restaurant. See Restaurant, Limited.

Liquor Store. A Retail Sales and Service Use that sells beer, wine, or distilled spirits to a customer in an open or closed container for consumption off the premises and that needs a State of California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board License type 20 (off-sale beer and wine) or type 21 (offsale general) This classification shall not include retail uses that (1) are both (a) classified as a General Grocery, a Specialty Grocery, or a Restaurant-Limited, and (b) have a gross floor area devoted to alcoholic beverages that is within the applicable accessory use limits for the use district in which it is located, and have both (a) a Non-residential Use Size of greater than 10,000 gross square feet and (b) a gross floor area devoted to alcoholic beverages that is within accessory use limits as set forth in Section 204.2 of this Code, depending on the zoning district in which the use is located. For purposes of Planning Code Sections 249.5, 781.8, 781.9, 782, 783, and 784, the retail uses explicitly exempted from this definition as set forth above shall only apply to General Grocery and Specialty Grocery stores that exceed 5,000 square feet in size shall not: (a) sell any malt beverage with an alcohol content greater than 5.7 percent by volume; any wine with an alcohol content of greater than 15 percent by volume, except for "dinner wines" that have been aged two years or more and maintained in a corked bottle; or any distilled spirits in container sizes smaller than 600 milliliters; (b) devote more than 15 percent of the gross square footage of the establishment to the display and sale of alcoholic beverages; and (c) sell single servings of beer in container sizes 24 ounces or smaller.

<u>Livery Stable.</u> A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use where horses and carriages are kept for hire and where stabling is provided. This use also includes horse riding academies.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	Livestock Processing 1. An Industrial Use that involves the live storage, killing or dressing of
2	poultry, rabbits or other small livestock, and/or the tanning or curing of raw hides or skins from an
3	animal of any size. Direct sales to customers is permitted on site. This use is subject to the location
4	and operating restrictions in Section 202.2(d).
5	Livestock Processing 2. An Industrial Use that involves the live storage, killing or dressing of

Livestock Processing 2. An Industrial Use that involves the live storage, killing or dressing of cows, pigs, goats, and other large livestock and/or the tanning or curing of raw hides or skins from an animal of any size. Direct sales to customers is permitted on site. This use is subject to the location and operating restrictions in Section 202.2(d).

Live/Work Project. A Housing Project containing more than one Live/Work Unit.

SEC. 102.13. Live/Work Unit. A live/work unit is hybrid Residential and PDR Use that is defined as a structure or portion of a structure combining a residential living space for a group of persons including not more than four adults in the same unit with an integrated work space principally used by one or more of the residents of that unit; provided, however, that no otherwise qualifying portion of a structure that contains a Group A occupancy under the Sam Francisco Building Code shall be considered a ½ive/wWork #Unit. No City official, department, board, or commission shall issue or approve a building permit or other land use entitlement authorizing a new live/work unit as defined here, except as authorized as an accessory use under Section 204.4. Lawfully approved live/work units are subject to the provisions of Sections 181 and 317 of this Code.

<u>Long Term Housing.</u> Housing intended for occupancy by a person or persons for 32 <u>consecutive days or longer.</u>

SEC. 102.14. Lot. A parcel of land under one ownership that constitutes, or is to constitute, a complete and separate functional unit of development, and that does not extend beyond the property lines along streets or alleys. A lot as so defined generally consists of a single Assessor's lot, but in some cases consists of a combination of contiguous Assessor's

1	lots or portions thereof where such combination is necessary to meet the requirements of this
2	Code. In order to clarify the status of specific property as a lot under this Code, the Zoning
3	Administrator may, consistent with the provisions of this Code, require such changes in the
4	Assessor's records, placing of restrictions on the land records, and other actions as may be
5	necessary to assure compliance with this Code. The definition of "lot" shall also be applicable
6	to piers under the jurisdiction of the Port Commission.
7	SEC. 102.15. Lot, Corner. A lot bounded on two or more adjoining sides by streets that
8	intersect adjacent to such lot, provided that the angle of intersection of such streets along
9	such lot does not exceed 135 degrees. For the purposes of this Code, no $e\underline{C}$ orner $l\underline{L}$ ot shall
10	be considered wider or deeper than 125 feet, and the remainder of any lot involved shall be
11	considered to be an $i\underline{I}$ nterior $l\underline{L}$ ot. Whenever a $e\underline{C}$ orner $l\underline{L}$ ot is resubdivided, only that portion
12	which thereafter is bounded on adjoining sides by streets as herein described shall be a
13	$e\underline{C}$ orner $\ell\underline{L}$ ot.
14	SEC. 102.16. Lot, Interior. A lot other than a eC orner dE ot.
15	Lot Size (Per Development). The permitted gross lot area for new construction or expansion of
16	existing development.
17	\underline{M}
18	Mandatory Discretionary Review. A hearing before the Planning Commission that is required
19	by the Planning Code at which the Commission will determine whether to approve, modify, or
20	disapprove a permit application.

Manufacturing 1, Heavy. An Industrial Use having the potential of creating substantial noise,

smoke, dust, vibration, and/or other environmental impacts or pollution, and including, but not limited

(a) Concrete mixing, concrete products manufacture,

(b) Electric foundry or foundry for nonferrous metals

21

22

23

24

25

to:

1	(c) Enameling, lacquering, wholesale paint mixing from previously prepared pigments and
2	<u>vehicles,</u>
3	(d) Woodworking mill, manufacture of woodfibre, sawdust or excelsior products not involving
4	chemical processing,
5	(e) Blast furnace, rolling mill, or smelter; and
6	(f) Ice manufacturing plant.
7	This use is subject to the location and operation controls in Section 202.2(d)
8	Manufacturing 2, Heavy. An Industrial Use having the potential of creating substantial noise,
9	smoke, dust, vibration, and/or other environmental impacts or pollution, and including, but not limited
10	<u>to:</u>
11	(a) Production or refining of petroleum products.
12	(b) Rendering or reduction of fat, bones, or other animal material, where adequate provision is
13	made for the control of odors through the use of surface condensers and direct-flame afterburners or
14	equivalent equipment;
15	(c) Incineration of garbage, refuse, dead animals or parts thereof;
16	This use is subject to the controls in Section 202.2(d).
17	Manufacturing 3, Heavy. An Industrial Use having the potential of creating substantial noise,
18	smoke, dust, vibration, and/or other environmental impacts or pollution, and including, but not limited
19	<u>to:</u>
20	(a) Battery manufacture;
21	(b) Manufacture of corrosive acid or alkali, cement, gypsum, lime, plaster of Paris, explosive,
22	fertilizer, glue or gelatin from fish or animal refuse;
23	(c) Manufacture, refining, distillation, or treatment of any of the following: abrasives, acid
24	(noncorrosive), alcohol, ammonia, asbestos, asphalt, bleaching powder, candles (from tallow),
25	celluloid, chlorine, coal, coke, creosote, dextrine, disinfectant, dye, enamel, gas carbon or lampblack,

1	gas (acetylene or other inflammable), glucose, insecticide, lacquer, linoleum, matches, oilcloth, oil
2	paint, paper (or pulp), petroleum products, perfume, plastics, poison, potash, printing ink, refuse mash
3	or refuse grain, rubber (including balata or gutta-percha or crude or scrap rubber), shellac, shoe or
4	stove polish, soap, starch, tar, turpentine, or varnish.
5	(d) Foundry, structural iron or pipe works, boilermaking where riveting is involved, locomotive
6	works, roundhouse or railroad shop.
7	This use is subject to the location and operation controls in Section 202.2(d)
8	Manufacturing, Light. An Industrial Use that provides for the fabrication or production of
9	goods, by hand or machinery, for distribution to retailers or wholesalers for resale off the premises,
10	primarily involving the assembly, packaging, repairing, or processing of previously prepared
11	materials. Light manufacturing uses include production and custom activities usually involving
12	individual or special design, or handiwork, such as the following fabrication or production activities
13	defined by the Standard Industrial Classification Code Manual as light manufacturing uses:
14	(a) Food processing;
15	(b) Apparel and other garment products;
16	(c) Furniture and fixtures;
17	(d) Printing and publishing of books or newspapers;
18	(e) Leather products;
19	(f) Pottery:
20	(g) Glass-blowing;
21	(h) Commercial laundry, rug cleaning, and dry cleaning facility; or
22	(i) Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical, and optical
23	goods; watches and clocks.
24	It shall not include Trade Shop or Heavy Manufacturing 1,2, or 3. This use is subject to the
25	location and operation controls in Section 202.2(d)

1	Maritime Use. A Use Characteristic defined as any use that requires access to or use of San
2	Francisco Bay waters in order to function or operate in the normal course of business including, but
3	not limited to, uses associated with waterborne commerce, navigation, fisheries, and recreation, and
4	industrial, commercial, and other operations directly related to the conduct of waterborne commerce,
5	navigation, fisheries, or recreation on property subject to public trust. Maritime Uses also includes
6	houseboats or residential uses on the water.
7	Marquee. A permanent roofed structure attached to and supported entirely by a building,
8	including any object or decoration attached to or part of said marquee, no part of which shall be used
9	for occupancy or storage, with the purpose of providing protection from sun and rain and/or
10	embellishment of the façade, as further regulated in Section 3106 of the Building Code.
11	Massage, Chair/Foot. A Retail Sales and Service Use where the only massage service provided
12	is chair or foot massage, such service is visible to the public, and customers are fully clothed at all
13	<u>times.</u>
14	Massage Establishment. A Retail Sales and Service Use defined by Sections 29.1 through
15	29.32 of the San Francisco Health Code, except a use that is a sole proprietorship, as defined in
16	California Business and Professions Code Section 4612(b)(1), and where the sole proprietor is
17	certified pursuant to the California Business and Professions Code Section 4600, et seq., or one that
18	employs or uses only persons certified by the State's Massage Therapy Organization, pursuant to the
19	California Business and Professions Code Section 4600, et seq., provided that the massage
20	establishment has first obtained a permit from the Department of Public Health pursuant to Section
21	29.2 of the San Francisco Health Code, and provided that:
22	(a) The massage use is accessory to a principal use, if the massage use is accessed by the
23	principal use and (1) the principal use is a dwelling unit and the massage use conforms to the
24	requirements of Section 204.1, for accessory uses for dwelling units in R or NC districts; or (2) the

1	principal use is a Tourist Hotel that contains 100 or more rooms or an Institutional Use as defined in
2	this Code; or
3	(b) The only massage service provided is chair massage, such service is visible to the public,
4	and customers are fully clothed at all times.
5	(c) If the massage use does not meet the requirements of (a) or (b), above, then the massage use
6	shall obtain a conditional use permit from the Planning Commission, pursuant to Section 303 of this
7	Code. When considering an application for a conditional use permit pursuant to this Subsection, the
8	Planning Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria listed in Section 303(c), the criteria
9	outlined in Section 303(o).
10	Medical Cannabis Dispensary. An Institutional Healthcare Use defined in Section 3301(f) of
11	the San Francisco Health Code, which is permitted only if it meets the conditions listed in Section
12	<u>202.2(e).</u>
13	Metal Working. An Industrial use that includes metal working or blacksmith shop; excluding
14	presses of over 20 tons' capacity and machine-operated drop hammers. This use is subject to location
15	and operational controls in Section 202.2(d).
16	SEC. 102.34. Mobile Food Facility. A Mobile Food Facility shall be defined as Retail Sales
17	and Service Use as defined in Public Works Code Section 184.80. Mobile Food Facilities shall
18	comply with the good neighbor policies set forth in Public Works Code Section 184.94.
19	MOH. The Mayor's Office of Housing and Community Development or its successor.
20	Mortuary. A Retail Sales and Services Use that provides funeral services, funeral preparation,
21	or burial arrangements, including retail establishments that predominantly sell or offer for sale
22	caskets, tombstones, or other funerary goods. In RH, RM, RTO, and RC Districts only, this use includes
23	Columbarium use, which provides for the storage of cremated remains in niches.
24	Motel. A Retail Sales and Services Use that includes an auto court, motor lodge, tourist court,
25	or other facility similarly identified, contains rooms or suites of rooms, none with individual cooking

1	facilities, which are offered for compensation and are primarily for the accommodation of transient
2	guests traveling by automobile, and where each sleeping unit is independently accessible from the
3	outside. This use is subject to the controls listed in Section 202.2(a).
4	Movie Theater. A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that displays motion pictures,
5	videos, slides, or closed-circuit television pictures. This use does not include an adult theater, which is
6	regulated as an Adult Business. Removal of a Movie Theater is subject to the controls in Section 202.4.
7	MTA. The Municipal Transportation Agency or its successor.
8	MTA Director. The Director of MTA or his or her designee.
9	Municipal Railway (Muni). The public transit system owned by the City and under the
10	jurisdiction of the MTA.
11	\underline{N}
12	Neighborhood Agriculture. See Agriculture, Neighborhood.
13	Neighborhood-Serving Business. A neighborhood-serving business cannot be defined by the
14	type of use, but rather by the characteristics of its customers, types of merchandise or service, its size,
15	trade area, and the number of similar establishments in other neighborhoods. The primary clientele of
16	a "neighborhood-serving business," by definition, is comprised of customers who live and/or work
17	<u>nearby.</u>
18	While a neighborhood-serving business may derive revenue from customers outside the
19	immediately surrounding neighborhood, it is not dependent on out-of-neighborhood clientele.
20	A neighborhood-serving use provides goods and/or services which are needed by residents and
21	workers in the immediate neighborhood to satisfy basic personal and household needs on a frequent
22	and recurring basis, and which if not available require trips outside of the neighborhood.
23	A use may be more or less neighborhood-serving depending upon its trade area. Uses that, due
24	to the nature of their products and service, tend to be more neighborhood-serving are those which sell
25	convenience items such as groceries, personal toiletries, magazines, and personal services such as

1	cleaners, laundromats, and film processing. Uses that tend to be less neighborhood-oriented are those
2	which sell more specialized, more expensive, less frequently purchased comparison goods such as
3	automobiles and furniture.
4	For many uses (such as stores selling apparel, household goods, and variety merchandise),
5	whether a business is neighborhood-serving depends on the size of the establishment: the larger the
6	use, the larger the trade area, hence the less neighborhood-oriented.
7	Whether a business is neighborhood-serving or not also depends in part on the number and
8	availability of other similar establishments in other neighborhoods: the more widespread the use, the
9	more likely that it is neighborhood-oriented.
10	Net Addition. The total amount of gross floor area defined in Planning Code Section 102
11	contained in a development project, less the gross floor area contained in any structure demolished or
12	retained as part of the proposed development project.
13	Nighttime Entertainment. See Entertainment, Nighttime.
14	Non-Auto Vehicle Sales or Rental. A Retail Sales and Service Use offering new or used
15	bicycles, scooters, motorcycles, boats, or other marine vehicles for sale, rent, or lease when conducted
16	entirely within an enclosed building.
17	Non-Commercial Entertainment and Recreation. See Entertainment and Recreation, Non-
18	Commercial.
19	Nonprofit Organization. An organization organized and operated for nonprofit purposes
20	within the provisions of California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 23701-23710, inclusive, as
21	demonstrated by a written determination from the California Franchise Tax Board exempting the
22	organization from taxes under Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701.
23	Non-Residential Use. Space within any structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
24	suitable for, or accessory to, occupancy by retail, office, commercial, or uses other than a Residential
25	Use as defined in this Section. For the purposes of Article 4, residential components of Institutional

1	Uses other than Religious Institutions shall be defined as a "residential use," and non-residential use
2	shall not include PDR and publicly owned and operated community facilities.

Non-Residential Use Size. The permitted gross floor area allowed each individual nonresidential use. Gross Floor Area is defined in this Section of the Code.

Non-Retail Use. A type of Commercial Use that involves the sale of goods or services to other businesses rather than the end user, or that does not provide for direct sales to the general public on site. Uses in this category include, but are not limited to, Non-Retail Sales and Service Uses and Non-Retail Automotive Uses.

Notice of Special Restrictions. A document recorded with the San Francisco Recorder's Office for any unit subject to this Program detailing the sale and resale or rental restrictions and any restrictions on purchaser or tenant income levels included as a Condition of Approval of the principal project relating to the unit.

13 <u>*o*</u>

Occupied Floor Area. See Floor Area, Occupied.

Office, General. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that includes space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily suitable for occupancy by persons or entities which perform, provide for their own benefit, or provide to others at that location, services including, but not limited to, the following: professional, banking, insurance, management, consulting, technical, sales, and design; and the non-accessory office functions of manufacturing and warehousing businesses, multimedia, software development, web design, electronic commerce, and information technology. This use shall exclude Non-Retail Professional Services as well as Retail Uses; repair; any business characterized by the physical transfer of tangible goods to customers on the premises; wholesale shipping, receiving and storage; and design showrooms or any other space intended and primarily suitable for display of goods.

1	Office Use. A grouping of uses that includes General Office, Retail Professional Services, and
2	Non-Retail Professional Services. This use shall exclude: retail uses other than Retail Professional
3	Services; repair; any business characterized by the physical transfer of tangible goods to customers on
4	the premises; wholesale shipping, receiving and storage; and design showrooms or any other space
5	intended and primarily suitable for display of goods.
6	SEC. 102.18. One Ownership. Ownership of a parcel or contiguous parcels of
7	property or possession thereof under a contract to purchase by a person or persons, firm,
8	corporation or partnership, individually, jointly, in common, or in any other manner whereby
9	such property is under single or unified control. The term shall include condominium
10	ownership. The term "owner" shall mean the person, firm, corporation or partnership
11	exercising one ownership as herein defined.
12	Open Air Sales. A Commercial Use Characteristic generally categorized as a Retail Sales and
13	Service Use that involves open air sale of new and/or used merchandise, except vehicles, but including
14	agricultural products, crafts and/or art work.
15	Open Recreation Area. A Non-Commercial Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that is not
16	publicly owned which is not screened from public view, has no structures other than those necessary
17	and incidental to the open land use, is not operated as a gainful business, and is devoted to outdoor
18	recreation such as golf, tennis, or riding.
19	SEC. 102.19. Open Space, Required. Any front setbacks, side or rear yards, courts,
20	usable open space or other open area provided in order to meet the requirements of this
21	Code.
22	SEC. 102.20. Open Use. Any use of a lot that is not conducted within a $b\underline{B}$ uilding.
23	SEC. 102.32. Ornamental Fencing. A decorative metal fence shall be made of wrought
24	iron or fencing that gives the appearance of wrought-iron fencing, but expressly excludes
25	plastic-based materials, barbed wire, similar non-decorative fences as well as traditional

1	chain-link or woven wire fences. Chain-link or woven wire fences may be used if the fencing
2	visible from the public right-of-way is bordered by rails on the top and bottom and has well-
3	built columns that are at least 8" inches wide and are topped with caps. The columns shall be
4	spaced no more than 8- <i>feet</i> apart.

Outdoor Activity Area. A Commercial Use characteristic defined as an area associated with a legally established use, not including primary circulation space or any public street, located outside of a building or in a courtyard, which is provided for the use or convenience of patrons of a commercial establishment including, but not limited to, sitting, eating, drinking, dancing, and food-service activities.

10 <u>**P</u>**</u>

Parcel Delivery Service. See Service, Parcel Delivery.

Parking Garage, Private. A Non-Retail Automotive Use that provides temporary parking accommodations for automobiles, trucks, vans, bicycles, or motorcycles in a garage not open to the general public, without parking of recreational vehicles, mobile homes, boats, or other vehicles, or storage of vehicles, goods, or equipment. Provisions regulating automobile parking are set forth in Sections 155, 156, 157, and other provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code.

Parking Garage, Public. A Retail Automotive Use that provides temporary parking accommodations for automobiles, trucks, vans, bicycles, or motorcycles in a garage open to the general public, without parking of recreational vehicles, mobile homes, boats, or other vehicles, or storage of vehicles, goods, or equipment. Provisions regulating automobile parking are set forth in Sections 155, 156, 157, and other provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code.

Parking Lot, Private. A Non-Retail Automotive Use that provides temporary off-street parking accommodations for private automobiles, trucks, vans, bicycles, or motorcycles on an open lot or lot surrounded by a fence or wall not open to the general public, without parking of recreational vehicles, motor homes, boats, or other vehicles, or storage of vehicles, goods, or equipment. Provisions

1	regulating automobile	parking o	are set	forth in	Sections	155,	<i>156</i> , .	157,	and oth	er pro	visions	of 1	Article
			•							-			
2	1.5 of this Code.												

Parking Lot, Public. A Retail Automotive Use that provides temporary parking accommodations for private automobiles, trucks, vans, bicycles, or motorcycles on an open lot or lot surrounded by a fence or wall open to the general public, without parking of recreational vehicles, motor homes, boats, or other vehicles, or storage of vehicles, goods, or equipment. Provisions regulating automobile parking are set forth in Sections 155, 156, 157, and other provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code.

Passive Outdoor Recreation. A Non-Commercial Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use defined as an open space used for passive recreational purposes that is not publicly owned and is not screened from public view, has no structures other than those necessary and incidental to the open land use, is not served by vehicles other than normal maintenance equipment, and has no retail or wholesale sales on the premises. Such open space may include, but not necessarily be limited to, a park, playground, or rest area.

PDR Use. See Production, Distribution, and Repair Use.

SEC. 102.33. Permeable Surfaces. Permeable surfaces are those that allow stormwater to infiltrate the underlying soils. Permeable surfaces shall include, but not be limited to, vegetative planting beds, porous asphalt, porous concrete, single-sized aggregate, open-jointed blocks, stone, pavers, or brick that are loose-set and without mortar. Permeable surfaces are required to be contained so neither sediment nor the permeable surface discharges off the site.

Pharmacy. A Retail Sales and Service Use in which the profession of pharmacy is practiced and where prescriptions are compounded and offered for sale. This Section shall not be construed to limit any qualifying pharmacy from offering other retail goods in addition to prescription pharmaceuticals. Pharmacies are subject to controls in Section 202.2(a).

|--|

SEC. 102.21. Plan Dimensions. The linear horizontal dimensions of a building or structure, at a given level, between the outside surfaces of its exterior walls. The "length" of a building or structure is the greatest plan dimension parallel to an exterior wall or walls and is equivalent to the horizontal dimension of the corresponding elevation of the building or structure at that level. The "diagonal dimension" of a building or structure is the plan dimension between the two most separated points on the exterior walls.

Planning Commission (Commission). The San Francisco Planning Commission.

<u>Planning Department (Department).</u> The San Francisco Planning Department. For purposes of Article 4, may include the Planning Department's designee, including the Mayor's Office of Housing and other City agencies or departments.

Post-Secondary Educational Institution. An Institutional Education Use, public or private, that is certified by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges, provides educational services such as a college or university, and has met the applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this Code concerning institutional master plans. Such institution may include employee or student dormitories and other housing operated by and affiliated with the institution. Such institution shall not have industrial arts as its primary course of study.

Power Plant. A Industrial Use defined as a steam, fossil-fuel, or any other type of thermal power plant. A Power Plant shall mean each individual power generation unit capable of independent operation, but shall not include on-site power generation units less than ten megawatts in size. Intensification of a Power Plant use requires Conditional Use authorization per Section 178(c), and is subject to the controls in Section 202.2(d).

Principal Façades. See Façades, Principal.

<u>Production, Distribution, and Repair (PDR) Use.</u> A grouping of uses that includes, but is not limited, to all Industrial and Agricultural Uses, Ambulance Services, Animal Hospital, Automotive

1	Service Station, Automotive Repair, Automotive Wash, Arts Activities, Business Services, Cat Boarding,
2	Catering Service, Commercial Storage, Kennel, Motor Vehicle Tow Service, Livery Stable, Parcel
3	Delivery Service, Public Utilities Yard, Storage Yard, Trade Office, Trade Shop, Wholesale Sales, and
4	Wholesale Storage.
5	Public Facility. An Institutional Use that consists of publicly or privately owned use that
6	provides public services to the community, whether conducted within a building or on an open lot, and
7	which has operating requirements that necessitate location within the district and is in compliance with
8	the General Plan, including civic structures (such as museums, post offices, administrative offices of
9	government agencies), public libraries, police stations, and transportation facilities. Such use shall not
10	include service yards, machine shops, garages, incinerators, and publicly operated parking in a garage
11	or lot (Public Automobile Parking Garages and Lots). Public Uses shall also include a Community
12	Recycling Center as defined in this Section of the Code.
13	<u>Public Transportation Facility.</u> A Utility and Infrastructure Use involving passenger terminal
13 14	<u>Public Transportation Facility.</u> A Utility and Infrastructure Use involving passenger terminal facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft,
14	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft,
14 15	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in
14 15 16	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in conformity with the General Plan. In Districts where such uses are permitted, conditional use
14 15 16 17	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in conformity with the General Plan. In Districts where such uses are permitted, conditional use authorization shall be required if the facility is: (a) an Automotive Use, as defined in this Section; and
14 15 16 17 18	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in conformity with the General Plan. In Districts where such uses are permitted, conditional use authorization shall be required if the facility is: (a) an Automotive Use, as defined in this Section; and (b) other than a boarding platform, bus stop, transit shelter, or similar ancillary feature of a transit
14 15 16 17 18 19	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in conformity with the General Plan. In Districts where such uses are permitted, conditional use authorization shall be required if the facility is: (a) an Automotive Use, as defined in this Section; and (b) other than a boarding platform, bus stop, transit shelter, or similar ancillary feature of a transit system; or(c) a landing field for aircraft.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in conformity with the General Plan. In Districts where such uses are permitted, conditional use authorization shall be required if the facility is: (a) an Automotive Use, as defined in this Section; and (b) other than a boarding platform, bus stop, transit shelter, or similar ancillary feature of a transit system; or(c) a landing field for aircraft. Public Utilities Yard. A Utility and Infrastructure Use that is defined as a service yard for
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	facilities for mass transportation of a single or combined modes including, but not limited to, aircraft, ferries, fixed-rail vehicles and buses, whether public or privately owned or operated, when in conformity with the General Plan. In Districts where such uses are permitted, conditional use authorization shall be required if the facility is: (a) an Automotive Use, as defined in this Section; and (b) other than a boarding platform, bus stop, transit shelter, or similar ancillary feature of a transit system; or(c) a landing field for aircraft. Public Utilities Yard. A Utility and Infrastructure Use that is defined as a service yard for public utility, or public use of a similar character, if conducted entirely within an area completely

<u>R</u>

1	Rear Façade. See Façade, Rear.
2	Recreation. See Entertainment and Recreation Use.
3	Religious Institution. An Institutional Community Use with a tax-exempt status as a religious
4	institution granted by the United States Government and that is used primarily for collective worship or
5	ritual or observance of common religious beliefs. Such institution may include, on the same lot, the
6	housing of persons who engage in supportive activity for the institution.
7	Replacement of Use. The total amount of Gross Floor Area, as defined in Section 102 of this
8	Code, to be demolished and reconstructed by a development project.
9	Required Open Space. See Open Space, Required.
10	Residential Building. Any structure containing one or more Residential Units as a principal
11	use, regardless of any other uses present in the building.
12	Residential Care Facility. An Institutional Healthcare Use providing lodging, board and care
13	for a period of 24 hours or more to persons in need of specialized aid by personnel licensed by the
14	State of California. Such facility shall display nothing on or near the facility that gives an outward
15	indication of the nature of the occupancy except for a sign as permitted by Article 6 of this Code, shall
16	not provide outpatient services, and shall be located in a structure which remains residential in
17	character. Such facilities shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a board and care home, family
18	care home, long-term nursery, orphanage, rest home or home for the treatment of addictive, contagious
19	or other diseases, or psychological disorders.
20	Residential Hotel. See Hotel, Residential.
21	Residential Unit. A legal conforming or non-conforming Dwelling Unit or a legal non-
22	conforming Live/Work Unit
23	Residential Use. A Use Category consisting of uses that provide housing for San Francisco
24	residents, rather than visitors, including Dwelling Units, Group Housing, Residential Hotels, and

1	Senior Housing, and any residential components of Institutional Uses. Single Room Occupancy and
2	Student Housing designations are consider characteristics of certain Residential Uses.
3	Restaurant. A Retail Sales and Service Use that serves prepared, ready-to-eat cooked foods to
4	customers for consumption on or off the premises and which has seating. It may have a Take-Out Food
5	use as defined by Planning Code Section 790.122 as a minor and incidental use. It may provide on-site
6	beer, wine, and/or liquor sales for drinking on the premises (with ABC license types 41, 47, 49, 59, or
7	75); however, if it does so, it shall be required to operate as a Bona Fide Eating Place as defined in
8	Section 790.142. It is distinct and separate from a Limited-Restaurant. Such businesses shall operate

with the specified conditions in Section 202.2(a).

It shall not be required to operate within an enclosed building pursuant to Section 703.2(b)(1) so long as it is also a Mobile Food Facility as defined in Section 102.34. Any associated outdoor seating and/or dining area is subject to regulation as an Outdoor Activity Area as set forth elsewhere in this Code.

Restaurant, Limited. A Retail Sales and Service Use that serves ready-to-eat foods and/or drinks to customers for consumption on or off the premises, that may or may not have seating. It may include wholesaling, manufacturing, or processing of foods, goods, or commodities on the premises as an accessory use as set forth in Section 703.2(b)(1)(C)(v). It includes, but is not limited to, specialty foods provided by bakeries, delicatessens, and confectioneries meeting the above characteristics, but it is distinct from a Restaurant, and a Bar. It may also operate as a Take-Out Food use. It shall not provide on-site beer and/or wine sales for consumption on the premises, but may provide off-site beer and/or wine sales for consumption off the premises with a California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board License type 20 (off-sale beer and wine) within the accessory use limits as set forth in Section 703.2(b)(1)(C)(vi). Such businesses shall operate with the specified conditions in Section 202.2(a).

Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation. See Entertainment, Arts and Recreation, Retail.

1	Retail Sales and Service, General. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides goods and/or
2	services to the general public and that is not listed as a separate Retail Sales and Service Use in this
3	Section of the Code.
4	Retail Use. A Commercial Use that includes uses that involve the sale of goods, typically in
5	small quantities, or services directly to the ultimate consumer or end user including, but not limited to,
6	Retail Sales and Service Uses, Commercial Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Uses, and Retail
7	Automotive Uses.
8	<u>S</u>
9	Sales and Services, Non-Retail. A Commercial Use category that includes uses that involve the
10	sale of goods or services to other businesses rather than the end user, or that does not provide for
11	direct sales to the consumer on site. Uses in this category include, but are not limited to: Business
12	Services, Catering, Laboratory, Life Science, Commercial Storage, Design Professional, Non-Retail
13	Professional Service, General Office, Wholesale Sales, Wholesale Storage, and Trade Office.
14	Sales and Services, Retail. A Commercial Use Category that includes uses that involve the sale
15	of goods, typically in small quantities, or services directly to the ultimate consumer or end user with
16	some space for retail service on site excluding Retail Entertainment Arts and Recreation, and Retail
17	Automobile Uses and including, but not limited to: Adult Business, Animal Hospital, Bar, Cat
18	Boarding, Fringe Financial Services, Tourist Oriented Gift Store, General Grocery Store, Specialty
19	Grocery Store, Gym, Hotel, Jewelry Store, Kennel, Liquor Store, Massage Establishment, Chair and
20	Foot Massage, Mobile Food Facility, Mortuary (Columbarium), Non-Auto Sales, Pharmacy,
21	Restaurant, Limited Restaurant, General Retail Sales and Service, Financial Services, Limited
22	Financial Services, Health Services, Motel, Personal Services, Retail Professional Services, Self-
23	Storage, Take-Out Food Facility, Tobacco Paraphernalia Store, and Trade Shop.
24	San Francisco. The City and County of San Francisco.

1	School. An Institution Educational Use, public or private, certified by the Western Association
2	of Schools and Colleges that provides educational instruction to students in kindergarten through
3	twelfth grade. Such institution may include employee or student dormitories and other housing
4	operated by and affiliated with the institution. This use is distinct and separate from a Post-Secondary
5	Educational Institution, which is defined under this Section of the Code.
6	Senior Housing. A Residential Use defined as dwellings that are specifically designed for and
7	occupied by senior citizens. Senior Housing is subject to the conditions listed in Section 202.2(h).
8	Service, Ambulance. A Non-Retail Automotive Use that provides medically related
9	transportation services.
10	Service, Business. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that provides the following kinds of
11	services to businesses and/or to the general public and does not fall under the definition of Office:
12	radio and television stations, newspaper bureaus, magazine and trade publication publishing,
13	microfilm recording, slide duplicating, bulk mail services, parcel shipping services, parcel labeling and
14	packaging services, messenger delivery/courier services, sign painting and lettering services, or
15	building maintenance services.
16	Service, Financial. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides banking services and products
17	to the public, such as banks, savings and loans, and credit unions, when occupying more than 15 feet of
18	linear frontage or 200 square feet of gross floor area. Any applicant for a financial service use shall
19	provide the Planning Department with a true copy of the license issued to it by the State of California.
20	Service, Fringe Financial. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides banking services and
21	products to the public and is owned or operated by a "check casher" as defined in California Civil
22	Code Section 1789.31, as amended from time to time, or by a "licensee" as defined in California
23	Financial Code Section 23001(d), as amended from time to time. Any applicant for a fringe financial
24	service use shall provide the Department with a true copy of the license issued to it by the State of
25	California. A Nonprofit Fringe Financial Service shall mean a Fringe Financial Service that is

1	exempted from payment of income tax under Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation
2	Code and Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of the United States. Any such Nonprofit
3	Fringe Financial Service shall provide the Planning Department with a true copy(ies) of its income tax
4	documentation demonstrating its exemption from payment of income tax under State and Federal Law.
5	A new Fringe Financial Service, with the exception of a Nonprofit Fringe Financial Service, shall not
6	locate within one-quarter mile of an existing Fringe Financial Service.
7	Service, Health. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides medical and allied health
8	services to the individual by physicians, surgeons, dentists, podiatrists, psychologists, psychiatrists,
9	acupuncturists, chiropractors, or any other health-care professionals when licensed by a State-
10	sanctioned Board overseeing the provision of medically oriented services. It includes a clinic, primarily
11	providing outpatient care in medical, psychiatric, or other health services, and not part of a Hospital or
12	medical center, as defined by this Section of the Code. It also includes a massage establishment, as
13	defined by Sections 29.1 through 29.32 of the Health Code, that is a sole proprietorship, as defined in

Service, Instructional. A Retail Sales and Service Use that includes instructional services not certified by the State Educational Agency, such as art, dance, exercise, martial arts, and music classes.

California Business and Professions Code Section 4612(b)(1), and where the sole proprietor is

certified pursuant to the California Business and Professions Code Section 4600, et seq., and one that

employs or uses only persons certified by the State's Massage Therapy Organization, pursuant to the

California Business and Professions Code Section 4600, et seq.

Service, Limited Financial. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides banking services, when not occupying more than 15 feet of linear frontage or 200 square feet of gross floor area. Automated teller machines, if installed within such a facility or on an exterior wall as a walk-up facility, are included in this category; however, these machines are not subject to the hours of operation, as defined in this Section of the Code and as set forth in the respective zoning district. Any

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	applicant for a limited financial service use shall provide the Planning Department with a true copy o
2	the license issued to it by the State of California.
3	Service, Motor Vehicle Tow. A Non-Retail Automotive Use that provides vehicle towing
4	service, including accessory vehicle storage, when all tow trucks used and vehicles towed by the use
5	are parked or stored on the premises.
6	Service, Non-Retail Professional. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Office Use that provides
7	professional services to other businesses including, but not limited to, accounting, legal, consulting
8	insurance, real estate brokerage, advertising agencies, public relations agencies, computer and data
9	processing services, employment agencies, management consultants and other similar consultants
10	telephone message services, and travel services. This use may also provide services to the genera
11	public but is not required to. This use shall not include research services of an industrial or scientific
12	nature in a commercial or medical laboratory, other than routine medical testing and analysis by a
13	health-care professional or hospital.
14	Service, Parcel Delivery. A Non-Retail Automotive Use limited to facilities for the unloading
15	sorting, and reloading of local retail merchandise for home deliveries where the operation is conducted
16	entirely within a completely enclosed building, including garage facilities for local delivery trucks, bu
17	excluding repair shop facilities. Where permitted in PDR Districts, this use is not required to be
18	operated within a completely enclosed building.
19	Service, Personal. A Retail Sales and Services Use that provides grooming services to the
20	individual, including salons, cosmetic services, tattoo parlors, and health spas, bathhouses, and steam
21	rooms. Personal Service does not include Massage Establishments or Gym, which are defined
22	separately in this Section.
23	Service, Philanthropic Administrative. An Institutional Community use that provides executive
24	management, administrative, and clerical services and support related to philanthropic activities tha
25	serve non-profit institutions and organizations; such philanthropic activities may include funding and

1	support of eductional, medical, environmental, cultural, and social services institutions and
2	organizations. Such uses:
3	(a) may not be located on the first story of buildings where the most recent prior use was any
4	use other than residential or office; and
5	(b) may be located in a single undivided space not physically separated from a residential use;
6	provided that:
7	(1) any Residential Conversion above the first story, associated with, or following
8	commencement of such use, shall be considered a conditional use requiring approval pursuant to
9	<u>Section 703.2(b)(1)(B); and</u>
10	(2) any loss of Dwelling Units described in Section 317 of this Code shall require
11	approval as provided in Section 317.
12	Service, Retail Professional. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides to the general
13	public, general business, or professional services including, but not limited to, architectural,
14	management, clerical, accounting, legal, consulting, insurance, real estate brokerage, and travel
15	services. It may provide services to the business community, provided that it also provides services to
16	the general public. Otherwise, it shall be considered a Non-Retail Professional Service Use as defined
17	in this Section of the Planning Code.
18	This use does not include research service of an industrial or scientific nature in a commercial
19	or medical laboratory, other than routine medical testing and analysis by a health-care professional or
20	<u>hospital.</u>
21	Shipyard. An Industrial Use that includes the building and repairing of ships.
22	Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Unit. A Residential Use characteristic, defined as a Dwelling
23	Unit or Group Housing room consisting of no more than one occupied room with a maximum gross
24	floor area of 350 square feet and meeting the Housing Code's minimum floor area standards. The unit
25	may have a bathroom in addition to the occupied room. As a dwelling unit, it would have a cooking

1	facility and bathroom. As a group housing room, it would share a kitchen with one or more other single
2	room occupancy unit/s in the same building and may also share a bathroom. A single room occupancy
3	building (or "SRO" building) is one that contains only SRO units and accessory living space.
4	Small Enterprise Workspace (S.E.W.). An S.E.W. is a use comprised of discrete workspace
5	units of limited size that are independently accessed from building common areas. S.E.W.'s are subject
6	to the controls listed in Section 202.2(g)
7	Social Service or Philanthropic Facility. An Institutional Community Use providing assistance
8	of a charitable or public service nature, and not of a profit-making or commercial nature.
9	SOMA. The area bounded by Market Street to the north, Embarcadero to the east, King Street
10	to the south, and South Van Ness and Division to the west.
11	Specialty Grocery. See Grocery, Specialty.
12	Sports Stadium. A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that includes any open-air
13	sports stadium or arena, if conducted on premises not less than 200 feet from any R District.
14	Storage, Commercial. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use defined as a facility that stores
15	within an enclosed building: contractors' equipment, building materials, or goods or materials used by
16	other businesses at other locations. This use shall not include the storage of waste, salvaged materials,
17	automobiles, inflammable or highly combustible materials, and wholesale goods or commodities.
18	Storage, Self. A Retail Sales and Service Use defined as a facility that stores, within an
19	enclosed building, household and personal goods.
20	Storage, Volatile Materials. An Industrial Use defined as bulk storage of inflammable, highly
21	combustible, or explosive materials.
22	Storage, Wholesale. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use defined as a facility that stores, within
23	an enclosed building, wholesale merchandise that is not accessory to a Wholesale Sales use. This use
24	includes cold storage facilities, but not storage of inflammables or hazardous materials, which is
25	covered under Hazardous Materials Storage.

Storage Yard. An Industrial Use involving the storage of building materials or lumber, storage	<u>ones</u>
or monuments, livestock feed, or contractors' equipment, if conducted within an area enclosed	<u>by a</u>
wall or concealing fence not less than six feet high. This use does not include Vehicle Storage	or a
Hazardous Waste Facility.	

SEC. 102.23. Story. That portion of a building, except a mezzanine as defined in the Building Code, included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above.

Any mezzanine, or intermediate level, shall be considered part of a story constituted by another floor provided it is an open and integral part of the story or room of which it is a portion. There shall be only one such mezzanine per story and it shall have a minimum glazed or unglazed opening of 50 percent on the interior side of the room or story and an area not exceeding one-third of the floor area of the story or room in which it is located. Any mezzanine not meeting these criteria shall be considered a separate story.

(a) First Story. The highest building story with a floor level that is not more than six feet above grade at the centerline of the frontage of the lot where grade is defined.

(1) Grade. For purposes of this definition, "grade" is the point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving, or sidewalk at the property line located along primary frontage, i.e., any street frontage between two consecutive streets or alleys where the total street frontage is entirely within an NC District. If the lot has more than one property line or no property line located along primary frontage, the Zoning Administrator shall choose the property line facing a street or alley where the grade is defined. In such situations, the Zoning Administrator shall favor streets that serve as major transportation routes, major or secondary thoroughfares, and streets along which other commercial districts are located. When the property line is five feet or more from the building frontage, grade shall be taken at the surface of the ground, paving, or sidewalk along the building frontage.

1	(2) Provisions in Section 260 of this Code shall apply in defining the point of
2	measurement at grade, where the building steps laterally in relation to the street used to define grade.
3	(b) Second Story. The story above the first story.
4	(c) Third Story and Above. The story or stories above the second story and below the ceiling of
5	the topmost story of a building.
6	(d) Basement. Space located below the first story of a building when such space is of sufficient
7	floor to ceiling height for legal occupancy.
8	SEC. 102.24. STORY, GROUND. The lowest story of a building, other than a basement or
9	cellar as defined in the Building Code.
10	SEC. 102.25. Street. A right-of-way, 30 feet or more in width, permanently dedicated to
11	common and general use by the public, including any avenue, drive, boulevard, or similar
12	way, but not including any freeway or highway without a general right of access for abutting
13	properties.
14	SEC. 102. 27. Structural Alterations. Any change in the supporting members of a
15	$b\underline{B}$ uilding, such as bearing walls, columns, beams, or girders.
16	SEC. 102.26. Structure. Anything constructed or erected that requires fixed location on
17	the ground or attachment to something having fixed location on the ground.
18	SEC. 102.36. Student Housing. Student Housing is A Residential Use characteristic
19	defined as a living space for students of accredited $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational Institutions
20	that may take the form of $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nits, $\underline{g}\underline{G}$ roup $\underline{h}\underline{H}$ ousing, or \underline{a} SRO \underline{Unit} and is owned,
21	operated, or otherwise controlled by an accredited Post-Secondary Educational Institution as
22	defined in Section 209.3(i) of this Code. Unless expressly provided for elsewhere in this Code,
23	the use of Student Housing is permitted where the form of housing is permitted in the
24	underlying Zoning District in which it is located. Student Housing may consist of all or part of a

1	building, a	and S	Student	Housing	owned,	operated,	or	controlled	by	more	than	one	<i>p</i> <u>P</u> ost-
2	s <u>S</u> econdar	y Edu	cational	l Institutio	n may b	e located in	on	e building.					

3 <u>T</u>

Take-Out Food. Retail Sales and Service Use without seating that provides ready-to-eat food to a high volume of customers, who carry out the food for off-premises consumption. It sells in disposable wrappers or containers ready-to-eat food, which is prepared on the premises and generally intended for immediate consumption off the premises.

It includes, but is not limited to, delicatessens, ice cream and cookie stores, and retail bakeries.

It does not include retail grocery stores with accessory take-out food activity, as described in Section 703.2(b)(1)(C) of this Code, or retail uses that sell prepackaged or bulk ready-to-eat foods with no onsite food preparation area, such as confectionery or produce stores.

It may provide off-site beer, wine, and/or liquor sales for consumption off the premises (with ABC license 20 or 21).

Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishment. A Retail Sales and Service Use where more than 10 percent of the square footage of occupied floor area, as defined in Section 102, or more than 10 linear feet of display area projected to the floor, whichever is less, is dedicated to the sale, distribution, delivery, furnishing, or marketing of Tobacco Paraphernalia from one person to another. For purposes of Sections 719, 719.1, 786, 723, and 723.1 of this Code, Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishments shall mean retail uses where Tobacco Paraphernalia is sold, distributed, delivered, furnished, or marketed from one person to another. "Tobacco Paraphernalia" means paraphernalia, devices, or instruments that are designed or manufactured for the smoking, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the body of tobacco, products prepared from tobacco, or controlled substances as defined in California Health and Safety Code Sections 11054, et seq. "Tobacco Paraphernalia" does not include lighters, matches, cigarette holders, any device used to store or preserve tobacco, tobacco, cigarettes, cigarette papers, cigars, or any other preparation of tobacco that is permitted by existing law. Medical Cannabis

1	Dispensaries, as defined in Section 3301(f) of the San Francisco Health Code, are not Tobacco
2	Paraphernalia Establishments.
3	Trade Offices. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that includes business offices of building,
4	plumbing, electrical, painting, roofing, furnace, or pest control contractors, if no storage of equipment
5	or items for wholesale use are located on site. It may also include incidental accessory storage of office
6	supplies and samples if located entirely within an enclosed building having no openings other than
7	fixed windows or exits required by law within 50 feet of an R District, and if the storage of equipment
8	and supplies does not occupy more than of the total gross floor area of the use. No processing of
9	building materials, such as mixing of concrete or heating of asphalt shall be conducted on the
10	premises. Parking, loading, and unloading of all vehicles used by the contractor shall be located
11	entirely within the building containing the use.
12	Trade School. An Institutional Education Use, public or private, where industrial arts is the
13	primary course of study. Such use is not required to submit an institutional master plan pursuant to
14	Section 304.5 of this Code.
15	Trade Shop. A Retail Sales and Service Use that provides custom-crafted goods and/or
16	services for sale directly to the consumer, reserving some storefront space for display and retail
17	service, subject to the conditions in Section 202.2. A trade shop includes, but is not limited to:
18	(a) Repair of personal apparel, accessories, household goods, appliances, furniture and similar
19	items, but excluding repair of motor vehicles and structures;
20	(b) Upholstery services;
21	(c) Carpentry;
22	(d) Printing of a minor processing nature, including multi-copy and blueprinting services and
23	printing of pamphlets, brochures, resumes, and small reports, but excluding printing of books,
24	magazines, or newspapers;
25	(e) Tailoring; and

1	(f) Other artisan craft uses, including fine arts uses. Arts Activities and Light Manufacturing
2	shall be considered distinct from Trade Shops.
3	Treasurer. The Treasurer for the City and County of San Francisco.
4	Truck Terminal. An Industrial Use where trucks meet and transfer goods to each other for
5	shipment to other places.
6	\underline{U}
7	Urban Agriculture. See Agriculture, Urban.
8	SEC. 102.28. Use. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are legally
9	designed, constructed, arranged, or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or
10	maintained, let, or leased.
11	Use Size (Non-Residential). See Non-Residential Use Size.
12	Utility and Infrastructure. A Use Category that includes Community Recycling Center,
13	Internet Service Exchange, Public Transportation Facility, Public Utilities Yard, Wireless
14	Telecommunications Service (WTS) Facility, and Utility Installation.
15	Utility Installation. A Utility and Infrastructure Use that includes, but is not necessarily limited
16	to, water, gas, electric, transportation, or communications utilities, or public service facility, provided
17	that operating requirements necessitate placement at this location. This use does not include Wireless
18	Telelcommunication Facilities, or Public Transportation Facilities, as defined in this Section of the
19	<u>Code.</u>
20	\underline{V}
21	Vehicle Storage Garage. A Retail Automotive Use that provides for the storage of buses,
22	recreational vehicles, mobile homes, trailers, or boats and/or storage for more than 72 hours of other
23	vehicles in an enclosed structure. It shall not include rooftop storage. A Vehicle Storage Garage shall
24	comply with the street frontage requirements of the district in which it is located.

1	Vehicle Storage Lot. A Retail Automotive Use that provides for the storage of buses,
2	recreational vehicles, mobile homes, trailers, or boats and/or storage for more than 72 hours of other
3	vehicles on an open lot. It shall not include rooftop storage. Vehicle Storage Lots shall comply with the
4	Screening and Greening requirements of Section 142.
5	SEC. 102.31. Vehicular Use Areas. Vehicular use areas are defined as any An area of a lot
6	not located within any enclosed or partially enclosed structure and that is devoted to a use by
7	or for motor vehicles including parking (accessory or non-accessory); and $a\underline{A}$ utomotive $u\underline{U}$ ses
8	as defined in Section 223 that are not enclosed by a structure including, but not limited to,
9	storage of automobiles, trucks or other vehicles; gasoline stations; car washes; motor vehicle
10	repair shops; loading areas; and service areas. Vehicular use areas shall be subject to
11	landscaping and screening requirements of Section 142(b). under the following circumstances:
12	(a) Construction or installation of any vehicular use area;
13	(b) Existing vehicular use areas that are accessory to an existing principal use if the property
14	will add gross floor area equal to 20 percent or more of the gross floor area of the existing buildings
15	on the lot or 3,000 square feet, whichever is less;
16	(c) The repair, rehabilitation or expansion of any existing vehicular use are, if such change
17	would increase the number of existing parking spaces by 4 or more spaces; or
18	(d) The excavation and reconstruction of an existing vehicular use area if such excavation
19	involves the removal of 200 square feet or more of the asphalt, concrete or other pavement devoted to
20	vehicular use. This provision does not apply to resurfacing of pavement due to emergency work on
21	underground storage tanks, other emergency utility access, or in response to a public health and safety
22	action required by the local, state, or federal government.
23	\underline{W}
24	
25	

1	Waiver Agreement. An agreement acceptable in form and substance to the City Attorney and
2	the Planning Department under which the City agrees to waive all or a portion of the Community
3	Improvements Impact Fee.
4	Walk-Up Facility. A Use Characteristic defined as a structure designed for provision o
5	pedestrian-oriented services when located on an exterior building wall, including window service, self
6	service operations, and automated bank teller machines (ATMs).
7	Wholesale Sales. A Non-Retail Sales and Service Use that exclusively provides goods of
8	commodities for resale or business use, including accessory storage. It shall not include of
9	nonaccessory storage warehouse.
10	SEC. 102.30. Width, of a Street or Alley. Unless specified elsewhere in this Code, the
11	width of a street or alley shall be the distance measured along a line that is perpendicular to
12	the centerline of that street or alley and extends from the mid-point of the front property line o
13	a given parcel to a front property line on the opposite side of that street or alley.
14	Wireless Telecommunication Services (WTS) Facility: A Utility and Infrastructure Use defined
15	as facility that sends and/or receives wireless radio frequency (RF) signals, AM/FM, microwave, or
16	electromagnetic waves, to provide transmission of voice, data, images or other information; including
17	but not limited to digital (previously "cellular") mobile phone service, personal communication service
18	and paging services.
19	Such facilities include, but are not limited to, directional (panel), omni-directional (whip) and
20	parabolic antennas, related electronic equipment, power sources, screening elements, supporting
21	equipment, towers and structures.
22	The term does not include mobile transmitting devices used by wireless service subscribers
23	such as vehicle or hand held radios/telephones and their associated transmitting Antennas, nor does
24	this definition include facilities deemed exempt by Federal Communications Commission's Over The

1 Air Receiving Device (FCC OTARD) rules. A WTS Facility is also referred to as a "Personal Wireless" 2 Services Facility." 3 X, Y, ZNone. 4 SEC. 121.5. DEVELOPMENT OF LARGE LOTS, RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS. 5 6 In order to promote, protect, and maintain a scale of development which is appropriate to each 7 district and compatible with adjacent buildings, new construction or significant enlargement of existing 8 buildings on lots of the same size or larger than the square footage stated in the table below shall be 9 permitted only as conditional uses subject to the provisions set forth in Sections 303 of this Code. 10 **District** Lot Size Limit 11 12 RTO, RTO-M 10,000 13 *In addition to the criteria of Section 303(c)(1) of this Code, the Planning Commission shall* 14 consider the extent to which the following criteria are met: 15 (1) The mass and articulation of the proposed structures are compatible with the intended 16 scale of the district. 17 18 (2) For development sites greater than ½-acre, the extension of adjacent alleys or streets onto 19 or through the site, and/or the creation of new publicly-accessible streets or alleys through the site as 20 appropriate, in order to break down the scale of the site, continue the surrounding existing pattern of 21 streets and alleys, and foster beneficial pedestrian and vehicular circulation. 22 (3) The site plan, including the introduction of new streets and alleys, the provision of open 23 space and landscaping, and the articulation and massing of buildings, is compatible with the goals and 24 policies of the applicable Area Plan in the General Plan.

SEC. 121.8. USE SIZE LIMITS (NON-RESIDENTIAL), PDR-1-B AND PDR-2 DISTRICTS.

In order to preserve land and building space for light industrial activities, non-accessory retail and office uses that exceed the square footage stated in the table below shall not be permitted in PDR-1-B and PDR-2 Districts. The use area shall be measured as the occupied floor area of all retail or offices activities on a lot, as defined in the land use controls for PDR Districts in Section 218 (Retail Sales and Personal Services) and Section 219 (Offices) of this Code. Additionally, a cumulative use size maximum applies in PDR-1-B and PDR-2 Districts, such that the combined floor area of any and all uses permitted by Sections 218 and 219 may not exceed the limits stated in the table below for any given lot.

These use size maximum limits shall not apply to accessory uses, as defined in Section 204.3 of this Code.

13 14	-District	Cumulative Use Size Limit, All Uses per Section 218	Cumulative Use Size Limit, All Uses per Section 219	Total Size Maximum. All Uses per Sections 218 and 219 Combined
15	PDR-1-B	2,500 sq. ft.	5,000 sq. ft.	7,500 sq. ft.
16 17	PDR-2	2,500 sq. ft.	5,000 sq. ft.	5,000 sq. ft.

SEC. 121.9. SUBDIVISION OF LARGE LOTS, PDR DISTRICTS.

In order to promote, protect, and maintain viable space for a wide range of light industrial uses in PDR Districts, in furtherance of Objective 4 of the Commerce and Industry Element and Policies 1.5 and 8.1 of the Bayview Hunters Point Area Plan, any proposal to subdivide, resubdivide, or perform a lot line adjustment to a parcel that is equal to or greater than 10,000 square feet, into one or more smaller parcels, shall be permitted only with conditional use approval.

- Additionally, all proposals for the subdivision, resubdivision, or lot line adjustments of parcels in PDR Districts shall be evaluated in consideration of the following criteria in order to further Objective 4 of the Commerce and Industry Element and Policies 1.5 and 8.1 of the Bayview Hunters Point Area Plan:
 - $(+\underline{a})$ The proposed parcelization will support light industrial activities in the district.
- $(2-\underline{b})$ If the resulting parcelization will require demolition of a structure, the demolition of the structure complies with the replacement requirement per Section 230.
- $(3-\underline{c})$ The uses proposed for the parcels, if any, comply with the cumulative use size limits <u>detailed in the PDR Zoning Control Table.</u> <u>per Section 121.8, and other requirements of this Code.</u>

SEC. 124. BASIC FLOOR AREA RATIO.

(a) Except as provided in Subsections (b), (c), (d), (e) and (l) of this Section, the basic floor area ratio limits specified in *Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located the following table* shall apply to each building or development in the districts indicated.

TABLE 124

BASIC FLOOR AREA RATIO LIMITS

District	Basic Floor Area
	Ratio Limit
RH-1(D), RH-1, RH-1(S), RH-2, RH-3, RM-	1.8 to 1
1, RM-2, RTO, RTO-M	
RM-3	3.6 to 1
RM-4	4.8 to 1
RC-1, RC-2	1.8 to 1

1	RC-3	3.6 to 1
2	RC-4	4.8 to 1
4	RED, RED-MX	1.0 to 1
5	RSD, SPD	1.8 to 1
6	NC-1, NCT-1	
7 8	NC-S	
9	Inner Clement	
10	Inner Sunset	
11	Outer Clement	
12 13	Haight	1.8 to 1
14	North Beach	
15	Sacramento	
16	24th Street - Noe Valley	
17 18	West Portal	
19	west Fortui	
20	NC-2, NCT-2, SoMa, Ocean Avenue	
21	Broadway	
22	Upper Fillmore	2.5 to 1
23	Polk	
2425	Valencia	
_0		

24th Street-Mission	
Glen Park	
Folsom Street	
RCD	
Castro	
Hayes-Gough	
Upper Market	3.0 to 1
<i>Union</i>	
NC-3, NCT-3, Mission Street	3.6 to 1
Chinatown R/NC	1.0 to 1
Chinatown VR	2.0 to 1
Chinatown CB	2.8 to 1
C-1, C-2	3.6 to 1
C-2-C	4.8 to 1
C-3-C	6.0 to 1
C-3-0	9.0 to 1

1 2	C-3-R	6.0 to 1
3	C-3-G	6.0 to 1
4 5	C-3-S	5.0 to 1
6 7	C-3-O (SD)	6.0 to 1
8 9	C-3-S (SU)	7.5 to 1
10 11	<i>C-M</i>	9.0 to 1
12 13	M-1, M-2	5.0 to 1
14	SLR, SLI	2.5 to 1
15 16	SSO and in a 40 or 50 foot height district	3.0 to 1
17 18	SSO and in a 65 or 80 foot height district	4.0 to 1
19 20	SSO and in a 130 foot height district	4.5 to 1
21	MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, WMUG,	3.0 to 1
22 23	<i>WMUO, SALI, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 40, 45, or 48</i>	
2425	foot height district	

1 2 3 4 5	MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, WMUG, WMUO, SALI, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 50, 55, or 58 foot height district	4.0 to 1
6 7 8 9	MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, WMUG, WMUO, SALI, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 65 or 68 foot height district	5.0 to 1
11 12 13 14	MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, WMUG, WMUO, SALI, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a 85 foot height district	6.0 to 1
15 16 17 18 19	MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, WMUG, WMUO, SALI, PDR-1-B, PDR-1-D, PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 in a height district over 85 feet	7.5 to 1

(b) In R, <u>RC</u>, NC, and Mixed Use Districts, the above floor area ratio limits shall not apply to dwellings or to other residential uses. In Chinatown Mixed Use Districts, the above floor area ratio limits shall not apply to institutions, and mezzanine commercial space shall not be calculated as part of the floor area ratio.

* * * *

20

21

22

23

24

For buildings in C-3-G and C-3-S Districts, other than those designated as Significant or Contributory pursuant to Article 11 of this Code, additional square footage above that permitted by the base floor area ratio limits set forth above may be approved for construction of dwellings on the site of the building affordable for 20 years to households whose incomes are within 150 percent of the median income as defined herein, in accordance with the conditional use procedures and criteria as provided in Section 303 of this Code. For buildings in the C-3-G District designated as Significant or Contributory pursuant to Article 11 of this Code, additional square footage above that permitted by the base floor area ratio limits set forth above up to the <u>gG</u>ross <u>fF</u>loor <u>aA</u>rea of the existing building may be approved, in accordance with the conditional use procedures and criteria as provided in Section 303 of this Code, where: (i) (1) TDRs (as defined by Section 128(a)(5)) were transferred from the lot containing the Significant or Contributory building prior to the effective date of the amendment to Section 124(f) adding this paragraph when the floor area transferred was occupied by a non-profit corporation or institution meeting the requirements for exclusion from G_g ross F_f loor Aarea calculation under Section 102.9(b)(15) of this Code; (ii) (2) the additional square footage includes only the amount necessary to accommodate dwelling units and/or group housing units that are affordable for not less than 50 years to households whose incomes are within 60 percent of the median income as defined herein together with any social, educational, and health service space accessory to such units; and (iii) (3) the proposed change in use to dwelling units and accessory space and any construction associated therewith, if it requires any alternation to the exterior or other character defining features of the Significant or Contributory Building, is undertaken pursuant to the duly approved Permit to Alter, pursuant to Section 1110; provided, however, that the procedures otherwise required for a Major Alteration as set forth in sSections 1111.2-1111.6 1111.4 and 1111.5 and shall be deemed applicable to any such Permit to Alter.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (1) Any dwelling approved for construction under this provision shall be deemed a "designated unit" as defined below. Prior to the issuance by the Director of the Department of Building Inspection ("Director of Building Inspection") of a site or building permit to construct any designated unit subject to this Section, the permit applicant shall notify the Director of Planning and the Director of Property in writing whether the unit will be an owned or rental unit as defined in Section 401 of this Code.
- (2) Within 60 days after the issuance by the Director of Building Inspection of a site or building permit for construction of any unit intended to be an owned unit, the Director of Planning shall notify the City Engineer in writing identifying the intended owned unit, and the Director of Property shall appraise the fair market value of such unit as of the date of the appraisal, applying accepted valuation methods, and deliver a written appraisal of the unit to the Director of Planning and the permit applicant. The permit applicant shall supply all information to the Director of Property necessary to appraise the unit, including all plans and specifications.
- (3) Each designated unit shall be subject to the provisions of Section 413 of this Code. For purposes of this Subsection and the application of Section 413 of this Code to designated units constructed pursuant to this Subsection, the definitions set forth in Section 401 of this Code shall apply, with the exception of the following definitions, which shall supersede the definitions of the terms set forth in Section 401:
- (A) "Base price" shall mean 3.25 times the median income for a family of four persons for the County of San Francisco as set forth in California Administrative Code Section 6932 on the date on which a housing unit is sold.
- (B) "Base rent" shall mean $\underline{0}$.45 times the median income for the County of San Francisco as set forth in California Administrative Code Section 6932 for a family of a size equivalent to the number of persons residing in a household renting a designated unit.

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8 9
- 10
- 11

(g)

by this Section.

- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19 20
- 21
- 22
- 23 24
- 25

- is made architecturally compatible with the new structure, and, if the existing structure is in a
- Conservation District, the existing structure meets or is made to meet the standards of Section

(C) "Designated unit" shall mean a housing unit identified and reported to

(D) "Household of low or moderate income" shall mean a household

(E) "Sponsor" shall mean an applicant seeking approval for construction

The allowable gGross fFloor gArea on a lot which is the site of an unlawfully

the Director by the sponsor of an office development project subject to this Subsection as a

composed of one or more persons with a combined annual net income for all adult members

which that does not exceed 150 percent of the qualifying limit for a median income family of a

size equivalent to the number of persons residing in such household, as set forth for the

demolished building that is governed by the provisions of Article 11 shall be the gGross fFloor

*α*Area of the demolished building for the period of time set forth in, and in accordance with the

provisions of, Section 1114 1116 of this Code, but not to exceed the basic floor area permitted

which an existing structure is located may not be included unless the existing structure and

the new structure are made part of a single development complex, the existing structure is or

(h) In calculating the permitted floor area of a new structure in a C-3 District, the lot on

unit that shall be affordable to households of low or moderate income for 20 years.

of a project subject to this Subsection and such applicants' successors and assigns.

County of San Francisco in California Administrative Code Section 6932.

- 1109(c), and the existing structure meets or is reinforced to meet the standards for seismic
- loads and forces of the 1975 Building Code. Determinations under this Paragraph shall be
- made in accordance with the provisions of Section 309.

Planning Commission **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

- (i) In calculating allowable gross floor area on a preservation lot from which any TDRs have been transferred pursuant to Section 128, the amount allowed herein shall be decreased by the amount of gross floor area transferred.
- (j) Within any RSD, SPD, SLR, SLI or SSO District, $\frac{dL}{dL}$ ive/ $\frac{dL}{dL}$ or $\frac{dL}{dL}$ in $\frac{dL}{dL}$ i
- (1) Considering all $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{w}\underline{U}$ nits and all $\underline{t}\underline{L}$ ive/ $\underline{w}\underline{W}$ ork $\underline{w}\underline{U}$ nits on the lot, existing and to be constructed, there shall be no more than one $\underline{t}\underline{L}$ ive/ $\underline{w}\underline{W}$ ork $\underline{w}\underline{U}$ nit and/or $\underline{d}\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{w}\underline{U}$ nit per 200 square feet of lot area, except that, for projects in the RSD District which will exceed 40 feet in height, and therefore are required to obtain conditional use approval, the allowable density for $\underline{d}\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{w}\underline{U}$ nits and $\underline{t}\underline{L}$ ive/ $\underline{w}\underline{W}$ ork $\underline{w}\underline{U}$ nits shall be established as part of the conditional use determination; and
- (2) The parking requirement for $\underline{\mathit{H}}\underline{\mathit{U}}$ ork $\underline{\mathit{H}}\underline{\mathit{U}}$ nits subject to this subsection shall be equal to that required for dwelling units within the subject district.
- (k) For buildings in C-3-G and C-3-S Districts that are not designated as Significant or Contributory pursuant to Article 11 of this Code, additional square footage above that permitted by the base floor area ratio limits set forth above may be approved for construction of a project, or portion thereof, that constitutes a Student Housing project, as defined in Section 102.36 of this Code. Such approval shall be subject to the conditional use procedures and criteria in Section 303 of this Code.
- (I) In the Cesar Chavez/Valencia Streets Medical Use Special Use District, as described in Section 249.68 of this Code, the basic floor area ratio limit shall be 2.6 to 1, subject to Conditional Use Authorization of a hospital, medical center or other medical institution.

SEC. 127. TRANSFER OF PERMITTED BASIC GROSS FLOOR AREA.

- (a) When Allowed. The maximum permitted $g\underline{G}$ ross $f\underline{F}$ loor $a\underline{A}$ rea for any building or development on a lot may be increased by transfer to such lot of basic $g\underline{G}$ ross $f\underline{F}$ loor $a\underline{A}$ rea that is permitted in the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located under Section 124 of this Code but unbuilt upon an adjacent lot which that is occupied by $a\underline{n}$ historical, architectural or aesthetic landmark that has been so designated by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to Article 10 of this Code. For the purposes of this Section, an "adjacent lot" is one which that either abuts for a distance not less than 25 feet along a side or rear lot line of the lot to which the basic gross floor area transfer is made (hereinafter referred to as the "transferee lot"), or would so abut for such a distance if not separated solely by a street or an alley.
- (b) **Amount of TDR Available for Transfer.** The maximum TDR available for transfer from a Transfer Lot consists of the difference between (1) the allowable gross floor area permitted on the Transfer Lot by Section 124 and (2) the gross floor area of the development located on the Transfer Lot.
- (c) Eligibility of Development Lots and Limitation on Use of TDR on Development Lots. TDR may be used to increase the allowable gGross fFloor aArea of a development on a Development Lot if the following requirements and restrictions are satisfied:
 - (1) Transfer of Development Rights shall be limited to the following:
- (A) The Transfer Lot and the Development Lot are located in a C-3 Zoning District; or
- (B) the Transfer Lot contains a Significant building and is located in the South of Market Extended Preservation District, as set forth in Section 819, and the Development Lot is located in a C-3 District; or

- 1 (C) the Transfer Lot is in a P District adjacent to a C-3 District and meets 2 the requirements established in subsection (a)(4) above and the Development Lot is located 3 in a C-3 District; or
 - (D) the Transfer Lot is located in any C-3 District and contains an individual landmark designated pursuant to Article 10 and the Development Lot is located in any C-3 District.
 - (2) TDR may not be transferred for use on any lot on which is or has been located a Significant or Contributory building; provided that this restriction shall not apply if the designation of a building is changed to Unrated; nor shall it apply if the Historic Preservation Commission finds that the additional space resulting from the transfer of TDR is essential to make economically feasible the reinforcement of a Significant or Contributory building to meet the standards for seismic loads and forces of the Building Code, in which case TDR may be transferred for that purpose subject to the limitations of this Section and Article 11, including Section 1111.6. Any alteration shall be governed by the requirements of Sections 1111 to 1111.6.
 - (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, development on a Development Lot is limited by the provisions of this Code, other than those on floor area ratio, governing the approval of projects, including the requirements relating to height, bulk, setback, sunlight access, and separation between towers, and any limitations imposed pursuant to Section 309 review applicable to the Development Lot. The total allowable gross floor area of a development on a Development Lot may not exceed the limitation imposed by Section 123(c).
 - (d) **Limitations.** No transfer of permitted gross floor area shall serve to increase the total gross floor area permitted under this Code on the adjacent lot and the transferee lot taken together, either presently or prospectively. No building permit application shall be

- approved by the <u>Planning</u> Department <u>of City Planning</u> at any time, nor shall any building permit be issued by any City department at any time, if the result of such approval or issuance would be to increase the total permitted gGross fFloor aArea of both such lots taken together above such total as calculated on the basis of the floor area ratio limits prevailing at that time for such lots.
- (e) **Completed Transfers.** Any transfer of permitted gGross fFloor aArea completed prior to the effective date of this Section shall be effective notwithstanding the location of the transferee lot outside the C-3-O District and notwithstanding the aggregate transfer of more than $\frac{1}{2}$ the gross floor area permitted on the adjacent lot under the basic floor area ratio limit, provided all other conditions of this Section have been met.
- (f) <u>Restrictions on Transfer.</u> Any restrictions or limitations imposed upon any lot by virtue of the transfer of gGross fFloor aArea permitted by this Section shall remain in effect notwithstanding an amendment of this Section which removes authorization for such a transfer.

SEC. 128. TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS IN C-3 DISTRICTS.

(a) **Definitions**.

- (1) "Development Lot." A lot to which TDR may be transferred to increase the allowable gross floor area of development thereon beyond that otherwise permitted by *Section*124 the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located.
 - (2) "Owner of Record." The owner or owners of record in fee.
- (3) "Preservation Lot." A parcel of land on which is either (A) a Significant or Contributory building (as designated pursuant to Article 11); or (B) a Category V Building that has complied with the eligibility requirement for transfer of TDR as set forth in Section 1109(c); or (C) a structure designated an individual landmark pursuant to Article 10 of this Code. The boundaries of the Preservation Lot shall be the boundaries of the Assessor's lot on

- which the building is located at the time the ordinance or, as to Section 1109(c), resolution, making the designation is adopted, unless boundaries are otherwise specified in the ordinance.
 - (4) "Transfer Lot." A Preservation Lot located in a C-3 District from which TDR may be transferred. A lot zoned P (public) may in no event be a Transfer Lot unless a building on that lot is (A) owned by the City and County of San Francisco; and (B) located in a P District adjacent to a C-3 District; and (C) designated as an individual landmark pursuant to Article 10 of this Code, designated as a Category I Significant Building pursuant to Article 11 of this Code, or listed on the National Register of Historic Places; and (D) the TDR proceeds are used to finance, in whole or in part, a project to rehabilitate and restore the building in accordance with the Secretary of Interior standards. For the purposes of Section 128(b), a lot zoned P which that satisfies the criteria of this subsection (4) to qualify as a "Transfer Lot" shall be deemed to have an allowable gross floor area of 7.5:1 under Section 124.
 - (5) "Transferable Development Rights (TDR)." Units of gross floor area which that may be transferred, pursuant to the provisions of this Section and Article 11 of this Code, from a Transfer Lot to increase the allowable gross floor area of a development on a Development Lot.
 - (6) "Unit of TDR." One unit of TDR is one square foot of gross floor area.

23 * * * *

24 SEC. 136. OBSTRUCTIONS OVER STREETS AND ALLEYS AND IN REQUIRED 25 SETBACKS, YARDS, AND USABLE OPEN SPACE.

Streets and Alleys	Setbacks	Yards	Usable Open Space	
				* * * *
				(b) No obstruction shall be constructed, placed, or maintained
				in any such required open area except as specified in this Section.
				(c) The permitted obstructions shall be as follows:
x	х			* * * * * (12) Asserting Companies and Management of a manies
				(12) <u>Awnings, Canopies, and Mm</u> arquees, <u>awnings and canopies</u>
				in P, NC, C, M, MUG, MUO, MUR, UMU, RSD, SPD, SLR, SLI, DTR and
				SSO districts, and for Limited Commercial Uses in Residential and
				RTO Districts, as <u>defined in Section 102 and</u> regulated by the Building
				Code, and as further limited in Section 136.1 and other provisions of
				this Code;
				* * * *

1	SEC. 136.1. AWNINGS, CANOPIES AND MARQUEES IN LIMITED COMMERCIAL USES,
2	NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS, EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS MIXED USE
3	AND SOUTH OF MARKET MIXED USE DISTRICTS.

In addition to the limitations of Section 136, especially Paragraph 136(c)(12), the following provisions shall apply to <u>all Limited Commercial Uses</u>, and in NC, Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use and South of Market Mixed Use Districts.

In Residential and Residential Enclave Districts, awnings are permitted only for Limited Commercial Uses, as described in Section 186 of this Code, for Limited Commercial Uses permitted in ndmark buildings by Section 186.3, and for Limited Corner Commercial Uses as described in Section 231 of this Code. Canopies and marquees are not permitted.

The addition or alteration of awnings, canopies, or marquees on a landmark site or in a historic district shall require a certificate of appropriateness; in accordance with Section 1006, et seq. of this Code. Signage on awnings, canopies, and marquees may be further regulated by Article 6 of this Code.

(a) **Awnings.** Awnings, as defined in Section <u>102</u> <u>790.20</u> of this Code, shall be regulated <u>in Limited Commercial Uses, Neighborhood Commercial Districts, Eastern Neighborhoods</u>

<u>Mixed Use and South of Market Mixed Use Districts as set forth</u> below.

All portions of any permitted awning shall be not less than eight feet above the finished grade, excluding any valance that which shall not be less than seven feet above the finished grade. No portion of any awning shall be higher than the windowsill level of the lowest story (if any) exclusive of the ground story and mezzanine, or extend above the bottom of a projecting upper-story window bay, or cover any belt cornice or horizontal molding, provided that no such awning shall in any case exceed a height of 16 feet or the roofline of the building to which it is attached, whichever is lower. Where external piers or columns define individual storefront bays, an awning may not cover such piers or columns.

(1) Limited Commercial Uses and NC-1, NCT-1, and CRNC Districts. The
horizontal projection of any awning shall not exceed four feet from the face of a building. The
vertical distance from the top to the bottom of any awning shall not exceed four feet, including
any valance. Awnings for Commercial Uses in Residential and Residential Enclave Districts may be
located only along the building frontage dedicated to commercial use and may not extend above the
ground floor. Only awnings covered with cloth are permitted in the Residential Districts.

Use and South of Market Mixed Use Districts. When the width of all awnings is 10 ten feet or less along the direction of the street, the horizontal projection of such awnings shall not exceed six feet from the face of any supporting building and the vertical distance from the top to the bottom of such awnings shall not exceed six feet, including any valance. When the width of all awnings exceeds ten 10 feet measured along the direction of the street, the horizontal projection of such awnings shall not exceed four feet from the face of the supporting building and the vertical distance from the top to the bottom of such awnings shall not exceed four feet, including any valance.

NOTE: These illustrations are diagrams showing maximum dimensions and are not design examples.

- * * * * [Diagrams not shown are not intended to be deleted.]
- (b) **Canopies.** Canopies, as defined in Section <u>102</u> <u>790.26</u> of this Code, shall be regulated *in Limited Commercial Uses, Neighborhood Commercial Districts, Eastern Neighborhoods* <u>Mixed Use and South of Market Mixed Use Districts</u> <u>as set forth</u> below.
- (1) Limited Commercial Uses and NC-1, NCT-1, and CRNC Districts. No canopy shall be permitted in any Limited Commercial Use or in any NC-1, NCT-1, or CRNC District.

(2) All Other Neighborhood Commercial Districts, Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed
Use and South of Market Mixed Use Districts. The maximum width of any canopy shall be 10
feet. The horizontal projection of any canopy may extend to a point not closer than two feet
from the curb. The outer column support shall be located in the outer $\frac{one-third}{1/3}$ of the
sidewalk and shall be no less than four feet from the building face to ensure adequate clear
space along the sidewalk. The vertical distance from the top to the bottom of the canopy shall
not exceed an average of two feet, including any valance. The highest point of the canopy
shall not exceed a point four feet above the door opening or 16 feet, whichever is less. All
portions of any canopy, excluding the column supports and excluding any valance $\frac{which}{than}$
may be not less than seven feet above the finished grade, shall be not less than eight feet
above the finished grade. Canopies shall not be spaced closer than 20 feet from each other,
measured from centerline to centerline.

NOTE: These illustrations are diagrams showing maximum dimensions and are not design examples.

- * * * * [Diagrams not shown are not intended to be deleted.]
- (c) **Marquees.** Marquees, as defined in Section <u>102</u> <u>790.58</u> of this Code, shall be regulated <u>in Limited Commercial Uses, Neighborhood Commercial Districts, Eastern Neighborhoods</u>

 <u>Mixed Use and South of Market Mixed Use Districts</u> <u>as set forth</u> below.
- (1) Limited Commercial Uses and NC-1, <u>NCT-1</u>, <u>and CRNC</u> Districts. No marquee shall be permitted in any Limited Commercial Use or in any NC-1, <u>NCT-1</u>, or <u>CRNC</u> District.
- (2) **All Other** *Neighborhood Commercial Districts, Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use and South of Market Mixed Use* **Districts**. The vertical distance from the top to the bottom of any marquee shall not exceed three feet, and the horizontal projection shall not extend beyond a point not closer than two feet from the curb.

(A) A marquee projecting more than 2/3 two-thirds of the distance from
the property line to the curb line shall not exceed 10 feet or 50 percent of the length of the
building along the direction of the street, whichever is less. All portions of such marquee shall
be not less than 12 feet nor more than 16 feet in height above the finished grade, nor higher
than the windowsill level exclusive of the ground story and mezzanine. Each building frontage
shall be considered separately.

NOTE: These illustrations are diagrams showing maximum dimensions and are not design examples.

* * * * [Diagram not shown is not intended to be deleted.]

(B) A marquee projecting less than <u>two-thirds</u> <u>2/3</u>-of the distance from the property line to the curb line shall not exceed 25 feet or 50 percent of the length of the building along the direction of the street, whichever is less. All portions of such marquee shall be not less than 10 feet nor more than 16 feet above the finished grade, nor higher than the windowsill level or windows on the building faeçade on which the marquee is placed, exclusive of the ground story and mezzanine. Each building frontage shall be considered separately.

NOTE: These illustrations are diagrams showing maximum dimensions and are not design examples.

* * * * [Diagram not shown is not intended to be deleted.]

(C) A marquee projecting less than four feet from the property line and not exceeding two feet in thickness may extend over the total length of the building along the direction of the street. All portions of such marquee shall not be less than 10 feet nor more than 16 feet above the finished grade, nor higher than the windowsill level or windows on the building faeçade on which the marquee is placed, exclusive of ground story and mezzanine. Each building frontage shall be considered separately.

1	NOTE: These illustrations are diagrams showing maximum dimensions and are no
2	design examples.
3	* * * * [Diagram not shown is not intended to be deleted.]
4	SEC. 136.2. OBSTRUCTIONS OVER STREETS AND ALLEYS AND IN REQUIRED
5	SETBACKS, YARDS, AND USABLE OPEN SPACE IN MIXED USED DISTRICTS.
6	In additional to the limitations of limitations of Section 136, especially Paragraph 136(c)(12)
7	the following provisions shall apply in Mixed Use Districts.
8	(a) Awnings. All portions of any permitted awning shall be not less than eight feet above the
9	finished grade, excluding any valance which shall not be less than seven feet above the finished grade.
10	No portion of any awning shall be higher than the windowsill level of the lowest story (if any), exclusive
11	of the ground story and mezzanine, provided that no such awning shall in any case exceed a height of
12	16 feet or the roofline of the building to which it is attached, whichever is lower.
13	(1) Chinatown Residential Neighborhood Commercial District. The horizontal
14	projection of any awning shall not exceed four feet from the face of a building. The vertical distance
15	from the top to the bottom of any awning shall not exceed four feet, including any valance.
16	(2) All Other Mixed Use Districts. When the width of all awnings is less than 10 feet
17	along the direction of the street, the horizontal projection of such awnings shall not exceed six feet from
18	the face of any supporting building and the vertical distance from the top to the bottom of such awnings
19	shall not exceed six feet, including any valance. When the width of all awnings exceeds 10 feet
20	measured along the direction of the street, the horizontal projection of such awnings shall not exceed
21	four feet from the face of the supporting building and the vertical distance from the top to the bottom of
22	such awnings shall not exceed four feet, including any valance.
23	(b) Canopies.
24	(1) Chinatown Residential Neighborhood Commercial District. No canopy shall be
25	permitted in any Residential Neighborhood Commercial District.

1	(2) All Other Mixed use Districts. The maximum width of any canopy shall be 10 feet.
2	The horizontal projection of any canopy may extend to a point two feet from the curb. The outer column
3	support shall be located in the outer 1/3 of the sidewalk and shall be no less than four feet from the
4	building face to ensure adequate clear space along the sidewalk. The vertical distance from the top to
5	the bottom of the canopy shall not exceed two feet, including any valance. All portions of any canopy,
6	excluding the column supports and excluding any valance which may be not less than seven feet above
7	the finished grade, shall be not less than eight feet above the finished grade. Canopies shall not be
8	spaced closer than twenty feet from each other, measured from centerline to centerline.
9	(c) Marquees.
10	(1) Chinatown Residential Neighborhood Commercial District. No marquee shall be
11	permitted in any Residential Neighborhood Commercial District.
12	(2) All Other Mixed Use Districts. The vertical distance from the top to the bottom of
13	any marquee shall not exceed three feet and the horizontal projection shall not extend beyond a point
14	two feet from the curb.
15	(A) A marquee projecting more than 2/3 of the distance from the property line
16	to the curb line shall not exceed 10 feet or 50 percent of the length of the building, along the direction
17	of the street, whichever is less. All portions of such marquee shall be not less than 12 feet nor more
18	than 16 feet in height above the finished grade, nor higher than the windowsill level, exclusive of the
19	ground story and mezzanine. Each building frontage shall be considered separately.
20	(B) A marquee projecting less than 2/3 of the distance from the property line to
21	the curb line shall not exceed 25 feet or 50 percent of the length of the building along the direction of
22	the street, whichever is less. All portions of such marquee shall be not less than 10 feet nor more than
23	16 feet above the finished grade, nor higher than the windowsill level of windows on the building
24	facade on which the marquee is placed, exclusive of the ground story and mezzanine. A separate

building permit for a marquee shall be required for each building frontage.

SEC. 136.3. AWNINGS, CANOPIES AND MARQUEES IN THE NORTH OF MARKET RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

(a) Awnings, as defined in Section 790.20 of this Code, shall be permitted on the ground story and second story, subject to the following regulations:

(1) All portions of any permitted awning shall be not less than eight feet above the finished grade, excluding any valance which shall not be less than seven feet above the finished grade.

No portion of any awning shall be higher than the windowsill level of the story immediately above.

(2) When the width of all awnings on a single building is 10 feet or less along the direction of the street, the horizontal projection of such awnings shall not exceed six feet from the face of any supporting building and the vertical distance from the top to the bottom of such awnings shall not exceed six feet, including any valance. When the width of all awnings on a single building exceeds 10 feet measured along the direction of the street, the horizontal projection of such awnings shall not exceed four feet from the face of the supporting building and the vertical distance from the top to the bottom of such awnings shall not exceed four feet, including any valance.

(b) Canopies. Canopies, as defined in Section 790.26 of this Code, shall be permitted, subject to the following regulations:

(1) The maximum width of any canopy shall be 10 feet. The horizontal projection of any canopy may extend to a line on the sidewalk not closer than two feet from the curb. The outer column support shall be located in the outer 1/3 of the sidewalk. The vertical distance from the top to the bottom of the canopy shall not exceed an average of two feet, including any valance. The highest point of the canopy shall not exceed a point four feet above the door opening or 16 feet, whichever is less. All portions of any canopy, excluding the column supports and excluding any valance which may be not less than seven feet above the finished grade, shall not be less than eight feet above the finished grade.

1	(c) Marquees. Marquees, as defined in Section 790.58 of this Code, shall be permitted,
2	subject to the following regulations:
3	(1) The vertical distance from the top to the bottom of any marquee shall not exceed
4	three feet and the horizontal projection shall not extend beyond a line on the sidewalk not closer than
5	two feet from the curb.
6	(2) A marquee projecting more than of the distance from the property line to the curb
7	shall not exceed 10 feet or 50 percent of the width of the building, along the direction of the street,
8	whichever is less. All portions of such marquee shall be not less than 12 feet nor more than 16 feet in
9	height above the finished grade, nor higher than the window-sill level of the floor immediately above.
10	Each building frontage shall be considered separately.
11	(3) A marquee projecting less than of the distance from the property line to the curb
12	shall not exceed 25 feet or 50 percent of the width of the building, along the direction of the street,
13	whichever is less. All portions of such marquee shall be not less than 10 feet nor more than 16 feet
14	above the finished grade, nor higher than the windowsill level of the floor immediately above. Each
15	building frontage shall be considered separately.
16	SEC. 145.1. STREET FRONTAGES IN NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL-
17	COMMERCIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND MIXED USE DISTRICTS.
18	(a) Purpose. The purpose of this Section is to preserve, enhance, and promote
19	attractive, clearly defined street frontages that are pedestrian-oriented, fine-grained, and
20	which are appropriate and compatible with the buildings and uses in Neighborhood
21	Commercial Districts, Commercial Districts, Residential-Commercial Districts, and Mixed Use
22	Districts.
23	(b) Definitions .
24	(1) Development lot. A "development lot" shall mean:
25	(A) Any lot containing a proposal for new construction, or

1	(B) Building alterations which that would increase the gross square
2	footage of a structure by 20 percent or more,; or
3	(C) In a building containing parking, a change of more than 50 percent of
4	the building's gross floor area to or from residential uses, excluding residential accessory off-
5	street parking.
6	(2) Active use. An "active use" shall mean any principal, conditional, or
7	accessory use $\frac{which}{that}$ by its nature does not require non-transparent walls facing a public
8	street or involves the storage of goods or vehicles.
9	(A) Residential uses are considered active uses above the ground floor;
10	on the ground floor, residential uses are considered active uses only if more than 50 percent
11	of the linear residential street frontage at the ground level features walk-up dwelling units
12	$\frac{which}{that}$ provide direct, individual pedestrian access to a public sidewalk, and are consistent
13	with the Ground Floor Residential Design Guidelines, as adopted and periodically amended
14	by the Planning Commission.
15	(B) Spaces accessory to residential uses, such as fitness or community
16	rooms, are considered active uses only if they meet the intent of this section and have access
17	directly to the public sidewalk or street.
18	(C) Building lobbies are considered active uses, so long as they do not
19	exceed 40 feet or 25% percent of building frontage, whichever is larger.
20	(D) Public Uses <u>defined</u> described in <u>Section 102</u> 790.80 and 890.80 are
21	considered active uses except utility installations.
22	* * * *
23	SEC. 145.4 REQUIRED GROUND FLOOR COMMERCIAL USES.

(a) Purpose: To support active, pedestrian-oriented commercial uses on important

commercial streets.

24

1	(b) Applicability. The requirements of this Section apply to the following street
2	frontages.
3	(1) Folsom Street for the entirety of the Rincon Hill DTR and Folsom and Main
4	Residential/Commercial Special Use Districts, pursuant to Sections 827 and 249.1;
5	(2) The entirety of the C-3-R District, along any block frontage that is entirely within
6	such district or partly in such district and partly in the C-3-O District, where such block frontage faces
7	a street 40 feet or more in width Folsom Street for the entirety of the Folsom and Main
8	Residential/Commercial Special Use District;
9	(3) Van Ness Avenue, in the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential
10	Special Use District, from Fell Street to Market Street;
11	(4) South Van Ness Avenue, for the entirety of the Van Ness and Market
12	Downtown Residential Special Use District;
13	(5) Market Street, for the entirety of the <u>Upper Market NCT, NCT-3, and all C-3</u>
14	<i>Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use</i> Districts;
15	(6) Third 3rd Street, in the UMU districts for parcel frontages wholly contained
16	within 100 linear feet north or south of Mariposa Street or 100 linear feet north or south of 20th
17	Street;
18	(7) Fourth 4th Street, between Bryant and Townsend in the SLI and MUO
19	Districts;
20	(8) Hayes Street, for the entirety of the Hayes-Gough NCT;
21	(9) Octavia Boulevard, between Fell Street and Hayes Street, in the Hayes-
22	Gough NCT;
23	(10) On building frontages facing Destination Alleyways, as defined in the Downtown
24	Streetscape Plan, in all C-3 Market Street, for the entirety of the NCT-3, Upper Market NCD, and
25	Upper Market NCT Districts;

1	(11) Church Street, for the entirety of the NCT-3 and Upper Market NCT
2	Districts;
3	(12) 22nd Street, between Third 3rd Street and Minnesota Streets within the
4	NCT-2 District;
5	(13) Valencia Street, between 15th and 23rd Streets in the Valencia Street NCT
6	District;
7	(14) Mission Street, for the entirety of the Mission Street NCT District;
8	(15) 24th Street, for the entirety of the 24th Street-Mission NCT;
9	(16) 16th Street, between Guerrero and Capp Streets;
10	(17) 22nd Street, between Valencia and Mission Streets;
11	(18) 6th Street for its entirety within the <u>C-3 and SoMa NCT Districts;</u>
12	(19) Ocean Avenue, for the entirety of the Ocean Avenue NCT District, except
13	on the north side of Ocean Avenue between Plymouth and Brighton Avenues;
14	(20) Geneva Avenue, between I-280 and Delano Avenue within the NCT-1 and
15	NCT-2 Districts;
16	(21) Fillmore Street, in the Fillmore Street NCD NC-3 District from Bush Street to
17	McAllister Street;
18	(22) Diamond Street, for the entirety of the Glen Park NCT District; and
19	(23) Chenery Street, for the entirety of the Glen Park NCT District.
20	(24) Geneva Avenue, between I-280 and Delano Avenue within the NCT-1 District.
21	(c) Definitions.
22	"Active commercial uses" shall include those uses specifically identified below in Table
23	145.4, and:
24	(1) Shall not include uses oriented to motor vehicles except for automobile sale
25	or rental where curb-cuts, garage doors, or loading access are not utilized or proposed, and

- such sales or rental activity is entirely within an enclosed building and does not encroach on surrounding sidewalks or open spaces;
 - (2) Shall include public uses except for utility installations; and
 - (3) Shall not include \underline{Rr} esidential \underline{Ce} are $\underline{Facilities}$ uses as defined in Sections $\underline{102}$, 790.50, 790.51, and 890.50.

Table 145.4

Table 140.4				
Reference for Commercial				
<u>and</u>	Reference for			
Residential-	Neighborhood			
<u>Commercial</u>	Commercial	Reference for Mixed		
<u>Districts</u>	Districts	Use Districts	Use	
<u>102</u>	790.4	890.4	Amusement Game Arcade	
<u>102</u>	790.6	890.6	Animal Hospital	
<u>102</u>	790.12	890.13	Automobile Sale or Rental (see	
			qualification, above)	
<u>102</u>	790.22	790.22	Bar	
	N/A	890.23	Business Goods and	
			Equipment Sales and Repair	
			Service	
<u>102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	Child Care Facility	
<u>102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>Community Facility</u>	
<u>102</u>	790.34	790.34	Eating and Drinking Use	
<u>102</u>	790.38	890.37	Entertainment, Other	

102	NI/A	200 20	Cift Store Tourist Oriented
<u>102</u>	N/A	890.39	Gift Store-Tourist Oriented
<u>N/A</u>	790.50, 790.51	890.50	Institutions, Other(see
			qualification, above)
<u>102</u>	N/A	890.51	Jewelry Store
<u> 102</u>	790.141	890.133	Medical Cannabis Dispensary
<u>102</u>	790.68	890.68	Neighborhood-Serving
			Business
<u>102</u>	N/A	890.69	Non-Auto Vehicle Sales or
			Rental (see qualification,
			above)
<u>102</u>	790.70	890.71	Outdoor Activity Area
<u> 102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<i>N/A</i>	Post-Secondary Educational
			<u>Institution</u>
<u>102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	Public Facilities
<u>N/A</u>	790.80	890.80	Public Use (see qualification,
			above)
<u>102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	Religious Institution
<u>102</u>	790.90	790.90	Limited-Restaurant
<u>102</u>	790.91	790.91	Restaurant
<u>N/A</u>	790.102	890.102	Sales and Service <u>s</u> , Other
			Retail
<u>102</u>	790.104	890.104	Sales and Services, Retail
<u>102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>School</u>
<u> 102</u>	790.110	890.110	Service, Financial

	_		•
<u>102</u>	790.112	890.112	Service, Limited Financial
<u>N/A</u>	790.114	890.114	Service, Medical
<u>102</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>Service, Health</u>
<u>102</u>	790.116	890.116	Service, Personal
<u>102</u>	790.122	790.122	Take-Out Food
<u>102</u>	<u>790.123</u>	890.123	Tobacco Paraphernalio
			<u>Establishment</u>
<u>102</u>	790.124	890.124	Trade Shop
<u>102</u>	790.140	890.140	Walk-Up Facility

12 * *

SEC. 151.1. SCHEDULE OF PERMITTED OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES IN SPECIFIED DISTRICTS.

(a) **Applicability.** This <u>sSubsection</u> shall apply only to DTR, NCT, <u>RC,</u> RCD, <u>Excelsior</u> <u>Outer Mission NCD,</u> Upper Market Street NCD, RTO, Eastern Neighborhood Mixed Use, South of Market Mixed Use, M-1, PDR-1-D, <u>and</u> PDR-1-G, <u>C-M,</u> or C-3 Districts.

18 * * * *

Table 151.1

OFF-STREET PARKING PERMITTED AS ACCESSORY

	Number of Off-Street Car Parking Spaces or
Use or Activity	Space Devoted to Off-Street Car Parking
	Permitted
Dwelling #Units in RH-DTR Districts	P up to one car for each two dD welling dD welling dD

	C up to one car for each $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit,
	subject to the criteria and procedures of
	Section 151.1(e); NP above one space per
	unit.
Dwelling Units in C-3 Districts	P up to one car for each two dwelling units; C up to
	three cars for each four Dwelling Units, subject to
	the criteria and procedures of Section 151.1(f). NP
	above three cars for each four Dwelling Units.
	P up to one car for each four dD welling
	C up to 0.75 cars for each dD welling dD it,
	subject to the criteria and procedures of
Districts, except as specified below	Section 151.1(f); NP above 0.75 cars for each
	<i>d</i> <u>D</u> welling <i>u</i> <u>U</u> nit.
	P up to one car for each four $d\underline{D}$ welling $d\underline{D}$ wits;
Dwelling $u\underline{U}$ nits in C -3 or SB-DTR, Districts	C up to one car for each $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit,
with at least 2 bedrooms and at least 1,000	subject to the criteria and procedures of
square feet of occupied floor area	Section 151.1(f); NP above one car for each
	<i>d</i> <u>D</u> welling <i>u</i> <u>U</u> nit.
	P up to one car for each four $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nits;
Dwelling $u\underline{U}$ nits in C -3 Districts and in the Van	C up to $\underline{0}$.5 cars for each $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit,
Ness and Market Downtown Residential	subject to the criteria and procedures of
Special Use District	Section 151.1(f); NP above two cars for each
	four $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nits.
Dwelling $\#\underline{U}$ nits and SRO $\#\underline{U}$ nits in SLI,	P up to one car for each four <u>#D</u> welling <u>or SRO</u>
SALI, SSO, MUG, WMUG, MUR, MUO,	$\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nits; C up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling
	Dwelling #Units in the C-3 or SB-DTR, Districts, except as specified below Dwelling #Units in C-3 or SB-DTR, Districts with at least 2 bedrooms and at least 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area Dwelling #Units in C-3 Districts and in the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District Dwelling #Units and SRO #Units in SLI,

1	WMUO, <u>and</u> SPD Districts, except as	unit, subject to the criteria and conditions and
2	specified below	procedures of Section 151.1(g); NP above
3		0.75 cars for each <u>#D</u> welling <u>or SRO</u> # <u>U</u> nit.
4 5	Dwelling # <u>U</u> nits in SLI, SALI, SSO, MUG,	P up to one car for each four $d\underline{D}$ welling $d\underline{D}$ well $d\underline$
6 7	WMUG, MUR, MUO, WMUO, <u>and</u> SPD Districts with at least 2 bedrooms and at least 1,000 square feet of occupied floor area	subject to the criteria and conditions and procedures of Section 151.1(g); NP above one
8		car for each <u>dD</u> welling <u>#U</u> nit.
9	Dwelling $\underline{\underline{u}}$ nits and SRO $\underline{\underline{u}}$ nits in NCT, C-	P up to one car for each two $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{\textit{or SRO}}$
10	M, <u>RC,</u> RSD, and SLR Districts and the	$\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nits; C up to 0.75 cars for each dwelling
11	Upper Market Street NCD, except as	unit, subject to the criteria and procedures of
12	specified below	Section 151.1(g); NP above 0.75 cars for each
13	* * * *	<i>d</i> <u>D</u> welling <i>u</i> <u>U</u> nit.
14	* * * *	
15	(f) In C-3 and SB-DTR Districts, any req	uest for accessory parking, in excess of what is
16	permitted by right in Table 151.1, shall be revi	ewed on a case-by-case basis by the Planning

- rmitted by right in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed on a case-by Commission, subject to Conditional Use authorization the procedures set forth in Section 309 of this Code.
- (1) In granting approval for parking accessory to residential uses above that permitted by right in Table 151.1, the Planning Commission shall make the following affirmative findings:
- (A) For projects with 50 units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 parking spaces for each dwelling unit shall be stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that allows more space above-ground for housing, maximizes space efficiency and discourages use of vehicles for

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

commuting or daily errands. The Planning Commission may authorize the request for
additional parking notwithstanding that the project sponsor cannot fully satisfy this
requirement provided that the project sponsor demonstrates hardship or practical infeasibility
(such as for retrofit of existing buildings) in the use of space-efficient parking given the
configuration of the parking floors within the building and the number of independently
accessible spaces above 0.5 spaces per unit is de minimus and subsequent valet operation or
other form of parking space management could not significantly increase the capacity of the
parking space above the maximums in Table 151.1;

- (B) For any project with residential accessory parking in excess of 0.375 parking spaces for each dwelling unit, the project complies with the housing requirements of Sections 415 through 415.9 of this Code except as follows: the inclusionary housing requirements that apply to projects seeking conditional use authorization as designated in Section 415.3(a)(2) shall apply to the project;
- (C) The findings of Section 151.1(e)(1)(B), (e)(1)(C) and (e)(1)(E) are satisfied;
- $\underline{(C)}$ $\underline{(D)}$ All parking meets the active use and architectural screening requirements in Section₅ 145.1 $\underline{155(s)(1)(B)}$ and $\underline{155(s)(1)(C)}$ and the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code.
- (2) Additionally, in granting approval for such accessory parking above that permitted by right, the Commission may require the property owner to pay the annual membership fee to a certified car-share organization, as defined in Section 166(b)(2), for any resident of the project who so requests and who otherwise qualifies for such membership, provided that such requirement shall be limited to one membership per dwelling unit, when the findings set forth in Section 151.1(e)(2) are made.

(g) In RTO, RC, NCT, C-M, South of Market Mixed Use Districts, Upper Market Stree
NCD, RED, RED-MX, and WMUG <u>Districts</u> , any request for accessory parking in excess of
what is principally permitted in Table 151.1, but which does not exceed the maximum amount
stated in Table 151.1, shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission as a Conditional Use. In
MUG, WMUG, MUR, MUO, RED, RED-MX, and SPD Districts, any project subject to Section
329 and that requests residential accessory parking in excess of that which is principally
permitted in Table 151.1, but which does not exceed the maximum amount stated in Table
151.1, shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission according to the procedures of Section
329. Projects that are not subject to Section 329 shall be reviewed under the procedures
detailed in <u>sSubsection</u> (h) below.
(1) In granting such Conditional Use or exception per <u>Section</u> 329 for parking in

(1) In granting such Conditional Use or exception per <u>Section</u> 329 for parking in excess of that principally permitted in Table 151.1, the Planning Commission shall make the following affirmative findings according to the uses to which the proposed parking is accessory:

(A) Parking for All Uses.

- (i) Vehicle movement on or around the project does not unduly impact pedestrian spaces or movement, transit service, bicycle movement, or the overall traffic movement in the district;
- (ii) Accommodating excess accessory parking does not degrade the overall urban design quality of the project proposal;
- (iii) All above-grade parking is architecturally screened and lined with active uses according to the standards of Section 145.1, and the project sponsor is not requesting any exceptions or variances requiring such treatments elsewhere in this Code; and
- (iv) Excess accessory parking does not diminish the quality and viability of existing or planned streetscape enhancements.

(B) Parking for Residential Uses.

(i) For projects with 50 dwelling units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 spaces per unit shall be stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other space-efficient means that reduces space used for parking and maneuvering, and maximizes other uses.

(C) Parking for Non-Residential Uses.

- (i) Projects that provide more than 10 spaces for non-residential uses must dedicate 5% <u>percent</u> of these spaces, rounded down to the nearest whole number, to short-term, transient use by vehicles from certified car sharing organizations per Section 166, vanpool, rideshare, taxis, or other co-operative auto programs. These spaces shall not be used for long-term storage nor satisfy the requirement of Section 166, but rather to park them during trips to commercial uses. These spaces may be used by shuttle or delivery vehicles used to satisfy sSubsection (B).
- (ii) Retail uses larger than 20,000 square feet, including but not limited to grocery, hardware, furniture, consumer electronics, greenhouse or nursery, and appliance stores, which sell merchandise that is bulky or difficult to carry by hand or by public transit, shall offer, at minimal or no charge to its customers, door-to-door delivery service and/or shuttle service. This is encouraged, but not required, for retail uses less than 20,000 square feet.
 - (iii) Parking shall be limited to short-term use only.
- (iv) Parking shall be available to the general public at times when such parking is not needed to serve the use or uses to which it is accessory.
- (2) Additionally, in granting approval for such accessory parking above that permitted by right, the Commission may require the property owner to pay the annual membership fee to a certified car-share organization, as defined in Section 166(b)(2), for any

1	resident of the project who so requests and who otherwise qualifies for such membership,
2	provided that such requirement shall be limited to one membership per dwelling unit, when the
3	findings set forth in Section 151.1(e)(2) are made.
4	* * * *
5	SEC. 155. GENERAL STANDARDS AS TO LOCATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF OFF-
6	STREET PARKING, FREIGHT LOADING AND SERVICE VEHICLE FACILITIES.
7	* * * *
8	(s) Off-Street Parking and Loading in C-3 Districts. In C-3 Districts, restrictions on
9	the design and location of off-street parking and loading and access to off-street parking and
10	loading are necessary to reduce their negative impacts on neighborhood quality and the
11	pedestrian environment.
12	(1) Ground floor or below-grade parking and street frontages with active
13	uses.
14	(A) All off-street parking in C-3 Districts (both as accessory and principal
15	uses) shall be built no higher than the ground-level (up to a maximum ceiling height of 20 feet
16	from grade) unless an exception to this requirement is granted in accordance with Section 309
17	and $\pm \underline{S}$ ubsection 155(s)(2) or a conditional use is authorized in accordance with Section 303
18	and $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ubsections 155(s)(2) or 155(s)(3) below.
19	(B) Parking located at or above ground level shall conform to the street
20	frontage requirements of Section 145.1(c), and shall be lined with active uses, as defined by
21	Section 145.4 (\underline{d} e), to a depth of at least 25 feet along all ground-level street frontages,
22	except for space allowed for parking and loading access, building egress, and access to
23	mechanical systems

(i) Where a non-accessory off-street parking garage permitted under

Section 223(m) - (p) is located in the Mid-Market area described below in subsection 155(s)(3)(B) and

24

fronts more than one street of less than 45 feet in width, a conditional use may be granted in accordance with Section 303 that allows an exception to this requirement for one of the street frontages. The above provision authorizing such conditional use shall sunset eight years from the effective date of the ordinance enacting this subsection 155(s)(1)(A)(i).

- (C) Parking allowed above the ground-level in accordance with an exception under Section 309 or a conditional use in accordance with Section 303 as authorized by <u>sSubsections</u> 155(s)(2) or 155(s)(3) shall be entirely screened from public rights-of-way in a manner that accentuates ground floor retail and other uses, minimizes louvers and other mechanical features and is in keeping with the overall massing and architectural vocabulary of the building's lower floors. So as not to preclude conversion of parking space to other uses in the future, parking allowed above the ground-level shall not be sloped and shall have a minimum clear ceiling height of nine feet.
- (2) **Residential accessory parking.** For residential accessory off-street parking in C-3 Districts, two additional floors of above-grade parking beyond the at-grade parking allowed by Section 155(s)(1), to a maximum ceiling height of 35 feet from grade, may be permitted subject to the provisions of $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ubsections 155(s)(2)(A) or 155(s)(2)(B) below:
- (A) In a manner provided in Section 309 of this Code, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that transportation easements or contaminated soil conditions make it practically infeasible to build parking below-ground. The determination of practical infeasibility shall be made based on an independent, third-party geotechnical assessment conducted by a licensed professional and funded by the project sponsor. The Planning Director shall make a determination as to the objectivity of the study prior to the Planning Commission's consideration of the exception application under Section 309.
- (B) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303 of this Code, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that constructing the parking above-

grade instead of underground would allow the proposed housing to meet affordability levels for which actual production has not met ABAG production targets as identified in the Housing Element of the General Plan.

(3) Non-accessory off-street parking garages. For non-accessory off-street parking garages in C-3 Districts permitted under the Section 223(m) - (p), two additional floors of above-grade parking beyond the at-grade parking allowed by Section 155(s)(1), to a maximum ceiling height of 35 feet from grade, may be permitted subject to the provisions of subsections 155(s)(3)(A) or 155(s)(3)(B) below:

(A) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303, provided it can be clearly demonstrated that transportation easements or contaminated soil conditions make it practically infeasible to build parking below-ground. The determination of practical infeasibility shall be made based on an independent, third party geotechnical assessment conducted by a licensed professional and funded by the project sponsor. The Planning Director shall make a determination as to the objectivity of the study prior to the Planning Commission's consideration of the conditional use permit application.

(B) As a conditional use in accordance with the criteria set forth in Section 303, provided the site contains an existing non-accessory off street surface parking lot with valid permits for such parking as of the effective date of the ordinance enacting this sSubsection and the site is located in the following Mid-Market area: Assessor's Block 0341, Lots 4 through 9 and 13; Block 0342, Lots 1, 2, 4, 7, 11, 12 and 13; Block 0350, Lots 1 through 4; Block 0355, Lots 3 through 12 and 15; Block 3507, Lot 39; Block 3508, Lots 1, 13, 18, 19, 22, 24 through 27, 39 and 40; Block 3509, Lots 18, 19, 36, 37 and 40 through 43; Block 3510, Lot 1; Block 3701, Lots 5, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20 through 24, 53, 59, 60, 63 and 64; Block 3702, Lots 1, 2, 37, 38, 39, 44, 44A, 45, 46, 47, 48, 48A, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56; Block 3703, Lots 1, 2, 3, 7, 10, 11, 12, 25, 26, 33, 40, 41, 50, 53, 56 through 68, 70, 74, 75, 76, 78 through 81, 84, 85 and 86; Block 3704, Lots 1, 3, 6, 9 through 13, 15, 17 through 22, 24, 35, 38, 39, 42, 43, 45, 62 and

- 1 67 through 79, Block 3725, Lot 78, 82, 86 through 91 and 93; Block 3727, Lot 1, 91, 94, 96, 97, 109,
- 2 117, 118, 120, 134, 168 and 173; Block 3728, Lot 1, 72, 75, 76, 81, 82, 83, 89, 103 and 105; and Block
- 3 0351, Lots 1, 22, 32, 33, 37, 39, 41, 43, 46, 47, 49, 50 and 51 This subsection 155(s)(3)(B) shall sunset
- *on July 22, 2014.*

(4) (3) <u>Temporary Parking Lots.</u> Parking lots permitted in C-3 Districts as temporary uses according to Section 156(h) <u>and expansions of existing above-grade publicly</u> <u>accessible parking facilities</u> are not subject to the requirements of <u>s</u>Subsections 155(s)(1)-(3).

(5) (4) Parking and Loading Access.

- (A) **Width of openings.** Any single development is limited to a total of two faeçade openings of no more than 11 feet wide each or one opening of no more than 22 feet wide for access to off-street parking and one faeçade opening of no more than 15 feet wide for access to off-street loading. Shared openings for parking and loading are encouraged. The maximum permitted width of a shared parking and loading garage opening is 27 feet.
- (B) <u>Porte cocheres.</u> Porte cocheres to accommodate passenger loading and unloading are not permitted except as part of a hotel, inn, or hostel use. For the purpose of this Section, a "porte cochere" is defined as an off-street driveway, either covered or uncovered, for the purpose of passenger loading or unloading, situated between the ground floor faeçade of the building and the sidewalk.

SEC. 156. PARKING LOTS.

(a) <u>Definition.</u> A "parking lot" is hereby defined as an off-street open area or portion thereof solely for the parking of passenger automobiles. Such an area or portion shall be considered a parking lot whether or not on the same lot as another use, whether or not required by this Code for any structure or use, and whether classified as an accessory, principal, or conditional use.

(b) Conditional Use.

1	(1) Where parking lots are specified in Articles 2, or 7, or 8 of this Code as a use
2	for which $e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se approval is required in a certain district, such $\underline{e}\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se
3	approval shall be required only for such parking lots in such district as are not qualified as
4	accessory uses under Section 204.5 of this Code. The provisions of this Section 156 shall,
5	however, apply to all parking lots whether classified as accessory, principal, or conditional
6	uses.
7	(2) (c) In considering any application for a conditional use for a parking lot for a
8	specific use or uses, where the amount of parking provided exceeds the amount classified as
9	accessory parking in Section 204.5 of this Code, the Planning Commission shall consider the
10	criteria set forth in Section 157.
11	(c)(d) Screening.
12	(1) Any vehicle use area that is less than 25 linear feet adjacent to a public
13	right-of-way or parking lot for the parking of two or more automobiles which adjoins a lot in
14	any R District, or which faces a lot in any R District across a street or alley, shall be screened
15	from view therefrom, except at driveways necessary for ingress and egress, by a solid fence,
16	a solid wall, or a compact evergreen hedge, not less than four feet in height.
17	(2)(e) Any vehicle use area that has more than 25 linear feet adjacent to a
18	public right-of-way or is a parking lot for the parking of 10 or more automobiles shall be
19	screened in accordance with the standards described in Section 142, Screening and Greening
20	of Parking and Vehicle Use Areas
21	(d)(f) Artificial Lighting. All artificial lighting used to illuminate a parking lot for any
22	number of automobiles in any District shall be so arranged that all direct rays from such
23	lighting fall entirely within such parking lot.
24	

(e)(g) No parking lot for any number of <u>automobiles</u> auto-mobiles shall have conducted upon it any dead storage or dismantling of vehicles, or any repair or servicing of vehicles other than of an emergency nature.

and NCT Districts; temporary parking lots may be approved as conditional uses, except in <u>the</u> C-3-0(SD) <u>dDistrict</u>, pursuant to the provisions of Section 303 for a period not to exceed <u>five</u> two years from the date of approval; <u>permanent parking lots in C-3-S Districts shall be permitted only as a conditional use</u>. No new parking lots may be approved in the C-3-0(SD) <u>dDistrict.</u> however, <u>eC</u>onditional <u>use</u>. No new parking lots may be approved in the C-3-0(SD) <u>dDistrict.</u> however, <u>eC</u>onditional <u>use</u> approved pursuant to this <u>Ss</u>ubsection provided that they meet the requirements of <u>sS</u>ubsection (<u>i)-(l)</u>.

(g)—(i) Any parking lot approved pursuant to zoning categories .25, .27 and .29 of Sections 813 through 818 of this Code shall be screened in accordance with the standards described in Section 142, Screening and Greening of Parking and Vehicle Use Areas, except where this requirement would prevent otherwise feasible use of the subject lot as an open space or play area for nearby residents.

(h) (j) Interior Landscaping and Street Trees.

parking spaces in a manner that is compliant with the applicable water use requirements of Administrative Code Chapter 63 and a minimum of 20% percent permeable surface, as defined by Section 102.33. Permeable Surfaces. The trees planted in compliance with this Section shall result in canopy coverage of 50% percent of the parking lots' hardscape within 15 years of the installations of these trees. Permeable surfaces and grading shall be coordinated so that stormwater can infiltrate the surface in areas with less than 5% percent slope.

1	(2) (k) Street Tree Requirement. All parking lots shall meet the street tree
2	requirements specified in Section 138.1(c)(1).
3	(1) Extension of Existing Parking Lots in the C-3-O(SD) District. The conditions of
4	approval for the extension \underline{of} an existing parking lot in the C-3-0(SD) \underline{dD} istrict shall include the
5	following:
6	(1) a minimum of one parking space for car sharing vehicles meeting all of the
7	requirements in Section 166 for every 20 spaces in said lot;
8	(2)_ a minimum of two Class 2 bicycle parking spaces for every 50 linear feet of
9	frontage in a highly visible area on the property adjacent to a public sidewalk or shall attain
10	approval <u>attained</u> from the appropriate City agencies to install such bicycle parking on a public
11	sidewalk on the same block;
12	(3) interior landscaping compliant with the requirements in $sSubsection (j)$ (h)
13	above, provided that if a site permit has been approved by the Planning Department for

SEC. 159. REQUIRED OFF-STREET PARKING NOT ON THE SAME LOT AS THE STRUCTURE OR USE SERVED.

construction of a building on the subject lot that would replace the parking lot in less than 2

two years, the trees may be planted in movable planters and the lot need not provide

permeable surfaces described in sSubsection (i)-(h).

- (a) Required off-street parking spaces for one-family and two-family dwellings in R Districts shall be located on the same lot as the dwelling served, or in a <u>Private Automobile</u>

 <u>Parking Garage community garage</u> as <u>described defined</u> in Section <u>102</u> <u>209.7(a)</u> of this Code.
- (b) Required off-street parking spaces for all other dwellings shall be located on the same lot as the dwelling served, as an accessory use, or within a walking distance of 600 feet, as either a principal or a conditional use, depending upon the use provisions applicable to the district in which such parking is located.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (c) Required off-street parking spaces for all uses other than dwellings shall be located on the same lot as the use served, as an accessory use, or within a walking distance of 800 feet, as either a principal or a conditional use, depending upon the use provisions applicable to the district in which such parking is located.
- (d) Walking distance for purposes of Subsections (b) and (c) above shall mean the distance from an outside entrance of a structure or use or part thereof, to each off-street parking space assigned to such structure or use or part thereof, along the shortest, most convenient pedestrian walkway open to the user or users of such off-street parking space.
- (e) In order to be credited toward the requirements of this Code, any off-street parking space located as above on a lot other than the lot on which the structure or use to be served is located must be available for the actual lifetime of the structure or use to be served. Such availability shall be assured either by ownership of both the lot containing the structure or use to be served and the lot containing the off-street parking space by at least one common owner, or by a lease or other instrument providing for the availability of the parking space for not less than the actual lifetime of the structure or use to be served; an attested copy of any such instrument shall be filed with the *Planning* Department of *City Planning* prior to approval by said Department of any building permit application affected by this arrangement for provision of required off-street parking. In addition, in either case, a document in a form approved by the City Attorney shall be executed by the parties concerned, and by the Zoning Administrator, and recorded in the office of the County Recorder, serving as a notice of the restrictions under this Code applying to both the lot containing the structure or use to be served and to the lot containing the off-street parking space, by virtue of this arrangement for provision of required off-street parking.

SEC. 168. BABY DIAPER-CHANGING ACCOMMODATIONS REQUIRED.

(a) **Definitions**.

1	(1) "Public_Serving Establishment." A Public-Serving Establishment shall be
2	defined as:
3	(A) a new <u>H</u> hospital, <u>Health Services Use</u> medical center, clinic providing
4	outpatient care in medical, psychiatric or other healing areas, or a \underline{S} social \underline{S} service or \underline{P} philanthropic
5	\underline{F} facility providing assistance of a charitable or public service nature as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ 217
6	of the Planning Code, or a new hospital or medical center as defined in Sections 790.44 and
7	890.44 of the Planning Code, for which a building permit is issued on or at least six months
8	after the effective date of this Section, unless the building will not be accessible to the public;
9	(B) a new \underline{R}_{r} etail \underline{S}_{s} ales and $\underline{P}_{\text{ersonal}}$ \underline{S}_{s} ervices use or $\underline{R}_{\text{ersonal}}$
10	\underline{E} entertainment $\underline{and\ Recreation}$ use as defined in Sections $\underline{102}$ 218 and 221 of the Planning
11	Code, that is 5,000 square feet or more in size for which a building permit is issued on or at
12	least six months after the effective date of this Section, unless the building will not be
13	accessible to the public and;
14	(C) a new $a\underline{A}$ musement $\underline{g}\underline{G}$ ame $a\underline{A}$ reade, $e\underline{E}$ ating and $\underline{D}\underline{d}$ rinking use,
15	$i\underline{I}$ nstitution, $\underline{\theta O}$ ther $i\underline{L}$ arge, $i\underline{I}$ nstitution, $\underline{\theta O}$ ther \underline{sS} mall, $\underline{m}\underline{M}$ ovie $\underline{t}\underline{T}$ heater, \underline{sS} ales and \underline{sS} ervice,
16	$\theta \underline{O}$ ther $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ etail, or $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ales and $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ervice $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ etail use, as defined in Articles 7 and 8 of the Planning
17	Code, that is 5,000 square feet or more in size for which a building permit is issued on or at
18	least six months after the effective date of this Section, unless the building will not be
19	accessible to the public; and
20	(D) a new library operated by the San Francisco Public Library, or a new,
21	publicly accessible, facility operated by the Department of Recreation and Parks within the
22	City for which final City approvals have been given on or at least six months after the effective
23	date of this Section.
24	(2) "Substantially Renovated." Any construction or renovation protiect which

that has an estimated cost of at least \$50,000.00 for which a building permit is issued, or, in

- the case of City-owned structures, for which final City approval is given, to any of the uses listed in Subsection (a)(1) above, which were existing as of the effective date of this Section, or which were completed on or at least six months after the effective date of this Section.
 - (3) "Baby Diaper-Changing Accommodation." A safe, sanitary and convenient baby diaper-changing station, deck table or similar amenity which that is installed or placed in a separate, designated location in a Public-Serving Establishment subject to the provisions of this Section. Such accommodations may include, but are not limited to, stations, decks and tables in women's and men's restrooms or unisex/family restrooms.

* * * *

SEC. 175.7. EXEMPTIONS FROM APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS IMPLEMENTING THE RINCON HILL DTR DISTRICT.

(a) Exemptions. The amendments to this Code contained in this Ordinance shall not apply to projects only on Block 3747, Lots 001E, 002 and 006 for which an application for environmental review and a conditional use application have been filed with the Planning Department prior to March 1, 2003 and February 1, 2005, respectively, provided that such projects shall comply with the progress requirements and approval revocation provisions of Planning Code Section 309.1(e) as set forth in this Ordinance. Provisions of this Code (including, without limitation, the Zoning Maps) that were applicable to such exempt projects prior to the effective date of this Ordinance shall remain in full force and effect with respect to such exempt projects including, without limitation, provisions of this Code permitting conditional uses, variances, and other exceptions from the strict application of this Code.

SEC. 178. CONDITIONAL USES.

- The following provisions shall apply to conditional uses:
- 24 (a) **Definition.** For the purposes of this Section, a permitted conditional use shall refer to:

- (1) Any use or feature authorized as a conditional use pursuant to Article 3 of this Code, provided that such use or feature was established within the time limits specified as a eC ondition of $\underline{Approval}$ $\underline{authorization}$ or, if no time limit was specified, within a reasonable time from the date of authorization; or
- (2) Any use or feature which that is classified as a conditional use in the district in which it is located and which that lawfully existed either on the effective date of this Code, or on the effective date of any amendment imposing new conditional use requirements upon such use or feature; or
- (3) Any use deemed to be a permitted conditional use pursuant to Section 179 of this Code.
- (b) **Continuation.** Except as provided for temporary uses in Section 205 of this Code, and except where time limits are otherwise specified as a *eCondition* of *Approval authorization*, any permitted conditional use may continue in the form in which it was authorized, or in the form in which it lawfully existed either on the effective date of this Code or the effective date of any amendment imposing new conditional use requirements upon such use or feature, unless otherwise provided in this Section or in Article 2 of this Code.
- (c) **Enlargements**, *or* **Alteration**, *or* **Intensification**. A permitted conditional use may not be significantly altered, enlarged, or intensified, except upon approval of a new conditional use application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code.
- (1) Internet Services Exchange. With regard to an Internet Services Exchange as defined in Section 102 209.6(e), any physical alteration which that will enlarge or expand the building for the purpose of intensifying the use shall be deemed to be significant under this section, and any increase in the size of electrical service to the building which that will require a permit from the Department of Building Inspection shall be deemed to be significant under this sSection.

1	(2) Power Plant. A Power Plant use, as defined in Section 102, shall, whether
2	nonconforming or conditionally permitted, require conditional use authorization in order to enlarge,
3	intensify, or extend the use if such changes would expand a power plant use, make it more permanent,
4	or substantially change the use. An intensification of use shall include the following changes, without
5	limitation and in addition to the criteria set forth in Article 1.7 of the Planning Code:
6	(A) An increase in output capability by more than 10 percent (either an increase
7	in capacity or increase in planned or permitted output per year);
8	(B) A change in type of fuel;
9	(C) A greater than 5 percent increase in the volume of monthly discharge of
10	waste water into the sewer or into the San Francisco Bay, or an increase in the temperature of existing
11	waste water discharges into the San Francisco Bay;
12	(D) Any increase greater than 5 percent in the emission rate or the total annual
13	tons of emission for particulate precursors, ozone precursors or greenhouse gases;
14	(E) A greater than 5 percent increase in the volume of regulated substances
15	used on site on a monthly basis, or in the volume of regulated substances stored on site or in the volume
16	of regulated substances transported to the site on a monthly basis; or
17	(F) Improvements to any power generation unit costing more than 25 percent of
18	the assessed value of the same unit prior to improvement.
19	(d) Abandonment. A permitted conditional use which is discontinued for a period of
20	three years, or otherwise abandoned, shall not be restored, except upon approval of a new
21	conditional use application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code. For purposes of
22	this Subsection, the period of nonuse for a permitted conditional use to be deemed
23	discontinued in the North Beach, Castro Street Neighborhood Commercial Districts, and the
24	Jackson Square Special Use District shall be eighteen (18) months, except that in the North

- Beach Neighborhood Commercial District, the period of non use for a Restaurant use, as defined in Section <u>102</u> 790.91, to be deemed discontinued shall be three years.
 - (e) **Changes in Use.** The following provisions shall apply to permitted conditional uses with respect to changes in use:
 - (1) A permitted conditional use may be changed to another use listed in <u>Section</u> <u>102</u> and Articles <u>2</u>, 7 or 8 of this Code as a principal use for the district in which it is located and the new use may thereafter be continued as a permitted principal use.
 - (2) A permitted conditional use may be changed to another use listed in <u>Section</u> <u>102</u> and Articles 2, 7 or 8 of this Code as a conditional use for the district in which the property is located, subject to the other applicable provisions of this Code, only upon approval of a new conditional use application, pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code.
 - (3) A permitted conditional use may not be changed to another use not permitted or prohibited by *the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located*Articles 2, 7 or 8 of this Code. If a permitted conditional use has been wrongfully changed to another use in violation of the foregoing provisions and the violation is not immediately corrected when required by the Zoning Administrator, the wrongful change shall be deemed to be a discontinuance or abandonment of the permitted conditional use.
 - (4) Once a permitted conditional use has been changed to a principal use permitted in the district in which the property is located, or brought closer in any other manner to conformity with the use limitations of this Code, the use of the property may not thereafter be returned to its former permitted conditional use status, except upon approval of a new conditional use application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code.
 - (5) In the North Beach Neighborhood Commercial District, any use that exceeds the use size provisions of Section 121.2(a) or 121.2(b) may be changed to a new use only

- upon approval of a new conditional use application. The Commission's approval of such conditional use application shall explicitly address the use size findings of Section 303(c).
- (6) In the Castro Street Neighborhood Commercial District, any use that exceeds the use size provisions of Section 121.2(a), but is smaller than the maximum use size limit of Section 121.2(b), may be changed to a new use only upon approval of a new conditional use application. The Commission's approval of such conditional use application shall explicitly address the use size findings of Section 303(c).
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 178, a structure occupied by a permitted conditional use that is damaged or destroyed by fire, or other calamity, or by Act of God, or by the public enemy, may be restored to its former condition and use without the approval of a new conditional use application, provided that such restoration is permitted by the Building Code, and is started within 18 months and diligently pursued to completion. Except as provided in Subsection (g) below, no structure occupied by a permitted conditional use that is voluntarily razed or required by law to be razed by the owner thereof may thereafter be restored except upon approval of a new conditional use application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code.
- (g) None of the provisions of this Section 178 shall be construed to prevent any measures of construction, alteration or demolition necessary to correct the unsafe or dangerous condition of any structure, other feature, or part thereof, where such condition has been declared unsafe or dangerous by the *Superintendent Director* of the *Bureau Department* of Building Inspection or the Chief of the Bureau of Fire Prevention and Public Safety, and where the proposed measures have been declared necessary, by such official, to correct the said condition; provided, however, that only such work as is absolutely necessary to correct the unsafe or dangerous condition may be performed pursuant to this Section.

SEC. 179.1. LEGITIMIZATION OF USES LOCATED IN THE EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS.

(a) **Intent.** As a result of the Eastern Neighborhoods Zoning Controls, certain land uses that were previously permitted, particularly office and housing, are no longer permitted. The purpose of this Section is to establish a time-limited program wherein existing uses that have operated without the benefit of required permits may seek those permits. Uses that could be "legitimized" under this Section are those uses which, under the current provisions of this Code and without this Section, could not otherwise seek the required permits.

(b) Applicability.

- (1) **Geography.** This Section shall apply only to property located in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, the SLI District, or any PDR District which is located within the boundaries of the Eastern Neighborhoods Project Area pursuant to Section <u>423.3</u> <u>327.2(j)</u>. This Section shall not apply to any Live/Work use as <u>set forth defined</u> in Section <u>102</u> <u>233</u>.
- (2) **Eligibility.** Any use that is the subject of an application under this Section shall be one that is determined by the Zoning Administrator as one which:
 - (A) exists as of the date of the application;
- (B) would have been principally permitted or permitted with \underline{eC} onditional \underline{uU} se authorization under provisions of the Planning Code that were effective on April 17, 2008;
 - (C) would not be permitted under current provisions of this Code;
 - (D) is a land use that either:
- (1) (i) has been regularly operating or functioning on a continuous basis for no less than 2 years prior to the effective date of this Section; or

1	(2) (ii) has been functioning in the space since at least April 17
2	2008, and is associated with an organization, entity or enterprise which has been located in
3	this space on a continuous basis for no less than 2 years prior to the effective date of this
4	Section;

- (E) is not accessory to any other use; and
- (F) is not discontinued and abandoned pursuant to the provisions of Section 183 that would otherwise apply to nonconforming uses.
- (3) **Sunset.** All applications for a determination of eligibility under Subsection (d) must be received by the Zoning Administrator on or before November 12, 2012. If the Planning Department fails to timely issue notice pursuant to Subsection (c), the Zoning Administrator may extend this termination date for an additional period of time not to exceed the number of days that the Department delayed in issuing the notice. An applicant who has received a determination of eligibility must submit to the Department all required application materials for legitimization within 90 days of the date of issuance of the determination of eligibility and diligently pursue the legitimization process until completion. For purposes of this section, "diligently pursue" shall mean timely responding to all requests for additional information from the Department or other City agency reviewing the matter and timely applying for and pursuing all permits and other approvals required to legitimize the use. Failure to do so may result in the Zoning Administrator's revocation of the legitimization letter.

20 * * * *

(e) **Determination of Eligibility.** The Zoning Administrator shall determine compliance with the criteria set forth in Subsection (b)(2), above, through a written decision. No less than 30 days prior to making a determination, the Zoning Administrator shall mail and post a notice of intent to render a determination as set forth below so that parties other than

- the applicant are afforded the opportunity to present information which may have bearing on the determination;
 - (1) By mailing notice to owners within 300 feet of the property in question as set forth in Section 306.3(a)(2);
 - (2) by mailing notice to current tenants of the subject property using materials submitted pursuant to Section (d)(3), above;
 - (3) by mailing notice to all individuals or neighborhood organizations having made written request for notification for either (i) applications under this Section or (ii) specific properties or areas; and
 - (4) by posting a notice on the subject property as set forth in Section 306.8. (f) Application to Legitimize. Uses that are determined to be in compliance with the criteria of Subsection (b)(2), above, shall be governed as set forth below. Unless specifically stated by the Planning Commission in the case of a Conditional Use authorization, approval of any application under this Subsection shall be deemed to authorize all aspects of the use and portions of the structure housing the use under the Planning Code. Those portions of the use or structure that do not comply with current provisions of this Code shall be deemed nonconforming uses or noncomplying structures under Article 1.8 1.7 of this Code. Action under this Subsection in no way shall affect the applicability of relevant portions of the Building Code or other portions of the Municipal Code.
 - (1) Those uses which, under the provisions of this Code that were applicable on April 17, 2008, would have either: (i) required Conditional Use authorization pursuant to Section 303 or (ii) been principally permitted but required an allocation of office space of less than 50,000 gross square feet under the Annual Limit pursuant to Section 321(b)(4), may seek such authorization pursuant to all requirements of the applicable Section.

1	(2) Those uses which, under the provisions of this Code that were applicable
2	on April 17, 2008, were principally permitted may seek a building permit in order to legally
3	establish the use. Upon the Department's determination that the application is consistent with
4	the enabling Zoning Administrator's decision, the Planning Department shall approve such
5	permit.
6	(3) Those uses which, under the provisions of this Code that were applicable
7	on April 17, 2008, would have required an allocation of office space of 50,000 or more gross
8	square feet under the Annual Limit, may seek such authorization pursuant to the requirements
9	of Section 321; however, no application may be acted on by the Planning Commission until
10	the termination date of the application period set forth in Subsection (b)(3), above. After that
11	time, Planning Department staff shall take all reasonable steps to schedule pending eligible
12	applications for Planning Commission review based on the order in which a project's
13	determination of eligibility was issued. Nothing in this Section shall preclude the Director of
14	Planning, based on the demand for participation in this program, from limiting the number of
15	projects that appear before the Planning Commission in a given period of time.
16	(g) Fee Amount. Any use authorized under Subsection (f) above shall, in addition to
17	any applicable application fees, pay for the area being legitimized the following impact fees:
18	(1) If the use is legitimizing as office, (as defined in Sec. $\underline{102}$ $\underline{890.70}$)
19	(A) If the project is subject to the Transit Impact Development Fee (as
20	defined in Section 411), a \$2.00/gross square foot Transit Impact Development Fee.
21	(B) If the project is subject to the Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee (as defined
22	in Section 413), an \$8.50/gross square foot Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee.
23	(C) No Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fees shall be charged.

(2) If the use is legitimizing as Integrated PDR, (as defined in Sec. 890.49)

24

1	(A) If the project is subject to the Transit Impact Development Fee (as defined in
2	Section 411), a \$2.00/gross square foot Transit Impact Development Fee.
3	(B) If the project is subject to the Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee (as defined in
4	Section 413), a \$4.00/gross square foot Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee.
5	(C) No Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fees shall be charged.
6	(32) If the use is legitimizing as rR etail <u>or Entertainment</u> (as defined in <u>Section 102</u>)
7	Sec. 217) or entertainment (as defined in Sec. 313.1.16)
8	(A) If the project is subject to the Transit Impact Development Fee (as
9	defined in Section 411), a \$2.00/gross square foot Transit Impact Development Fee.
10	(B) If the project is subject to the Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee (as
11	described in Sec. 413), a \$7.20/gross square foot Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee.
12	(C) No Eastern Neighborhoods Impact Fees shall be charged.
13	(4) If the use is legitimized as any other use authorized under Subsection (f
14	above, the use shall pay the Jobs-Housing Linkage Fee and Transit Impact Development Fee
15	in the amount applicable as of January 18, 2009.
16	(h) Fee Payment. Fees shall be paid upon issuance of the first construction permi
17	(as defined in Sec. 401) or \underline{if} an applicant \underline{has} \underline{may} elect \underline{ed} to participate in a deferred paymen
18	program, as specified below:
19	(1) Prior to issuance by DBI of the first construction permit, at least 20% of
20	applicable fees are due. Henceforth, at least 20% of applicable fees are due by July 1st or
21	each subsequent calendar year, such that final payment must be made within four years of
22	receiving the first building or site permit.
23	(2) The applicant may elect to pay any outstanding balance at any time within
24	these four years.

- (3) A Notice of Special Restrictions shall be placed on the title of the property specifying that additional payment is required. This Notice of Special Restrictions shall be released when payment is complete.
 - (4) All outstanding fees will be adjusted annually based on the cost of living as defined by the Controller's Office.
 - (5) The Department may assess an additional fee for time and materials spent implementing this deferred fee program.
 - (6) Failure to comply with the terms of the program and associated NSR as specified in this Subsection shall be deemed a violation of this Code and result in an enforcement action by the Department, which may include, referral to the Bureau of Delinquent Revenue and a lien on the subject property. Any enforcement action also may result in additional charges or penalties to cover the City's costs in the enforcement action, including, but not limited to City Attorney's fees.

SEC. 181. NONCONFORMING USES: ENLARGEMENTS, ALTERATIONS AND RECONSTRUCTION.

The following provisions shall apply to non-conforming uses with respect to enlargements, alterations and reconstruction:

(a) Increases in Nonconformity. A nonconforming use, and any structure occupied by such use, shall not be enlarged, intensified, extended, or moved to another location, with the exception of the construction of a mezzanine within a <u>#Live/wWork #Unit</u> and expansion of <u>#Dwelling #Units</u> in PDR Districts, unless the result will be elimination of the nonconforming use, except as provided below and in Section 186.1 of this Code. A nonconforming use shall not be extended to occupy additional space in a structure, or additional land outside a structure, or space in another structure, or to displace any other use, except as provided in Sections 182 and 186.1 of this Code.

* * * *

(c) Dwellings Nonconforming as to Density.

- (1) A $d\underline{D}$ welling or other housing structure exceeding the permitted density of $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nits or other housing units set forth in $\underline{the\ Zoning\ Control\ Table\ for\ the\ district\ in}$ which the lot is located Sections 207.5, 208, 209.1, 209.2, or 215 of this Code for the district in which $\underline{it\ is\ located}$ shall be classified as a nonconforming use under Section 180 of this Code, but only to the extent that such $\underline{d}\underline{D}$ welling or other housing structure exceeds the permitted density.
- (2) In districts where a $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit is a principally permitted use, this Section 181 shall not apply with respect to enlargements, alterations, and reconstruction of the nonconforming portion of such $d\underline{D}$ welling or other housing structure, consisting of those $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nits or other housing units $u\underline{U}$ exceed the permitted density, so long as such enlargements, alterations, or reconstruction do not otherwise extend beyond the building envelope as it existed on January 1, 2013.
- (3) No enlargements, alterations, or reconstruction shall be permitted under Subsection (c)(2) for any \$\delta \tilde{D}\$ welling \$\delta \tilde{U}\$ nit if any tenant has been evicted pursuant to Administrative Code Sections 37.9(a)(9) through 37.9(a)(14) where the tenant was served with the notice of eviction after December 10, 2013 if the notice was served within ten (10) years prior to filing an application to enlarge, alter or reconstruct such \$\delta \tilde{D}\$ welling or other housing unit. Additionally, no such enlargements, alterations, or reconstruction shall be permitted for any \$\delta \tilde{D}\$ welling \$\delta \tilde{U}\$ nit if any tenant has been evicted pursuant to Administrative Code Section 37.9(a)(8) where the tenant was served with a notice of eviction after December 10, 2013 if the notice was served within five (5) years prior to filing an application to enlarge, alter or reconstruct such \$\delta \tilde{D}\$ welling or other housing unit. This Subsection (c)(3) shall not apply if the tenant was evicted under Section 37.9(a)(11) or 37.9(a)(14) and the applicant(s)

either (A) have certified that the original tenant reoccupied the unit after the temporary eviction or (B) have submitted to the Planning Commission a declaration from the property owner or the tenant certifying that the property owner or the Rent Board notified the tenant of the tenant's right to reoccupy the unit after the temporary eviction and that the tenant chose not to reoccupy it.

(4) Any $d\underline{D}$ welling $w\underline{U}$ nit or other housing unit coming within the density limit shall not be affected by this Section 181. Except as provided in Sections 181(h) and 182(e), no $d\underline{D}$ welling or other housing structure exceeding the permitted density of $d\underline{D}$ welling $w\underline{U}$ nits or other housing units shall be altered to increase the number of $d\underline{D}$ welling $w\underline{U}$ nits or other housing units therein, or to increase or create any other nonconformity with respect to the $d\underline{D}$ welling $w\underline{U}$ nit or other housing unit density limitations $w\underline{U}$ nit or other housing

13 ****

SEC. 182. NONCONFORMING USES: CHANGES OF USE.

The following provisions shall apply to nonconforming uses with respect to changes of use:

- (a) A nonconforming use shall not be changed or modified so as to increase the degree of nonconformity under the use limitations of this Code, with respect to the type of use or its intensity except as provided in Section 181 for $nNighttime\ eE$ ntertainment $uses\ activities$ within the RSD, MUG, MUR, or SLR Districts. The degree of nonconformity shall be deemed to be increased if the new or modified use is less widely permitted by the use districts of the City than the nonconforming use existing immediately prior thereto.
- (b) Except as limited in this Subsection, a nonconforming use may be reduced in size, extent or intensity, or changed to a use that is more widely permitted by the use districts of the

City than the existing use, subject to the other applicable provisions of this Code. Except as otherwise provided herein, the new use shall still be classified as a nonconforming use.

Residential or Residential Enclave District shall be subject to the requirements of Section 186.4. (other than a Residential Commercial Combined District), which use is located more than ¼ mile from the nearest Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District or Restricted Use Subdistrict described in Article 7 of this Code, may change to another use which is permitted as a principal use at the first story and below in an NC-1 District, or it may change to another use which is permitted as a conditional use at the first story and below in an NC-1 District only upon approval of a conditional use application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code. If the nonconforming use is seeking to change in use to a retail sales activity or retail sales establishment which is also a formula retail use, as defined in Section 703.3 of this Code, it shall comply with the provisions of Section 703.3 of this Code. The nonconforming use shall comply with other building standards and use limitations of NC-1 Districts, as set forth in Sections 710.10 through 710.95 of this Code.

Commercial District or Restricted Use Subdistrict described in Article 7 of this Code, the nonconforming use may change to another use which is permitted as a principal use at the first story and below in an NC-1 District and in the Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District or Restricted Use Subdistrict or Districts within ¼ mile of the use, or it may change to another use which is permitted as a conditional use at the first story and below in an NC-1 District and in the Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District or Districts within ¼ mile of the use only upon approval of a conditional use application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code. If the nonconforming use is seeking to change in use to a retail sales activity or retail sales establishment which is also a formula retail use, as defined in Section 703.3 of this Code, it shall comply with the provisions of Section 703.3 of this Code. The nonconforming use shall comply with other building standards and use

1	limitations of NC-1 Districts and any Individual Area NC District or Districts located within 1/4 mile of
2	the use, as set forth in Article 7 of this Code.
3	(2 A nonconforming use in a Residential-Commercial Combined District may be
4	changed to another use listed in Articles 2 or 7 of this Code as a principal use for the district in which
5	the existing use would first be permitted as a principal or conditional use.
6	(2) (3) A nonconforming use in a Neighborhood Commercial District may be
7	changed to another use as provided in Subsections (c) and (d) below or as provided in
8	Section 186.1 of this Code.
9	(4) A nonconforming use in any district other than a Residential, Downtown
10	Residential, or Neighborhood Commercial District may be changed to another use listed in Articles 2
11	or 7 of this Code as a principal use for the district in which the existing use would first be permitted as
12	a principal use.
13	(3)(5) A nonconforming use in any South of Market Mixed Use District may not
14	be changed to an $\theta \underline{O}$ ffice, $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ etail, $\underline{b}\underline{B}$ ar, $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ estaurant, $\underline{n}\underline{N}$ ighttime $\underline{e}\underline{E}$ ntertainment, $\underline{a}\underline{A}$ dult
15	$e\underline{E}$ ntertainment, $h\underline{H}$ otel, $m\underline{M}$ otel, inn, hostel, or $m\underline{M}$ ovie $t\underline{T}$ heater use in any district where such
16	use is otherwise not permitted or conditional, except as provided in Subsection (f) below.

- (c) A nonconforming use may be changed to a use listed *in Articles 2 or 7 of this Code* as a conditional use for the district in which the property is located, *upon approval of a Conditional Use application subject to the other applicable provisions of this Code, without the necessity of specific authorization by the City Planning Commission except where major work on a structure is involved, and the new use may thereafter be continued as a permitted conditional use, subject to the limitation of Section 178(b) of this Code.*
- (d) A nonconforming use may be changed to a use listed *in Articles 2, 7 or 8 of this Code* as a principal use for the district in which the property is located, subject to the other

applicable provisions of this Code, and the new use may thereafter be continued as a permitted principal use.

- (e) A nonconforming use *in an R District subject to termination under the provisions of Section 185 of this Code* may be converted to a *dD*welling *uU*nit *in a district where such use is principally permitted*, without regard to the requirements of this Code with respect to dwelling unit density under Article 2, *dimensions, areas and open space under Article 1.2*, or off-street parking *under Article 1.5*, and the Zoning Administrator may provide relief from certain other standards specified in Section 307(h) through the procedures of that Section, provided the nonconforming use is eliminated by such conversion, provided further that the structure is not enlarged, extended, or moved to another location, and provided further that the requirements of the Building Code, the Housing Code, and other applicable portions of the Municipal Code are met.
- (f) Once a nonconforming use has been changed to a principal or conditional use permitted in the district in which the property is located, or brought closer in any other manner to conformity with the use limitations of this Code, the use of the property may not thereafter be returned to its former nonconforming status, except that:
- (1) Any area which is used as a live/work unit shall be allowed to return to its former nonconforming status.
- (2) within Within any South of Market Mixed Use District, any area occupied by a nonconforming Θ flice use which that is changed to an arts, home and/or business service use falling within the definition of an Arts Activity in Section 102 or zoning categories Θ 816.42 through 816.47 or a wholesale, storage, or light manufacturing use falling within zoning categories 816.64 through 816.67 shall be allowed to return to its former nonconforming Θ flice use.

- (1) or (2) above, any modification, enlargement, extension, or change of use, from circumstances which that last lawfully existed prior to the ereation of the live/work unit, or prior to the change from office use, shall be subject to the provisions of this Article, and the restored nonconforming use shall be considered to have existed continuously since its original establishment, prior to the live/work unit or change to Θ office use, for purposes of this Article.
- (g) If a nonconforming use has been wrongfully changed to another use in violation of any of the foregoing provisions, and the violation is not immediately corrected when required by the Zoning Administrator, the wrongful change shall be deemed to be a discontinuance or abandonment of the nonconforming use under Section 183 of this Code.

SEC. 183. NONCONFORMING USES: DISCONTINUANCE AND ABANDONMENT.

Whenever a nonconforming use has been changed to a conforming use, or discontinued for a continuous period of three years, or whenever there is otherwise evident a clear intent on the part of the owner to abandon a nonconforming use, such use shall not after being so changed, discontinued, or abandoned be reestablished, and the use of the property thereafter shall be in conformity with the use limitations of this Code for the district in which the property is located. Where no enclosed building is involved, discontinuance of a nonconforming use for a period of six months shall constitute abandonment. Where a <u>Massage Establishment massage establishment</u> is nonconforming for the reason that it is within 1,000 feet of another such establishment under <u>Section 218.1 of this Code</u> or because it is no longer permitted within the district, discontinuance for a continuous period of three months or change to a conforming use shall constitute abandonment.

SEC. 184. SHORT-TERM CONTINUANCE OF CERTAIN NONCONFORMING USES.

The period of time during which the following nonconforming uses may continue or remain shall be limited to five years from the effective date of this Code (May 2, 1960), or of

the amendment thereto which that caused the use to be nonconforming. Every such nonconforming use shall be completely eliminated within 90 days after the expiration of such period.

- (a) <u>A Parking Lot or any other Any</u> nonconforming commercial or industrial use of land where no enclosed building is involved in such use, except for permanent off-street <u>pP</u>arking <u>#L</u>ots in the C-3-O, C-3-R, and C-3-G Districts existing on the effective date of Ordinance No. 414-85, provided that such lots are screened in the manner required by Section 156(e): <u>such permanent uses shall be eliminated no later than five years and 90 days from the effective date of an amendment to this Code that makes such permanent uses nonconforming.</u>
- (b) Any use of a type first permitted as a principal or conditional use in an NC, C₂ or M District or in a Residential-Commercial *Combined* District, when occupying a building in an R District other than a Residential-Commercial *Combined* District that has an assessed valuation not in excess of \$500 on the effective date of this Code or such later date as the use becomes nonconforming, with the following exceptions:
- (1) Any lawful use in this category in a building having an assessed valuation of \$250 or more on the effective date of this Code, or such later date as the use becomes nonconforming, shall have a period of permitted continuance of 10 years from the date at which the property was placed in a residential zoning classification, if such a period of continuance produces an expiration date <u>that which</u> is later than the expiration date stated above; or
- (2) Any lawful use in this category <u>that which</u> is of a type first permitted in an NC-1 District; or of a type first permitted in any other district and supplying commodities at retail, or offering personal services, primarily to residents of the immediate vicinity; shall have a period of permitted continuance of 10 years from the effective date of this Code, or of the amendment thereto <u>that which</u> caused the use to be nonconforming. After five years of such

1	period have elapsed, any use as described in this Paragraph (b)(2) shall, upon application, be
2	qualified for consideration by the City Planning Commission as a conditional use as regulated

3 in Section 303 of this Code.

4 SEC. 186.1. EXEMPTION OF NONCONFORMING USES IN NEIGHBORHOOD 5 COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS.

6 ***

- (c) **Changes in Use.** A nonconforming use may be changed to another use or feature as described below.
- (1) A nonconforming use may be changed to a use listed in Article 7 of this Code as a principal use for the district in which the property is located, and the new use may thereafter be continued as a permitted principal use.
- (2) A nonconforming use may be changed to a use listed in Article 7 of this Code as a conditional use for the district in which the use is located, only upon approval of a eC onditional eC application pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code, and the new use may thereafter be continued as a permitted conditional use, subject to the provisions of Section 178 of this Code.
- (3) A nonconforming use may be changed to a use which is not permitted in that Neighborhood Commercial District as described below, only upon approval of a $e\underline{C}$ onditional #Use application, pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 of this Code:
- (A) Any use described in zoning categories .41, .43, or .44, as defined in Sections 790.22, 790.90, and 790.91, respectively, may change to another use described in zoning categories .41 or .44, even though such other use is not permitted in that Neighborhood Commercial District, unless such other use is located in an Alcohol Restricted Use Subdistrict and is prohibited by the provisions governing that Alcohol Restricted Use Subdistrict.

1	(B) Any use described in zoning categories .51, .52, or .53, as defined in
2	Sections 790.114, 790.116, and 790.108 respectively, may change to another use described
3	in zoning categories .51, .52, or .53, even though such other use is not permitted in that
4	Neighborhood Commercial District.
5	(C) Any use described in zoning categories .57, .58, or .59, as defined in
6	Sections 790.14, 790.17, and 790.15 respectively, may be demolished and reconstructed as
7	the same use or may change to another use described in zoning categories .57, .58, or .59,
8	even though such other use is not permitted in that Neighborhood Commercial District.
9	The new use shall still be classified as a nonconforming use.
10	The changes in use described in this Paragraph 3 shall include remodeling activities
11	involving the demolition and replacement of structures \underline{that} \underline{which} result in a change of use.
12	(4) In the North Beach Neighborhood Commercial District, any use that exceeds
13	the use size provisions in the North Beach Zoning Control Table of Section 121.2(a) or 121.2(b)
14	may be changed to a new use only upon the approval of a new $e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se application.
15	The Commission's approval of such $e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se application shall explicitly address the
16	use size findings of Section 303(c). In the North Beach Neighborhood Commercial District, a
17	nonconforming use cannot be changed to any use \underline{that} \underline{which} is not a permitted use under
18	Section 722 (North Beach Controls).
19	(5) In the Castro Street Neighborhood Commercial District, any use in this
20	district that exceeds the maximum use size limit of Section 121.2(b), may be not changed to a
21	new use. The only method for changing a nonconforming use identified in this Subsection is to
22	reduce the nonconforming use:
23	(A) to a conforming use size; or
24	(B) to a size specified in Subsection 121.2(a) pursuant to e Conditional

 $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se authorization.

Notwithstanding the above, any use in this District that exceeds the maximum use size limit of Section 121.2(b) and is categorized in the Other Retail Sales and Services zoning classification, as defined in Section 790.102, may change to another use category enumerated in Section 790.102 as long as the use size is not increased and the Commission approves a eC onditional eC onditional eC application for such change. The Commission's approval of such eC onditional eC application shall explicitly address the use size findings of Section 303(c).

* * * *

186.3 NON-RESIDENTIAL USES IN LANDMARK BUILDINGS IN RH AND RM DISTRICTS.

Any use listed as a principal or conditional use permitted on the ground floor in an NC-1 District, when located in a structure on a landmark site designated pursuant to Article 10 of this Code, is permitted with Conditional Use authorization pursuant to Section 303 of this Code, provided that no conditional use shall be authorized under this provision unless (1) such authorization conforms to the applicable provisions of Section 303 of this Code, and (2) the specific use so authorized is essential to the feasibility of retaining and preserving the landmark.

SEC. 187.1. SERVICE STATIONS AND GASOLINE STATIONS AS LEGAL NONCONFORMING USES.

(a) As used in this Section, "automotive service station" shall mean an establishment that sells and dispenses gasoline and other motor fuels and lubricating fluids directly into motor vehicles and which may, in addition, provide the types of services specified in Section 223(f) and 223(g) of this Code.

(a)(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, an <u>a</u>Automotive <u>s</u>Service <u>s</u>Station <u>or an Automotive Gas Station as defined in Section 102 of this Code, located in an <u>a</u> <u>an</u> Residential district, and having legal nonconforming use status under the provisions of this Code on January 1, 1980, shall be regarded as a legal nonconforming use so long as the</u>

station continues to sell and dispense gasoline and other motor fuels and lubricating fluids directly into motor vehicles.

<u>(b)(e)</u> An <u>a</u> \underline{A} utomotive <u>s</u> \underline{S} ervice <u>s</u> \underline{S} tation regarded as a legal nonconforming use under Subsection <u>(b) (a)</u> of this Section may enlarge or intensify its current service station operations provided the station receives conditional use approval for such enlargement or intensification under Section 303 of this Code. Conditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se authorizations issued pursuant to this Section shall not contain termination dates.

(c) Parking for car-share vehicles, as defined in Section 166, is permitted as an accessory use, and the addition of car-share vehicle parking shall not constitute an enlargement or intensification of the use, as defined in Subsection (b) above.

SEC. 187.2. MECHANICAL CAR WASH FACILITIES ON NINETEENTH AVENUE.

(a) As used in this Section, "automotive service station" and "gasoline station" shall mean an establishment that sells and dispenses gasoline and other motor fuels and lubricating fluids directly into motor vehicles and which may, in addition, provide the types of services specified in Section 223(f) and 223(g) of this Code; provided that the limitation on automobile washing and polishing contained in Section 223(f)(6) shall not be interpreted as a limitation on the addition of a mechanical car wash as provided in this Section 187.2.

(b) As used in this Section, "mechanical car wash" shall mean an automotive wash facility, including the use of any mechanical cleaning device, the use of any mechanical conveyor blower device, or steam cleaning device, and may include washing and polishing performed by hand.

 $\underline{(a)}(e)$ Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, an \underline{m} mechanical- $\underline{Automotive}$ -ear $\underline{w}\underline{W}$ ash, as defined by Section 102 of this Code, is permitted as a conditional use on the same premises as an $\underline{a}\underline{A}$ utomotive $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ervice $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ tation or $\underline{Automotive}$ $\underline{g}\underline{G}$ asoline $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ tation, existing on the effective date of this $\underline{Section}$ $\underline{Ordinance}$, and located on Nineteenth Avenue, starting at Lincoln Way and continuing south on Nineteenth Avenue to the southerly portion of Nineteenth

1	Avenue to the intersection with Junipero Serra Boulevard, and continuing south along
2	Junipero Serra Boulevard to the southern boundary of the City and County of San Francisco
3	provided:

- (1) A vehicle storage and standing area is provided on the premises outside the washing facilities of sufficient size to accommodate at least one-quarter of the hourly capacity in vehicles of the facility;
- (2) Noise from the facility complies with Article 29 of the San Francisco Police Code and in no event shall noise from mechanical equipment exceed 65 dBA, as defined in Article 29, from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., or 60 dBA from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m., when measured at any location on adjoining residential property;
 - (3) Automobile washing and drying occurs entirely within an enclosed building;
- (4) Water use and reclamation meets criteria established by the Zoning Administrator in consultation with staff from the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission;
- (5) A traffic study demonstrates that the operation will not cause a new significant impact on traffic on adjacent streets; and
 - (6) The facility is located on a lot equal to or greater than 12,000 square feet.

Section 3. Article 2 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Sections
202.1, 202.2, 202.3, 210.2, 210.3, 210.3A, revising Sections 201, 202, 204, 204.1, 204.2,
204.3, 205.2, 205.4, 206 through 206.5 (renumbered as 209 through 209.4), 207, 207.1,

21 207.2, 207.6, 208, 210.2, 210.3, 210.4, 210.5, 210.6, 210.7, 210.8, 210.9, 210.10, 210.11,

218.2, 219.1, 221.1, 228, 229, 230, 233, 234 through 234.2 (renumbered as 211 through

211.2), 237, 238, 239, 240.1, 241, 243, 247, 248, 249.1, 249.5, 249.13, 249.14, 249.18,

24 249.21, 249.25, 249.31, 249.32, 249.33, 249.34, 249.35, 249.35B, 249.41, 249.42, 249.46,

25 249.54, 249.61, 249.65, 249.67, 253, 260, and 263.28, and deleting Sections 209 through

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

22

- 1 209.10, 210.1, 210.4, 212, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 218.1, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225,
- 2 226, 226.1, 227, and 249.20, to read as follows:

SEC. 201. CLASSES OF USE DISTRICTS.

In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Code, the City is hereby divided into the following classes of use districts:

Public Use Districts (P)			
	(Defined in Sec. 234)		
Residenti	ial District	s(Defined in Sec. 206)	
RH-1(D)	Resider Sec. <u>209.1</u>	ntial, House Districts, One-Family (Detached Dwellings) (Defined in 206.1)	
RH-1	Reside	ential, House Districts, One-Family (Defined in Sec. 206.1)	
RH-1(S) Reside		ential, House Districts, One-Family with Minor Second Unit (Defined in 06.1)	
RH-2	Reside	ential, House Districts, Two-Family (Defined in Sec. 206.1)	
RH-3	Reside	ential, House Districts, Three-Family (Defined in Sec. 206.1)	
RM-1	Reside	ential, Mixed Districts, Low Density (Defined in Sec. 206.2)	
Residential Districts (Defined in Sec. 209.1 206.1)			
RH-1(D)		Residential, House Districts, One-Family (Detached Dwellings) (Defined in Sec. 209.1 206.1)	
RH-1		Residential, House Districts, One-Family (Defined in Sec. $\underline{209.1}$ $\underline{206.1}$)	

1 2	RH-1(S)	Residential, House Districts, One-Family with Minor Second Unit (Defined in Sec. <u>209.1</u> 206.1)
3 4 5 6 7	RH-2	Residential, House Districts, Two-Family (Defined in Sec. <u>209.1</u> <u>206.1</u>)
	RH-3	Residential, House Districts, Three-Family (Defined in Sec. <u>209.1</u> <u>206.1</u>)
8 9 10	RM-1	Residential, Mixed Districts, Low Density (Defined in Sec. <u>209.2</u> <u>206.2</u>)
11 12 13	RM-2	Residential, Mixed Districts, Moderate Density (Defined in Sec. 209.2 206.2)
14 15	RM-3	Residential, Mixed Districts, Medium Density (Defined in Sec. <u>209.2</u> <u>206.2</u>)
16 17 18	RM-4	Residential, Mixed Districts, High Density (Defined in Sec. <u>209.2</u> <u>206.2</u>)
19 20	RTO	Residential, Transit-Oriented Neighborhood Districts (Defined in Sec. 209.4 206.4)
212223	RTO-M	Residential, Transit-Oriented – Mission Neighborhood Districts (Defined in Sec. <u>209.4</u> 206.5)

	Residential-Commercial Districts (RC)
	(Defined in Sec. <u>209.3</u> 206.3)
RC-3	Residential-Commercial Districts, Medium Density (Defined in Sec. <u>209.3</u> 206.3)
RC-4	Residential-Commercial Districts, High Density (Defined in Sec. 209.3 206.3)

10 * * *

	Commercial Districts (C) (Defined in Sec. 210)
C-2	Community Business Districts (Defined in Sec. 210.12)
C-M	Heavy Commercial Districts (Defined in Sec. 210.4)
C-3-O	Downtown Office District (Defined in Sec. 210.23)
C-3-O(SD)	Downtown Office Special Development District (Defined in Sec. 210.3)
C-3-R	Downtown Retail District (Defined in Sec. 210.23)
C-3-G	Downtown General Commercial District (Defined in Sec. 210.23)
C-3-S	Downtown Support District (Defined in Sec. 210.23)

SEC. 202. USES PERMITTED BY THIS CODE.

(a) The use limitations of this Code shall be set forth in Articles 2, 6, 7, 8, and 9 for the use districts of the City, as established by Sections 201, 701, 801 and 902 of this Code and as

- shown on the Zoning Map referred to in Section 105 of this Code, subject to the provisions of Section 105. The uses permitted under this Code shall consist of the following:
 - (1) Principal uses, permitted as of right in each established district where listed for that class of districts in Articles 2, 7, 8, and 9 as regulated herein and elsewhere in this Code.
 - (2) Conditional uses, permitted in each established district when authorized by the *City* Planning Commission under Section 303 of this Code, where listed for that class of districts in Articles 2, 7, 8, and 9 and as regulated herein and elsewhere in this Code;
 - (3) Accessory uses for such permitted principal and conditional uses, as defined and regulated in Sections 204 through 204.5, Section 703.2(b)(1)(C), Section 803.3(b)(1)(C), Section 903(a)(3), and Section 986 of this Code. Any use not qualified under such sections as an accessory use shall be classified as a principal or conditional use.
 - (b) Permitted uses shall include in each established district such uses not specifically listed in Articles 2, 7, or 8 of this Code as are from time to time determined by the Zoning Administrator to be permitted uses in accordance with Section 307(a) of this Code.
 - (c) No use shall be permitted in any R District, C District, PDR-1 Districts, or M-1 District which by reason of its nature or manner of operation creates conditions that are hazardous, noxious or offensive through emission of odor, fumes, smoke, cinders, dust, gas, vibration, glare, refuse, water-carried waste, or excessive noise.
 - (d) Except as specifically provided herein to the contrary, the provisions of Articles 2, 7, 8, and 9 of this Code shall apply to all uses, properties, and developments, both public and private, including those of the City and County of San Francisco.

202.1. ZONING CONTROL TABLES.

(a) All Districts that are provided for in Section 201 of this Code have a corresponding Zoning Control Table that details basic development standards and use controls. Zoning Control Tables for R,

1	C, PDR, and M Districts are located in Article 2; Zoning Control tables for Neighborhood Commercial
2	Districts are located in Article 7; Zoning Control tables for Chinatown and Mixed Use Districts are
3	located in Article 8; and Zoning Control tables for Mission Bay Districts are located in Article 9.
4	Zoning Control Tables are intended to be used in conjunction with other relevant sections of the Code.
5	Descriptions for Zoning Control Tables in Articles 7, 8, and 9 are located in the corresponding Article.
6	(b) Zoning Control Tables in Article 2 are organized as follows:
7	(1) Building Standards: This section lists basic Code requirements that are specific to
8	that particular Zoning District and apply to all buildings in that District regardless of the proposed
9	<u>use.</u>
10	(2) Residential Standards and Uses: This section lists basic Code requirements for
11	Residential uses, permitted residential uses, and permitted densities for the subject District.
12	(3) Non-Residential Standards and Uses: This section lists basic Code requirements
13	for Non-Residential Uses and Non-residential use controls.
14	(c) The columns in the Zoning Control Tables in Article 2 are organized as follows:
15	(1) The first column in the Zoning Control Table, titled "Zoning Category," provides
16	either the title of the listed requirement or the Use.
17	(2) The second column, titled "§ References," contains numbers of other sections in the
18	Planning Code, and other City Codes, in which additional control provisions, including exceptions and
19	definitions where pertinent, are contained. Any requirements in these sections pertinent to the zoning
20	district shall be followed.
21	(3) In the third and subsequent columns, the controls applicable to the various Districts
22	are indicated either directly, by reference to other Code Sections that contain the controls, or by
23	indicating when a specific requirement is required.
24	

1	(d) The uses and features listed in the Zoning Control Tables in Articles 2, 7, 8, and 9 are
2	permitted in the Districts as indicated by the following symbols in the respective columns for each
3	<u>district:</u>
4	P: The use or project is permitted as a principal use in this district.
5	C: The use or project is subject to approval by the Planning Commission as a conditional use
6	in this district as provided in Section 303 of this Code.
7	DR. A Mandatory Discretionary Review hearing before the Planning Commission is required
8	before the Planning Department can approve the proposed use or project. Uses or projects subject to
9	Mandatory Discretionary Review may be disapproved or modified by the Planning Commission.
10	NA: This listing not applicable to this district.
11	NP or Blank Space: The use or project is not permitted in this district.
12	R: Required.
13	(1) Determinations as to the classification of uses not specifically listed shall be made
14	in the manner indicated in Sections 202 and 307(a) of this Code.
15	(2) References shall be made to Sections 204 through 204.5 for regulations pertaining
16	to accessory uses permitted for principal and conditional uses listed in Sections 206.1 through 206.4.
17	(3) Reference shall also be made to the other Articles of this Code containing provisions
18	relating to definitions, off-street parking and loading dimensions, areas and open spaces,
19	nonconforming uses, height and bulk districts, signs, historic preservation, and other factors affecting
20	the development and alteration of properties in these use Districts.
21	(4) Reference shall be made to Section 249.1 for provisions pertaining to uses in the
22	Folsom and Main Residential/Commercial Special Use District.
23	SEC 202.2. LOCATION AND OPERATING CONDITIONS.
24	(a) Retail Sales and Service Uses. The Retail Sales and Service Uses listed below shall be
25	subject to the corresponding conditions:

1	(1) Eating and Drinking Uses. Eating and Drinking Uses, as defined in Section 102,
2	shall be subject to the following conditions:
3	(A) The business operator shall maintain the main entrance to the building and
4	all sidewalks abutting the subject property in a clean and sanitary condition in compliance with the
5	Department of Public Works Street and Sidewalk Maintenance Standards. In addition, the operator
6	shall be responsible for daily monitoring of the sidewalk within a one-block radius of the subject
7	business to maintain the sidewalk free of paper or other litter associated with the business during
8	business hours, in accordance with Article 1, Section 34 of the San Francisco Police Code.
9	For information about compliance, contact the Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department
10	of Public Works.
11	(B) When located within an enclosed space, the premises shall be adequately
12	soundproofed or insulated for noise and operated so that incidental noise shall not be audible beyond
13	the premises or in other sections of the building, and fixed-source equipment noise shall not exceed the
14	decibel levels specified in the San Francisco Noise Control Ordinance.
15	For information about compliance of fixed mechanical objects such as rooftop air conditioning,
16	restaurant ventilation systems, and motors and compressors with acceptable noise levels, contact the
17	Environmental Health Section, Department of Public Health.
18	For information about compliance with construction noise requirements, contact the
19	Department of Building Inspection.
20	For information about compliance with the requirements for amplified sound, including music
21	and television, contact the Police Department.
22	(C) While it is inevitable that some low level of odor may be detectable to
23	nearby residents and passersby, appropriate odor control equipment shall be installed in conformance
24	with the approved plans and maintained to prevent any significant noxious or offensive odors from
25	escaping the premises.

1	For information about compliance with odor or other chemical air pollutant standards, contact
2	the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) and Code Enforcement, Planning
3	Department.
4	(D) Garbage, recycling, and compost containers shall be kept within the
5	premises and hidden from public view, and placed outside only when being serviced by the disposal
6	company. Trash shall be contained and disposed of pursuant to garbage and recycling receptacles
7	guidelines set forth by the Department of Public Works.
8	For information about compliance, contact the Bureau of Street Use and Mapping, Department
9	of Public Works.
10	(2) Pharmacy. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Code, a pharmacy may
11	operate on a 24-hour basis as a permitted use provided that the following conditions are met during
12	any period between 11:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. in which the pharmacy is open for business:
13	(A) A pharmacist licensed by the State of California in accordance with the
14	California Business and Professions Code is on duty on the premises;
15	(B) The pharmacy provides prescription drugs for retail sale; and
16	(C) The pharmacy provides adequate lighting and security for the safety of
17	customers, residents, and the adjoining property, including adequate lighting and security for any
18	parking facilities provided. Such lighting and security may not negatively impact neighborhood
19	<u>character.</u>
20	(3) Motel. The entrance to a motel must be within 200 feet of and immediately
21	accessible from a major thoroughfare as designated in the General Plan.
22	SEC. 229. ESTABLISHMENTS THAT SELL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES CONCURRENT WITH
23	MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.
24	(b) Automotive Uses. The Automotive Uses listed below shall be subject to the
25	corresponding conditions:

1	(a) (1) Prohibition on Sales of Distilled Liquor with Motor Vehicle Fuel. Any
2	establishment that retails motor vehicle fuel and provides retail sale of alcoholic beverages,
3	other than beer and wine, is prohibited.
4	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ $\underline{\text{(2)}}$ Conditional Use Authorization Required for Establishments that Sell
5	Beer or Wine with Motor Vehicle Fuel. Any establishment that proposes to retail motor
6	vehicle fuel and provide retail sale of beer or wine shall require $e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se
7	authorization. (1) The Planning Commission may deny authorization or grant $e\underline{C}$ onditional \underline{Use}
8	authorization to an applicant based upon the criteria set forth in Section 303(c) of this Code.
9	(2) (A) The Planning Commission shall include each of the following as
10	conditions applicable to establishments at which the concurrent sale of motor vehicle fuel and
11	beer or wine occurs:
12	(A) (i) No beer or wine shall be displayed within five feet of the
13	cash register or the front door unless it is in a permanently affixed cooler;
14	(B) (ii) No advertisement of alcoholic beverages, including beer
15	and wine, shall be displayed at motor fuel islands;
16	(C) (iii) No sale of beer or wine shall be made from a drive-in
17	window;
18	(D) (iv) No display or sale of beer or wine shall be made from an
19	ice tub;
20	$\overline{(E)}$ $\underline{(v)}$ No self-illuminated advertising for beer or wine shall be
21	located on buildings or windows;
22	(F) (vi) Employees on duty between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and
23	2:00 a.m. who sell beer or wine shall be at least 21 years of age;
24	(G) (vii) No alcoholic beverages, other than beer and wine, shall be
25	sold at any time;

1	(H) (viii) No beer or wine shall be sold for consumption on the
2	premises;
3	(1) (ix) The permittee shall comply with all State statutes, rules,
4	and regulations relating to the sale, purchase, display, possession, and consumption of
5	alcoholic beverages;
6	$\frac{J}{J}$ (x) The permittee shall comply with all local statutes, rules, and
7	regulations;
8	(K) (xi) The permittee shall not operate the establishment in a
9	manner that presents a nuisance, as defined in California Civil Code Sections 3479 and 3480;
10	and
11	(L) (xii) The City may impose sanctions, including suspension or
12	revocation of the eC onditional eC on eC
13	conditions of the eC onditional eC onditi
14	$\underline{(B)}$ In acting on any application for \underline{eC} onditional \underline{uU} se authorization, the
15	Commission shall make written findings and such findings shall be based on substantial
16	evidence in view of the whole record to justify the ultimate decision.
17	(D) (C) Where the sale of beer, wine, or motor vehicle fuel are not
18	permitted or conditionally authorized uses, this Subsection shall not be construed to permit or
19	conditionally authorize such sales to be conducted concurrently. Where the sale of beer and
20	wine and motor vehicle fuel are permitted or conditionally authorized uses, this $\pm \underline{S}$ ubsection
21	shall be construed to require $e\underline{C}$ onditional $w\underline{U}$ se authorization to conduct such sales
22	concurrently.
23	(c) <u>(D)</u> Definitions. For purposes of this <u>Subsection 202.2(b)(1) and (2)</u> <u>Section</u> ,
24	the following definitions shall apply:

1	(1) (i) "Alcoholic beverages" shall be as defined in California
2	Business and Professions Code Section 23004;
3	(2) (ii) "Beer" and "wine" shall be as defined in California Business
4	and Professions Code Section 23006 and Section 23007, respectively;
5	(3) (iii) "Motor vehicle fuel" shall mean gasoline, other motor fuels
6	and lubricating oil dispensed directly into motor vehicles; and
7	(4) (iv) "Establishment" shall include an arrangement where a lo
8	containing a business selling motor vehicle fuel provides direct access to another business
9	selling alcoholic beverages on the same or adjacent lot.
10	$\underline{(d)}$ $\underline{(E)}$ Application to Existing Uses. Any use lawfully selling motor
11	vehicle fuel and alcoholic beverages (as licensed by the State of California) and existing prior
12	to the effective date of this Section shall be subject to this <u>Subsection 202.2(b)</u> <u>Section</u> to the
13	extent allowable by Business and Professions Code Section 23790.
14	(3) Automotive Wash. Cleaning and polishing are required to be conducted within an
15	enclosed building having no openings, other than fixed windows or exits required by law located within
16	50 feet of any R District, and that has an off-street waiting and storage area outside the building which
17	accommodates at least one-quarter the hourly capacity in vehicles of the enclosed operations,
18	provided: (1) that incidental noise is reasonably confined to the premises by adequate soundproofing
19	or other device; and (2) that complete enclosure within a building may be required as a condition of
20	approval, notwithstanding any other provision of this Code; but the foregoing provisions shall not
21	preclude the imposition of any additional conditions pursuant to Section 303 of this Code.
22	(c) Agriculture Use. The Agricultural Uses listed below shall be subject to the corresponding
23	<u>conditions:</u>
24	SEC. 102.35 (c) Water Conservation.

1	(1) Agricultural Uses. Any plot of land that exceeds 1,000 square feet and is
2	newly established for Neighborhood Agriculture or Large-Scale Urban Agriculture shall comply
3	with the applicable water use requirements of Administrative Code Chapter 63. (2) Pursuant to
4	Section 63.6.2(b) of the Administrative Code, no permit for any site where the modified land
5	area exceeds 1,000 square feet shall be issued until the General Manager of the Public
6	Utilities Commission has approved the applicable landscape project documentation.
7	(2) Neighborhood Agriculture. Limited sales and donation of fresh food and/or
8	horticultural products grown on site may occur on otherwise vacant property, but such sales may not
9	occur within a Dwelling Unit. Food and/or horticultural products grown that are used for personal
10	consumption are not regulated. The following physical and operational standards shall apply to
11	Neighborhood Agriculture:
12	SEC. 102.35. (a) Neighborhood Agriculture.
13	**** (1) (A) Compost areas must be setback at least 3 three feet from $d\underline{D}$ welling
14	$u\underline{U}$ nits and decks;
15	(2) (B) If the farmed area is enclosed by fencing, the fencing must be (A) (i)
16	wood fencing, (B) (ii) ΘO rnamental F encing as defined by Planning Code Section 102.32, or
17	(C) (ii) chain-link or woven wire fencing if over half of the fence area that borders a public
18	right-of-way will be covered by plant material or other vegetative screening within three years
19	of the fence installation;
20	(3) (C) Use of mechanized farm equipment is generally prohibited in $+R$ esidential
21	$d\underline{D}$ istricts; provided, however, that during the initial preparation of the land, heavy equipment
22	may be used to prepare the land for $a\underline{A}$ griculture use. Landscaping equipment designed for
23	household use shall be permitted;
24	(4) (D) Farm equipment shall be enclosed or otherwise screened from sight;

1	(5) (E) Sale of food and/or horticultural products from the use may occur
2	between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m.;
3	(6) (F) In all districts, sales, pick-ups, and donations of fresh food and
4	horticultural produces grown on site are permitted. In every district except "Residential
5	Districts," value-added products, where the primary ingredients are grown and produced on
6	site, are permitted.
7	(d) Industrial Uses. The Industrial and PDR uses listed below shall be subject the
8	corresponding conditions:
9	(1) Heavy Manufacturing 1, Metal Working and Food, Fiber, and Beverage
10	Processing 1 and 2. These uses are required to operate within a completely enclosed building, with no
11	opening, other than fixed windows or exits required by law, within 50 feet of any R District; No noise,
12	vibration, or unhealthful emissions shall extend beyond the premises of the use.
13	(2) Heavy Manufacturing 2, Junk Yard, Power Plant and Hazardous Waste Facilities.
14	These uses are required to operate within a completely enclosed building, with no opening, other than
15	fixed windows or exits required by law, within 200 feet of any R or NC District; No noise, vibration, or
16	unhealthful emissions shall extend beyond the premises of the use.
17	(3) Heavy Manufacturing 3, Livestock Processing 1 &2, and Volatile Materials
18	Storage. These uses are required to operate within a completely enclosed building, with no opening,
19	other than fixed windows or exits required by law, within 500 feet of any R District or NC District; No
20	noise, vibration, or unhealthful emissions shall extend beyond the premises of the use.
21	(4) Automobile Wrecking. Automobile Wrecking operations are subject to the following
22	operating conditions:
23	(A) There shall be sufficient working space on the property to permit proper
24	functioning of the operation without use of any public right-of-way for storage of inoperable vehicles or
25	parts;

1	(B) The operation shall be clearly separated from adjacent properties and public
2	rights-of-way; and
3	(C) the operation be conducted not less than 500 feet from any R or NC District.
4	No automobile wrecking operation lawfully existing at the effective date hereof shall be continued more
5	than three years from said date unless a conditional use authorization for such operation has been
6	granted pursuant to this Code, provided, however, that no such automobile wrecking operation eligible
7	for governmental payments to assist relocation shall be continued more than one and one-half years
8	from said effective date unless a conditional use authorization for such operation has been granted
9	pursuant to this Code.
10	(5) Truck Terminal. A Truck Terminal Facility must be located not less than 200 feet
11	from any R District.
12	(e) Institutional Uses. The Institutional Uses listed below shall be subject to the corresponding
13	<u>conditions:</u>
14	(1) Medical Cannabis Dispensaries. Medical Cannabis Dispensaries are required to
15	meet all of the following conditions:
16	(A) Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall apply for a permit from the Department
17	of Public Health pursuant to Section 3304 of the San Francisco Health Code prior to submitting an
18	application to the Planning Department;
19	(B) If medical cannabis is smoked on the premises, the parcel containing the
20	medical cannabis dispensary shall not be located less than 1,000 feet from the parcel containing the
21	grounds of an elementary or secondary School, public or private, or a Public Facility, Community
22	Facility, or Private Community Facility that primarily serves persons under 18 years of age, unless not
23	required by State law and, regardless of whether medical cannabis is smoked on the premises, if the
24	dispensary was not in operation as of April 1, 2005, as defined in Subsection (i), it is located not less
25	than 1,000 feet from the parcel containing the grounds of an elementary or secondary school, public or

1	private, if the dispensary was not in operation as of April 1, 2005, as defined in Subsection (i), it is
2	located not less than 1,000 feet from the parcel containing the grounds of an elementary or secondary
3	school, public or private, or a community clubhouse that primarily serves persons under 18 years of
4	age, or a Public Facility or Community Facility that primarily serves persons under 18 years of age;
5	(C) If medical cannabis is smoked on the premises, the dispensary shall provide
6	adequate ventilation within the structure such that doors and/or windows are not left open for such
7	purposes resulting in odor emission from the premises;
8	(D) Regardless of whether medical cannabis is smoked on the premises, the
9	parcel containing the medical cannabis dispensary shall not be located on the same parcel as a facility
10	providing substance abuse services that is licensed or certified by the State of California or funded by
11	the Department of Public Health;
12	(E) Alcohol shall not be sold or distributed on the premises for on- or off-site
13	consumption;
14	(F) Upon acceptance of a complete application for a building permit for a
15	medical cannabis dispensary, the Planning Department shall cause a notice to be posted on the
16	proposed site and shall cause written notice to be sent via U.S. Mail to all owners and occupants of
17	properties within 300 feet of the subject lot in the same Assessor's Block and on the block face across
18	from the subject lot as well as to all individuals or groups that have made a written request for
19	notification regarding specific medical cannabis dispensaries;
20	(G) All building permit applications shall be held for a period of 30 calendar
21	days from the date of the mailed notice to allow review by residents, occupants, owners of
22	neighborhood properties, and neighborhood groups;
23	(H) After this 30-day period, the Planning Commission shall schedule a hearing
24	to consider whether to exercise its discretionary review powers over the building permit application for
25	

1	a medical cannabis dispensary. The scheduling and the mailed notice for this hearing shall be
2	processed in accordance with Section 312(e) of this Code; and
3	(I) Any permit issued for a medical cannabis dispensary shall contain the
4	following statement in boldface type: "Issuance of this permit by the City and County of San Francisco
5	is not intended to and does not authorize the violation of State or Federal law."
6	(f) Residential Uses. The Residential uses listed below shall be subject to the corresponding
7	<u>conditions:</u>
8	(1) SEC. 102.6.1. Dwelling Specifically Designed for and Occupied by Senior Citizens
9	Senior Housing.
10	(a) Definitions. In order to qualify as a "dwelling specifically designed for and occupied
11	by senior citizens," the following definitions shall apply and shall have the same meaning as
12	the definitions in California Civil Code Sections 51.2, 51.3, and 51.4, as amended from time to
13	time. These definitions shall apply as shall all of the other provisions of Civil Code Sections
14	51.2, 51.3, and 51.4. Any development specifically designed for and occupied by senior
15	citizens must also be consistent with the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601-3631 and the
16	Fair Employment and Housing Act, California Government Code Sections 12900-12996.
17	(A) "Designed to meet the physical and social needs of senior citizens"
18	shall mean a development that meets the requirements of Civil Code Section 51.2(d), is
19	constructed on or after January 1, 2001, and includes all of the following elements:
20	(1) (i) Entryways, walkways, and hallways in the common areas of
21	the development, and doorways and paths of access to and within the housing units, shall be
22	as wide as required by current laws applicable to new multifamily housing construction for
23	provision of access to persons using a standard-width wheelchair.
24	

1	(2) (ii) Walkways and hallways in the common areas of the
2	development shall be equipped with standard height railings or grab bars to assist persons
3	who have difficulty with walking.
4	(3) (iii) Walkways and hallways in the common areas shall have
5	lighting conditions that are of sufficient brightness to assist persons who have difficulty seeing.
6	(4) (iv) Access to all common areas and housing units within the
7	development shall be provided without use of stairs, either by means of an elevator or sloped
8	walking ramps.
9	(5) (v) The development shall be designed to encourage social
10	contact by providing at least one common room and at least some common open space.
11	(6) (vi) Refuse collection shall be provided in a manner that
12	requires a minimum of physical exertion by residents.
13	(7) (vii) The development shall comply with all other applicable
14	requirements for access and design imposed by law including, but not limited to, the Fair
15	Housing Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601, et seq.), the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C.
16	Sec. 12101, et seq.), and the regulations promulgated at Title 24 of the California Code of
17	Regulations that relate to access for persons with disabilities or handicaps. Nothing in this
18	section shall be construed to limit or reduce any right or obligation applicable under those
19	laws.
20	(B) "Qualifying Resident" or "Senior Citizen" means a person 62 years of
21	age or older, or 55 years of age or older in a senior citizen housing development.
22	(C) "Senior Citizen Housing Development" means a residential
23	development developed, substantially rehabilitated, or substantially renovated for senior
24	citizens that has at least 35 dwelling units. Any senior citizen housing development that is
25	required to obtain a public report under Section 11010 of the Business and Professions Code

and that submits its application for a public report_after July 1, 2001, shall be required to have been issued a public report as a senior citizen housing development under Section 11010.05 of the Business and Professions Code. No housing development constructed prior to January 1, 1985, shall fail to qualify as a senior citizen housing development because it was not originally developed or put to use or occupancy by senior citizens.

(b) (D) Requirements: In order to qualify as a dwelling specifically designed for and occupied by senior citizens for purposes of Section 209.1, the proposed project must meet all of the following conditions:

(1) (i) **Design and construction:** The project must be designed to meet the physical and social needs of senior citizens as defined herein.

put to use by senior citizens and shall be limited to the occupancy of senior citizens or other qualifying residents under Civil Code Section 51.3 for the actual lifetime of the building, regardless of whether the units will be owner-occupied or renter-occupied. The project must meet all of the requirements of Civil Code Section 51.3 including, but not limited to, the requirement that the covenants, conditions, and restrictions shall set forth limitations on occupancy, residency, and use based on age. Any such limitation shall not be more exclusive than to require that one person in residence in each dwelling unit may be required to be a senior citizen and that each other resident in the same dwelling unit may be required to be a qualified permanent resident as defined in Civil Code Section 51.3(b), a permitted health care resident as defined in Civil Code Section 51.3(b), or a person under 55 years of age whose occupancy is permitted under Civil Code Section 51.3 or Section 51.4(b). That limitation may be less exclusive but shall at least require that the persons commencing any occupancy of a dwelling unit include a senior citizen who intends to reside in the unit as his or her primary residence on a permanent basis. The application of the rules set forth in this Section and in

2	senior citizen.
3	(3) (iii) Inclusionary Housing Requirements: If the project mus
4	meet the requirements of the Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program, Planning
5	Code Sections 415 et seq., the inclusionary units must be constructed on site and, like the
6	other units in the project, will be limited to occupancy as stated above.
7	(4) (iv) Location: The proposed project must be within a 1/4 of a
8	mile from a NCD-2 (Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District) zoned area or higher
9	including named neighborhood commercial districts, and must be located in an area with
10	adequate access to services, including but not limited to transit, shopping, and medica
11	facilities;
12	(5) (v) Recording: The project sponsor must record a Notice or
13	Special Restriction with the Assessor-Recorder that states all of the above restrictions and
14	any other conditions that the Planning Commission or Department places on the property; and
15	(6) (vi) Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions: If the property
16	will be condominiumized, the project sponsor must provide the Planning Department with a
17	copy of the Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions ("CC&R") that will be filed with the State.
18	(7) As provided for in Section 209.1(m), a proposed project that meets
19	all of the requirements under this Section may be principally permitted. As provided for in Section
20	209.1(o), for a proposed project that meets all of the requirements under this section, except for
21	subsection (4), a Conditional Use Authorization is required.
22	(8) (E) Density: For the purpose of qualifying for and receiving additional density
23	at a density ratio or number of dwelling units not exceeding twice the number of dwelling units
24	otherwise permitted, the project sponsor shall enter into a contract with the City
25	acknowledging that the additional density received under Section 209.1(m) or (o) is a form or

State law may result over time in less than all of the dwellings being actually occupied by a

1	assistance specified in California Government Code Sections 65915 et seq. for purposes of
2	Civil Code Section 1954.52(b) of the Costa-Hawkins Rental Housing Act. All such contracts
3	must be reviewed and approved by the Mayor's Office of Housing and approved as to form by
4	the City Attorney. All contracts that involve 100 percent % affordable housing projects in the
5	residential portion shall be executed by the Director of the Mayor's Office of Housing. Any
6	contract that involves less than 100 percent % affordable housing in the residential portion,
7	may be executed by either the Director of the Mayor's Office of Housing or, after review and
8	comment by the Mayor's Office of Housing, the Planning Director.
9	(g) Other Uses. The uses listed below are subject to the corresponding controls:
10	(1) Small Enterprise Workspace (S.E.W). S.E.W.'s are subject to the following
11	<u>conditions:</u>
12	(A) A S.E.W. building must meet the following requirements:
13	(i) Each unit may contain only uses principally or conditionally permitted
14	in the subject zoning district, or office uses (as defined in Section 890.70);
15	(ii) Any non-accessory retail uses are subject to any per parcel size
16	controls of the subject zoning district;
17	(iii) No residential uses shall be permitted;
18	(iv) Each of the units in the building must contain no more than 1,500
19	gross square feet each; an exception to this rule applies for larger PDR spaces on the ground floor, as
20	described in subsection (E) below
21	(v) An S.E.W. building may contain units larger than 1,500 square feet on
22	the ground floor as long as each such unit contains a principal PDR use. For the purposes of this
23	Section, a PDR use is defined in Section 102 of this Code. Such PDR units may be independently
24	accessible from the street.

1	(vi) After the issuance of any certificate of occupancy or completion for
2	the building, any merger, subdivision, expansion, or other change in gross floor area of any unit shall
3	be permitted only as long as the provisions of this subsection (D) and (E) are met.
4	(B) S.E.W. units may be established only in new buildings or in buildings for
5	which a first certificate of occupancy or completion was issued after January 19, 2009.
6	(C) Where permitted, S.E.W. Buildings are exempt from the controls in Sec. 230
7	limiting demolition of industrial buildings.
8	(D) S.E.W. projects shall provide a PDR Business Plan in accordance with the
9	requirements of Section 219.1(c)(9).
10	(E) In considering the approval of a S.E.W. project, the Planning Commission
11	should consider the likely viability of the new PDR space that the development creates, as influenced by
12	such facts as the content of the project sponsor's PDR Business Plan and whether the project sponsor
13	has the commitments of established PDR tenants and/or a demonstrated relationship with
14	organizations established in the PDR community.
15	SEC. 218.2 202.3. LIMITATION ON CHANGE IN USE OR DEMOLITION OF GENERAL
16	GROCERY STORE USE.
17	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, a change in use or demolition of a
18	$g\underline{G}$ eneral $g\underline{G}$ rocery $s\underline{S}$ tore use, a retail sales use as set forth in Section $218(a)$ 102 and as further
19	defined in Section 790.102, which use exceeds 5,000 gross square feet shall require
20	$e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se authorization pursuant to Section 303 $\underline{of\ this\ Code}$. This Section shall no
21	authorize a change in use if the new use or uses are otherwise prohibited.
22	SEC. 202.4. 221.1 LIMITATION ON CHANGE IN USE OR DEMOLITION OF MOVIE
23	THEATER USE.
24	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, a change in use or demolition of a
25	Movie Theater use, as set forth defined in Section 221(d) 102 shall require Conditional Use

authorization pursuant to Section 303, including the specific conditions in that Section for conversion of such a use. This Section shall not authorize a change in use if the new use or uses are otherwise prohibited.

SEC. 202.5 228 CONVERSION OF AUTOMOTIVE SERVICE STATIONS.

(a) Findings.

- (1) The recent trend toward conversion of service stations to non-service station use has resulted in the curtailment of essential services, including automobile refueling and emergency services, and is contrary to the public health, safety, peace, and general welfare.
- (2) To address this problem, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 759-89 to impose interim controls on the conversion of service stations and to create a task force to study this problem and make recommendations to this Board regarding how to address this problem.
- (3) In the 17 months since Resolution 759-89 was adopted, 11 more service stations have been converted to other uses. The Service Station Conversion Task Force recommended that the Board of Supervisors adopt permanent legislation to address this problem.
- (4) The Board of Supervisors recognizes that service station operators and those who own property on which such stations are located are entitled to earn a fair rate of return on their investment. Where a fair rate of return is being earned, the Board finds that service stations should be allowed to convert to other uses only where it is determined that the conversion would benefit the public.
- (b) **Definitions.** Whenever used in this Section, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- (1) "Automotive Service Station" or "service station" shall mean a retail automotive service use *which provides motor fuels and lubricating fluids directly into motor vehicles*

1	and performs minor auto repairs and services which remain incidental to the principal sale of motor
2	<i>fuel</i> , as defined in Sections 102 790.17 and 890.18 of this Code.

- (2) "Conversion" shall mean to change the use of a property from an Automotive Service Station use to a different type of use.
 - (3) "Return on investment" shall mean:
- (A) where the property owner does not own the Automotive Service Station business, the before income tax total annual rent and other compensation received from the service station business for the lease of the land and buildings, less the expenses of the lessor, on a cash basis.
- (B) where the property owner also owns the Automotive Service Station business, the before income tax profit on the sale of all goods and services at the service station, including the sale of gasoline, less the cost of goods sold and operating costs, on a cash basis.
- (4) "Total investment in the property" shall mean the fair market value of the property at the time the application is filed with the Zoning Administrator.
- (5) "Demolition" shall mean the physical removal of underground, and/or surface tanks used in storage and dispensing of gasoline and/or any building or canopy without the replacement of such equipment or structures to allow continued operation of the service station.

(c) Limitation on Conversions.

(1) No owner of a property used as an Automotive Service Station shall change the use of the property to a different type of use without first applying for and receiving either a eC onditional eC authorization from the Planning Commission or a conversion determination from the Zoning Administrator. Such authorizations shall be in addition to any other permit or authorization required for a proposed service station conversion under any applicable City,

- State, or Federal law or regulation. Automotive Service Stations that front on Primary Transit Streets or Citywide Pedestrian Network Streets, as designated in the General Plan, shall be exempt from the conversion limitations of this Section. The procedures for service station conversion applications shall be as described in Sections 306 and 306.1 of this Code for conditional use and variance actions.
 - (2) Either the Planning Commission or the Zoning Administrator shall determine at a public hearing whether an applicant is entitled to convert the service station, depending on the grounds on which the permit is sought. The Planning Commission shall make econditional #Use authorization determinations based on the criteria set forth in Subsection (d). The Zoning Administrator shall make service station conversion determinations under the grounds set forth in Subsection (e). An applicant may, but need not, apply to the Planning Commission for a econditional #Use authorization pursuant to Subsection (d) and apply to the Zoning Administrator for a conversion authorization pursuant to Subsection (e), provided that if either one approves the application at the first hearing held on it, no hearing shall be necessary before the other. The procedures for service station conversion hearings shall be as described in Sections 306 through 306.5 and 306.8 of this Code for conditional use action (Planning Commission hearings) and variance action.
 - (d) Criteria for Planning Commission Conditional Use Authorization. In acting on any application for eC onditional uV se authorization for conversion, the Commission shall consider the following criteria in lieu of the criteria set forth in Section 303(c) of this Code.
 - (1) The Planning Commission shall approve the application and authorize the service station conversion if it determines from the facts presented that the reduction in availability of automotive goods and services resulting from the service station conversion would not be unduly detrimental to the public because either:

1	(A) Comparable automotive goods and services are available at other
2	reasonably accessible locations; or
3	(B) The benefits to the public of the service station conversion would
4	outweigh any reduction in automotive goods and services availability because the proposed
5	new use is more necessary or desirable for the neighborhood or community than continued
6	service station use.
7	(2) In making determinations under Subsection (1)(A), the Planning
8	Commission shall consider the following factors:
9	(A) The types of services offered by the service station sought to be
10	converted and the hours and days during that such goods and services are available;
11	(B) The volume of gasoline and other motor fuel sold and the number of
12	vehicles serviced at such service station during each of the 24 months preceding the filing of
13	the Conditional Use authorization application;
14	(C) Whether the volume of gasoline and other motor fuel sold and the
15	number of vehicles serviced each month has increased or decreased during the 24-month
16	period immediately preceding the conditional use authorization; and
17	(D) The accessibility of comparable automotive goods and services
18	offered by other service stations and repair garages that serve the same geographic area and
19	population segments (e.g., neighborhood residents, in-town or out-of-town commuters,
20	tourists) as the service station sought to be converted.
21	(3) In making determinations under Subsection (1)(B), the Planning
22	Commission shall consider the following factors:
23	(A) If the proposed use is a $+R$ esidential use, the total number of units to

be provided and the number of those units that are affordable units;

24

2	and services to be offered and the availability of comparable products and services in the
3	vicinity;
4	(C) The importance of the street on which the service station fronts to
5	walking, cycling, and public transit, and the impact of automobile access and egress to the
6	service station and of the proposed new uses and structures on the safety and comfort of
7	pedestrians, cyclists, and transit riders;
8	(D) The relative environmental dangers posed by the current and
9	proposed uses including, but not limited to, the quality and character of waste generated,
10	noxious or offensive emissions, fire and explosion hazards and noise, and whether the service
11	station conversion would facilitate the cleanup of existing contamination at the property;
12	(E) The relative employment opportunities offered by the service station
13	and the proposed new use;
14	(F) The relative amount of taxes or other revenues to be received by the
15	City or other governmental bodies from service station use and the proposed new use;
16	(G) The compatibility of the existing service station and of the proposed
17	new use or structure with the General Plan and area plan urban design policies and the street
18	frontage standards of this Code; and
19	(H) Whether the service station use and the proposed use are permitted
20	principal uses, conditional uses, or nonconforming uses.
21	(e) Criteria for Zoning Administrator Conversion Determination. The Zoning
22	Administrator shall approve the application and authorize the service station conversion if the
23	Zoning Administrator determines from the facts presented that the owner of the subject
24	property is not earning a Fair Return on Investment, as defined in Section 102. The owner
25	shall bear the burden of proving that the owner is not earning a Fair Return on Investment.

(B) If the proposed new use is a $e\underline{C}$ ommercial use, the types of goods

(1) Application. A property owner's application under this Section shall be
signed by the owner or an authorized representative of the owner and, under penalty of
perjury, declared to contain true and correct information. The application shall be
accompanied by:

- (A) An independent appraisal of the property stating its value;
- (B) A written statement from an independent Certified Public Accountant summarizing the applicant's financial records, including the property appraisal and stating the return on investment calculated pursuant to this Section;
- (C) A certified statement from the Certified Public Accountant identifying the owner of the property and the owner of the service station business; and
- (D) Such other financial information as the Zoning Administrator may reasonably determine is necessary to make the determination provided for in this Section.
- (2) **Rebuttable Presumption.** There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the property owner is earning a Fair Return on Investment if the property owner has earned at least a 9 percent return on the property owner's total investment in the property for the 24-month period immediately preceding the filing of the application, or in the case of a service station business that ceased operations after October 12, 1989, for the 24-month period immediately preceding the date the service station ceased operations. The property owner may rebut this presumption by offering evidence demonstrating that because of special facts regarding his or her property the property owner is not earning a fair return on investment or that because of special demonstrated circumstances the applicant would not earn a fair return on investment from service station use during that 12-month period after the filing of the service station conversion application.
- (3) **Notice of Hearing.** Prior to conducting the hearing required by Subsection (c)(2), the Zoning Administrator shall provide written notice of the hearing to each property

- owner within 300 feet in every direction from the service station, as shown in the last equalized assessment roll, such notice to be mailed at least 10 days before the hearing. The applicant also shall provide posted notice in a visible location on the service station site at least 20 days before the hearing.
 - (4) **Determination.** The Zoning Administrator shall render written determination within 60 days of the hearing.
 - (5) **Consultation With Other City Departments.** If necessary, the Zoning Administrator shall have the authority to consult with or retain the assistance of the staffs of the Department of Public Works, Real Estate Department, and Mayor's Office of Workforce and Economic Development in the review of applications for Service Station Conversion.

(f) Demolition and Tank Removal.

- (1) No service station shall be demolished except to enable a new service station to be constructed on the property, unless:
- (A) The property owner has first obtained a Conditional Use authorization from the Planning Commission pursuant to Subsection (d) above or a conversion determination from the Zoning Administrator pursuant to Subsection (e) above; or
- (B) The Department of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire Prevention and Public Safety determines that the building is unsafe or dangerous and that demolition is the only feasible means to secure the public safety.
- (2) Notwithstanding Subsections (f)(1)(A) and (f)(1)(B) above, if a service station is owned by a lessee of the property and the property lease was signed prior to the effective date of Ordinance 288-91, which lease permits or requires the lessee to remove the service station from the property before or after the expiration or termination of the lease, and the lease has expired or terminated or will do so within 60 days, the lessee may cease operation of the service station as permitted or required in the lease. Nothing in this provision,

- however, shall relieve the property owner from continued use of property as an Automotive Service Station as defined by Section 102 of this Code or the requirements of Subsection (f)(1)(A) above.
 - (3) This Section shall not limit the removal of any underground storage tank at a service station where removal of the tank is required to comply with any other local, State, or Federal law or regulation or where the Director of Public Health or a State or Federal regulatory agency with jurisdiction over underground storage tanks determines that the tank poses, or removal of the tank is necessary to mitigate, a threat to public health or safety, including but not limited to waters of the State. All appropriate permits (other than the authorizations required by this Section for conversions) shall be obtained prior to such authorized tank removals. The removal of an underground tank pursuant to this Section does not otherwise exempt a property owner from the requirement of obtaining Conditional Use authorization to convert an Automotive Service Station.

SEC. <u>202.6</u> <u>233</u> LIVE/WORK UNITS.

No City official, department, board or commission shall issue or approve a building permit or other land use entitlement authorizing a new Live/Work Unit, as defined in Section 102.13 of this Code, except as authorized as an accessory use under Section 204.4. Lawfully approved Live/Work Units are subject to the nonconforming use provisions of Section 181 of this Code.

SEC. <u>202.7.</u> <u>230</u> DEMOLITION OF INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS IN PDR DISTRICTS, REPLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS.

(a) In order to preserve the existing stock of buildings suitable for industrial activities and to create new viable space for *iI*ndustrial <u>Uses operations</u>, <u>as defined in Section 102</u>, in PDR Districts, an industrial building that is not unsound and is proposed for demolition must be replaced by a new building that complies with the criteria set forth below:

- (1) If the building proposed for demolition represents greater than 0.4 FAR, then the replacement building shall include at least one square foot of $i\underline{I}$ ndustrial $u\underline{U}$ se for each square foot of $i\underline{I}$ ndustrial $u\underline{U}$ se in the building proposed for demolition.
 - (2) If the building proposed for demolition represents 0.4 FAR or less, then the replacement building shall include at least two square feet of $i\underline{I}$ ndustrial $u\underline{U}$ se for each square foot of $i\underline{I}$ ndustrial $u\underline{U}$ se in the building proposed for demolition.
- (b) **Definitions.** For the purpose of this $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ubsection, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) Unsound shall refer to buildings in which rehabilitation would cost fifty 50 percent (50%) or more to construct a comparable building.
- (2) For purposes of this section, industrial use shall refer to any legally authorized use of a building or portion of a building that is included in Planning Code Sections 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227(a), 227(b), 227(c), 227(t), and 227(u).
- $\frac{3}{4}$ An industrial building shall mean any building containing any $\frac{1}{4}$ Industrial $\frac{1}{4}$ Use.

SEC. 204. ACCESSORY USES, GENERAL.

Subject to the limitations set forth in this Code, and especially as specified in Sections 204.1 through 204.5, a related minor use $\frac{102}{100}$ is either (a) necessary to the operation or enjoyment of a lawful principal use or conditional use, or (b) appropriate, incidental, and subordinate to any such use, and (c) in the case of Internet Services Exchange as defined in Section $\frac{102}{100}$, which use does not exceed 25,000 gross square feet of floor area or use more than two megawatts of back-up power generators, shall be permitted as an accessory use when located on the same $\frac{100}{100}$, provided, however, that in the Outer Clement Neighborhood Commercial District the storage of materials for a commercial use shall be permitted as an accessory use if the storage occurred prior to 1985, if it is within 200 feet of

the use to which it is accessory, if it is accessible to the principal permitted use without the use of a public sidewalk or other public right-of-way, and if the provision of storage would not conflict with the provisions of Section 145.1 relating to street frontage in N-C Districts. In PDR Districts, accessory uses to non-Oeffice uses (as defined in Section 102-890.70) may occupy space whichthat is non-contiguous or on a different story as the principal use so long as the accessory use is located in the same building as the principal use and complies with all other restrictions applicable to such accessory uses.

SEC. 204.1. ACCESSORY USES FOR DWELLINGS IN R OR NC ALL DISTRICTS.

No use shall be permitted as an accessory use to a dwelling unit in any *R or NC* District *whichthat* involves or requires any of the following:

- (a) Any construction features or alterations not residential in character;
- (b) The use of more than <u>4-one-third</u> of the total floor area of the dwelling unit, except in the case of accessory off-street parking and loading or Neighborhood Agriculture as defined by Section 102.35;
- (c) The employment of any person not resident in the dwelling unit, other than a domestic servant, gardener, janitor, or other person concerned in the operation or maintenance of the dwelling unit. <u>except in the case of a Cottage Food Operation</u>, <u>which allows the employment of one employee, not including a family member or household members of the Cottage Food Operation</u>;
- (d) Residential occupancy by persons other than those specified in the definition of family in this Code;
- (e) In RH-1(D), RH-1, and RH-1(S) Districts, the provision of any room for a roomer or boarder with access other than from within the dwelling unit;
- (f) Addition of a building manager's unit, unless such unit meets all the normal requirements of this Code for dwelling units;

2	Neighborhood Agriculture as defined by Section 102.35, or materials and products related to a
3	Cottage Food Operation; Or
4	(h) $t\bar{I}$ he use of show windows or window displays or advertising to attract customers or
5	clients; or
6	($h\underline{i}$) The conduct of a business office open to the public other than sales related to
7	garden produce of Neighborhood Agriculture as defined by Section 102:35, or the finished
8	products of a Cottage Food Operation; Or
9	(ij) A Medical Cannabis Dispensary as defined in Section 102 209.3(k) and 217(k) of this
10	Code.
11	Provided, however, that Subsection $(\frac{h}{l})$ of this Section shall not exclude the
12	maintenance within a $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit of the office of a professional person who resides
13	therein, if accessible only from within the dwelling unit; and provided, further, that Subsection
14	(\underline{gh}) shall not exclude the display of signs permitted by Article 6 of this Code.
15	SEC. 204.2. ACCESSORY USES FOR USES OTHER THAN DWELLINGS IN
16	RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS.
17	No use shall be permitted as an accessory use to a use other than a dwelling in any
18	Residential District <i>that which</i> involves or requires any of the following:
19	(a) The use of more than one-fourth of the total floor area occupied by such use and
20	the principal or conditional use to which it is accessory, except in the case of accessory off-
21	street parking and loading;
22	(b) The use of show windows or window displays or advertising to attract customers or
23	clients, except for an identifying sign and regulated in Article 6 of this Code; or
24	

The maintenance of a stock in trade other than garden produce related to

25

1

(g)

1	(c) The conduct of any activity of a profit-making or commercial nature, except as an
2	integral part of the permitted principal or conditional use where such activity is expressly
3	permitted by the Zoning Control Table for the district Sections 209.1 through 209.9 of this Code; or
4	(d) A Medical Cannabis Dispensary as defined in Section 102 209.3(k) and 217(k) of this
5	Code.
6	SEC. 204.3. ACCESSORY USES <u>FOR USES OTHER THAN DWELLINGS</u> IN C, <u>RC,</u> M, AND
7	PDR DISTRICTS.
8	(a) No use shall be permitted as an accessory use to a lawful principal or conditional
9	use in any Commercial or Residential-Commercial C-1 or C-2 District that which involves or
10	requires any of the following:
11	(1) The total employment for such accessory use of more than five persons in a C-1
12	District, or more than 10 persons in a C-2 District;
13	(2) The use of any single machine of more than one horsepower in a C-1 District, or
14	more than 2½ horsepower in a C-2 District;
15	(3) The use of machines in any one establishment in an aggregate of more than five
16	horsepower in a C-1 District, or more than 10 horsepower in a C-2 District;
17	$\frac{(4)}{(1)}$ The use of more than $\frac{1}{4}$ one-third of the total floor area occupied by such
18	use and the principal or conditional use to which it is accessory, except in the case of
19	accessory off-street parking or loading; or
20	(2) Any noise, vibration, or unhealthful emissions extending beyond the premises of the
21	<u>use.</u>
22	(5) The production of goods not intended primarily for retail sale or use on the
23	premises.
24	(b) No use shall be permitted as an accessory use to a lawful principal or conditional use in
25	any C-3 District which involves or requires the use of any single machine of more than five

horsepower; or the use of more than 1/4 one-third of the total floor area occupied by such use and the
principal or conditional use to which it is accessory, except in the case of accessory off-street parking
and loading. These limitations shall not apply to equipment or machines pertaining integrally to the
lawful principal use itself.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 227(h) and (i) and 260(b)(2)(l) and (M) of this Code, an accessory use to a lawful principal or conditional use in any C or M District which involves or requires the installation of a tower or antenna solely for the reception of radio and television broadcasts for the exclusive benefit of the residents or occupants in the building on which the antenna is placed shall be permitted without regard to the height of such tower or antenna and without regard to the proximity of such tower or antenna to any R District.

(d) (b) No use shall be permitted as an accessory use to a lawful principal or conditional use in any PDR District that which involves or requires the use of more than one-third (1/3) of the total floor area occupied by such use and the principal or conditional use to which it is accessory, except in the case of accessory retail, off-street parking, and loading. Multiple PDR uses within a single building or development may combine their accessory retail allotment into one or more shared retail spaces, provided that the total allotment of accessory retail space per use does not exceed what otherwise would be permitted by this Section.

SEC. 205.2. TEMPORARY USES: ONE- OR TWO-YEAR LIMIT.

A temporary use may be authorized for a period not to exceed two years for any of the following uses:

- (a) Temporary structures and uses incidental to the construction of a group of buildings on the same or adjacent premises;
- (b) Rental or sales office incidental to a new residential development, not including the conduct of a general real estate business; provided, that it be located within the development,

(c) In any M-1 or M-2 District, an \underline{aA} utomobile \underline{wW} recking \underline{use} operation covered by \underline{as} $\underline{defined\ in}$ Section $\underline{102}\ 225(p)$ of this Code, provided, if the operation would be a conditional use in the district in question, that the Zoning Administrator determines the operation will meet within 90 days of commencing operation all conditions applicable to such use in that district.

SEC. 205.4. TEMPORARY USES: INTERMITTENT ACTIVITIES.

An intermittent activity is an outdoor use which, while occasional, occurs with some routine or regularity. Intermittent activities include, but are not limited to, the following uses: mobile food facilities, farmers markets, and open-air craft markets. Such uses typically require additional authorization(s) from other City Departments. An intermittent activity may be authorized as a temporary use for a period not to exceed one year.

- (a) In all Districts other than RH, RM, RED, and RTO Districts an intermittent activity is permissible if it satisfies all of the following conditions:
- (1) It shall not be located within a \underline{Bb} uilding as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ $\underline{102.3}$ of this Code.
- (2) It shall not be located on the property for more than either: (i) six (6) calendar days for longer than 12 hours per day in any seven 7-day period; or (ii) three (3) calendar days for longer than 24 hours per day in any seven 7-day period. At the time of application, the applicant shall designate in writing which of the foregoing options shall apply to the activity. No changes shall be made during the authorization period without first filing a new application.
- (A) The time periods referenced in Subsection (a)(2) each constitute complete calendar days and apply without regard to whether the activity is open to the public or whether the activity is located on the subject property for consecutive days.

1	(B) Days of unused authorization cannot be stored or credited, and any
2	portion of a day that the intermittent activity is located at the subject property shall count
3	toward the 12-hour or the 24-hour limit of Subsection (a)(2).
4	(C) This Subsection (a)(2) shall not apply to any $m\underline{M}$ obile $f\underline{F}$ ood $f\underline{F}$ acility
5	located within a Public (P) District that together with any directly adjoining P District(s)
6	contains more than one (1) acre.
7	(3) It shall be open for business only during the hours of operation permitted as
8	a principal use for the District in which it is located, if any such hourly limits exist.
9	(4) If located in a District that is subject to any of the neighborhood notification
10	requirements as set forth in Section 312 of this Code, notification pursuant to Section 312 shall
11	be required as follows:
12	(A) Notification shall be required if the vending space, as defined below,
13	would exceed 300 square feet.
14	(B) Notification shall be required if any portion of the vending space
15	would be located within 50 feet of an RH, RM, RED, or RTO District. Distances to RH, RM,
16	RED, and RTO Districts shall be measured from the extreme perimeter of any vending space
17	to the nearest property line of any parcel which is partially or wholly so zoned.
18	(C) For purposes of this Section, "Vending Space" shall be defined as
19	the entire area within a single rectangular perimeter formed by extending lines around the
20	extreme limits of all carts, vehicles, tables, chairs, or other equipment associated with all
21	intermittent activities located on the parcel.
22	(D) Notwithstanding Subsections (4)(A) and (B) above, and in order to
23	eliminate redundant notification notification shall not be required for the resumption of an

intermittent activity or the extension of time for an intermittent activity when all of the following

criteria are met: (i) an intermittent activity is currently authorized on the property or has been

24

- authorized on the property within the 12 months immediately preceding the filing of an application for resumption or extension; (ii) the existing or recent intermittent activity lawfully exceeds or exceeded the thresholds of Subsections (4)(A) and/or (B), above, and was the subject of neighborhood notice under Section 312 at the time of its establishment; and (iii) the intermittent activity would not further exceed the thresholds of Subsections (4)(A) and/or (B), above.
- (b) An intermittent activity is allowed in a RH, RM, RED, and RTO District only if it: (1) satisfies all the conditions set forth in Subsection (a); and (2) is located on a parcel that contains or is part of a <u>Hospital medical institution</u>, as defined in Section <u>102–209.3(a)</u>, or a <u>pPost-sSecondary eEducational iInstitution</u>, as defined in Section <u>102–209.3(i)</u>. An intermittent activity authorized under this Subsection shall not operate between the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.
- **SEC 206.** (RESERVED).
 - SEC. 207. DENSITY OF DWELLING UNITS IN R DISTRICTS.
 - The density of dwelling units permitted in the various *R*-Districts shall be as set forth in the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located Sections 207.1, 207.2, 207.5 and 209.1 of this Code. The term "dDwelling #Unit" is defined in Section 102-102.7 of this Code.
 - SEC. 207.1. RULES FOR CALCULATION OF DWELLING UNIT DENSITIES.
 - In districts that establish a maximum dwelling unit density, the following rules shall apply in the calculation of dwelling unit densities under this Code:
 - (a) The entire amount of lot area per $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit specified by the Code shall be required for each $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit on the lot. A remaining fraction of one-half or more of the minimum amount of lot area per $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{n}$ it shall be adjusted upward to the next higher whole number of $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nits.

- 6
- 8 9

- 10 11
- 12

13

- 14 15
- 16

17

- 18 19 20
- 22

21

- 23 24
- 25

specified in the Code may be located on a single lot, either in one structure or in separate

(b) Where permitted by this Code, two or more of the dwelling and other housing uses

- structures, provided that the specified density limits are not exceeded by the total of such
- combined uses. Where dD welling dD we well dD welling dD welling dD welling dD welling dD we well dD welling dD we well dD we w
- permitted density for dD welling dD wel
- lot area according to the quantities of these two uses that are combined on the lot.
- (c) Where any portion of a lot is narrower than five feet, such a portion shall not be counted as part of the lot area for purposes of calculating the permitted dwelling density.
- (d) No private right-of-way used as the principal vehicular access to two or more lots shall be counted as part of the lot area of any such lot for purposes of calculating the permitted dwelling unit density.
- (e) Where a lot is divided by a use district boundary line, the dwelling unit density limit for each district shall be applied to the portion of the lot in that district, and none of the *dD*welling *HU*nits attributable to the district permitting the greater density shall be located in the district permitting the lesser density.
- (f) For projects that are not located in any RH-1 or RH-2 zoning district, or are not seeking and receiving a density bonus under the provisions of California Government Code Section 65915, where 20 percent or more of the dD welling dD with on-site are "Affordable Units," the on-site Affordable Units shall not count towards the calculation of dwelling unit density. This Planning Code Section does not provide exceptions to any other Planning Code requirements such as height or bulk. For purposes of Section 207.1, "Affordable Units" shall be defined as meeting (1) the criteria of Section 406(b); (2) the requirements of Section 415 et seq. for on-site units; or (3) restricted units in a project using California Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC) tax-exempt bond financing and 4 percent tax credits under the Tax Credit Allocation Committee (TCAC). If a project sponsor proposes to provide "Affordable

Units" that are not restricted by any other program, in order to receive the benefit of the
additional density permitted under this Subsection (f) or Subsection (g), the project sponsor
shall elect and the Planning Department and MOHCD shall be authorized to enforce,
restricting the units as affordable under Planning Code Section 415.6 up to a maximum of 20
percent of the units in the principal project. The project sponsor shall make such election
through the procedures described in Section 415.5(g) including submitting an Affidavit of
Compliance indicating the project sponsor's election to pursue the benefits of Subsection (f) or
(g) and committing to 20% on-site units restricted under Section 415.6 prior to approval by the
Planning Commission or Planning Department staff. If a project sponsor obtains the
exemption from the density calculation for Affordable Units provided in this subsection, the
exemption shall be recorded against the property. Any later request to decrease the number
of Affordable Units shall require the project to go back to the Planning Commission or
Planning Department, whichever entity approved the project as a whole.

- (g) In RTO Districts, on-site $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nits that are "Affordable Units," as defined in Subsection (f), shall not count toward density calculations or be limited by lot area.
- (h) Double Density for Senior Housing in RH, RM, and RC Districts. Senior Housing, as defined in and meeting all the criteria and conditions defined in Section 102 of this Code, is permitted up to twice the dwelling unit density otherwise permitted for the District.

Projects in RC Districts or within one-quarter of a mile from an RC or NC-2 (Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District) zoned area or higher, including named Neighborhood Commercial Districts, and located in an area with adequate access to services including but not limited to transit, shopping, and medical facilities, shall be principally permitted. Projects in RH and RM Districts located more than one-quarter of a mile from an RC or NCD-2 (Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District) zoned area or higher, including named Neighborhood Commercial Districts, shall require Conditional Use authorization.

SEC. 207.2. SECOND UNITS.

(a) Second units, as defined and referred to in Government Code Section 65852.2, are precluded in RH-1(D) and RH-1 zoned areas, except <u>for</u> where second units are currently permitted under Section 209.1(m) or (n) for units designed for and occupied by senior citizens ("Senior Housing" as defined by Section 102) and except as may hereafter be permitted by later amendments to this Code governing second units.

* * * *

- (15) There are no large districts suitable for the provision of second units, but instead there are small subareas which must be reviewed on a case-by-case basis with community participation in the review process. A case-by-case review is needed in order to determine those areas of the City where the traffic congestion problems described above would be least likely to occur and where second units may therefore be permitted without adverse impact to the public. Furthermore:
- (A) The Planning Code presently permits a secondary unit in all single-family homes in RH-1(S) (House, One-Family with Minor Second Unit), RH-2 (House, Two-Family) and RH-3 (House, Three-Family) Districts no matter what the lot size. Second units in single-family homes are permitted in all other multifamily residential districts (all RM and RC Districts), depending on the size of the lot.
- (B) The Planning Code Section 209.1(c) permits the mapping of the RH-1(S) (House, One-Family with Minor Second Unit) District. These RH-1(S) Zoning Districts provide for a two-family dwelling with the second dwelling limited to 600 square feet of net floor area. The second unit remains subordinate to the owner's unit and the structures retain the appearance of single-family dwellings. The RH-1(S) Zoning District has been mapped in four areas of the City. Additional mapping of the RH-1(S) Zoning District may be used to

1	legalize existing secondary units in single-family homes and to increase the number of
2	secondary units.
3	(C) Dwellings specifically designed for and occupied by senior citizens
4	("Senior Housing") are presently permitted at a density ratio or number of dD welling dD with dD in dD welling dD welling dD in dD well dD we dD we dD we dD we dD we dD well dD we dD well dD
5	exceeding twice the number of $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nits otherwise permitted as a principal use in the
6	district by the City-Planning Code (Section 209.1(m) and (n).
7	* * * *
8	SEC. 207.6. REQUIRED MINIMUM DWELLING UNIT MIX IN RTO, RCD, NCT, DTR, AND
9	EASTERN NEIGHBORHOODS MIXED USE DISTRICTS.
10	* * * *
11	(b) Applicability.
12	(1) This Section shall apply in the RTO, RCD, NCT, DTR, and Eastern
13	Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts.
14	(2) This Section shall apply to all applications for building permits and/or
15	Planning Commission entitlements \underline{that} \underline{which} propose the creation of five or more \underline{dD} welling
16	<i>u</i> <u>U</u> nits.
17	(3) This Section does not apply to buildings for which 100 percent of the
18	residential uses are: $g\underline{G}$ roup $h\underline{H}$ ousing, $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nits \underline{that} $which$ are provided at below
19	market rates pursuant to Section 406(b)(1) of this Code, Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Units
20	Student Housing (as defined in Sec. 102.36), (all as defined in Section 102 of this Code) or housing
21	specifically and permanently designated for seniors or persons with physical disabilities.
22	* * * *
23	
24	
25	

SEC. 208. DENSITY LIMITATIONS FOR GROUP HOUSING.

Except for single room occupancy units in the South of Market Mixed Use Districts, the density limitations for gGroup hHousing, as described in Sections $\underline{102}$ $\underline{209.2(a)}$, $\underline{(b)}$, and $\underline{(c)}$, 790.88(b) and 890.88(b) of this Code, shall be as follows:

(a) The maximum number of $b\underline{B}$ edrooms on each $t\underline{L}$ ot shall be as specified in the $t\underline{L}$ ot is located, except that in RTO, RTO-M, RCD, UMU, MUG, WMUG, MUR, MUO, WMUO, RED, RED-MX, SPD, DTR, and all NCT $t\underline{L}$ is in NC Districts the density of $t\underline{L}$ ousing shall not be limited by lot area, and except that for $t\underline{L}$ ots in NC Districts, the group housing density shall not exceed the number of $t\underline{L}$ be less than the amount permitted by the ratio specified for the NC District in which the lot is located.

Table 208 MAXIMUM DENSITY FOR GROUP HOUSING

	Minimum Number of Square Feet of Lot
District	Area for Each Bedroom
RH-2	415
RH-3, RM-1, RC-1	275
RM-2, RC-2	210
RM-3, RC-3	140
RM-4, RC-4	70
-	-
NC-1	275
NC-2	-

1	NC-S	-
2	Inner Sunset	_
3	Sacramento Street	
4		-
5	West Portal Avenue	-
6	_	_
7	NC-3	210
8	NC-S	
9		-
10	Castro Street	-
11	Inner Clement Street	-
12	Outer Clement Street	
13		-
14	Upper Fillmore Street	-
15	Haight Street	-
16	Union Street	
17	24.1 C N IV II	-
18	24th Street Noe Valley	-
19	-	-
20	Broadway	140
21	Upper Market Street	-
22	North Beach	
23		-
24	Polk Street	-

-	-
Chinatown Community Business	70
Chinatown Residential	-
Neighborhood Commercial	-
Chinatown Visitor Retail	-
-	-
RSD, SLR, SLI and SSO	70

- (b) For purposes of calculating the maximum density for $g\underline{G}$ roup $h\underline{H}$ ousing as set forth herein in this Section 208, the number of $b\underline{B}$ edrooms on a $l\underline{L}$ ot shall in no case be considered to be less than one $b\underline{B}$ edroom for each two beds. Where the actual number of beds exceeds an average of two beds for each $b\underline{B}$ edroom, each two beds shall be considered equivalent to one $b\underline{B}$ edroom.
- (c) The rules for calculation of dwelling unit densities set forth in Section 207.1 shall also apply in calculation of the density limitations for gGroup hHousing, except that in NC Districts, any remaining fraction of gG or more of the maximum amount of lot area per gG or more shall be adjusted upward to the next higher whole number of gG or g
- (d) The group housing density in all RTO Districts and all NCT Districts, as listed in Section 702.1(b), shall not be limited by lot area, but by the applicable requirements and limitations elsewhere in this Code, including but not limited to height, bulk, setbacks, open space, and exposure, as well as by the Residential Design Guidelines in RTO <u>dDistricts</u>, other applicable design guidelines, applicable elements and area plans of the General Plan, and design review by the Planning Department.

1	SEC. <u>209.</u> 206. DESCRIPTION AND PURPOSE OF RESIDENTIAL <u>AND RESIDENTIAL</u>
2	<u>COMMERCIAL</u> DISTRICTS.
3	The following statements of description and purpose outline the main functions of the
4	Residential and Residential-Commercial (Residential) Districts in the zoning plan for San
5	Francisco, supplementing the statements of purpose contained in Section 101 of this Code.
6	(a) Purpose. These dD istricts are established for purposes of implementing the
7	Residence element and other elements of the General Plan, according to the objectives,
8	principles, and policies stated therein. Among these purposes are the following:
9	(a) (1) Preservation, improvement, and maintenance of the existing housing
10	stock through protection of neighborhood environments and encouragement of sound
11	ownership practices and rehabilitation efforts;
12	(b) (2) Recognition and protection of the architectural characteristics and
13	densities of existing residential areas;
14	(c) (3) Maximizing of housing choice by assuring the availability of quality owner
15	and rental housing of various kinds, suitable for a whole range of household types, lifestyles,
16	and economic levels;
17	(d) (4) Encouragement of residential development that will meet outstanding
18	community needs, provide adequate indoor and outdoor spaces for its occupants, and relate
19	well to the character and scale of existing neighborhoods and structures; and
20	(e) (5) Promotion of balanced and convenient neighborhoods having appropriate
21	public improvements and services, suitable nonresidential activities that are compatible with
22	housing and meet the needs of residents, and other amenities that contribute to the livability
23	of residential areas.

Additional purposes for Eastern Neighborhoods and South of Market Mixed Use Districts are listed in

Article 8 of this Code.

24

(b) Uses and Features Permitted in Residential and Residential-Commercial Districts. The uses and features permitted in Residential and Residential-Commercial Districts are listed in the Zoning Control Tables in Sections 209.1 through 209.4

SEC. 209.1. 206.1 RH (RESIDENTIAL, HOUSE) DISTRICTS.

These <u>dD</u>istricts are intended to recognize, protect, conserve, and enhance areas characterized by dwellings in the form of houses, usually with one, two, or three units with separate entrances, and limited scale in terms of building width and height. Such areas tend to have similarity of building styles and predominantly contain large units suitable for family occupancy, considerable open space, and limited nonresidential uses. The RH Districts are composed of five separate classes of districts, as follows:

RH-1(D) Districts: One-Family (Detached Dwellings). These <u>#Districts</u> are characterized by lots of greater width and area than in other parts of the City, and by single-family houses with side yards. The structures are relatively large, but rarely exceed 35 feet in height. Ground level open space and landscaping at the front and rear are usually abundant. Much of the development has been in sizable tracts with similarities of building style and narrow streets following the contours of hills. In some cases, private covenants have controlled the nature of development and helped to maintain the street areas.

RH-1 Districts: One-Family. These $\underline{d}\underline{\mathcal{D}}$ istricts are occupied almost entirely by single-family houses on lots 25 feet in width, without side yards. Floor sizes and building styles vary, but tend to be uniform within tracts developed in distinct time periods. Though built on separate lots, the structures have the appearance of small-scale row housing, rarely exceeding 35 feet in height. Front setbacks are common, and ground level open space is generous. In most cases, the single-family character of these $\underline{d}\underline{\mathcal{D}}$ istricts has been maintained for a considerable time.

RH-1(S) Districts: One-Family with Minor Second Unit. These <u>#Districts</u> are similar in character to RH-1 Districts, except that a small second dwelling unit has been installed in many structures, usually by conversion of a ground-story space formerly part of the main unit or devoted to storage. The second unit remains subordinate to the owner's unit and may house one or two persons related to the owner or be rented to others. Despite these conversions, the structures retain the appearance of single-family dwellings.

RH-2 Districts: Two-Family. These $d\underline{D}$ istricts are devoted to one-family and two-family houses, with the latter commonly consisting of two large flats, one occupied by the owner and the other available for rental. Structures are finely scaled and usually do not exceed 25 feet in width or 40 feet in height. Building styles are often more varied than in single-family areas, but certain streets and tracts are quite uniform. Considerable ground-level open space is available, and it frequently is private for each unit. The $d\underline{D}$ istricts may have easy access to shopping facilities and transit lines. In some cases, $g\underline{G}$ roup $h\underline{H}$ ousing and institutions are found in these areas, although nonresidential uses tend to be quite limited.

RH-3 Districts: Three-Family. These <u>dDistricts</u> have many similarities to RH-2 Districts, but structures with three units are common in addition to one-family and two-family houses. The predominant form is large flats rather than apartments, with lots 25 feet wide, a fine or moderate scale, and separate entrances for each unit. Building styles tend to be varied but complementary to one another. Outdoor space is available at ground level, and also on decks and balconies for individual units. Nonresidential uses are more common in these areas than in RH-2 Districts.

2

ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR RH DISTRICTS

Table 209.1

3							
4	Zoning Category	§ References	<u>RH-1 (D)</u>	<u>RH-1</u>	<u>RH-1(S)</u>	<u>RH-2</u>	<u>RH-3</u>
5	BUILDING STANDA	RDS					
6	Massing and Setbacks	<u>S</u>					
7 8	Height and Bulk Limits.	§§ 102, 105, 106, 250-252, 253, 260,	taller than 35	ricts, buildings feet. Per § 26 decreased or in	1 the height	Generally 40 feet. Height	Generally 40 feet
9		261, 270, 271. See also	based on tope buildings ma	ography. In Ri y not be taller	H-2 Districts, than 40 feet.	<u>Limits in</u> § 261	
10 11		Height and Bulk District Maps		e height limit m sed on topogra		<u>apply</u>	
12	<u>Front Setback</u>	§§ 131, 132	property has	a Legislated S	ge of adjacent p etback. When j	front setback i	is based on
13			than 15 feet.	oerties, in no c	ase shall the re	equirea setbac	k be greater
14	<u>Rear Yard</u>	§§ 130, 134	25% of lot de 15 feet	pth, but in no c	case less than	45% of lot d average of a	<u>djacent</u>
15 16						neighbors. In no less than feet, whicher	25% or 15
17	Side Yard	<u>§ 133</u>	<u>Required</u>	Not Required	<u>l</u>	greater.	
18			for lots 28 feet and wider.				
19			Width of side				
20			setback depends on				
21	Street Frontage and F	ublic Realm	width of lot.				
22	Front Setback	<u>§ 132</u>	-		Front Setback s	•	
23	Landscaping and Permeability Pagainaments		•		iltration and 20 plant material,		etback shall
24	Requirements Street Frontage Requirements	<u>§ 144</u>		generally. Ad Uses, as specif	dditional requir	rements apply	to Limited
25	<u>requi ements</u>		Commercial	cses, as specif	100 III Y 100.		

Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access restrictions	§ 155(r)	As specifi	ied in § 155(r)			
Parking Lot	<u>§ 156</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Miscellaneous</u>						
Large project review- Projects over 40 feet in height	§§ 121.5, 253		oublic rights-oj an 1/2 acre. (§	f-way may be ro 121.5 <u>)</u>	equired for De	velopment <u>I</u>
<u>Planned Unit</u>	<u>§ 304</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Development</u>						
<u>Awning</u>	<u>§ 136</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>
Canopy or Marquee	<u>§ 136</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
<u>Signs</u>	§ 606	As permit	tted by Section	8 606	•	

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>RH-1 (D)</u>	<u>RH-1</u>	<u>RH-1(S)</u>	<u>RH-2</u>	<u>RH-3</u>
RESIDENTIAL STAN	NDARDS AND	D USES				
Development Standard	<u>ls</u>					
Usable Open Space [Per Dwelling Unit]	§§ 135, 136	At least 300 square feet if private, and 400 square feet if common.	At least 300 square feet if private, and 400 square feet if common.	At least 300 square feet for the first unit and 100 for the minor second unit if private, and 400 square feet for the first unit and 133 square feet for the second unit if common.	At least 125 square feet if private, and 166 square feet if common.	At least 100 square feet if private, and 133 square feet if common.
Parking Requirements	§§ 151, 161		minimum of on tain exception.	e space for eve		<u>nit</u>
Residential Conversion, Demolition, or Merger	<u>§ 317</u>	Loss of 1-2 u	nits Mandatory	DR/Loss of 3	or more units	<u>C</u>
<u>Use Characteristics</u>						
Single Room Occupancy	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>

	Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u> P</u>	<u> P</u>	<u> P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
1	Residential Uses						
2 3	Residential Density, Dwelling Units	<u>§ 207</u>	One unit per lot.	P up to one unit per lot. C up to one unit per	P up to two units per lot, if the second unit	P up to two units per lot. C up to one	P up to two units per lot. C up to
5				3,000 square feet of lot area, with no	is 600 sq. ft. or less. C up to one unit per	unit per 1,500 square feet of lot area.	one unit per 1,000 square feet of lot
6 7				more than three units per lot.	3,000 square feet of lot area, with no		area.
8 9					more than three units per lot.		
10 11 12	Senior Housing	§§ 102, 202.2(f)	principal use § 202.2(f)(1). permitted as requirements	the number of in the district C up to twice a principal use of Section § 2 D)(iv), related	and meeting al the number of in the district 202.2(f)(1) exce	l the requirem dwelling units and meeting a	ents of otherwise
13 14 15 16 17	Residential Density, Group Housing	<u>§ 208</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	C. up to one bedroom for every 415 square feet of lot area.	C, up to one bedroom for every 275 square feet of lot area.
18							
19	Zoning Category	<u>\$Reference</u> <u>s</u>	<u>RH-1 (D)</u>	<u>RH-1</u>	<u>RH-1(S)</u>	<u>RH-2</u>	<u>RH-3</u>
20	NON-RESIDENTIAL		S AND USE	E <u>S</u>			
21	Development Standard Floor Area Ratio	<u>as</u> §§ 102.9,	1.8 to 1	1.8 to 1	1.8 to 1	1.8 to 1	1.8 to 1
22		102.11, 123, 124					
23 24	Off-Street Parking,	§§ 150, 151, 161	-	umber of space ermitted per § 1		y use per § 15	1. Certain
4	<u> </u>	1	1				

<u>Utility and Infrastruct</u> <u>Utility and</u>	<u> § 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Service* Utility and Infrastruct	una Usa Cata	l a company					
Non-Retail Sales and	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
<u>Mortuary</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	
Mobile Food Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	
<u>Hotel</u>	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C(4)</u>	<u>C(4)</u>	
<u>Uses*</u>	0.111						
Sales and Service Cate Retail Sales and Service	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
<u>School</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Residential Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	
Religious Institution	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
<u>Public Facilities</u>	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Institution	<u>§ 102</u>						
<u>Hospital</u> Post Secondary Ed.	§ 102 § 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u> <u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u> <u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Community Facility	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Child Care Facility	§ 102	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	
Institutional Uses*	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	NP	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Institutional Use Cate							
Industrial Uses *	<u>§102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Recreation Industrial Use Catego	rv						
<u>Passive Outdoor</u> Recreation	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Open Recreation Area	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Recreation Uses*							
Entertainment, Arts and Entertainment, Arts and	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Parking Garage, Private Entertainment, Arts at				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	§ 102	C	C	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Automotive Uses*	§ 102	NP	NP	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	NP	
Neighborhood Automotive Use Categ	202.2(c)						
Agriculture,	<u>202.2(c)</u> §§ 102,	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Agricultural Uses*	<u>§§ 102,</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Agricultural Use Cate	gorv						
		condition	ally permitted	<u>in historic buil</u>	dings subject i	to § 186.3	
		requirements of § 186. Limited Commercial Uses may be					

Infrastructure*						
<u>Internet Service</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Exchange</u>						
<u>Utility Installation</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Wireless</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Telecommunication</u>						
Services Facility						

* Not listed below.

SEC. 209.2. 206.2. RM (RESIDENTIAL, MIXED) DISTRICTS.

These $d\underline{D}$ istricts are intended to recognize, protect, conserve, and enhance areas characterized by a mixture of houses and apartment buildings, covering a range of densities and building forms according to the individual district designations. Despite the range of densities and building sizes, most structures are of a scale that respects the traditional lot patterns, open spaces, and articulation of façades typical of San Francisco neighborhoods. These $d\underline{D}$ istricts provide unit sizes and types suitable for a variety of households, and contain supporting nonresidential uses. The RM Districts are composed of four separate classes of districts, as follows:

RM-1 Districts: Low Density. These $\frac{dD}{d}$ istricts contain a mixture of the dwelling types found in RH Districts, but in addition have a significant number of apartment buildings that broaden the range of unit sizes and the variety of structures. A pattern of 25-foot to 35-foot building widths is retained, however, and structures rarely exceed 40 feet in height. The overall density of units remains low; buildings are moderately scaled and segmented, and units or groups of units have separate entrances. Outdoor space tends to be available at ground and upper levels regardless of the age and form of structures. Shopping facilities and

⁽¹⁾ P for Limited Commercial Uses per § 136.1(a) only; otherwise NP.

⁽²⁾ C required for 15 or more children.

⁽³⁾ C required for 7 or more persons.

⁽⁴⁾ C for 5 or fewer guest rooms or suites of rooms; NP for 6 or more guest rooms.

⁽⁵⁾ Use must be located on a parcel that contains a Hospital or a Post-Secondary Educational Institution, additional operating restrictions apply.

⁽⁶⁾ Must be located on a landmark site, and where the site is within a Height and Bulk District of 40 feet or less, and where a columbarium use has lawfully and continuously operated since the time of designation.

transit lines may be found within a short distance of these districts. Nonresidential uses are often present to provide for the needs of residents.

RM-2 Districts: Moderate Density. These <u>dDistricts</u> are generally similar to RM-1 Districts, but the overall density of units is greater and the mixture of building types and unit sizes is more pronounced. Building widths and scales remain moderate, and considerable outdoor space is still available. The unit density permitted requires careful design of new structures in order to provide adequate amenities for the residents. Where nonresidential uses are present, they tend to offer services for wider areas than in RM-1 Districts.

RM-3 Districts: Medium Density. These #Districts have some smaller structures, but are predominantly devoted to apartment buildings of 6, 8, 10, or more units. Most of these districts are close to downtown and have been developed in this manner for some time. The units vary in size, but tend to be smaller than in RM-1 and RM-2 Districts. Many buildings exceed 40 feet in height, and in some cases additional buildings over that height may be accommodated without disruption of the district character. Although lots and buildings wider than 25 or 35 feet are common, the scale often remains moderate through sensitive façade design and segmentation. Open spaces are smaller, but decks and balconies are used to advantage for many units. Supporting nonresidential uses are often found in these areas.

RM-4 Districts: High Density. These <u>dDistricts</u> are devoted almost exclusively to apartment buildings of high density, usually with smaller units, close to downtown. Buildings over 40 feet in height are very common, and other tall buildings may be accommodated in some instances. Despite the intensity of development, distinct building styles and moderation of façades are still to be sought in new development, as are open areas for the residents. Group housing is especially common in these districts, as well as supporting nonresidential uses.

<u>Table 209.2</u>

ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR RM DISTRICTS

Zoning Category BUILDING STANDAR	<u>§ References</u> DS	<u>RM-1</u>	<u>RM-2</u>	<u>RM-3</u>	<u>RM-4</u>	
Massing and Setbacks						
Height and Bulk Limits	\$\\$ 102, 105, 106, 250—252, 260, 261, 270, 271	Varies, See He	ight and Bulk Ma	ip and referenced	<u>l sections</u>	
Front Setback	<u> §§ 131, 132</u>	has a Legislate	age of adjacent pa ed Setback. When erties, in no case s 5 feet.	front setback is	based on	
<u>Rear Yard</u>	<u>§§ 130, 134</u>	adjacent neigh averaged, no le	th or average of bors. If ess than 25% of feet, whichever	25% of lot dept case less than		
Side Yard	<u>§ 133</u>	Not Required		l .		
Street Frontage and Put	blic Realm					
Front Setback Landscaping and Permeability Requirements	<u>§ 132</u>	increase storm	f Front Setback s -water infiltration ed and devoted to	n and 20% of Fro		
Street Frontage Requirements	<u>§ 144</u>		generally. Addition ercial Uses, as s <u>p</u>			
Moderation of Building Frontage	<u>§ 144.1</u>	Stepping of the greater than 35	front of the build feet.	dings required w	hen lot width	
Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access restrictions	<u>§ 155(r)</u>	As specified in § 155(r)				
<u>Miscellaneous</u>						
Large project review	<u> §\$ 121.5, 253</u>	Buildings over 50 feet in height require Conditional Use authorization (§ 253). New public rights-of-way may be required for Development Lots larger than 1/2 acre. (§ 121.5)				
Planned Unit Development	<u>§ 304</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Awning	§ 136	<u>P (1)</u>	<u>P (1)</u>	<u>P (1)</u>	<u>P (1)</u>	
Canopy or Marquee	<u>§ 136</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	

1 $\frac{8606}{1}$ As permitted by Section $\frac{606}{1}$	1 <u>s</u>	Signs	<u>§ 606</u>	As permitted by Section § 606
--	------------	-------	--------------	-------------------------------

RM-1

At least 100

private, and

133 square

dwelling unit

if common

<u>feet per</u>

square feet if

RM-2

At least 80

square feet if

private, and

106 square

dwelling unit

Loss of 1-2 units mandatory DR/Loss of 3 or more C

if common

<u>feet per</u>

exceptions permitted per §161.

RM-3

At least 60

private and

80 square

feet per

Generally one space for every dwelling unit minimum. Certain

square feet if

dwelling unit

if common

RM-4

At least 36

square feet if

dwelling unit

private, and

48 square

if common

Up to one

every 70

lot area.

bedroom for

square feet of

feet per

References

\$ 208

RDS AND USES

2

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

	Zoning Catagom	S D of on on o
3	Zoning Category	§ Reference
4	RESIDENTIAL STANL	<u>DAKDS AND</u>
4	Development Standards	
5	<u>Usable Open Space [Per</u> Dwelling Unit]	§§ 135, 136
6	5 mening entity	
7		
8		
9	Parking Requirements	§§ 151, 161
10		
11	Residential Conversion,	<u>§ 317</u>
12	<u>Demolition, or Merger</u>	<u> </u>
13	<u>Use Characteristics</u>	
13	Single Room Occupancy	<u>§ 102</u>
14	Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>
15	<u>Residential Uses</u>	
10	Residential Density,	<u>§ 207</u>
16	<u>Dwelling Units</u>	

Senior Housing

Housing

P Up to one Up to one Up to one Up to one unit per 200 unit per 800 unit per 600 unit per 400 square feet of square feet of square feet of square feet of lot area. lot area. lot area. lot area. §§ 102, 202.2(f) P up to twice the number of dwelling units otherwise permitted as a principal use in the district and meeting all the requirements of $\S 202.2(f)(1)$. C up to twice the number of dwelling units otherwise permitted as a principal use in the district and meeting all requirements of Section § 202.2(f)(1) except for $\S 202.2(f)(1)(D)(iv)$, related to location.

Up to one

every 140

lot area.

bedroom for

square feet of

Up to one

every 210

lot area.

bedroom for

square feet of

Zoning Category § References *RM-1 RM-2 RM-3* RM-4

Up to one

every 275

lot area.

bedroom for

square feet of

Residential Density, Group

Day alany ant Standards					
<u>Development Standards</u>					
Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123, 124	1.8 to 1	1.8 to 1	3.6 to 1	4.8 to
Off-Street Parking,	§§ 150, 151, 161		Number of spaces eptions permitted		use per § 15
<u>Limited Corner Commercial</u> <u>Uses</u>	<u>§ 231</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Limited Commercial Uses</u>	<u>\$\$ 186, 209</u>	requirement	nonconforming uts of § 186. Limitally permitted in hi	ed Commercial	Uses may be
Agricultural Use Catego	<u>pry</u>				
Agricultural Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Agriculture, Neighborhood	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Automotive Use Categor	v				
Automotive Uses*	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Parking Garage, Private	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use Category					
Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Open Recreation Area	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Passive Outdoor Recreation	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Industrial Use Category					
Industrial Uses *	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Institutional Use Catego	rv				
Institutional Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Child Care Facility	§ 102	P(2)	<u>P(2)</u>	P(2)	<u>P(2)</u>
Community Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Hospital</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Post-Secondary Ed.</u> <u>Institution</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Public Facilities	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Religious Institution	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Residential Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>
<u>School</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Sales and Service Category	<u>ory</u>				
Retail Sales and Service Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
<u>Hotel</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(4)</u>	<u>C(4)</u>	<u>C(4)</u>	<u>C(4)</u>
Mobile Food Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>
Mortuary	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>

Non-Retail Sales and Service*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Utility and Infrastructur	e Use Category				
Utility and Infrastructure*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Internet Service Exchange	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Utility Installation	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Wireless Telecommunication Services Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>

^{*} Not listed below.

- (1) P for Limited Commercial Uses per §136.1(a) only, otherwise NP.
- (2) C required for 15 or more children.
- (3) C required for 7 or more persons.
- (4) C for 5 or fewer guest rooms or suites of rooms; NP for 6 or more guest rooms.
 - (5) Use must be located on a parcel that contains a Hospital or a Post-Secondary Educational Institution, additional operating restrictions apply.
 - (6) Must be located on a landmark site, and where the site is within a Height and Bulk District of 40 feet or less, and where a columbarium use has lawfully and continuously operated since the time of designation.

SEC. 209.3. 206.3 RC (RESIDENTIAL-COMMERCIAL) DISTRICTS.

These $d\underline{D}$ istricts are intended to recognize, protect, conserve, and enhance areas characterized by structures combining $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ esidential uses with neighborhood-serving $\underline{e}\underline{C}$ ommercial uses. The predominant $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ esidential uses are preserved, while provision is made for supporting $\underline{e}\underline{C}$ ommercial uses, usually in or below the ground story, that meet the frequent needs of nearby residents without generating excessive vehicular traffic. The high-density and mixed-use nature of these $\underline{d}\underline{D}$ istricts is recognized by reductions in off-street parking requirements. The RC Districts are composed of two separate districts, as follows:

RC-3 Districts: Medium Density. These $d\underline{D}$ istricts provide for a mixture of medium-density $d\underline{D}$ wellings similar to those in RM-3 Districts, with supporting $e\underline{C}$ ommercial uses. Open spaces are required for $d\underline{D}$ wellings in the same manner as in RM-3 Districts, except that rear yards need not be at ground level and front setback areas are not required.

RC-4 Districts: High Density. These dD istricts provide for a mixture of high-density dD wellings similar to those in RM-4 Districts with supporting eC ommercial uses. Open spaces

are required for <u>dD</u>wellings in the same manner as in RM-4 Districts, except that rear yards need not be at ground level and front setback areas are not required.

<u>Table 209.3</u>

3

4

ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR RESIDENTIAL-COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS

5				
6	Zoning Category	§ References	<u>RC-3</u>	<u>RC-4</u>
7	BUILDING STANDARDS			
}	Massing and Setbacks	00.100.105	T	11 D 16
	Height and Bulk Limits	§§ 102, 105, 106, 250—252, 260, 261, 270,	Varied. See also Height and Bu	<u>lk District Maps</u>
		<u>271.</u>		
	Upper Floor Setbacks	§§ 132.2, 253.2	Upper floor setbacks may be req Market Residential SUD (§ 132. (§ 253.2)	nuired in the North of 2) and the Van Ness SUD
	Front and Side Yard Setback	§§ 132, 133	Not Required	
	Rear Yard	<u>§§ 130 134</u>	Required at first residential leve depth, but in no case less than 1	
	Street Frontage and Public	Realm	depin, but in no case less than 1.	<u>5 Jeei.</u>
	Street Frontage Requirements	§ 145.1	Required as specified in Section	<u>§ 145.1</u>
	Street Frontage, Parking and	§ 155(r)	As specified in § 155(r)	As specified in § 155(r).
	Loading access restrictions			Curb cuts are NP on The Embarcadero between
				King and Jefferson Streets, and on Broadway
				<u>between Mason and The</u> <u>Embarcadero.</u>
	Miscellaneous			
	Large project review-Buildings	<u>§ 253</u>	<u>C</u>	C Additional conditions
	over 50 feet in height			apply in the North of Market Residential SUD (\$\frac{122.2}{2}\) and the Variable 100.
				(§ 132.2) and the Van Ness SUD (§ 253.2)
	Planned Unit Development	<u>§ 304</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
	Awning, Canopy and Marquee	<u>§ 136</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
	Signs	<u>§ 607.1</u>	<u>Per § 607.1</u>	<u>Per § 607.1</u>

<u>-</u>	-		
Zoning Category	§ References	<u>RC-3</u>	<u>RC-4</u>
RESIDENTIAL STANDA	IRDS AND USES		
<u>Usable Open Space [Per Dwelling Unit]</u>	<u>§§ 135, 136</u>	At least 60 square feet if private, and 80 square feet per dwelling unit if common.	At least 36 square feet if private, and 48 square feet per dwelling unit if common.
Parking Requirements	<u>§ 151.1</u>	None Required. Up to one space permitted, and up to three space permitted with Conditional Use	es for every four units
<u>Residential Conversion,</u> <u>Demolition, or Merger</u>	§ 317	Loss of 2 units or fewer DR/Loss	s of 3 or more C
Use Characteristics			
Single Room Occupancy	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Residential Uses			
Residential Density, Dwelling Units	<u>§ 207</u>	Up to one unit per 400 square feet of lot area.	Up to one unit per 200 square feet of lot area. No density limits in the Van Ness SUD (§ 243).
Senior Housing	§§ 102, 202.2(f)	P up to twice the number of dwe permitted as a principal use in t the requirements of § 202.2(f)(1) of dwelling units otherwise permitted district and meeting all requirements for § 202.2(f)(1), except for § 202.2(f) location.	he district and meeting all). C up to twice the number nitted as a principal use in irements of Section §
Residential Density, Group Housing	<u>§ 208</u>	Up to one bedroom for every 140 square feet of lot area.	Up to one bedroom for every 70 square feet of lot area.
	I	1	<u> </u>
Zoning Category	§ References	<u>RC-3</u>	<u>RC-4</u>
NON-RESIDENTIAL ST	ANDARDS AND	<u>USES</u>	
Development Standards			

1	Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123, 124	3.6 to 1	4.8 to 1. Other FAR controls apply in the Van			
2		102.11, 123, 127		Ness SUD; § 143(c)(1).			
_	Off-Street Parking	<u>§ 151.1</u>	None Required. Up to one space				
3			permitted, and up to 3 spaces for with Conditional Use per § 151.				
4	Non-Residential Use Size Limits	§§ 209.8, 121.6	P if less than 6,000 square feet; C if 6,000 square feet or				
5		(c)	larger. NP if greater than 120,0				
6	Ground Floor Ceiling Height	§ 145.1(c)(4)	Minimum floor-to-floor height of grade except in 40-foot and 50-f				
O			buildings shall have a minimum	-			
7			<u>feet.</u>				
0	<u>Use Characteristics</u>	0.102	ND.	ND.			
8	Drive-Up Facility	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
9	Formula Retail	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u> NP			
Ū	<u>Open Air Sales</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>IVP</u>			
10	Outdoor Activity Area	§ 102	<u>P(2)</u>	P(2)			
4.4	Walk-up Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>			
11	Waterborne Commerce	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
12	Agricultural Use Category						
12	Agricultural Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
13	Agriculture, Neighborhood	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
	Automotive Use Category						
14	Automotive Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
15	Parking Lot, Private	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
13	<u>Parking Lot, Public</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
16	Service, Motor Vehicle Tow	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
	<u>Service, Parcel Delivery</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
17	<u>Vehicle Storage Garage</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
40	<u>Vehicle Storage Lot</u>	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
18	Entertainment, Arts and Re	<u>creation Use Cat</u>	<u>tegory</u>				
19	Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
20	Entertainment, Outdoor	§ 102	NP	<u>NP</u>			
	<u>Livery Stable</u>	§ 102	NP	<u>NP</u>			
21	Sports Stadium	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
22	Industrial Use Category						
22	Industrial Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
23	Institutional Use Category						
	Institutional Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
24	<u>Child Care Facility</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>			
25	Medical Cannabis Dispensary	§§ 102, 202.2(e)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
25	Philanthropic Admin. Services	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			

<u>Public Facilities</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Residential Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(4)</u>	<u>P(4)</u>			
<u>Trade School</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Sales and Service Use Category						
Retail Sales and Service Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(a)	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>			
<u>Adult Business</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Cat Boarding	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
<u>Hotel</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
<u>Kennel</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Mobile Food Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
<u>Mortuary</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>			
<u>Motel</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(a)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Storage, Self	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Tobacco Paraphernalia Store	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(7)</u>	<u>C(7)</u>			
Non-Retail Sales and Service*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Design Professional	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Utility and Infrastructure U	se Category					
Utility and Infrastructure*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Internet Service Exchange	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
<u>Utility Installation</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Wireless Telecommunications	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
<u>Service Facility</u>						

^{*} Not listed below.

SEC. <u>209.4.</u> <u>206.4</u> **RTO** <u>Districts</u> (Residential Transit Oriented) <u>District.</u> This <u>dDistrict.</u> This <u>dDistrict.</u>

⁽¹⁾ C required if not recessed 3 feet

^{15 (2)} P if in front; C if elsewhere.

⁽³⁾ C required for 15 or more children.

⁽⁴⁾ C required for 7 or more persons.

⁽⁵⁾ C required if located on the second floor. NP above second floor.

^{17 (6)} Must be located on a landmark site, and where the site is within a Height and Bulk District of 40 feet or less, and where a columbarium use has lawfully and continuously operated since the time of designation.

^{18 (7)} NP above the second floor.

region. Limited small-scale neighborhood-oriented retail and services is common and permitted throughout the neighborhood on eC orner parcels Lots only to provide goods and services to residents within walking distance, but the districts are otherwise residential. Only retail compatible with housing, generally those permitted in NC-1 Districts, is permitted and auto-oriented uses are not permitted. Hours of operation are restricted and off-street parking is not permitted for these very locally-oriented uses.

A fine-grain pattern of 25-foot to 35-foot building widths is prevalent, and structures typically range from two to five stories in height. While some one- and two-family structures are present, the character of the <code>dD</code>istrict is primarily of structures with three or more units of a range of sizes and types suitable for a variety of households. Buildings are moderately scaled and segmented, and units or groups of units have separate entrances directly from the street. The overall residential density is regulated by the permitted and required height, bulk, setbacks, and open space of each parcel, along with residential design guidelines. Because of the high availability of transit service and the proximity of retail and services within walking distance, many households do not own cars; it is common that not every <code>dD</code>welling <code>#U</code>nit has a parking space and overall off-street residential parking is limited. Open space is provided on site, in the form of rear yards, decks, balconies, roof-decks, and courtyards, and is augmented by nearby public parks, plazas, and enhanced streetscapes.

SEC. 206.5. RTO-M (Residential Transit-Oriented-Mission Neighborhood) District.

This <u>dD</u>istrict is intended to recognize, protect, conserve, and enhance areas characterized by a mixture of houses and apartment buildings, covering a range of densities and building forms, in the Mission District. The RTO-M <u>dD</u>istrict is composed of multi-family moderate-density areas, primarily areas formerly designated RM and RH-3, and are well served within short walking distance, generally less than one-quarter mile, of transit and neighborhood commercial areas. Transit available on nearby Mission Street is frequent and/or

provides multiple lines serving different parts of the city or region. Limited small-scale neighborhood-oriented retail and services is common and permitted throughout the neighborhood on eC orner parcels Lots only to provide goods and services to residents within walking distance, but the districts are otherwise residential. Only retail compatible with housing, generally those permitted in NC-1 Districts, is permitted and auto-oriented uses are not permitted. Hours of operation are restricted and off-street parking is not permitted for these very locally-oriented uses.

A fine-grain pattern of 25-foot to 35-foot building widths is prevalent, and structures typically range from two to five stories in height. While some one- and two-family structures are present, the character of the <u>dDistrict</u> is primarily of structures with three or more units of a range of sizes and types suitable for a variety of households. Buildings are moderately scaled and segmented, and units or groups of units have separate entrances directly from the street. The overall residential density is regulated by the permitted and required height, bulk, setbacks, and open space of each parcel, along with residential design guidelines. Because of the high availability of transit service and the proximity of retail and services within walking distance, many households do not own cars; it is common that not every <u>dD</u>welling <u>#U</u>nit has a parking space, and overall off-street residential parking is limited. Open space is provided on site, in the form of rear yards, decks, balconies, roof-decks, and courtyards, and is augmented by nearby public parks, plazas, and enhanced streetscapes.

<u>Table 209.4</u> ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR RTO DISTRICTS

 Zoning Category
 § References
 RTO

 BUILDING STANDARDS

 Massing and Setbacks

	<u>zoning Category</u> RESIDENTIAL STANDAR	§ References	<u>RTO</u>	KIU-M
Γ	Zoning Category	& Pafaranaas	PTO	RTO-M
į	<u>Signs</u>	<u>§ 606</u>	As permitted by	Section § 606
	Canopy or Marquee	§§ 136, 136.1	<u>NP</u>	NP
ь.	Awning	§§ 136, 136.1	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>E</u> <u>P(6)</u>
	Planned Unit Development	§ 304	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
-	Restriction of Lot Mergers	<u>§ 121.7</u>	Merger of lots c feet requires Co	reating a lot greater than 5,000 squanditional Use authorization.
	Large project review	§ 121.5	New buildings or significant enlargement of existing buildings on lots of 10,000 sq. ft. or larger requires (New public rights-of-way may be required for sites to than 1/2 acre.	
-	<u>Miscellaneous</u>			
			Districts curb cuts are restricted on Transit Preferent Citywide Pedestrian Network, Neighborhood Commo Streets or official City bicycle routes or bicycle lane.	
	Loading access restrictions	<u>x 155(1)</u>	required to have "active commercial uses". In RTO	
	Street Frontage, Parking and	§ 155(r)	per §§ 186 and 231. As specified in § 155(r) certain streets and districts	
	Street Frontage Requirements	§§ 144, 186, 231	Controls of § 144 apply to residential frontages. Additional controls apply to Limited Commercial U.	
	G	00144 305 205	plant material.	
-	Permeability Requirements		20% of Front Se	to increase storm-water infiltration atback shall be unpaved and devoted
	Front Setback Landscaping and	<u>§ 132</u>		ast 50% of Front Setback shall be
4	Street Frontage and Public	Realm		
-	Side Yard	<u>§ 133</u>	Not Required	
			averaged, no les whichever is gre	ss than 25% of lot depth or 15 feet, eater.
-	Rear Yard	§§ 130, 134		or average of adjacent neighbors.
			the required setback be greater than 15 feet.	
	Trom Building Sciouch	§ 132	subject property has a Legislated Setback. When free setback is based on adjacent properties, in no case	
-	Front Building Setback	<u>261, 270, 271.</u> § 132	Required Base	d on average of adjacent properties
	<u>Height and Bulk Limits</u>	§§ 102, 105, 106, 250—252, 260,	<u>Varies, See Heiş</u>	ght and Bulk Map and referenced se

Development Standards

1	<u>Usable Open Space [Per</u> <u>Dwelling Unit]</u>	<u>§§ 135, 136</u>	At least 100 square feet if per dwelling unit if comm	Sprivate, and 133 square feet on.
2	Parking Requirements	<u>§§ 151, 161</u>	None required. Maximum	permitted per § 151.1.
3	Residential Conversion, Demolition, or Merger	<u>§ 317</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
4	<u>Dwelling Unit Division</u>	<u>§ 207.8</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
5	Required Dwelling Unit Mix	<u>§ 207.6</u>	No less than 40 percent of the total number of proposed dwelling units	No less than 40 percent of the total number of proposed dwelling units shall contain at
6			shall contain at least	least two bedrooms; or no less
7			two bedrooms; or no less than 30 percent of the total number of	than 30 percent of the total number of proposed dwelling units shall contain at least
8			proposed dwelling units shall contain at least	three bedrooms.
9			three bedrooms.	
10	<u>Use Characteristics</u>			
	Single Room Occupancy	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
11	Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
12	Residential Uses	1 0 000		N. J. J. D. J. J.
13 14 15	Residential Density, Dwelling Units	<u>§ 207</u>	P up to one unit per 600 square feet of lot area. C above, per criteria of \$207(a)	No density limit. Density is regulated by the permitted height and bulk, and required setbacks, exposure, and open space of each parcel, along with residential design guidelines.
16	Senior Housing	§§ 102, 202.2(f)	P up to twice the	No density limit. Density is
17			number of dwelling units otherwise permitted as a principal	regulated by the permitted height and bulk, and required setbacks, exposure, and open
18			use in the district; C,	space of each parcel, along
19			density not limited by lot area, but by the applicable	with residential design guidelines.
20			requirements and limitations elsewhere in	
21			this Code, including but not limited to height,	
22			<u>bulk, setbacks, open</u> <u>space, exposure, unit</u>	
23			mix, and relevant design guidelines.	

Residential Density, Group Housing	<u>§ 208</u>	No density limit. Density is regulated by the permitted height and bulk, and required setbacks, exposure, and open space of each parcel, along with residential design
		guidelines.

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>RTO</u>	<u>RTO-M</u>			
NON-RESIDENTIAL STAN	DARDS AND US	ES				
Development Standards						
Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123, 124	1.8 to 1	1.8 to 1			
Off-Street Parking	§§ 150, 151, 161	None required. Maximun	ı permitted per § 151. 1.			
Limited Corner Commercial Uses	<u>§ 231</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Limited Commercial Uses	§§ 186, 209	Continuing nonconforming uses are permitted, subject to the requirements of § 186. Limited Commercial Uses may be conditionally permitted in historic buildings subject to § 186.3.				
Agricultural Use Category						
Agricultural Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Agriculture, Neighborhood	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Automotive Use Category						
Automotive Uses*	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	NP			
Parking Garage, Private	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Entertainment, Arts and Rec	reation Use Categ	orv				
Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Open Recreation Area	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Passive Outdoor Recreation	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Industrial Use Category						
Industrial Uses *	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Institutional Use Category						
Institutional Uses*	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Child Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	P(2)			
Community Facility	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
<u>Hospital</u>	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Post-Secondary Ed. Institution	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Public Facilities	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Religious Institution	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Residential Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>			
<u>School</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Sales and Service Category						
Retail Sales and Service Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			

	<u>Hotel</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(4)</u>	<u>C(4)</u>										
1	Mobile Food Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>										
2	<u>Mortuary</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(6)</u>	<u>C(6)</u>										
2	Non-Retail Sales and Service*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>										
3	Utility and Infrastructure U	se Category												
	<u>Utility and Infrastructure*</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>										
4	Internet Service Exchange § 102 C C Utility Installation § 102 C C													
E		·												
5	Wireless Telecommunications § 102 C Service Facility C													
6	* Not listed below													
7	(1) P for Limited Commercial Uses per	§136(a) and Limited Con	ner Commercial Uses per §23	31, otherwise NP.										
8	(2) C for 15 or more children. (3) C required for 7 or more persons.													
O	(4) C for 5 or fewer guest rooms or suites of rooms; NP for 6 or more guest rooms													
9	(5) Use must be located on a parcel that contains a Hospital or a Post-Secondary Educational Institution, additional operating													
	<u>restrictions apply.</u> (6) Must be located on a landmark site, and where the site is within a Height and Bulk District of 40 feet or less, and where a													
10	columbarium use has lawfully and continuously operated since the time of designation.													
11														
	SEC. 209. USES PERMITTI	ED IN R DISTRIC	TTS											
12	SEC. 20). CSESTERMITT	D II V II DISTINC	. 1 5.											
13	(a) The uses listed in S	Sections 209.1 thro	ugh 209.9 are permitte	ed in R Districts as indicated by										
	the following symbols in the r	espective columns	for each district:											
14														
15	P: Permitted as a	principal use in tl	ris district.											
16	C: Subject to appr	oval by the City P	lanning Commission a	s a conditional use in this district										
17	as provided in Section 303 of	this Codo												
.,	us provided in Section 303 of	inis Coue.												
18	NA. This listing not	annlicable to this	district as the same	as is listed subsequently for the										
10	NA: This listing not	appucaoie io inis	aistrici, as the same u	se is listed subsequently for the										
19	District with fewer restriction	S.												
20	v													
	Blank Space: Not pern	nitted in this distric	et.											
21	1													
22	(b) The Section titles are intended only as an aid to use of this Code and are not binding as to													

interpretation of these Sections. Uses listed in this table shall not include any use specifically listed

elsewhere in the table.

23

24

(c) Determinations as to the classification of uses not specifically listed shall be made in the manner indicated in Sections 202 and 307(a) of this Code.

(d) References should be made to Sections 204 through 204.5 for regulations pertaining to accessory uses permitted for principal and conditional uses listed in Sections 209.1 through 209.9.

(e) Reference should also be made to the other Articles of this Code containing provisions relating to definitions, off-street parking and loading dimensions, areas and open spaces, nonconforming uses, height and bulk districts, signs, historic preservation, and other factors affecting the development and alteration of properties in these use Districts.

(f) Reference should be made to Section 249.1 for provisions pertaining to uses in the Folsom and Main Residential/Commercial Special Use District.

SEC. 209.1. DWELLINGS.

RH	RH	RH	RH		R	R	R	R	RT	RT	R	R	RC	R	
-1	1	_			M	M	M	M	R I	0	\overline{C}	\overline{C}	2	C 1	
(D)	-1	1(S)	- <u>/</u>	_3	- <u>1</u>	-2	_3	-4	0	-M	-1	_2	-)	C-4	

															SEC. 209.1. DWELLINGS.
D	NΛ	NA	NΛ	NΛ	NΛ	NΛ	NΛ	NΛ	NΛ	NΛ	NΙΛ	NΛ	N/A	NA	(a) One-family dwelling having side
/	NA	N/I	NA	N/I	N/1	N/1	NA	NA	N/1	N/1	N/1	N/1	N/1	IV/I	yards as required by Section 133 of this Code.
	₽	₽	₽	P	P	₽	P	₽	₽	P	₽	P	₽	₽	(b) Other one-family dwelling.
		₽	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(c) Two family dwelling with the second dwelling unit limited to 600 square feet of net floor area.

1															
1			₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	(d) Other two-family dwelling.
2				₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	(e) Three-family dwelling.
3															(f) Dwelling at a density ratio up to
4															one dwelling unit for each 3,000 square
5															feet of lot area, but no more than three
6	\overline{C}	ϵ	NA	NA	NА	NA	NA	<i>NA</i>	N.4	<i>NA</i>	NA	NA	<i>NA</i>	NA	dwelling units per lot, if authorized as a
7															conditional use by the City Planning
8															Commission.
9															
10															(g) Dwelling at a density ratio up to
11			~	3.7.4	37.4	3.7.4	37.4	27.4	27.4	37.4	3.7.4	37.4	37.4	27.4	one dwelling unit for each 1,500 square
12			C	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	$\frac{NA}{N}$	feet of lot area, if authorized as a
13															conditional use by the City Planning
14															Commission.
15															(h) Dwelling at a density ratio up to
16															one dwelling unit for each 1,000 square
17				\overline{C}	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	feet of lot area, if authorized as a
18															conditional use by the City Planning
															Commission.
19															(i) Dwelling at a density ratio not
20					P	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\underline{P}	N_A	NA	NA	exceeding one dwelling unit for each
21						1 1/1	1 121	1 121	7 17 1	1 121	1	1 1 1 1	1 121	1 121	800 square feet of lot area.
22															
23															(j) Dwelling at a density ratio not
24						₽	NA	N.4	₽	₽		₽	NA	NA	exceeding one dwelling unit for each
25															600 square feet of lot area.

	_			1						1		_	1		1	
1																(k) Dwelling at a density ratio not
2								₽	NA	ϵ	₽			₽	NA	exceeding one dwelling unit for each
3																400 square feet of lot area.
4																(1) Dwelling at a density ratio not
5																exceeding one dwelling unit for each
6																200 square feet of lot area; provided,
7																that for purposes of this calculation a
8																dwelling unit in these districts
9									₽	C	₽				₽	containing no more than 500 square
10																feet of net floor area and consisting of
11																not more than one habitable room in
12																addition to a kitchen and a bathroom
13																may be counted as equal to 3/4 of a
14																dwelling unit.
15																(m) Dwelling specifically designed for
16																and occupied by senior citizens, as
17																defined in Section 102.6.1 and meeting
18																all of the requirements of that Section,
19	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	P	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	P	₽	₽	at a density ratio or number of dwelling
20																units not exceeding twice the number of
21																dwelling units otherwise permitted
22																above as a principal use in the district.
23																(n) Dwelling at a density not limited by
24										ϵ	₽					lot area, but by the applicable
25		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>]		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1		in an en ey une approunte

1																requirements and limitations elsewhere
2																in this Code, including but not limited
3																to height, bulk, setbacks, open space,
4																exposure, and unit mix, as well as by
5																the Residential Design Guidelines and
6																other applicable design guidelines,
7																applicable elements and area plans of
8																the General Plan, and design review by
9																the Planning Department. In lieu of the
10																conditions of Section 303, the Planning
11																Commission shall affirmatively find all
12																of the following: (1) the proposed
13																project has a physical design and
14																articulation compatible with the
15																character of surrounding structures, (2)
16																that the proposed accessory parking
17																does not exceed that amount principally
18																permitted under Section 151.1 without
19																Conditional Use, and (3) the project
20																meets all the minimum Code
21																requirements without variance for
22																usable open space, exposure, rear yards
23																and setbacks.
24			a				C		a	G			<i>C</i>	G	G	(o) Dwelling specifically designed for
25	ϵ	C	(ϵ	C	\overline{C}	<u>C</u>	C	<u>C</u>	C	C	C	ϵ	C	ϵ	and occupied by senior citizens, as

1 defined in Section 102.6.1 and meeting 2 all of the requirements of that Section 3 except for 102.6.1(b)(4) related to 4 location, at a density ratio or number of 5 dwelling units not exceeding twice the 6 number of dwelling units otherwise 7 permitted above as a principal use in 8 the district. 9 SEC. 209.2. OTHER HOUSING. 10 RH11 RTO-3 2 2 -3 12 13 14 SEC. 209.2. OTHER HOUSING. 15 (a) Group housing, boarding: Providing 16 lodging or both meals and lodging, without 17 individual cooking facilities, 18 prearrangement for a week or more at a time 19 and housing six or more persons in a space ₽ P PP₽ \boldsymbol{P} ₽ ₽ ₽ 20 Cnot defined by this Code as a dwelling unit. 21 Such group housing shall include but not 22 necessarily be limited to a boardinghouse, 23 guesthouse, rooming house, lodging house, 24 residence club, commune, fraternity and

												T		
1														sorority house but shall not include group
2														housing for religious orders or group
3														housing for medical and educational
4														institutions, whether on a separate lot or part
5														of an institution, as defined and regulated by
6														this Code. The density limitations for group
7														housing, by district, shall be as set forth in
8														Section 208 of this Code.
9														(b) Group housing, religious orders:
10														Providing lodging or both meals and
11														lodging, without individual cooking facilities,
12														by prearrangement for a week or more at a
13														time and housing six or more persons in a
14														space not defined by this Code as a dwelling
15														unit, where such housing is for members of a
16		C	C	D	₽	ח	D	D	₽	₽	₽	D	₽	religious order calling for collective work or
17		C	C	₽	P	₽	₽	₽	!'	P	₽	P	₽	worship and is not defined as, or on the same
18														lot as, a religious institution as defined and
19														regulated by Section 209.3(j) of this Code.
20														Such housing shall include but not
21														necessarily be limited to a monastery,
22														nunnery, convent and ashram. The density
23														limitations for group housing, by district,
24														shall be as set forth in Section 208 of this

1															Code.
2															(c) Group housing, medical and educational
3															institutions: Providing lodging or both meals
4															and lodging, without individual cooking
5															facilities, by prearrangement for a week or
6															more at a time and housing six or more
7															persons in a space not defined by this Code
8															as a dwelling unit, where such facility is
9															affiliated with and operated by a medical or
10			C	σ	σ	C	C	C	C	C				C	educational institution as defined and
11			C	C	\overline{C}	ϵ	C	C	C	C	\overline{C}	C	C	C	regulated by Sections 209.3(a), (g), (h) and
12															(i) of this Code but not located on the same
13															lot as such institution and not used for
14															inpatient care. Such housing shall meet the
15															applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this
16															Code concerning institutional master plans.
17															The density limitations for group housing, by
18															district, shall be as set forth in Section 208 of
19															this Code.
20															(d) Hotel, inn or hostel containing no more
21															than five rooms or suites of rooms, none with
22			C	\overline{C}	C	ϵ	ϵ	\overline{C}	C	C	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	individual cooking facilities, which are
23															offered for compensation and are primarily
24															for the accommodation of transient overnight
25															

concerning institutional master plans.

(b) Residential care facility providing lodging, board and care for a

period of 24 hours or more to six or fewer persons in need of specialized

23

24

1		aid by personnel licensed by the State of California. Such facility shall
2		display nothing on or near the facility which gives an outward indication
3		of the nature of the occupancy except for a sign as permitted by Article 6
4		of this Code, shall not provide outpatient services and shall be located in
5		a structure which remains residential in character. Such facilities shall
6		include but not necessarily be limited to a board and care home, family
7		care home, long-term nursery, orphanage, rest home or home for the
8		treatment of addictive, contagious or other diseases or psychological
9		disorders.
10		(c) Residential care facility meeting all applicable requirements of
11	ecececece	Subsection 209.3(b) above but providing lodging, board and care as
12		specified therein to seven or more persons.
13		(d) Social service or philanthropic facility providing assistance of a
14		charitable or public service nature and not of a profitmaking or
15		commercial nature. (With respect to RC Districts, see also Section
16		209.9(d).)
17		(e) Child-care facility providing less than 24-hour care for 14 or fewer
18	<i>PPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP</i>	children by licensed personnel and meeting the open-space and other
19		requirements of the State of California and other authorities.
20		(f) Child-care facility providing less than 24-hour care for 15 or more
21		children by licensed personnel and meeting the open-space and other
22	ccccccccccccc	requirements of the State of California and other authorities. (With
23		respect to RC Districts, see also Section 209.9(d).)
24		
25	<u>uqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq</u>	(g) Elementary school, either public or private. Such institution may

1	1. the parcel containing the MCD cannot located within 1,000 feet
2	from a parcel containing:
3	a. a public or private elementary or secondary school and
4	b. a community facility and/or recreation center that primarily
5	serves persons under 18 years of age; and
6	2. the MCD is not located on the same parcel as a facility providing
7	substance abuse services that is licensed or certified by the State of
8	California or funded by the Department of Public Health;
9	3. no alcohol is sold or distributed on the premises for on or off-site
10	consumption;
11	4. if medical cannabis is smoked on the premises the dispensary shall
12	provide adequate ventilation within the structure such that the doors and
13	windows are not left open for such purposes, resulting in odor emission
14	from the premises;
15	5. in addition to these requirements, an MCD must meet all of the
16	requirements in Article 33 of the San Francisco Health Code.
17	(b) Application and Referral Process. The Department of Public
18	Health is the lead agency for regulating MCDs. Final City permits are
19	issued by the Department of Public Health. No dispensary may open
20	without final authorization from the Department of Public Health. The
21	Planning Department will review an application for a Medical Cannabis
22	Dispensary only upon receipt of (1) a valid referral from the Department
23	of Public Health pursuant to DPH Code Section 3304 and 3305; (2)
24	
25	supplemental application materials designated by the Planning
20	Department; and (3) a building permit application.

1		(c) Notice. Once the Department has determined that the application is
2		complete, a 30-day notice of application shall be mailed to owners and
3		occupants within a 300 foot radius of the subject property. Notice shall be
4		posted on the project site for no less than 30 days.
5		(d) Hearing. A Mandatory Discretionary Review hearing will be
6		scheduled at the Planning Commission, which may choose to exercise its
7		discretionary review powers and disapprove, modify, or approve the
8		dispensary.
9		(e) Signage. Signage for the medical cannabis dispensary shall be
10		limited to one wall sign not to exceed ten square feet in area, and one
11		identifying sign not to exceed two square feet in area; such signs shall not
12		be directly illuminated. Any wall sign, or the identifying sign if the
13		medical cannabis dispensary has no exterior wall sign, shall include the
14		following language: "Only individuals with legally recognized Medical
15		Cannabis Identification Cards or a verifiable, written recommendation
16		from a physician for medical cannabis may obtain cannabis from medical
17		cannabis dispensaries." The required text shall be a minimum of two
18		inches in height.
19		(f) If an MCD closes for a duration longer than 18 months or if the
20		MCD's license is revoked by DPH pursuant to Health Code Section 3315,
21		the MCD will be considered abandoned and any Planning Commission
22		authorization for the parcel shall be null and void.
23	[[[]]]	(g) Any permit issued for a medical cannabis dispensary shall contain
24	[[[]]]	the following statement in bold face type: "Issuance of this permit by the
25		City and County of San Francisco is not intended to and does not

1 authorize the violation of State or Federal law." 2 SEC. 209.4. COMMUNITY FACILITIES. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 SEC. 209.4. COMMUNITY FACILITIES. 12 (a) Community clubhouse, neighborhood center, community cultural 13 center or other community facility not publicly owned but open for public 14 use, in which the chief activity is not carried on as a gainful business and 15 whose chief function is the gathering of persons from the immediate 16 neighborhood in a structure for the purposes of recreation, culture, social 17 interaction or education other than that regulated by Section 209.3 of this 18 Code. (With respect to RC Districts, see also Section 209.9(d).) 19 (b) Private lodge, private clubhouse, private recreational facility or 20 community facility other than as specified in Subsection 209.4(a) above, 21 and which is not operated as a gainful business. (With respect to RC 22

Districts, see also Section 209.9(d).)

SEC. 209.5. OPEN RECREATION AND URBAN AGRICULTURE.

23

24

R		R								R				
	R		D		R	D	D	מ					R	מ
H-	Н				M					T		R	C	R
1	-	-1	H	H	_	M	M	M	T	θ	<i>C</i> -	C-		C-
(D	1	(S	-2	-3	1	-2	-3	-4	θ	-	1	2	3	4
)	1)			1					M			,	

C|C|C|C|C|C|C|C|C|C|P|P|P|P|P

P|P|P|P|P|P|P|P|P|P|P|P|P

PPPPPPPP

SEC.	200 5	OPEN	RECREATION	AND	IIRRAN
BLC.	207.5.	OI LIV	KLCKL/IIION		CKD/IIV
AGRI0	CULTUR	E.			

-(a) Open recreation area not publicly owned which is not screened from public view, has no structures other than those necessary and incidental to the open land use, is not operated as a gainful business and is devoted to outdoor recreation such as golf, tennis or riding.

(b) Open space used for passive recreational purposes which is not publicly owned and is not screened from public view, has no structures other than those necessary and incidental to the open land use, is not served by vehicles other than normal maintenance equipment, and has no retail or wholesale sales on the premises. Such open space may include but not necessarily be limited to a park, playground, rest area.

- *(c) Greenhouse.*
- -(d) Neighborhood Agriculture.
- -(e) Large-Scale Urban Agriculture.

SEC. 209.6. PUBLIC FACILITIES AND UTILITIES.

RR	
H H RRRRR RRRR	
+ + 234234 + 234	
$D \mid S \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid M \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid \mid$	
→ →	

SEC. 209.6. PUBLIC FACILITIES AND UTILITIES.

(a) Public structure or use of a nonindustrial character, when in conformity with the Master Plan. Such structure or use shall not include a storage yard, incinerator, machine shop, garage or similar use.

(b) Utility installation, including but not necessarily limited to water, gas, electric, transportation or communications utilities, or public service facility, except as stated in Section 209.6(c), provided that operating requirements necessitate placement at this location.

(c) Utility Installation that is an Internet Services Exchange defined as a location that contains any of the following uses (excluding any commercial wireless transmitting, receiving or relay facility described in Sections 227(h) and 227(i)): switching equipment (whether wireline or wireless) that joins or connects occupants, customers or subscribers to enable customers or subscribers to transmit data, voice or video signals to each other; one or more computer systems and related equipment used to

		_		_	_	_	_	т —		_	1	1	т —	т —	1	
1																compact evergreen hedge, not less than six feet in
2																height, is maintained along such driveway to
3																screen it from any adjoining lot in any R District.
4																Such driveway shall meet the applicable
5																requirements of Article 1.5 of this Code.
6																(d) Off-street parking facility to serve a use
7																permitted in any R District, when such parking is
8																not classified as accessory parking for such use,
9																under the provisions of Section 204.5 of this Code,
10																in terms of its location and amount. Such parking
11																shall meet, where applicable, the requirements of
12																Section 156 for parking lots, Section 159 for
13																parking not on the same lot as the building or use
14	C	ϵ	C	ϵ	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	served, and the other provisions of Article 1.5 of
15																this Code. In considering any application for a
16																conditional use for such parking where the amount
17																of parking provided exceeds the amount classified
18																as accessory parking in Section 204.5, the Planning
19																Commission shall consider the criteria set forth in
20																Section 157 of this Code. In RTO Districts, such
21																parking shall also be subject to criteria and
22																requirements of Sections 158.1, 144, and 155(r).
23										_						(e) Off-street car share parking spaces for car
24										₽	₽					sharing vehicles, whether required or not, meeting
25																

											-	_	_		
1															the standards of Section 166.
2	SE	C. 2	<i>09.</i>	8. <i>C</i>	ON.	<i>1</i> M	ERC	CIA.	LE	STA	BL.	<u>ISF</u>	IM	EN	TS IN R DISTRICTS.
3	RH		RH												
4	-1	RH	-1				IRN	IRN	<i>1</i> <i>R</i>]	$\frac{M}{RT}$	9			RC	
5	(D)	-1	(S)	-2	-3	-1	-2	-3	-4		-A	4	-3	-4	
6									I	<u> </u>					
7															SEC.209.8. COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS.
8															(a) Except for massage establishments as noted in
9															Section 218.1, retail, personal service or other
10															•
11															commercial establishment is permitted as a principal
12													₽	₽	use on the ground floor or below of a building if
13															permitted as a principal use on the ground floor in
14															an NC-3 District, unless otherwise specified in this
15															Code.
16															(b) Except for massage establishments as noted in
17															Section 218.1, retail, personal service or other
18															commercial establishment is permitted as a
19													ϵ	ϵ	conditional use on the ground floor or below of a
20															building if permitted as a conditional use on the
21															ground floor in an NC-3 District, unless otherwise
22															specified in this Code.
23															(c) Except for massage establishments as noted in
24													C	ϵ	Section 218.1, retail, personal service or other
25															commercial establishment is permitted as a

									conditional use above the ground floor of a building
									if permitted as a principal or conditional use on the
									ground floor in an NC-3 District, unless otherwise
									specified in this Code.
									<u>(d) Formula Retail Use, as defined in Section</u>
							C	ϵ	703.3(b) of this Code.
									(e) Any use meeting the standards and limitations
			P	P	P	P			set forth in Section 231: Limited Corner Commercial
			_	_	<i>-</i>	_			Uses in RTO Districts.
									Oses in RTO Districts.
							\overline{C}	ϵ	<u>-(f) Non-residential use exceeding 6,000 gross</u>
									square feet.
									(g) Liquor Store on the ground floor, as defined
							₽	₽	in Section 790.55 of this Code, unless otherwise
									specified in this Code.
									(h) Drive-up Facility, as defined in Section
									790.30 of this Code.
									(i) Walk-up Facility, as defined in Section
							₽	₽	790.140 of this Code, is permitted as a principle use
									on the ground floor if recessed 3 feet; requires a
									conditional use if not recessed.
									-(j) Outdoor Activity Area, as defined in Section
							₽	₽	790.70 of this Code, if in front; requires a
									conditional use if elsewhere.
				P				P P	

1	SE	C. 20	99.9). 0	TH	ER	US	ES.						
2	RH		RH	DIID	7 7 7						D/TI		R	
3	-1	RH ,	1	RHR						RTO			C	
4	(D)	- <i>1</i> (S)	-2	• -	1	2	3 -	4		-M	-3	4	
5				-										
6														SEC. 209.9. OTHER USES.
7														(a) Sale or lease sign, as defined and regulated by
8	₽	P	P	P	P	₽	P	₽	₽	P	₽	₽	₽	Article 6 of this Code.
9														—(b) Planned Unit Development, as defined and
10	ϵ	C	ϵ			ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	C	C	C	\overline{C}	\overline{C}	
11			t							U	\overline{C}		t	regulated by Section 304 and other applicable provisions of this Code.
12														provisions of this Code.
13	SE l	E SE	CT	ION.	S 2	95 <u>'</u>	THR	OU	GH	205	.2			(c) Temporary uses, as specified in and regulated
14		1	1	<u> </u>		ı		I	1		I	I		by Sections 205 through 205.2 of this Code.
15														-(d) Any use as specified in, and regulated by,
16														Sections 209.3(d), (f), (g), (h), (j); 209.4(a), (b); or
17												₽	₽	209.5(c) of this Code, when located in or below the
18														ground story of a building and not above the ground
19														story.
20														(e) Any use listed as a principal or conditional use
21														permitted on the ground floor in an NC-1 District,
22														when located in a structure on a landmark site
23	ϵ	\overline{C}	E	E	· (C	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ			designated pursuant to Article 10 of this Code,
24														provided that no Conditional Use shall be authorized
25														under this provision unless (1) such authorization

 \boldsymbol{P} \boldsymbol{P} ϵ $E \mid C \mid C$ $E \in C$ \mathcal{C}

conforms to the applicable provisions of Section 303
of this Code and (2) the specific use so authorized is
essential to the feasibility of retaining and preserving
the landmark.

(g) Arts activities except those uses subject to Sections 209.3(d) or (h).

(h) Mortuary and columbarium uses located on a landmark site, and where the site is within a Height and Bulk District of 40 feet or less, and where a columbarium use has lawfully and continuously operated since the time of designation.

"Columbarium use" shall be defined as a use which provides for the storage of cremated remains in niches.

SEC. 209.10. RESERVED.

SEC. 210.1. C-1 DISTRICTS: NEIGHBORHOOD SHOPPING.

These districts are intended for the supplying of retail goods and personal services at convenient locations to meet the frequent and recurring needs of nearby residents. These districts are usually surrounded by residential areas of relatively low density of development, often in outlying areas of the City, and the size and use of commercial buildings in these districts are intended to be consistent with those residential densities. Close concentrations of complementary commercial uses are encouraged, with minimum interruption by open uses and nonretail enterprises.

210.2. 210.1. C-2 DISTRICTS: COMMUNITY BUSINESS.

These districts serve several functions. On a larger scale than the C-1 Districts, tThey provide convenience goods and services to tResidential areas of the City, both in outlying sections and in closer-in, more densely built communities. In addition, some C-2 Districts provide comparison shopping goods and services on a general or specialized basis to a Citywide or a regional market area, complementing the main area for such types of trade in downtown San Francisco. The extent of these districts varies from smaller clusters of stores to larger concentrated areas, including both shopping centers and strip developments along major thoroughfares, and in each case the character and intensity of commercial development are intended to be consistent with the character of other uses in the adjacent areas. In C-2 Districts, the emphasis is upon compatible retail uses, but a wider variety of goods and services is included to suit the longer-term needs of customers and greater latitude is given for the provision of automobile-oriented uses.

<u>Table 210.1</u> **ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR C-2 DISTRICTS**

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>C-2</u>
BUILDING STANDARDS		
Massing and Setbacks		
Height and Bulk Limits	§§ 102, 105, 106, 132.1, 250—252, 260, 270, 271, 295.	Generally 40-X. Additional Height Limits of § 261 apply. See Height and Bulk District Maps
Floor Area Ratio	\$\ \frac{102.9, 102.11, 123,}{124}	Basic FAR limit is 3.6 to 1. For a lot that is nearer to an RM-4 or RC-4 District than to any other R District, the FAR is 4.8 to 1 For a lot that is nearer to a C-3 District than to any R District the FAR is 10.0 to 1. FAR in the Waterfront and Washington-Broadway Special Use Districts is 5 to 1.
Front, Rear, and Side Setbacks	§§ 132, 130,133, 134	See Residential Standards
Street Frontage and Public	Realm	

Street Frontage Requirements Required Ground Floor Commercial	§ 145.1 § 145.4	Required as specified in Section § 145.1 As specified in § 145.4, certain streets and districts are required to have "active commercial uses"
Parking and Loading access restrictions	<u>§ 155(r)</u>	As specified in § 155(r), certain streets and districts have additional restrictions on vehicular access in addition to general standards.
Artworks and Recognition of Artists and Architects	<u>§ 429</u>	Required, except for those on Blocks 4991 (Executive Park) and 7295 (Stonestown Galleria Mall).
<u>Miscellaneous</u>		
<u>Uses in Enclosed Buildings</u>	<u>n/a</u>	All permitted uses, and all storage, servicing, fabricating, processing or repair uses accessory thereto, shall be conducted within enclosed buildings, with the exception of accessory off-street parking and loading areas where permitted; accessory outdoor dining areas where permitted; accessory recreation areas where permitted; and as indicated in the use chart below
Large Project Review	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<u>Planned Unit Development</u>	<u>§ 304</u>	<u>C</u>
Awning Canopy or Marquee	<u>§ 136</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Signs</u>	<u>§ 607</u>	As permitted by Section § 607

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>C-2</u>						
RESIDENTIAL STANDAR	RDS AND USES							
Development Standards								
Usable Open Space for dwelling units and group housing	§ 135	Same as for the R District establishing the dwelling unit density ratio for the property. Group housing requirement is 1/3 the amount required for a dwelling unit						
Residential Parking Requirements	§\$ 151, 161	Generally one space per dwelling unit. Exceptions permitted in the Waterfront Special Use Districts per § 161. None required in the Washington-Broadway Special Use District.						
Rear Yard Setback	<u>§\$ 130, 134</u>	25% of the total depth lot depth, but in no case less than 15 feet. Rear yards shall be provided at the lowest story containing a dwelling unit, and at each succeeding level or story of the building.						
Residential Conversion, Demolition, or Merger	<u>§ 317</u>	Loss of 2 units or fewer DR/Loss of 3 or more C						
Use Characteristics								
Single Room Occupancy	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>						
Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>						
Residential Uses								

1	Residential Density, Dwelling	§ 207	P at a density ratio not exceeding the number of dwelling units
	Units	<u>§ 207</u>	permitted in the nearest R District, with the distance to such R
2			District measured from the midpoint of the front lot line or from a point directly across the street therefrom, whichever
3			permits the greater density; provided, that the maximum
4			density ratio shall in no case be less than one unit for each
4	Senior Housing	§§102, 202.2(f)	800 square feet of lot area. NP above. P up to twice the number of dwelling units otherwise permitted
5			as a principal use in the district and meeting all the
•			requirements of § 202.2(f)(1). C up to twice the number of dwelling units otherwise permitted as a principal use in the
6			district and meeting all requirements of Section § 202.2(f)(1)
7			except for § 202.2(f)(1)(D)(iv), related to location.
0	Residential Density, Group	<u>§ 208</u>	P at a density ratio not exceeding the maximum density
8	<u>Housing</u>		permitted for group housing in the nearest R District, with the distance to such R District measured from the midpoint of the
9			front lot line or from a point directly across the street
10			therefrom, whichever permits the greater density; provided,
10			that the maximum density ratio shall in no case be less than one bedroom for each 275 square feet of lot area. NP above.
11			one deminating one 270 square jeet of for area. Iff above.

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>C-2</u>
NON-RESIDENTIAL ST	ANDARDS AND US	SES
Development Standards		
Off-Street Parking	§§ 150, 151, 161	As required by § 151. Certain exceptions permitted by § 161. None required in the Washington-Broadway Special Use District.
<u>Use Size Limits</u>	<u>§ 121.6</u>	C required for single Retail Use greater than 50,000 gross square feet. NP above 120,000 gross square feet
Ground Floor Ceiling Height	§ 145.1(c)(4)	Minimum floor-to-floor height of 14 feet, as measured from grade except in 40-foot and 50-foot height districts, where buildings shall have a minimum floor-to-floor height of 10 feet.
Commercial Use Characte	<u>ristics</u>	
<u>Drive-up Facility</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Formula Retail</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>
Open Air Sales	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>
Outdoor Activity Area	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>
Walk-up Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(1)</u>
Waterborne Commerce	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>
Agricultural Use Category	<u> </u>	
Agricultural Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>P(3)</u>
Automotive Use Category		
<u>Automotive Repair</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>
Automotive Sale/Rental	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(4)</u>

	Automotive Service Station	§§ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>P(3)</u>
1	Automotive Wash	§\$ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>C(3)</u>
_	Gas Station	§§ 102, 202.2(b),	<u>P</u>
2		<u>187.1, 228</u>	_
3	Parking Garage, Private	§ 102	<u>P</u>
	Parking Garage, Public	§ 102	<u>C</u>
4	Parking Lot, Private	§§ 102, 142, 156	<u>P(3)</u>
_	Parking Lot, Public	§§ 102, 142, 156	P(3)
5	Service, Motor Vehicle Tow	§ 102	NP
6	Service, Parcel Delivery	§ 102	<u>C</u>
U	Services, Ambulance	§ 102	<u>C</u>
7	Vehicle Storage Garage	§ 102	NP
•	Vehicle Storage Lot	§\$ 102, 142	NP
8	Entertainment, Arts and Re		
9	Entertainment and Recreation Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>
4.0	Entertainment, Outdoor	§ 102	NP
10	Livery Stable	§ 102	NP
11	Open Recreation Area	§ 102	<u>P(3)</u>
1 1	Sports Stadium	§ 102	NP
12	Industrial Use Category	<u>¥ 102</u>	<u>111.</u>
-	Industrial Uses*	<u>§102</u>	NP
13	Institutional Use Category	<u> </u>	111
1 /	Institutional Uses*	§\$ 102, 202.2(e)	<u>P</u>
14	Hospital	§ 102	<u>-</u> <u>C</u>
15	Trade School	§ 102	NP
10	Sales and Service Use Cate		
16	Retail Sales and Service Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(a)	<u>P</u>
	Animal Hospital	§ 102	<u>C</u>
17	Hotel	§ 102	<u>C</u>
10	<u> Kennel</u>	§ 102	NP
18	Massage Establishment	§ 102	<u>C</u>
19	Mobile Food Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>
	<u>Mortuary</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>
20	<u>Motel</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(a)	<u>C</u>
21	Storage, Self	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>
	Tobacco Paraphernalia Store	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>
22	Non-Retail Sales and Service*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>
22	<u>Laboratory</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>
23	<u>Life Science</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>
24	Storage, Commercial	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>
	Storage, Wholesale	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>
25	<u>Wholesale Sales</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>

<u>Utility and Infrastructure Use Category</u>						
Community Recycling Center	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>				
Internet Service Exchange	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>				
Power Plant	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>				
Public Transportation Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C(3)</u>				
<u>PublicUtilities Yard</u>	§ 102	<u>NP</u>				
<u>Utility Installation</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>				
<u>Wireless Telecommunications</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(2)</u>				
Service Facility						

^{*} Not listed below

- (2) C required if taller than 25 feet above roof, grade or height limit (depending on site) or if within 1000 feet of an R District and includes a parabolic antenna with a diameter in excess of three meters or a composite diameter of antennae in excess of six meters. See definition in 102 for more information.
 - (3) Not required to be in an enclosed building.
 - (4) Allowed to operate on an open lot, but C required if operated on open lot.

SEC. <u>210.2.</u> 210.3 C-3 DISTRICTS: DOWNTOWN COMMERCIAL.

Downtown San Francisco, a center for City, regional, national, and international commerce, is composed of four separate districts, as follows:

C-3-O District: Downtown Office. This district, playing a leading national role in finance, corporate headquarters, and service industries, and serving as an employment center for the region, consists primarily of high-quality office development. The intensity of building development is the greatest in the City, resulting in a notable skyline symbolizing the area's strength and vitality. The district is served by City and regional transit reaching its central portions and by automobile parking at peripheral locations. Intensity and compactness permit face-to-face business contacts to be made conveniently by travel on foot. Office development is supported by some related retail and service uses within the area, with inappropriate uses excluded in order to conserve the supply of land in the core and its expansion areas for further development of major office buildings.

C-3-O(SD) District: Downtown Office Special Development. This area south of Market Street and east of Third Street comprises the southern side of the core central business district, and is similar to and generally indistinguishable from the C-3-O District in

⁽¹⁾ C required if not recessed 3 feet

terms of uses and character. The area is centered on the Transbay Transit Center. This district permits densities that exceed those in the C-3-O district and contains the tallest height limits in the City, reflecting its unparalleled public transportation access and geographically central position in the downtown.

C-3-R District: Downtown Retail. This <u>#District</u> is a regional center for comparison shopper retailing and direct consumer services. It covers a compact area with a distinctive urban character, consists of uses with cumulative customer attraction and compatibility, and is easily traversed by foot. Like the adjacent Downtown Office District, this district is well-served by City and regional transit, with automobile parking best located at its periphery. Within the <u>#District</u>, continuity of retail and consumer service uses is emphasized, with encouragement of pedestrian interest and amenities and minimization of conflicts between shoppers and motor vehicles. A further merging of this <u>#District</u> with adjacent, related districts is anticipated, partially through development of buildings that combine retailing with other functions.

C-3-G District: Downtown General Commercial. This $d\underline{D}$ istrict covers the western portions of downtown and is composed of a variety of uses: Retail, offices, hotels, entertainment, clubs and institutions, and high-density residential. Many of these uses have a Citywide or regional function, although the intensity of development is lower here than in the downtown core area. As in the case of other downtown districts, no off-street parking is required for individual commercial buildings. In the vicinity of Market Street, the configuration of this $d\underline{D}$ istrict reflects easy accessibility by rapid transit.

C-3-S District: Downtown Support. This $d\underline{D}$ istrict encompasses Yerba Buena Gardens, which includes San Francisco's Convention Center, hotels, museums and cultural facilities, housing, retail, and offices arranged around public gardens and plazas. The $d\underline{D}$ istrict continues to accommodate important supporting functions such as wholesaling, printing, building services, and secondary office space. It also contains unique housing resources. The

- d<u>D</u>istrict is within walking distance of rapid transit on Market Street, and is served by transit
 lines on Third, Fourth, Mission and Folsom streets.
- 3 <u>Table 210.2</u>

ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR C-3 DISTRICTS

t	,

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>C-3-0</u>	<u>C-3-O(SD)</u>	<u>C-3-R</u>	<u>C-3-G</u>	<u>C-3-S</u>		
BUILDING STANDA								
Massing and Setback	S							
Height and Bulk Limits.	Ségint and Bulk Limits. Ségint 102, 105, 106, 250-252, 260, 261, 270, 271. Varies. See also Height and Bulk District Maps							
Setbacks and Streetwall Articulation	<u>§§ 132.1, 146</u>	and street wide		quirements basea acks may be requ eet.				
Basic Floor Area Ratio	§\$ 102.9, 102.11, 123, 124	<u>9.0 to 1</u>	6.0 to 1	6.0 to 1	6.0 to 1	5.0 to 1		
<u>Front, Rear, and Side</u> <u>Setbacks</u>	§ 132§ 130 §133 § 134	See Residentia	l Standards belo	<u>w</u>				
Sun Access Planes	<u>§ 146</u>	Buildings loca per §146	ted on certain sti	reets are required	d to provide sun	access planes		
Street Frontage and I								
<u>Privately Owned Public</u> <u>Open Space</u>	<u>§ 138</u>	Required with the constructing of a new building or an addition of gross floor area equal to 20% or more of an existing building. Ratio of POPOS is 1:50 feet for all districts except C-3-R which is 1:100						
<u>Downtown Streetscape</u> <u>Plan</u>	§ 138.1(c)(3)	with any new o	construction; the building; or the d	he Downtown Str addition of floor alteration to grea	area equal to 20	% or more		
Street Frontage Requirements	§ 145.1	Required as sp	ecified in Section	n § 145.1				

1	Street Frontage, Required Ground Floor	§ 145.4	As specified in "active commer	§ 145.4, certain .	streets and distri	cts are required	to have
2	<u>Commercial</u>		uctive commen	ciai ascs			
_	Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access	<u>§ 155(r)</u>			istricts have additional o general standards. In C-3		
3	restrictions		Districts curb o	cuts are restricted	d on Transit Prej	ferential, Citywid	le Pedestrian
4			Network, Neigh bicycle lanes.	iborhood Comm	ercial Streets or	official City bicy	<u>cle routes or</u>
5	Artworks and Recognition	§ 429	Art works and	recognition of ar	tists and archite	ets ave veguived i	for nav
6	of Artists and Architects	<u>y 429</u>	buildings and f	or additions of fl			
7			existing buildin	<u>ig, per § 429.</u>			
1	<u>Miscellaneous</u>						
8	Large project review	<u>§ 309</u>	As required by				
0	<u>Planned Unit</u> <u>Development</u>	<u>§ 304</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
9	<u>Development</u>						
10	<u>Awnings, Canopy or</u> <u>Marquee</u>	<u>§ 136</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
11	<u>Signs</u>	<u>§ 607</u>	As permitted by	Section § 607			

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>C-3-0</u>	<u>C-3-O-S</u>	<u>C-3-R</u>	<u>C-3-G</u>	<u>C-3-S</u>				
RESIDENTIAL STA		D USES								
Development Standards										
Usable Open Space [Per Dwelling Unit]	Usable Open Space [Per] §§ 135, 136 At least 36 square feet if private, and 48 square feet per dwelling unit if									
Residential Parking Requirements										
Rear Yard Setback	Rear Yard Setback \$\$ 130, 134 25% of the total depth lot depth, but in no case less than 15 feet for lowest story containing a dwelling unit and each succeeding story. Exceptions are permitted by \$309.									
Residential Conversion, Demolition, or Merger	<u>§ 317</u>	Loss of 1-2 un	its mandatory D	R/Loss of 3 or mo	ore units C					
Use Characteristics										
Single Room Occupancy	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>				
Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>				
Residential Uses										
Residential Density, Dwelling Units	<u>§ 207</u>	No density limit. Density is regulated by the permitted height and bulk, and required setbacks, exposure, and open space of each development lot.								

Senior Housing	§§ 102, 202.2(f)	No density limit. Density is regulated by the permitted height and bulk, and required setbacks, exposure, and open space of each development lot. C Required if development meets all requirements of Section § 202.2(f)(1), except for § 202.2(f)(1)(D)(iv), related to location.
Residential Density, Group Housing	<u>§ 208</u>	No density limit. Density is regulated by the permitted height and bulk, and required setbacks, exposure, and open space of each development lot.

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>C-3-0</u>	<u>C-3-O-S</u>	<u>C-3-R</u>	<u>C-3-G</u>	<u>C-3-S</u>			
NON-RESIDENTIA	L STANDARD	S AND US	<u>ESS</u>						
Development Standar	<u>rds</u>								
<u>Off-Street Parking,</u>	§§ 150, 151,	None Required. Maximums set in Planning Code Section 151.1							
<u>Use Size Limits</u>	<u>§ 121.6</u>	C required for single retail use over 90,000 gross square feet. Single Retail Uses in excess of 120,000 gross square feet that sell groceries; contain more than 20,000 Stockkeeping Units (SKUs); and devote more than 5% of its total sales floor area to the sale of non-taxable merchandise are NP							
Ground Floor Ceiling Heights	§ 145.1(c)(4)	Required m	inimum floor-to	o-floor height of I	4 feet, as measu	red from grade			
Commercial Use Cha	racteristics								
<u>Drive-up Facility</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Formula Retail	§§102, 303	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Open Air Sales	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Outdoor Activity Area	§ 102	P	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Walk-up Facility	§ 102	P(1)	P(1)	<u>P(1)</u>	P(1)	P(1)			
Waterborne Commerce	§ 102	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP			
Agricultural Use Cat		<u> </u>							
Agricultural Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
<u>Greenhouse</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>			
Automotive Use Cate	gory								
Automotive Repair	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>			
Automotive Sale/Rental	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P(4)</u>	<u>P(4)</u>			
<u>Automotive Service</u> <u>Station</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Automotive Wash	§§ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Gas Station	§§ 102, 202.2(b), 187.1, 228	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
Parking Garage, Private	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
Parking Garage, Public	<u>§ 102</u>	C	C	C	C	C			

	Parking Lot, Private	§§ 102, 142,	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
1	Parking Lot, Public	<u>156</u> §§ 102, 142,	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
2	_	<u>156</u>					
3	Service, Motor Vehicle Tow	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
4	Service, Parcel Delivery	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>
5	Services, Ambulance	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>
5	<u>Vehicle Storage Garage</u>	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>
6	<u>Vehicle Storage Lot</u>	§§ 102, 142	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
-	Entertainment, Arts a				I n	T n	
7	Entertainment Arts and Recreation Uses*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
8	Entertainment, Outdoor	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
-	<u>Livery Stable</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
9	Open Recreation Area	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
4.0	Sports Stadium	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
10	Industrial Use Catego						
11	<u>Industrial Uses*</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
11	Manufacturing, Light	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
12	Institutional Use Cate						
13	Institutional Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(e)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
13	Child Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>
14	<u>Hospital</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
	Residential Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>
15	<u>Trade School</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
16	Sales and Service Use	Category					
	Retail Sales and Service	<u> </u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
17	<u>Uses*</u>	<u>202.2(a)</u>					
18	<u>Animal Hospital</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
4.0	<u>Hotel</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
19	<u>Kennel</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
20	Massage Establishment	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
20	<u>Mortuary</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
21	<u>Motel</u>	<u>§§ 102,</u> <u>202.2(a)</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
22	Storage, Self	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>
	<u>Tobacco Paraphernalia</u> <u>Store</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
23	Non-Retail Sales and	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	P(2)	<u>P(2)</u>
24	Service*						
0.5	Catering	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
25	<u>Design Professional</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>

<u>Laboratory</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Life Science</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Storage, Commercial	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Storage, Wholesale	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Wholesale Sales</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Utility and Infrastruct	ure Use Categ	<u>ory</u>				
<u>Utility and</u> <u>Infrastructure*</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Internet Service Exchange	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Public Transportation Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Utility Instillation</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Wireless Telecommunications Service Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>

^{*} Not listed below

(1) C required if not recessed 3 feet

(2)C is required if at or below the ground floor

(3)P if located on the ground floor and offers on-site services to the general public. NP on the ground floor if it does not provide onsite services to the general public. C is required if the use is larger than 5,000 gross square feet in size or located above the ground floor. In the C-3-R District, in addition to the criteria set forth in Section 303, approval shall be given upon a determination that the use will not detract from the District's primary function as an area for comparison shopper retailing and direct consumer services.

(4) C Required if operated on an open lot

(5) Required to be in an enclosed building, NP if operated on open lot

(6) C required if taller than 25 feet above roof, grade or height limit depending on site or if within 1000 feet of an R District and includes a parabolic antenna with a diameter in excess of 3 meters or a composite diameter of antennae in excess of 6 meters. See definition in 102 for more information.

SEC. 210.7 210.3. PDR DISTRICTS: PURPOSE

These $d\underline{D}$ istricts provide space for a wide variety of PDR (production, distribution, and repair) and other non-residential activities in districts where these uses are free from inherent economic and operational competition and conflicts with housing, large office developments, and large-scale retail, which are not permitted in these districts. Other uses that share operational characteristics with PDR uses are permitted in these districts, as they require large flexible spaces and prefer separation from intensive housing districts. PDR-zoned land is also an important reservoir of space in San Francisco for new and evolving industry and activity types that cannot be foreseen today and cannot practically function or compete for

space in a typical downtown office or neighborhood commercial environment. Business and activities allowed in PDR Districts generally share a need for flexible operating space that features large open interior spaces, high ceilings, freight loading docks and elevators, floors capable of bearing heavy loads, and large (often uncovered exterior) storage areas. These uses are often not ideally compatible with housing for operational reasons, including the need for significant trucking and delivery activities, 24-hour operation, and emission of noise, odors, and vibrations. Importantly, PDR uses are limited in the amount of rent they can afford relative to office, retail, and residential uses, yet are important sectors of the City's economy. SEC. 210.8. PDR-1-B District.: Light Industrial Buffer. The intent of this *dD*istrict is to create a buffer area between residential neighborhoods and light industrial areas, primarily in the Bayview Hunters Point neighborhood. Thus, this *dD*istrict prohibits residential uses and limits $\theta \underline{O}$ ffice, $\underline{r}\underline{R}$ etail, and $\underline{i}\underline{I}$ nstitutional uses. Generally, all other uses are permitted. This zone allows for less intensive production, distribution, and repair activities that will not compromise the quality of life of nearby residents. These uses generate less external noise, odors, and vibrations and engage in fewer trucking activities than those permitted in PDR-2 districts. Uses in this *dD*istrict are generally conducted completely within enclosed structures. Smallscale $\neq R$ etail and θO ffice uses are permitted, as are other activities that may serve well to buffer existing residential neighborhoods from areas of concentrated industrial operations. In considering any new land use not contemplated in this District, the Zoning Administrator shall take into account the intent of this District as expressed in this Section and in the General Plan. **PDR-1-D: Design.** The intention of this *dD*istrict is to retain and encourage less-SEC. 210.9. intensive production, distribution, and repair businesses, especially the existing clusters of design-related businesses. Thus, this dDistrict prohibits rResidential uses and θO ffice uses, and limits, #Retail and #Institutional uses. Additionally, this #District prohibits heavy industrial uses,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 which generate external noise, odors, and vibrations and engage in frequent trucking 2 activities. Generally, all other uses are permitted. In considering any new land use not 3 contemplated in this District, the Zoning Administrator shall take into account the intent of this District as expressed in this Section and in the General Plan. 4 5 SEC. 210.10. PDR-1-G: General. The intention of this &District is to retain and encourage 6 existing production, distribution, and repair activities and promote new business formation. 7 Thus, this dDistrict prohibits dPResidential and dPOffice uses, and limits dPRetail and dPInstitutional 8 uses. Additionally, this *dD*istrict allows for more intensive production, distribution, and repair 9 activities than PDR-1-B and PDR-1-D but less intensive than PDR-2. Generally, all other uses are permitted. In considering any new land use not contemplated in this District, the Zoning 10 Administrator shall take into account the intent of this District as expressed in this Section and 11 12 in the General Plan. 13 SEC. 210.11. PDR-2: Core Production, Distribution, and Repair. The intent of this &District is to encourage the introduction, intensification, and protection of a wide range of light and 14 15 contemporary industrial activities. Thus, this *dD*istrict, prohibits new housing, large office 16 developments, large-scale retail, and the heaviest of industrial uses, such as incinerators. 17 Generally, all other uses are permitted. The conservation of existing flexible industrial 18 buildings is also encouraged. This These aDistricts permits certain non-industrial, nonresidential uses, including small-scale $\neq R$ etail and $\neq O$ ffice, $\neq E$ ntertainment, certain institutions, 19 20 and similar uses that would not create conflicts with the primary industrial uses or are 21 compatible with the operational characteristics of businesses in the area. Light industrial uses in these this dDistricts may be conducted entirely within an enclosed structure, partly within 22 23 enclosed structures, or some functions may occur entirely in open areas. These uses may 24 require trucking activity multiple times per day, including trucks with up to 18 wheels or more, and occurring at any time of the day or night. As part of their daily operations, PDR activities 25

in these areas may emit noises, vibrations, odors, and other emissions, as permitted by law. Within the requirements of local, state, and federal health and safety regulations, and within the stipulation of this eCode, which may impose additional use size maximums and minimum distance requirements on certain activities, raw materials used for production, manufacturing, repair, storage, research, and distribution may be stored on site and may include chemical, biological, and other hazardous, explosive, or flammable materials. In considering any new land use not contemplated in this District, the Zoning Administrator shall take into account the intent of this District as expressed in this Section and in the General Plan.

<u>Table 210.3</u> ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR PDR DISTRICTS

	§ References	<u>PDR-1-</u> B	<u>PDR-1-</u> D	<u>PDR-1-</u> G	<u>PDR-2</u>	
BUILDING STANDARDS		_	_			
Massing and Setbacks						
Height and Bulk Limits.	\$\frac{\\$\\$ 102, 105,}{\frac{106, 132.1, 250-}{252, 260, 270,}}	<u>Varies. See</u>	Height and E	Bulk Map.		
Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123, 124	4.0 to 1 in a 5.0 to 1 in a	n 50, 55, or 58 n 65 or 68-foo height district	8-foot height a 8-foot height a ot height distri t, or 7.5 to 1 in	<u>listrict,</u> ict, 6.0 in	
Front, Rear, and Side Setbacks	§§ 132, 130, 133, 134	Not Required				
Street Frontage and Public Realm						
Ground Floor Standards	<u>§ 145.5</u>	Ground floof floor-to-floo	-	h a minimum o	of 17 feet	
Street Frontage, Required Ground Floor Commercial	<u>§ 145.4</u>		e required to	certain streets have "active	<u>and</u>	
Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access restrictions	§ 155(r)	As specified	d in § 155(r)			
Artworks and Recognition of Artists and Architects	<u>§ 429</u>	Not Require	<u>ed</u>			
<u>Miscellaneous</u>						
Large Lot Subdivision	<u>§ 121.9</u>	Subdividing	g, resubdividi	ng, or perforn	ning a lot	

		line adjustment to a parcel that is equal to a greater than 10,000 square feet, into one or more smaller parcels requires C.			
Large Project Review	n/a	n/a	<u>n/a</u>	n/a	n/a
Planned Unit Development*	§ 304	<u>K/U</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Awnings, Canopy or Marquee	§\$ 136, 136.1	P	P	P	<u>P</u>
Signs	§ 607		L d by Section §	_	<u></u>
* Residential Uses are not permitted	<u> </u>	As permute	<u>a by section s</u>	7 007	
Zanina Catagomi	S. D. of our or or	DDD 1	DDD 1	DDD 1	DDD
Zoning Category	§ References	<u>PDR-1-</u> B	<u>PDR-1-</u> D	<u>PDR-1-</u> G	PDR-
RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS &	<u>USES</u>				1
Development Standards	-	-			-
Usable Open Space [Per Dwelling Unit]	§§ 135, 136	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	N/A
Residential Parking Requirements	§§ 151.1, 161	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Residential Conversion, Demolition, or Merger	§ 317		units mandat	ory DR/Loss o	
<u>Use Characteristics</u>					
Single Room Occupancy	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	NP	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Student Housing	§ 102	NP	NP	NP	NP
Residential Uses	3 102	111	111	111	111
Dwelling Units	§ 102	ND	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Senior Housing	§ 102 § 102	<u>NP</u> <u>NP</u>	NP NP	NP NP	NP NP
<u> </u>					
Group Housing	<u>§ 208</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
Zoning Category	§ References	<u>PDR-1-</u> <u>B</u>	<u>PDR-1-</u> <u>D</u>	<u>PDR-1-</u> <u>G</u>	PDR-
NON-RESIDENTIAL USES & S	<u>TANDARDS</u>				
<u>Development Standards</u> Off-Street Parking	§§ 150, 151,	Parking	None Requi	inad	Parkin
Off-Street 1 arking	<u>151.1</u>	required per Section 151.	Maximums Planning Co	set in	require per Section 151.
Use Size Limits for Retail Sales and	§ 210.3(a)	See Chart	<u>5,000</u>	2,500	See
Service Uses		<u>210.3A</u>	gross	gross	<u>Chart</u>
			square feet per lot, see reference	square feet per lot, see reference (9) below	<u>210.3</u> A
			(10) below		
<u>Use Size Limits for Non-Retail Sales and</u> <u>Service Uses</u>	§ 210.3(a)	<u>See Chart</u> 210.3A	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>See</u> Chart

1	PDR Building Replacement	§ 230		olacement PD	nousing PDR R buildings a	
2	Commercial Use Characteristics		in Section 2	<u> </u>		
	Drive-up Facility	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
3	Formula Retail	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
4	Open Air Sales	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
4	Outdoor Activity Area	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
5	Small Enterprise Workspace	§§ 102, 202.2(g)	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>
Ū	Walk-up Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
6	<u>Waterborne Commerce</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>
_	Agricultural Use Category					
7	Agricultural Uses*	§ 102, 202.2(c)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
8	Automotive Use Category					
O	Automotive Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(b,	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
9		<u>142)</u>	- (2)	_		_
	Automotive Repair	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(3)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
10	Automotive Sale/Rental	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P(4)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
	<u>Automotive Service Station</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
11	<u>Automotive Wash</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(b)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u> <u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
12	Gas Station	§§ 102, 202.2(b), 187.1, 228	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
12	Parking Garage, Private	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
13	Parking Garage, Public	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
. •	Parking Lot, Private	§§ 102, 142, 156	<u>C</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
14	Parking Lot, Public	§§ 102, 142, 156	<u>C</u>	NP	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
	Service, Motor Vehicle Tow	§ 102	P	P	P	\overline{P}
15	Entertainment and Recreation Use		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
16	Entertainment and Recreation Uses*	§ 102	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
10	Entertainment, General	§ 102	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
17	Entertainment, Nighttime	§ 102	P(5)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
	Entertainment, Outdoor	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
18	Livery Stable	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
4.0	Movie Theater	§ 102, 202.4	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>	<u>P(6)</u>
19	Sports Stadium	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
20	Industrial Use Category					
20	Auto Wrecking	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
21	<u>Automobile Assembly</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>
	Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 1	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
22	Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 2	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
	Grain Elevator	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>
23	<u>Hazardous Waste Facility</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
24	<u>Junkyard</u>	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>
4	Livestock Processing 1	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>
25	Livestock Processing 2	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
	Manufacturing 1, Heavy	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>

	Manufacturing 2 Heavy	§§ 102,202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
1	Manufacturing 3, Heavy	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>BP</u>	<u>C</u>			
0	Manufacturing, Light	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	P(5)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
2	Ship Yard	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>			
2	Metal Workshop	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	NP	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
3	Storage Yard	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	P(5)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
4	Storage, Volatile Materials	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>			
7	Truck Terminal	§§ 102, 202.2(d)	NP	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	\overline{P}			
5	Institutional Use Category								
_	Child Care Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
6	Community Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
-	Community Facility, Private	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
7	<u>Hospital</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
8	Job Training	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(7)</u>	<u>P(7)</u>	<u>P(7)</u>	<u>P(7)</u>			
O	Medical Cannabis Dispensary	§§ 102, 202.2(e)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
9	Philanthropic Admin. Services	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
Ū	Post-Secondary Ed. Institution	§ 102	<u>P(7)</u>	P(7)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
10	Public Facilities	§ 102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
	Religious Institution	§ 102	P(7)	P(7)	P(7)	P(7)			
11	Residential Care	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
	School	§ 102	P(7)	P(7)	NP	NP			
12	Social Service or Philanthropic Facility	§ 102	<u>P(5)</u>	P(8)	P(8)	<u>P(5)</u>			
40	Trade School	§ 102	<u>P(7)</u>	P(7)	P(7)	<u>P(7)</u>			
13	Sales and Service Use Category								
14	Retail Sales and Service Uses*	§§ 102, 202.2(a)	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(10)</u>	<u>P(9)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>			
	Adult Business	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
15	Animal Hospital	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
	Cat Boarding	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
16	Grocery Store, General	§§ 102, 202.3	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(13)</u>	<u>P(12)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>			
47	Gym	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	P(13)	P(12)	<u>P(1)</u>			
17	Hotel	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
18	<u>Kennel</u>	§ 102	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
10	Massage Establishment	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>			
19	Massage, Foot/Chair	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
.0	<u>Mortuary</u>	§ 102	<u>P</u>	NP	<u>P</u>	\overline{P}			
20	Motel	§§ 102, 202.2(a)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
	Services, Health	<u>§ 102</u>	P(3)	P(8)	P(8)	P(5)			
21	Storage, Self	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
00	<u>Trade Shop</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(11)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
22	Non-Retail Sales and Service*	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(2)</u>	<u>NP(14)</u>	<u>NP(14)</u>	<u>P(2)</u>			
23	Catering	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
20	<u>Laboratory</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	P(16)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
24	<u>Life Science</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			
	Services, Business	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
25	Storage, Commercial	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			

	1				İ]
1	Storage, Wholesale	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
_	<u>Trade Office</u>	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
2	Wholesale Sales	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
2	Utility and Infrastructure Use Cates	<u>gory</u>				
3	Community Recycling Center	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
4	Internet Service Exchange	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
•	Power Plant	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
5	Public Transportation Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
	Public Utilities Yard	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P(5)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
6	Utility Instillation	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
_	Wireless Telecommunications Facility	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>P(15)</u>	<u>P(15)</u>	<u>P(15)</u>
7			•	•	•	•

* not listed below

(1) See Chart 210.3A

(2) See Chart 210.3A

(3) NP above 7,500 Gross Square Feet

(4) Required to be in an enclosed building, NP if operated on open lot

(5) NP above 5000 Gross Square Feet

11 (6) More than 3 screens NP

(7) NP above 20,000 Gross Square Feet. Housing is not permitted

12 (8) C if above 5,000 Gross Square Feet

(9) In this District, all uses with this reference number are limited to a cumulative total of 2,500 Gross Square

13 <u>Feet per lot</u>

8

9

10

14

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(10) In this District, all uses with this reference number are limited to a cumulative total of 5,000 Gross Square Feet per lot

(11) Printing shop and newspaper publication limited to 5,000 Gross Square Feet

15 <u>(12)C required if larger than 2,500 Gross Square Feet per lot; Gyms greater than 2,500 Gross Square Feet must include equipment and space for weight-lifting and cardio-vascular activities.</u>

(13)C required if larger than 5,000 Gross Square Feet per lot; Gyms greater than 5,000 Gross Square Feet must include equipment and space for weight-lifting and cardio-vascular activities.

(14) NP unless in a designated landmark; P in A designated landmark.

(15) C required if taller than 25 feet above roof, grade or height limit depending on site or if within 1000 feet of an R District and includes a parabolic antenna with a diameter in excess of three meters or a composite diameter of antennae in excess of six meters. See definition in 102 for more information.

(16) NP Above 2500 Gross Square Feet

SEC. 210.3A

In order to preserve land and building space for light industrial activities, non-accessory retail and office uses that exceed the square footage stated in the table below shall not be permitted in PDR-1-B and PDR-2 Districts. The use area shall be measured as the occupied floor area of all retail or offices activities on a lot, as defined in the land use controls for PDR Districts in Section 218 (Retail Sales and Personal Services) and Section 219 (Offices) of this Code. Additionally, a cumulative use size

maximum applies in PDR-1-B and PDR-2 Districts, such that the combined floor area of any and all
 uses permitted by Sections 218 and 219 may not exceed the limits stated in the table below for any
 given lot.

These use size maximum limits shall not apply to accessory uses, as defined in Section 204.3 of this Code.

6 <u>Table 210.3A</u>

<u>District</u>	210 3 followed by a (1)		Total Size Maximum. All Uses in Chart 210.3 followed by a # or ## Combined
<i>PDR-1-B</i>	2,500 sq. ft.	5,000 sq. ft.	7,500 sq. ft.
<u>PDR-2</u>	<u>2,500 sq. ft.</u>	<u>5,000 sq. ft.</u>	5,000 sq. ft.

SEC. 210.4. C-M DISTRICTS: HEAVY COMMERCIAL.

These districts provide a limited supply of land for certain heavy commercial uses not permitted in other commercial districts. There is an emphasis upon wholesaling and business services, and some light manufacturing and processing are also permitted though limited in most cases to less than an entire building. In recognition of the potentially adverse effects of these heavy uses and the proximity of these districts to residential and other commercial areas, standards are imposed as to enclosure within buildings and screening of outdoor uses.

SEC. 212. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR USES IN CERTAIN C AND M DISTRICTS.

In the following C and M Districts, the permitted uses indicated in Sections 215 through 227 shall be subject to the additional requirements contained in this Section 212.

(a) Uses in Enclosed Buildings. In C-2 Districts, all permitted uses, and all storage, servicing, fabricating, processing or repair uses accessory thereto, shall be conducted within enclosed buildings, with the exceptions of:

1	(1) Those uses indicated by an asterisk (*) in the column for the district;
2	(2) Accessory off-street parking and loading areas where permitted;
3	(3) Accessory outdoor dining areas where permitted;
4	(4) Accessory recreation areas where permitted; and,
5	(5) Mobile Food Facilities as defined in Section 102.34.
6	(b) Drive-up Facilities. In C-3 Districts, a Drive-up Facility, as defined in Section 790.30 of
7	this Code, shall not be permitted.
8	(c) Required Ground-floor Commercial Frontage in C-3 Districts.
9	(1) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to assure continuity of retail and consumer
10	service uses in the C-3-R District, and in other important commercial streets in C-3 Districts.
11	(2) Applicability.
12	(A) In the C-3-R District, along any block frontage that is entirely within such
13	district or partly in such district and partly in the C-3-O District, where such block frontage faces a
14	street 40 feet or more in width;
15	(B) On building frontages facing Destination Alleyways, as defined in the
16	Downtown Streetscape Plan;
17	(C) Along any street frontage facing Market Street in all C-3 Districts except
18	the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District.
19	(3) Controls.
20	(A) Ground Story. Permitted uses listed in Sections 218 and 221 shall be
21	located facing such street in the ground story of any building. At least 1/2 the total width of any new or
22	reconstructed building, parallel to and facing such street, shall be devoted at the ground story to
23	entrances, show windows or other displays of such uses.
24	(B) All Levels. All other permitted uses shall be located either on stories above
25	or below the ground story or at a distance of not less than 20 feet behind each street frontage at the

1	ground story. No more than 1/3 the width of any lot, parallel to and facing such street, shall be devoted
2	to entrances to such other permitted uses.
3	(d) Hazardous, Noxious, or Offensive Uses Prohibited. No use listed as permitted in any (
4	District or M-1 District shall include any use that is hazardous, noxious or offensive for reasons
5	described in Section 202(c) of this Code.
6	SEC. 213. USES PERMITTED IN C, M, AND PDR DISTRICTS.
7	(a) The uses listed in Sections 215 through 227 are permitted in C, M, and PDR Districts as
8	indicated by the following symbols in the respective columns for each district:
9	P: Permitted as a principal use in this district.
10	C: Subject to approval by the City Planning Commission as a conditional use in this distric
11	as provided in Section 303 of this Code.
12	NA: This listing not applicable to this district, as the same use is listed subsequently for the
13	district with fewer restrictions.
14	Blank Space: Not permitted in this district.
15	(b) The Section titles are intended only as an aid to use of this Code and are not binding as to
16	interpretation of these Sections. In general, but not in all cases, uses that are more widely permitted in
17	C, M, and PDR Districts are listed in earlier Sections. Uses listed in an earlier Section shall no
18	include any use first specifically listed in a later Section. Where the same use is listed as permitted two
19	or more times for the same district, with different restrictions, the permitted listing with the fewes
20	restrictions shall prevail for that district.
21	(c) Determinations as to the classification of uses not specifically listed shall be made in the
22	manner indicated in Sections 202 and 307(a) of this Code.
23	(d) Reference should be made to Sections 204 through 204.5 for regulations pertaining to
24	accessory uses permitted for principal and conditional uses listed in Sections 215 through 227.

(e)	- Reference si	hould also	be made	to the	other Ar	ticles of this	Code co	ontaining p	orovisions
relating to	definitions,	off-street	parking	and	loading,	dimensions,	areas	and open	r spaces,
nonconforn	iing uses, hei s	zht and bul	k districts	s, sign	s, historic	preservation,	and ot	her factors	affecting
the develop	ment and alte	ration of pr	operties i	n these	e use distr	ricts.			

SEC. 210.5. 210.4. M Districts: Industrial

SEC. 210.4. M-1 Districts: Light Industrial. These are one of two types of districts providing land for industrial development. In general, the M-1 Districts are more suitable for smaller industries dependent upon truck transportation, while the M-2 Districts are more suitable for larger industries served by rail and water transportation and by large utility lines. In M-1 Districts, most industries are permitted, but some with particularly noxious characteristics are excluded. The permitted industries have certain requirements as to enclosure, screening, and minimum distance from Residential Districts.

SEC. 210.6. M-2 Districts: Heavy Industrial. These <u>dDistricts</u> are the least restricted as to use and are located at the eastern edge of the City, separated from residential and commercial areas. The heavier industries are permitted, with fewer requirements as to screening and enclosure than in M-1 Districts, but many of these uses are permitted only as conditional uses or at a considerable distance from Residential Districts. Most of the land zoned M-2 is controlled by the Port of San Francisco.

19 <u>Table 210.4</u> **ZONING CONTROL TABLE FOR M DISTRICTS**

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>M-1</u>	<u>M-2</u>
BUILDING STANDARDS			
Massing and Setbacks			
Height and Bulk Limits. (See	§§ 102, 105, 106, 250—	Varies. See Height and Bulk L	District Maps
Height and Bulk Map for	<u>252, 260, 261, 270, 271.</u>		
specific property information)			

Front, Rear, and Side Setbacks	§ 132§ 130 §133 § 134	See Residential Standards
Street Frontage and Public	Realm	
Street Frontage Requirements	<u>§ 145.1</u>	Not Required
Street Frontage, Required Ground Floor Commercial	<u>§ 145.4</u>	As specified in § 145.4, certain streets and districts are required to have "active commercial uses"
Ground Floor Standards	<u>§145.5</u>	Ground floor spaces with a minimum clear ceiling height of 15 feet required.
Street Frontage, Parking and Loading access restrictions	<u>§ 155(r)</u>	As specified in § 155(r)
Artworks and Recognition of Artists and Architects	<u>\$ 429</u>	Not required
<u>Miscellaneous</u>		
Large project review	§§ 121.5, 253	<u>none</u>
Planned Unit Development	<u>§ 304</u>	<u>C</u> <u>C</u>
Awnings, Canopy or Marquee	§§ 136, 136.1	<u>P</u>
<u>Signs</u>	<u>§ 607</u>	As permitted by Section § 607

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>M-1</u>	<u>M-2</u>	
RESIDENTIAL STANDAR	RDS &USES			
<u>Development Standards</u>				
<u>Usable Open Space [Per</u> <u>Dwelling Unit]</u>	§§ 135, 136	At least 36 square feet if priva dwelling unit if public.	tte, and 48 square feet per	
Residential Parking Requirements	<u>§§ 151, 161</u>	None required. P up to one space for every two units. C up to three spaces for every four units. NP above.		
Rear Yard Setback	§ § 130, 134	25 percent of the total depth lot depth, but in no case less than 15 feet.		
Residential Conversion, Demolition, or Merger	<u>§ 317</u>	Loss of 1-2 units mandatory DR/Loss of 3 or more units C		
Use Characteristics				
Single Room Occupancy	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Student Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Residential Uses				

1 2 3 4 5	Residential Density, Dwelling Units	<u>§ 207</u>	C at a density ratio not exceeding the number of dwelling units permitted in the nearest R District, with the distance to such R District measured from the midpoint of the front lot line or from a point directly across the street therefrom, whichever permits the greater density; provided, that the maximum density ratio shall in no case be less than one unit for each 800 feet of lot area. Any remaining fraction of one-half or more of the minimum amount of lot area per dwelling unit shall be adjusted upward to the next higher whole number of dwelling units. NP above.	
6	Senior Housing	<u>§ 102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>
7				
8	Residential Density, Group Housing	<u>§ 208</u>	C at a density ratio not exceed permitted for group housing in	
9	<u>Housing</u>		the distance to such R District	measured from the midpoint
10			of the front lot line or from a patherefrom, whichever permits that the maximum density shall	the greater density; provided
11			bedroom per 275 square feet of fraction of one-half or more of	of lot area. Any remaining
12			area per dwelling unit shall be higher whole number of dwell.	e adjusted upward to the next
13			,	

Zoning Category	§ References	<u>M-1</u>	<u>M-2</u>
NON-RESIDENTIAL STA	NDARDS & USES		
Development Standards			
Floor Area Ratio	§§ 102.9, 102.11, 123, 124	<u>5 to I</u>	<u>5 to 1</u>
Off-Street Parking, Non- Residential	§§ 150, 151.	None Required. Maximums set in Planning Code Section 151.1	Minimum parking required per Section 151.
Commercial Use Characteri	stics		
Drive-up Facility	<u>§102</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
Formula Retail	<u>§§102, 303</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Open Air Sales</u>	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Outdoor Activity Area	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Walk-up Facility	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Waterborne Commerce</u>	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Agricultural Use Category			
Agricultural Uses*	<u>§§102, 202.2(c)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Automotive Use Category			
Automotive Uses*	<u>§§102, 202.2(b)</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>

Parking Garage Private	8102	1 C	<u>C</u>	
	-	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
0 0	•		<u>C</u>	
	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
				
	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
	88102 202 2(d)	C	<u>C</u>	
			<u>P</u>	
	**		<u>P</u>	
Processing 1				
	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	
	20111			
	• •		<u>P</u>	
<u>*</u>			<u>C</u>	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· 	<u>P</u>	
			<u>P</u>	
	,		<u>C</u>	
Manufacturing 1, Heavy	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Manufacturing 2 Heavy	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>C</u>	<u>P</u>	
Manufacturing 3, Heavy	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	
Manufacturing, Light	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
<u>Metal Workshop</u>	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Ship Yard	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	
Storage Yard	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Storage, Volatile Materials	§§102, 202.2(d)		<u>C</u>	
Truck Terminal	§§102, 202.2(d)	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Institutional Use Category				
Institutional Uses*	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Child Care Facility	<u>§102</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>P</u>	
<u>Hospital</u>	§102	<u>C</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Medical Cannabis Dispensary	§102, §202.2(g)	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Post-Secondary Ed. Institution	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Residential Care Facility	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>	
<u>School</u>	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NP</u>	
Sales and Service Use Categ	<u>ory</u>			
Retail Sales and Service Uses*	§102 §202.2(a)	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
<u>Hotel</u>	<u>§102</u>		<u>C</u>	
Massage Establishment			<u>C</u>	
<u>Motel</u>	§102 §202.2(a)	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
Non-Retail Sales and Service*	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Utility and Infrastructure Use Category Utility and Infrastructure* 8102 P P				
Utility and Infrastructure*	<u>§102</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
Internet Service Exchange	<u>§102</u>		<u>C</u>	
Public Transportation Facility	§102	<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>	
	Entertainment and Recreation Uses* Industrial Use Category Auto Wrecking Automobile Assembly Food ,Fiber and Beverage Processing 1 Food ,Fiber and Beverage Processing 2 Grain Elevator Hazardous Waste Facility Junkyard Livestock Processing 1 Livestock Processing 2 Manufacturing 1, Heavy Manufacturing 2 Heavy Manufacturing 3, Heavy Manufacturing, Light Metal Workshop Ship Yard Storage Yard Storage, Volatile Materials Truck Terminal Institutional Use Category Institutional Uses* Child Care Facility Hospital Medical Cannabis Dispensary Post-Secondary Ed. Institution Residential Care Facility School Sales and Service Use Category Retail Sales and Service Uses* Hotel Massage Establishment Motel Non-Retail Sales and Service* Utility and Infrastructure Use Internet Service Exchange	Parking Garage, Public Parking Lot, Public Entertainment and Recreation Use Category Entertainment and Recreation Uses* Industrial Use Category Auto Wrecking Automobile Assembly Food, Fiber and Beverage Processing 1 Food, Fiber and Beverage Processing 2 Grain Elevator Hazardous Waste Facility Junkyard Livestock Processing 1 Livestock Processing 2 Extracturing 1, Heavy Manufacturing 1, Heavy Manufacturing 2 Heavy Manufacturing 3, Heavy Manufacturing 3, Heavy Manufacturing 1, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Manufacturing 1, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Manufacturing 1, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Manufacturing 3, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Manufacturing 4, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Manufacturing 5, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Manufacturing 6, Heavy Si 102, 202.2(d) Matel Workshop Si 102, 202.2(d) Storage Yard Si 102, 202.2(d) Storage, Volatile Materials Si 102, 202.2(d) Institutional Use Category Institutional Uses* Si 102 Child Care Facility Si 102 School Sales and Service Use Category Retail Sales and Service Uses* Si 102 Villity and Infrastructure* Si 102 Utility and Infrastructure Use Category Utility and Infrastructure* Si 102 Internet Service Exchange Si 102 Internet Service Exchange	Parking Garage, Public \$102, 142, 156 C	

<u>Wireless Telecommunication</u> <u>Facility</u>	<u>§102</u>	<u>P(1)</u>	<u>P(1)</u>
* not listed below			_

(1) C required if taller than 25 feet above roof, grade or height limit depending on site or if within 1000 feet of an R District and includes a parabolic antenna with a diameter in excess of three meters or a composite diameter of antennae in excess of six meters. See definition in 102 for more information.

SEC. <u>234.</u> <u>211.</u> P (*Public*) Districts.

(a) In addition to the use districts otherwise established by this Code, there shall also be in the City a Public Use District herein referred to as a "P District," to apply to land that is owned by a governmental agency and in some form of public use, including open space.

(b) The purpose of designating such land as a P District on the Zoning Map is to relate the Zoning Map to actual land use and to the <u>Master General</u> Plan with respect to such land. Any lot in a P District may be occupied by a principal use listed in Section <u>211.1</u> <u>234.1</u>, or by a conditional use listed in Section <u>211.2</u> <u>234.2</u>, subject to applicable regulations of this Code. <u>Principal uses not identified under Sections 211.1 and 211.2</u> of this Code are not permitted in any P <u>District including the limitations of Section 290 for OS (Open Space) Districts; provided, however, that on any lot in a P District, which lot is within 1/4 mile of the nearest NC-1 or Inividual Area Neighborhood Commercial District as decribed in Article 7 of this Code, no accessory nonpublic use shall be permitted, unless such use or feature complies with the controls which are applicable in any NC-1 or Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District or Restricted Use Subdistrict located within 1/4 mile of the lot, excluding the provisions of zoning category .83, as defined in Section 790.80 of Article 7.</u>

SEC. 234.1. 211.1. PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED, P DISTRICTS.

The following uses are principally permitted in all P Districts when found to be in conformity with the General Plan:

(a) Structures and uses of governmental agencies not subject to regulation by this Code.

1	(b) Public structures and uses of the City and County of San Francisco, and of other
2	governmental agencies that are subject to regulation by this Code, including Neighborhood
3	Agriculture, as defined in <i>Planning Code</i> Section 102.35 of this Code; and,
4	(c) aAccessory nonpublic uses, which in P Districts may or may not be related to the
5	principal use, provided that they meet the following standards:
6	(1) If the accessory nonpublic use is located on a lot with an OS Height and Bulk
7	designation per Section 290 of this Code, it shall occupy a de minimis amount of space so that it does
8	not detract from the lot's principal or exclusive purpose as open space. In no case may accessory
9	nonpublic uses occupy more than 1/3 of the total lot area occupied by the principle use;
10	(2) If the accessory nonpublic use is located on a lot without an OS Height and Bulk
11	designation, it shall not occupy more than 1/3 of the total occupied floor area of the principle use;
12	(3) If the accessory nonpublic use is located within 1/4 mile of a Restricted Use
13	Subdistrict listed in Article 2 or 7, then no use prohibited in such Subdistrict may be permitted as an
14	accessory nonpublic use;
15	(4) The accessory nonpublic use is principally permitted within the closest non-
16	Residential District. The closest non-Residential district is defined as the non-Residential zoning
17	district that is the shortest distance between any area occupied by the accessory nonpublic use and a
18	parcel with a non-Residential zoning designation. If there is more than one non-Residential district that
19	meets this definition, the more permissive zoning district shall apply; and,
20	(5) The proposed Accessory use is not a Formula Retail use as defined in Section 102 of
21	this Code.
22	(d) Neighborhood Agriculture, as defined in Section 102 of this Code;
23	(e) City Plazas, as defined in Section 94.1 of the Administrative Code.
24	

1	(f) Any temporary use identified in Sections 205 et seq. of this Code, regardless of the zoning
2	district specified in that Section but subject to the time limits specified in that Section for such
3	temporary use;
4	(g) Any temporary use not considered in Subsection (f) above for which an enabling action is
5	taken by either the Board of Supervisors, the Recreation and Parks Commission, the Municipal
6	Transportation Agency Board of Directors, or other City Board or Commission with jurisdiction over
7	the property. Temporary uses authorized under this Subsection (g) shall be:
8	(A) Limited to a renewable period of no more than three years as approved by the
9	Zoning Administrator, and
10	(B) Be of a nature such that the property on which the temporary use is located can be
11	readily returned to the state in which it existed immediately prior to the commencement of the
12	temporary use.
13	when in conformity with the Master Plan and the provisions of other applicable codes, laws,
14	ordinances and regulations; provided, however, that on any lot in a P District, which lot is within 1/4
15	mile of the nearest NC-1 or Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District or Restricted Use
16	Subdistrict described in Article 7 of this Code, no accessory nonpublic use shall be permitted, unless
17	such use or feature complies with the controls which are applicable in any NC-1 or Individual Area
18	Neighborhood Commercial District located within ¼ mile of the lot, excluding the provisions of zoning
19	category .82, as defined in Section 790.80 of this Code.
20	SEC. 234.2. 211.2. CONDITIONAL USES, P DISTRICTS.
21	The following uses shall <u>require Conditional Use authorization from be subject to approval</u>
22	by the City Planning Commission, as provided in Section 303 of this Code, unless otherwise
23	permitted under Section 211.1 of this Code:
24	(a) For any P District, Social Service and Philanthropic Facility, Child Care Facility, School,

Post-Secondary Educational Institution, Religious Institution, Community Facility, Open Recreation

1	Area, Passive Outdoor Recreation and Neighborhood Agriculture as defined in Section 102 of this
2	<u>Code.</u> Those uses listed in Sections 209.3(d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j); 209.4(a); 209.5(a); 209.5(b);
3	209.5(d) if the use does not comply with the performance and operational standards as defined by
4	Section 102.35(a); 209.5(e); 209.6(b); 209.6(c); 209.9(c); and 234.2(c) and (d) of this Code.
5	Additionally, Neighborhood Agriculture, as defined in Section 102 of this Code, if it does not comply
6	with the performance and operational standards contained in Section 202.2(c.)
7	(b) For P Districts located within the right-of-way of any State or federal highway:
8	(1) Parking lot or garage uses when: (A) adjacent to any Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed
9	Use Districts, or the South of Market Mixed Use District, or (B) within the Market and Octavia Plan
10	<u>Area.</u>
11	With respect to any lot in a P District, which lot is within 1/4 mile of the nearest NC-1 or
12	Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District as described in Article 7 of this Code, no accessory
13	nonpublic use shall be permitted, unless such use or feature complies with the controls which are
14	applicable in any NC-1 or Individual Area Neighborhood Commercial District or Restricted Use
15	Subdistrict located within ¼ mile of the lot, excluding the provisions of zoning category .82, as defined
16	in Section 790.80 of Article 7.
17	(c) Parking lot or garage uses listed in Sections 890.7 through 890.12 of this Code when
18	located within any P district within the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use District, the South of Market
19	Mixed Use District, the Market and Octavia Plan Area, and within the right-of-way of any State or
20	federal highway.
21	(d) In any P District which is within the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use District and the
22	South of Market Mixed Use District, if the use is located within the right-of-way of any State or federal
23	highway, the following uses: (1) (2) Retail and personal service uses primarily meeting the
24	needs of commuters on nearby streets and highways or persons who work or live nearby,
25	provided that:

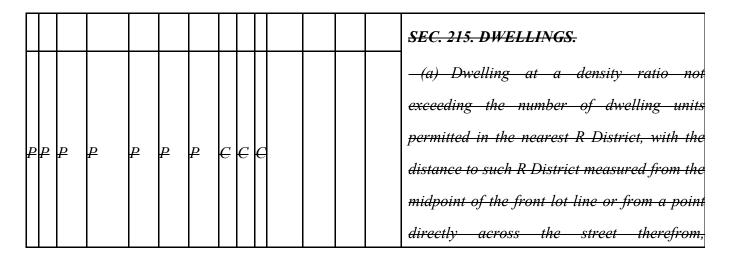
1	(A) The space is on the ground floor of a publicly-accessible parking
2	garage;
3	(B) The total gross floor area per establishment does not exceed 2,500
4	square feet;
5	(C) The space fronts on a major thoroughfare; and
6	(D) The building facade façade incorporates sufficient fenestration and
7	lighting to create an attractive urban design and pedestrian-oriented scale.
8	(c) Additionally, on property with a P District designation that the City and County of San
9	Francisco owns, any use not otherwise principally permitted in a P district as set forth in Section 234.1
10	of this Code shall be permitted with conditional use authorization, except for:
11	(1) Residential uses;
12	(2) Any use first permitted in a M-2 District; and
13	(3) Formal Retail uses where the subject P zoned lot is within ¼ of a mile of a zoning
14	district that prohibits Formula Retail.
15	(2) Open-air sale of new or used merchandise, except vehicles, located within a publicly-
16	accessible parking lot, provided that:
17	(A) The sale of goods and the presence of any booths or other accessory appurtenances
18	are limited to weekend and/or holiday daytime hours;
19	(B) Sufficient numbers of publicly-accessible toilets and trash receptacles are provided
20	on-site and are adequately maintained; and
21	(C) The site and vicinity are maintained free of trash and debris.
22	
23	SEC. 215. DWELLINGS.
24	CCC C C C $MMPD$ PD $PDPD$
25	1 2 3 0 3 0 3 R 3 G 3 S M 1 2R-1-GR-1-DR-1R-2

1			(SD)									
2	<u> </u>	<u>I</u>	l	<u> </u>	l	ı	<u> </u>	<u> I</u>		<u>I</u>	<u> </u>	
3												SEC. 215. DWELLINGS.
4												(a) Dwelling at a density ratio not exceeding
5												the number of dwelling units permitted in the
6												nearest R District, with the distance to such R
7												District measured from the midpoint of the front
8												lot line or from a point directly across the street
9												therefrom, whichever permits the greater
10												density; provided, that the maximum density
11												ratio in a C-1, C-2, M-1 or M-2 District shall in
12												no case be less than for an RM-1 District, the
13												maximum density ratio in a C-3 or C-M District
	PP	₽	₽	P	P	<u>P</u>	C	\in				shall in no case be less than for an RM-4
15												District, and the maximum density ratio in a C-
16												3 District shall in no case be less than one
17												dwelling unit for each 125 square feet of lot
18												area. The rules for calculation of dwelling unit
19												densities set forth in Section 207.1 of this Code
20												shall apply in C and M Districts, except that
21												any remaining fraction of ½ or more of the
22												minimum amount of lot area per dwelling unit
23												shall be adjusted upward to the next higher
24												whole number of dwelling units.

ϵ		ϵ	ϵ	ϵ				(b) Dwelling at a density ratio greater than that set forth in Subsection (a), to be determined by the City Planning Commission pursuant to Section 303(c) of this Code.
	₽							-(c) Dwelling at a density ratio not limited by
					ϵ	ϵ		(d) Mobile home park for house trailers, motor homes, campers and similar vehicles or structures used for dwelling purposes. Each vehicle or structure in any such park shall be regulated by this Code in the same manner as a dwelling unit.

SEC. 216. OTHER HOUSING.

$\epsilon\epsilon\epsilon$	C-3-0	ϵ	/	ϵ	MM	PDR	PDR	PDR	PDR)R
1-2-3	-O (SD)	-3-R-3-	G-3-S	M	1-2	1-G	-1-D	-1	_2	



1											whichever permits the greater density;
2											provided, that the maximum density ratio in a
3											C-1, C-2, M-1 or M-2 District shall in no
4											ease be less than for an RM-1 District, the
5											maximum density ratio in a C-3 or C-M
6											District shall in no case be less than for an
7											RM-4 District, and the maximum density ratio
8											in a C-3 District shall in no case be less than
9											one dwelling unit for each 125 square feet of
10											lot area. The rules for calculation of dwelling
11											unit densities set forth in Section 207.1 of this
12											Code shall apply in C and M Districts, except
13											that any remaining fraction of ½ or more of
14											the minimum amount of lot area per dwelling
15											unit shall be adjusted upward to the next
16											higher whole number of dwelling units.
17											(b) Dwelling at a density ratio greater
18											than that set forth in Subsection (a), to be
19	ϵ		ϵ	C	ϵ						determined by the City Planning Commission
20											pursuant to Section 303(c) of this Code.
21											(c) Dwelling at a density ratio not limited
22		P									by lot area.
23											(d) Mobile home park for house trailers,
24						C	$C \mid$				motor homes, campers and similar vehicles
25	1		<u> </u>					1			mover nomes, campers and simular venicies

1														or structures used for dwelling purposes.
2														Each vehicle or structure in any such park
3														shall be regulated by this Code in the same
4														manner as a dwelling unit.
5	SEC. 2	217.	INS	TIT	UTI	ONS.					_			
6	CCC	€	: 3-0	\overline{C}	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	M	M	PD	<i>PDI</i>	PDI	R <i>PD</i>	
7	1-2-3	-O (SD)	-3-R	3-(7 3 S	- <i>N</i> .	1-1	-2	R-1-G	1-E	1-B	R-2	
8		•												
9														SEC. 217. INSTITUTIONS.
10														(a) Hospital, medical center or other
11														medical institution which includes facilities
12														
13														for inpatient or outpatient medical care and
14														may also include medical offices, clinics,
15	CC C	ϵ	7	ϵ	C	\overline{C}	ϵ	ϵ						laboratories, and employee or student
16														dormitories and other housing, operated by
17														and affiliated with the institution, which
18														institution has met the applicable provisions
19														of Section 304.5 of this Code concerning
20														institutional master plans.
21														(b) Residential care facility providing
														lodging, board and care for a period of 24
22	PPP	Į	2	₽	P	\overline{C}	₽	₽						hours or more to persons in need of
23														specialized aid by personnel licensed by the
24														State of California. Such facilities shall
25									Ш					sime of emportant. Such factiones state

			ī	1	1	1	ı			ı				
1														include but not necessarily be limited to a
2														board and care home, family care home, long-
3														term nursery, orphanage, rest home or home
4														for the treatment of addictive, contagious or
5														other diseases or psychological disorders.
6											₽			
7											unde			
8										₽	r		₽	
9										under	<i>5,00</i>	und		(c) Clinic primarily providing outpatient
10	PP	₽	<u>P</u>	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	<i>5,000</i>	θ			care in medical, psychiatric or other healing
11										gsf, C		7,50		
12										above		θ	00	specified in Subsection 217(a) above.
13											abov	sf	sf	
14											e			
15											D			
16											unde			
17										P		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
18												und	un	(d) Cocial compice on philanthuchic facility
19	PP	D	P	₽	₽	₽	D	D		under 5,000		er	der	
20		F	F	F	F	F	F	F				<i>5,00</i>	<i>5,0</i>	providing assistance of a charitable or public
21										gsf, C		θ	00	service nature.
22										above		sf	s/	
23											abov			
24	H										e			
25	PP	<u>P</u>	P	P	P	\overline{C}	P	₽			₽			(e) Child-care facility providing less than

				1		1				T	T		
1													24-hour care for children by licensed
2													personnel and meeting the open-space and
3													other requirements of the State of California
4													and other authorities.
5											₽	₽	
6											unde	und	
7											ľ	er	<u>(f) Elementary school, either public or</u>
8											20,0	20,0	private. Such institution may include
9	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽		00	00	employee or student dormitories and other
10											gsf if	sf if	housing operated by and affiliated with the
11											no	no	institution.
12											hous	hou	
13											ing	sing	
14												₽	
15											unde	und	
16													(g) Secondary school, either public or
17												er 20.0	private, other than a school having industrial
18	D	D	D	n	D	D	D.		_		20,0		arts as its primary course of study. Such
19	Ρ	P	Ρ	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P	₽	P	Ρ			00	institution may include employee or student
20											sf if	sf if	dormitories and other housing operated by
21											no	no	and affiliated with the institution.
22											hous	hou	
											ing	sing	
23	_	_	n	D	D	D		_			₽	₽	(h) Postsecondary educational institution
	₽	<u> </u>	P	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P	<u>P</u>	₽	 		unde	und	for the purposes of academic, professional,
25							1	1	<u> </u>	1			

1												ľ	er		business or fine-arts education, which is
2												20,0	20,0		required to submit an institutional master
3												00	00		plan pursuant to Section 304.5 of this Code.
4												sf if	sf if		Such institution may include employee or
5												no	no		student dormitories and other housing
6												hous	hou		operated by and affiliated with the institution.
7												ing	sing		Such institution shall not have industrial arts
8															as its primary course of study.
9														₽	
10														un	
11											\underline{P}			der	
12											under	unde	und	20,	
13											20,00			00	
14											θ	20,0		θ	(i) Secondary or postsecondary
15							₽	₽	₽	P	sf if	00	00	s/	educational institution, other than as specified
16											no	s f if	sf if	if	in Subsection 217(g) and (h) above.
17											housi	no	no	no	
18											ng	hous		ho	
19												ing	sing	usi	
20														ng	
21	H				+						<u>P</u>	₽		₽	(i) Church or other religious institution
22															(j) Church or other religious institution.
23	₽	₽	₽	P	P	₽	P	₽	₽	P					Such institution may include, on the same lot,
24											20,00				the housing of persons who engage in
										L	θ	20,0	<i>20,0</i>	20,	supportive activity for the institution.

			1					 					
1								s f	if	00	00	00	
2								no		sf if	sf if	θ	
3								ho	usi	no	no	sf	
4								ng		hous	hou	if	
5										ing	sing	no	
6												ho	
7												usi	
8												ng	
9													–(k) Medical cannabis dispensary as defined
10													by Section 3301(f) of the San Francisco
11													Health Code.
12													— (a) Requirements. MCDs must meet the
13													following requirements:
14													
15													cannot located within 1,000 feet from a parcel
16													containing:
17	PP	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽						a. a public or private elementary or
18													secondary school and
19													b. a community facility and/or
20													recreation center that primarily serves
21													persons under 18 years of age; and
22													2. the MCD is not located on the same
23													parcel as a facility providing substance abuse
24													services that is licensed or certified by the
25													State of California or funded by the

	1	1	<u> </u>	
1				Department of Public Health;
2				3. no alcohol is sold or distributed on
3				the premises for on or off-site consumption;
4				4. if medical cannabis is smoked on the
5				premises the dispensary shall provide
6				adequate ventilation within the structure such
7				that the doors and windows are not left open
8				for such purposes, resulting in odor emission
9				from the premises;
10				5. in addition to these requirements, an
11				MCD must meet all of the requirements in
12				Article 33 of the San Francisco Health Code.
13				— (b) Application and Referral Process.
14				The Department of Public Health is the lead
15				agency for regulating MCDs. Final City
16				permits are issued by the Department of
17				Public Health. No dispensary may open
18				without final authorization from the
19				Department of Public Health. The Planning
20				Department will review an application for a
21				Medical Cannabis Dispensary only upon
22				receipt of (1) a valid referral from the
23				Department of Public Health pursuant to
24				DPH Code Section 3304 and 3305; (2)
25				supplemental application materials

1						designated by the Planning Department; and
2						(3) a building permit application.
3						(c) Notice. Once the Department has
4						determined that the application is complete, a
5						30-day notice of application shall be mailed
6						to owners and occupants within a 300 foot
7						radius of the subject property. Notice shall be
8						posted on the project site for no less than 30
9						days.
10						— (d) Hearing. A Mandatory Discretionary
11						Review hearing will be scheduled at the
12						Planning Commission, which may choose to
13						exercise its discretionary review powers and
14						disapprove, modify, or approve the
15						dispensary.
16						— (e) Signage. Signage for the medical
17						cannabis dispensary shall be limited to one
18						wall sign not to exceed ten square feet in area,
19						and one identifying sign not to exceed two
20						square feet in area; such signs shall not be
21						directly illuminated. Any wall sign, or the
22						identifying sign if the medical cannabis
23						dispensary has no exterior wall sign, shall
24						include the following language: "Only
25						individuals with legally recognized Medical

1														Cannabis Identification Cards or a verifiable,
2														written recommendation from a physician for
3														medical cannabis may obtain cannabis from
4														medical cannabis dispensaries." The required
5														text shall be a minimum of two inches in
6														height.
7														— (f) If an MCD closes for a duration
8														longer than 18 months or if the MCD's license
9														is revoked by DPH pursuant to Health Code
10														Section 3315, the MCD will be considered
11														abandoned and any Planning Commission
12														authorization for the parcel shall be null and
13														void.
14														— (g) Any permit issued for a medical
15														cannabis dispensary shall contain the
16														following statement in bold-face type:
17														"Issuance of this permit by the City and
18														County of San Francisco is not intended to
19														and does not authorize the violation of State
20														or Federal law."
21	SEC	. 218.	RET	TAIL.	SAL	ES	4N	D I	PERS	5 <i>0</i> /	VAL S	SER	VIC	ES.
22					<i>5.11</i>									
23	€ 3		ϵ			- €		LVALV.	PDI	}	<i>PDR</i>	PDF	2	PDR
24	-2 O		3-	R) -	3-S-	M	12	-1-G	F	-1-D	- <i>1-B</i>		-2
	Щ	J (SI	-/		_									

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 2 3 4 5 6 7							P	P			SEC. 218. RETAIL SALES AND PERSONAL SERVICES. The uses specified in this Section shall not include any use first specifically listed in a subsequent Section of this Code.
20 21 22 23 24 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	PP ,	P	P	P #	2 #	P P	2,500 gsf per lot; (above for Grocer y stores, as define d ir Sectio n	t 5,00 0 ssf per lot; c store store defin cd in	P under 2,500 gsf	under 2,500 gsf per	

1				(a) and	790.				
2				Health	102				
3				club,	(a)				
4				fitness,	and				
5				gymna	Heal				
6				-	th				
7				sium,	club,				
8				Ol'	fitnes				
9				exercis	S,				
10				e	gymn				
11				facility					
12				when					
13				includi	Ol'				
14				ng	exerc				
15					ise				
16					facili				
17				and	ty				
18					when				
19					inclu				
20				weight					
21					equi				
22				1.0.					
23					ment				
24				cardio					
25					spac				

1		П															
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10	1											vas	cul	e for			
Sec. 218.1. MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENTS. Sec. 218.1. MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENTS. Sec. 218.1. MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENTS. Sec. 218.1. MASSAGE establishment above in 218.1(e)(1). Contain Accessory Massage as defined above in 218.1(e)(2). All other massage. If the massage use does not meet the definition of California State Certification per 218.1(e)(3) or the requirements of 218.1(e)(1) or 218.1(e)(2). above that the massage use distinct on the state certification per 218.1(e)(3) or the requirements of 218.1(e)(1) or 218.1(e)(2). above the state description of the state certification per 218.1(e)(3) or the requirements of 218.1(e)(1) or 218.1(e)(2). above the state description of the state certification per 218.1(e)(3) or the requirements of 218.1(e)(1) or 218.1(e)(2). above	2											ar		weig			
5 6 7 8 9 9 10 11 12 12 13 14 15 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 11 12 12 13 14 15 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3											acti	viti	ht-			
6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	4											es		liftin			
C	5													g			
8 9 10	6													and			
9	7													cardi			
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 20 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 29 20 20 21 22 23 24 24 28 28 29 20 20 20 21 20 21 22 23 24 28 28 29 20 20 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	8													0-			
11	9													vasc			
12 *Subject to the limitations of Section *Subject to the limitations of Section 121.8.	10													ular			
*Subject to the limitations of Section 121.8. *Subject to the limitations of Section 122.8. *Subject to the limitations of Section 123.8. *Subject to the limitations of Section 122.8. *Subject to the limitations of Section 122.8. *Subject to the limitations of Section 122.8. *Subject to the limitation 122.8. *Subject to the limitation 122.8. *Subject to the limitation 122.8. *Subject to th	11													activ			
14 15 16 17 18 19 19 20 21 22 32 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 21 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 21 20 21 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 21 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 21 20 21 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 29 29 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 29 29 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	12													ities			
14 15 16 $C \in C \subseteq C \subseteq C \subseteq C \subseteq M \subseteq PDR$ 17 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 3 & R & 3 & G & 3 & SM & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 3 & R & 3 & G & 3 & SM & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 3 & R & 3 & G & 3 & SM & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2$	13										Ħ						*Subject to the limitations of Section
15 16 17 18 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 26 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 21 20 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 21 22 23 24 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	14																
16	15	C															121.0.
SEC. 218.1. MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENTS. PPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP	16		C	\overline{C}	<u>C</u> -	C-	C-	C	M	<i>M</i> -	PD.	R-PI	OR-				
SEC. 218.1. MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENTS. 20 21 22 23 24 CC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	17	1	-2	-3- O	3-R	3-G	3-S	M	1	2	<u>1</u>	2					
19 20 21 22 23 24 CC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	18	/										1					
20 21 22 23 24 CC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	19											-		SEC	7. 218.1. .	MASS/	AGE ESTABLISHMENTS.
21 22 23 24 CC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		P	₽	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽		Cert	ain Acce	ssory M	Massage as defined above in 218.1(c)(1).
23 24 CC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		P	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	P	₽	₽		Cha	ir Massa	ge as d	efined above in 218.1(c)(2).
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$														All d	other ma	issage.	If the massage use does not meet the
24 or the requirements of 218.1(c)(1) or 218.1(c)(2), above,	23		C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C		defir	nition of	Califor	rnia State Certification per 218.1(c)(3)
25	24			C			C			C	_			or ti	he requi	rements	s of 218.1(c)(1) or 218.1(c)(2), above,
	25													then	the mas	sage us	re shall obtain a conditional use permit

790.44 of this Code.

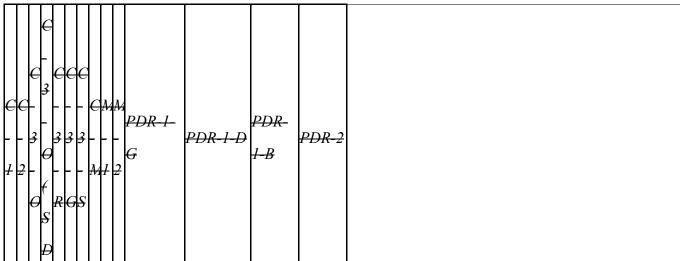
24

(2) Chair Massage. The only massage service provided is chair massage, such service is visible to the public, and customers are fully-clothed at all times.

(3) California State Certification. A State certified massage establishment, as defined by Section 1900 of the San Francisco Health Code, that is a sole proprietorship, as defined in California Business and Professions Code Section 4612(b)(1), and where the sole proprietor is certified pursuant to the California Business and Professions Code Section 4600 et seq., or one that employs or uses only persons certified by the state's Massage Therapy Organization, pursuant to the California Business and Professions Code Section 4600 et seq., shall be regulated as a "Medical Service" use as defined by Section 790.114 or 890.114 provided that the massage establishment has first obtained a permit from the Department of Public Health pursuant to Section 1908 of the San Francisco Health Code.

(d) Enforcement. Any massage establishment or exempted massage use found to be operating, conducted or maintained contrary to the provisions of this Code shall be found to be operating in violation of the Code and will be subject to enforcement as provided in Section 176. No application or building permit to establish a massage establishment or exempted massage use will be accepted within one year after the subject property if found operating in violation of the provisions of this Code.

SEC. 219. OFFICES.



			_	T	1 1	_		1 1			
1)								
2											SEC. 219. OFFICES.
3								NP,	NP,		
4								unless in	unless in		
5									a desig-		
6								nated	nated		
7								land-	land-		
8								mark	mark		—(a) Professional and business offices, as defined
9								build-			
10	P	DΙ	₽ P	P	P_{\perp}	ΡĮ	DP	P	build-	<i>P*</i> #	in 890.70, not more than 5,000 gross square feet in
11									ing. P in		size and offering on-site services to the general
12									desig-		public.
13								nated	nated		
14								land	land		
								mark	mark		
15								build-	build-		
16								ings.	ings.		
17								NP,	NP,		
18								unless in	unless in		
19								a desig-	a desig-		(b) Professional and business offices, as defined
20								nated	nated		in 890.70, larger than 5,000 gross square feet in
21	PI	<u>D</u>	^{2}P	C	P	PI	p_p	<u>P</u> land-	land-		size and offering on site services to the general
22								mark	mark		public.
23								build-	build-		process.
24											
		1				ĺ		ing. P in	ing. P in		

1							desig-	desig-			
2							nated	nated			
3							land	land			
4							mark	mark			
5							build-	build-			
6							ings.	ings.			
7	Ħ						NP,	NP,			
8								unless in			
9								a desig			
10											
							nated	nated			(c) Other professional and business offices, as
11							land-	land-			defined in 890.70, above the ground floor. In the
12							mark	mark	₽	₽	C-3-R District, in addition to the criteria set forth
13							build	build-	under	under	in Section 303, approval shall be given upon a
14	PH	PI	2	₽₽	21	P		ing. P in	<i>5,000</i>	<i>5,000</i>	determination that the use will not detract from the
15							desig-	desig-	gsf * #	gsf*#	district's primary function as an area for
16							nated	nated			comparison shopper retailing and direct consumer
17							land	land			services.
18							mark	mark			
19							build-	build-			
20							ings.	ings.			
21	H	$\dagger \dagger$	1	H	1	\dagger			<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	
22							NP,	,			
23	PI	CC	7	C	$\supseteq I$	P	P	unless in			
							a desig-	a desig-	<i>5,000</i>	<i>5,000</i>	defined in 890.70, at or below the ground floor.
24							nated	nated	gsf*#	gsf *#	

	 _	_	_	_	_	_				
1							land-	land-		
2							mark	mark		
3							build-	build-		
4							ing. P ir	ing. P in		
5							desig-	desig-		
6							nated	nated		
7							land	land		
8							mark	mark		
9							build-	build-		
10							ings.	ings.		
11										Subject to limitations of Section 121.8
12									 	-

SEC. 219.1. ALLOWANCE FOR USES TO SUPPORT THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW PDR SPACE IN THE PDR-1-D AND PDR-1-G DISTRICTS.

* * * *

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

25

(c) **Controls.** The Planning Commission may permit, per the procedures described below in Subsection (d), non-PDR uses on the subject lot pursuant to the following provisions:

* * * *

(2) For purposes of this Subsection, every square foot of Small Enterprise Workspace, as defined in Section <u>102</u> <u>227(t)</u>, shall count as 0.5 square feet of PDR space and 0.5 square feet of non-PDR space as specified in Subsection (3) below.

22

SEC. 220. LAUNDERING, CLEANING AND PRESSING.

CC-C- C- C- C- M- M PPPDR- P

	Г												T	
1	-	2	3_	3_	3_	3_	3-S	M	1	-2	DD	<i>1-B</i>	Đ	
2	1		0	0(R	G				5	R R		R	
3				SD						-	- -		-	
4)						-	1 1		2	
5										٤	- -			
6										4	GD			
7														
8														. SEC. 220. LAUNDERING, CLEANING AND
9														PRESSING.
10	H													(a) Automatic laundry, as defined in Part II, Chapter V
11	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽₽	<u>P</u>	₽	(Health Code) of the San Francisco Municipal Code.
12	H												H	
13		₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	NA	NΑ	PP	P	P	(b) Establishment for hand ironing only, not employing
14														more than five persons.
15														(c) Dry cleaning establishment, including pressing and
16												₽		other miscellaneous processing of clothes, where no
17	ח	NT /	1 3.7.4	374	NT 4	37.4	N4	3.7.4	N 7.4	NT A	DI	under	D	portion of a building occupied by such use shall have any
18	Ρ	/V /	H/V/I	IVA	IVA	IV/I	IVA	NΑ	NΑ	NΑ	PP	2,500	P	ventilating flue, exhaust pipe or other opening except fixed
19												gsf		windows and exits required by law within 50 feet of any lot
														in any R District, and where:
20														— (1) The establishment has only a central cleaning unit
21														with a rated load factor of no more than 40 pounds and
22														
23			-										H	operated by employees of the establishment; or
24														— (2) The dry cleaning is done by the customer using
25														self-service cleaning units or equivalent equipment, where

ī	-	-	1	Т			1	г —			1	T	
1													the total number of units does not exceed eight and their
2													total aggregate capacity does not exceed 40 cubic feet; or
3													(3) The establishment is a combination of the two
4													foregoing types, with a central cleaning unit with a rated
5													load factor of no more than 40 pounds, and no more than
6													four self service units the aggregate capacity of which shall
7													not exceed 20 cubic feet.
8													(d) Dry-cleaning establishment, including pressing and
9											₽		other miscellaneous processing of clothes, where no
10											under		portion of a building occupied by such use shall have any
11	₽	P	₽	₽	P	P	₽	NA	NA	Ρŀ	2,500	P	ventilating flue, exhaust pipe or other opening except fixed
12											gsf		windows and exits required by law within 50 feet of any lot
13													in any R District, and where:
14													— (1) The establishment has only a central cleaning unit
15													with a rated load factor of no more than 60 pounds and
16													operated by employees of the establishment; or
17													
18													(2) The dry cleaning is done by the customer using
19													self-service cleaning units or equivalent equipment where
20													the total number of units does not exceed 16 and their total
21													aggregate capacity does not exceed 80 cubic feet; or
22													(3) The establishment is a combination of the two
23													foregoing types, with a central cleaning unit with a rated
24													load factor of no more than 60 pounds, and no more than
25													eight self-service units the aggregate capacity of which

1	shall not exceed 40 cubic feet.	
2	P — (e) Steam laundry, when conducted within a co	mpletely
3	under enclosed building; provided, that no part of a building	ilding so
4	PPP PP PP P P P P P P P	windows
5	gsf or exits required by law, within 50 feet of any R Dis	trict.
6	- (f) Cleaning or dyeing plant, when conducted	within a
7		oart of a
8		her than
9	$\begin{vmatrix} & & & & & & & & & $) feet oj
10		
11	(g) Bag, carpet or rug cleaning, when conducte	ed within
12		
13		
14		
15		<i>y y</i>
16	SEC. 221. ASSEMBLY AND ENTERTAINMENT.	
17		
18		
19		
20	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
21	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
22		
23		
24		
25		

1				,										
2				7		<u></u>							1	
				Τ		П							<u> </u>	
3														SEC. 221. ASSEMBLY AND
4														ENTERTAINMENT.
5	₽	₽	PI	ÞΡ	P	₽	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	- (a) - Clubhouse.
6	₽	₽	PI	D_{I}	P	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	(b) Lodge building.
7	₽	₽	Di	D T	D	D	D	P	₽	P	₽	₽	<u>P</u>	
8	-	₽		F	F	-	-	-	F —		<u> </u>			(c) Meeting hall.
9									₽	P if no	P if no	P if no	P if no	
10		₽	P_{I}	$D_{\overline{P}}$	p_{p}	₽	₽	₽		more	more	more	more	-(d) Theater, except as specified under
11										than 3	than 3	than 3	than 3	Subsection (k), below.
12										screens	screens	screens	screens	
13	₽	₽	ΡĮ	D P	P	P_{i}	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	(e) Recreation building.
14														<u>(f) Amusement enterprise, including</u>
15											₽	P under 5,000 sf	₽	billiard hall, dance hall, nightclub, other
16														nighttime entertainment activities as
17														defined in Section 102.17, bowling alley,
18														skating rink, shooting gallery, when
19		D	D			5	D	D	D	D				conducted within a completely enclosed
20		P	PI	P	P	₽#	P	P	₽	₽				building; provided, (1) that incidental
21														noise is reasonably confined to the
22														premises by adequate soundproofing or
23														other device, and (2) that no portion of a
24														building occupied by such use shall have
25														any opening, other than fixed windows and

1 2													exits required by law, within 50 feet of any R District.
3 4	<i>p*p</i> :	ĸ		P	₽₽	<u>D</u>	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	<u>(g) Private noncommercial recreational</u>
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<u>p</u> :	**			7	VA	NA	NΑ	P	₽		₽	(h) Amusement park, and related commercial amusement enterprises not conducted in completely enclosed buildings; provided, that the use lawfully existed at the effective date of this Code, or is so located that (1) the premises are not less than 200 feet from any R District, and (2) the aggregate area in the same or adjoining blocks occupied by existing amusement enterprises is in excess of five acres.
16 17 18					C#	<u>D</u>	<u>P</u>	₽	ϵ	ϵ		ϵ	—(i) Commercial open-air sports stadium or arena, if conducted on premises not less than 200 feet from any R District.
19 20 21 22 23					C#	Ω	₽	₽	₽	p		<u>p</u>	(j) Circus, carnival, or other amusement enterprise not conducted within a building, if conducted on premises not less than 200 feet from any R District.
23 24 25	₽₽	P_{I}	РP	P	₽Į	<u>D</u>	₽	₽	₽	P		₽	-(k) Adult entertainment enterprise, so specified in (i), (ii) and (iii) below,

1		provided that the use is so located that the
2		premises upon which it is conducted are
3		not less than 1,000 feet from the premises
4		of any other adult entertainment
5		enterprise:
6		——————————————————————————————————————
7		Section 791 of Part II, Chapter VIII of the
8		San Francisco Municipal Code (Police
9		Code);
10		——————————————————————————————————————
11		Section 791 of Part II, Chapter VIII of the
12		San Francisco Municipal Code (Police
13		Code);
14		——————————————————————————————————————
15		Section 1072.1 of Part II, Chapter VIII of
16		the San Francisco Municipal Code (Police
17		Code). [See Section 212(a)]
18	SEC 222 HOME AND BUSINESS SERVICES	Coucy. [See Seemon 212(u)]
19	SEC. 222. HOWE AND BUSINESS SERVICES.	
20		
21		
22		
23		

1 under 2 *5,000* 3 gsf 4 \boldsymbol{P} 5 under (i) Newspaper publication. 6 *5,000* 7 gsf 8 \boldsymbol{p} 9 under (j) Blueprinting shop. 10 *5,000* 11 gsf 12 (k) Hardware stores and contractor supply operations. 13

SEC. 223. AUTOMOTIVE.

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

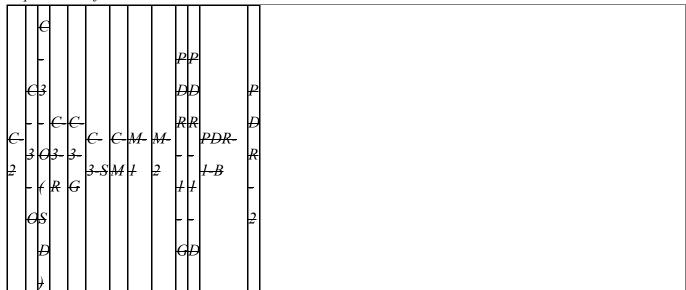
23

24

25

- All automotive uses that have vehicular use areas defined in Section 102.31 shall meet the screening

16 requirements for vehicular use areas in Section 142.



		-				_			ı	-	
1											filtering element, windshield wiper blades and motors, radiator
2											hose (without removal of radiator or water pump), battery cables
3											and fan belt;
4											— (4) The servicing and repairing of tires and batteries;
5											— (5) The installation and servicing of smog control devices;
6											and
7			H								
8											(6) Automobile washing and polishing of an incidental
9											nature, when performed primarily by hand and not including the
10											use of any mechanical conveyor blower or steam-cleaning
											device.
11											(g) Automobile service station as described above, with the
12											
13											following minor automobile repairs permitted therewith if
14	<u>P*</u>			P	₽	P	P	PP	₽	₽	conducted entirely within an enclosed building having no
15											openings other than fixed windows or exits required by law
16											within 50 feet on any R District:
17											(1) Tuneup, including the repair or replacement of
18											distributors, sparkplugs and carburetors;
19											— (2)—Brake repair;
20											— (3) Shock absorber replacement;
21				+							
			\coprod	_							— (4) Muffler exchange, with no open flame or torch;
22											— (5) Wheel balancing and alignment;
23											(6) Wheel bearing and seals replacement;
24			H	\top							
25											— (7) Replacement of universal joints;

		П	1	I	1	T	I	1		Ī	Т	T	
1													(8) Radiator mounting and dismounting, with repairs done
2													elsewhere;
3													— (9) Clutch adjustments;
4													— (10) Repair or replacement of water pumps;
5													— (11) Repair or replacement of generators, alternators and
6													voltage regulators;
7													
8		H	+						H		+		— (12) Repair or replacement of starters;
9													— (13) Repair or replacement of fuel pumps;
10													(14) Such other repairs as may be designated by the Chief of
11													the San Francisco Fire Department as minor repairs under
12													Paragraph 8.09(a)(5)(o) of Part II, Chapter IV (Fire Code) of the
13													San Francisco Municipal Code.
14													(h) Repair garage for minor automobile repairs, limited to
15										D			those repairs and other activities permitted at an automobile
16										<u>P</u>			service station as described above, and in addition the following
17	₽			₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽		1	D	minor automobile repairs; all such repairs and other activities
18										7,500			shall be conducted entirely within an enclosed building having
19										gsf			no openings other than fixed windows or exits required by law
20													within 50 feet of any R District.
21													— (1) Body and fender repair limited to replacement of parts
22													and spot paint spraying; and
23													(2) Removal and replacement of engines, transmissions and
24													differentials, with repairs to these components done elsewhere.
25				<u> </u>					John Market Control of the Control o				

1								P		(i) Repair garage for the following major automobile repairs,
2					n	ח	D	under	7	if conducted entirely within an enclosed building having no
3			P		₽	₽	P	5,000	P	openings other than fixed windows or exits required by law
4								gsf		within 50 feet of any R District:
5										— (1) Internal engine repair or rebuilding;
6										(2) Repair or rebuilding of transmissions, differentials or
7										radiators;
8							H			
9										(3) Reconditioning of badly worn or damaged motor
10										vehicles or trailers;
11										(4) Collision service, including body, frame or fender
12										straightening or repair; and
13										— (5) Full body paint spraying.
14										-(j) Automobile wash, when providing on the premises a
15	C*		C	α	מ	ת	ח	D D	ח	reservoir of vehicle storage and standing area, outside the
16	<u>C*</u>	C	ϵ	C	₽	₽	Ψ,	PP	P	washing facilities, equal to at least ¼ the hourly capacity in
17										vehicles of such facilities; provided,
18										(1) that incidental noise is reasonably confined to the
19										premises by adequate soundproofing or other device, and
20										(2) that complete enclosure within a building may be
21										required as a condition of approval, notwithstanding any other
22										provision of this Code; but the foregoing provisions shall not
23										preclude the imposition of any additional conditions pursuant to
24										Section 303 of this Code.
		 _	_				_	-	_	

			T	1	T	1 1	1	_	1	
1		₽	₽	₽	₽	₽		I	<u>D</u>	- (k) Tire recapping, if conducted on premises not less than 200
						H			╡	feet from any R District.
3	To the		_	_	_					(l) Parking lot, as regulated in Sections 155, 156 and 157 and
4	<u>P*</u>	ϵ	₽	₽	₽	C	ϵ	(other provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code.
5										(m) Storage garage open to the public for passenger
6										automobiles, as regulated in Sections 155, 156 and 157 and other
7			_	_	_					provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code, where such storage garage
8	P CCC	$\in C$	<u>P</u>	₽	P	H	2C	(is not a public building requiring approval by the Board of
9										Supervisors under other provisions of law and is completely
10										
11			-			H			_	enclosed.
12										(n) Storage garage open to the public for passenger
										automobiles, as regulated in Sections 155, 156 and 157 and other
13	C* CCC		D	₽	₽					provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code, where such storage garage
14 15	C* CCC	=	/-	₽	/		3C	•		is not a public building requiring approval by the Board of
										Supervisors under other provisions of law and is not completely
16										enclosed.
17										(o) Storage garage open to the public for passenger
18										
19										automobiles, as regulated in Sections 155, 156 and 157 and other
20	P^*PPP	P	₽	₽	₽	PI	<u> </u>	I	D	provisions of Article 1.5 of this Code, where such storage garage
21										is a public building requiring approval by the Board of
22										Supervisors under other provisions of law.
23										(p) Major (nonaccessory) parking garage not open to the
24	P CCC	\in	P	₽	₽	C	$\supseteq C$	ϵ	9	public, as defined in Section 158 and as regulated therein and in
25										Sections 155 and 157 and other provisions of Article 1.5 of this

1 Code. 2 (g) Parcel delivery service, limited to facilities for the 3 unloading, sorting and reloading of local retail merchandise for 4 CCCC home deliveries, where the operation is conducted entirely within 5 a completely enclosed building; including garage facilities for 6 local delivery trucks, but excluding repair shop facilities. 7 Parcel delivery service, not subject to the above \boldsymbol{P} P ₽ P 8 limitations. 9 C₽ ₽ PP₽ ₽ (s) Ambulance service. 10 (t) Storage garage for commercial passenger vehicles and 11 \boldsymbol{P} \boldsymbol{p} ₽ \boldsymbol{P} pplight delivery trucks. 12 (u) Storage yard for commercial vehicles or trucks, if 13 \boldsymbol{P} PPPconducted within an area completely enclosed by a wall or 14 concealing fence not less than six feet high. 15 Truck terminal facility, if located not less than 200 feet 16 Cfrom any R District. 17 18

SEC. 224. ANIMAL SERVICES.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

C CCC PPP C CCC DDD CC - - - CMM D RRR - - 3 333- - - R 12- - - M12 - - - - A12 C RGS 2 2 4 1 1 C C RGS

1 2 3 4 5 SEC. 224. ANIMAL SERVICES. 6 (a) Animal hospital or clinic, if conducted entirely within an enclosed 7 building; not including a commercial kennel as specified below. 8 (b) Animal hospital or clinic, if conducted on premises not less than 200 9 feet from any R District. 10 (c) Commercial kennel, if conducted on premises not less than 200 feet 11 from any R District. A "commercial kennel" shall mean any commercial or 12 business premises or other premises where dogs are boarded for compensation, 13 or are cared for or trained for hire, or are kept for sale or bred for sale, where 14 the care, breeding or sale of the dogs is the principal means of livelihood of the 15 occupants of the premises. 16 (d) Riding academy or livery stable, if conducted on premises not less than 17 200 feet from any R District. 18 (e) Cat boarding. 19 20 SEC. 225. WHOLESALING, STORAGE, DISTRIBUTION AND OPEN-AIR HANDLING OF 21 **MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT.** 22 23 PDR-24 25

1 2 3 4 5 6 7		2	
8			
9 10			SEC. 225. WHOLESALING, STORAGE, DISTRIBUTION AND OPEN-AIR HANDLING OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT.
11 12	C CCPPP P		—(a) Storage building for household goods.
13 14 15 16	Р РРРРРР Р РР 5,0 gsf	000	— (b) Wholesale establishment when conducted entirely within an enclosed building, not including a storage warehouse.
17 18 19 20	PPP P PP 5,0	000	(c) Wholesale storage warehouse, except for storage of inflammables.
21 22	₽	C	(d) Bulk storage of inflammable or highly combustible materials, if conducted not less than 500 feet from any R or NC District.
23 24	ϵ	c	—(e)—Bulk storage of explosives, if conducted not less than 500 feet from any R or NC District.
25	₽₽₽	₽	(f) Cold storage plant, when conducted within a completely

ı	 			1			т т			
1										enclosed building; provided, that no part of a building so occupied
2										shall have any opening, other than fixed windows or exits required by
3										law, within 50 feet of any R District.
4						₽		D	₽	(g) Grain elevator.
5										(h) Dairy products distribution plant, where provision is made for
6										off-street parking of all vehicles used and all operations including
7			ϵ	C	NA	NA	P		₽	loading and unloading are conducted entirely within an enclosed
8										building. (See also Section 226.)
9			T					D		
10										(i) I at favoral a favora and manh and in a matical discount
11				₽	₽	₽	P	under	₽	(i) Lot for sale of new or used merchandise, not including any use
12								5,000		first specifically listed below.
13		H	+				H	gsf		
14								₽		(j) Service yard for public utility, or public use of a similar
15				₽	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P_{I}	under D	₽	character, if conducted entirely within an area completely enclosed by
16					1		֓֞֜֜֞֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֓֓֓֓֜֜֜֡֓֡֓֓֡֓	5,000	_	a wall or concealing fence not less than six feet high.
17								gsf		a wan or conceaning jence not less than six jeet high.
18								₽		
19								under		(k) Contractor's storage yard or yard for rental of contractors'
					P	P	PI	₽ 5,000	₽	equipment if conducted within an area enclosed by a wall or
20								gsf		concealing fence not less than six feet high.
21	\dagger	H	\dagger				$\dag \dag$	P	H	
22										(l) Yard for storage or sale of building materials or lumber,
23					₽	₽	P_{I}		₽	livestock feed, or coal, if conducted within an area enclosed by a wall
24								5,000		or concealing fence not less than six feet high.
25								gsf		

		1 1			-				
1				₽	₽	₽	P	P	(m) Stone or monument yard, if conducted within an area enclosed
2	Ш								by a wall or a concealing fence not less than six feet high.
3									(n) Storage within a completely enclosed building of junk, waste,
4				₽	$_{D}$			$_{D}$	secondhand, discarded or salvaged materials, excluding automobile
5									wrecking operations as defined in this Section 225; and if conducted
6									not less than 200 feet from any R or NC District.
7									(o) Junkyard, if located not less than 200 feet from any R or NC
8									District. Junkyard shall mean an outdoor space where junk, waste,
9									discarded or salvaged materials are stored or handled, including
10									house-wrecking yards, used lumber yards and places or yards for
11								7	storage of salvaged house wrecking and structural steel materials and
12					₽			P	equipment; excluding automobile wrecking operations as defined in
13									this Section 225, yards or establishments for the sale, purchase or
14									storage of used cars or machinery in operable condition, and the
15									processing of used, discarded or salvaged materials as part of a
16									permitted manufacturing operation in the same premises.
17									(p) Automobile wrecking operation; provided, (1) that there shall
18									be sufficient working space on the property to permit proper
19									functioning of the operation without use of any public right-of-way for
20									storage of inoperable vehicles or parts, (2) that the operation shall be
21				ϵ	ϵ			ϵ	clearly separated from adjacent properties and public rights-of-way,
22									
23									and (3) that the operation be conducted not less than 500 feet from any
24									R or NC District. No automobile wrecking operation lawfully existing
25	Ш								at the effective date hereof shall be continued more than three years

i i	г г	 	т т		г т	-	-	
1								from said date unless a conditional use authorization for such
2								operation has been granted pursuant to this Code; provided, however,
3								that no such automobile wrecking operation eligible for governmental
4								payments to assist relocation shall be continued more than 1½ years
5								from said effective date unless a conditional use authorization for such
6								operation has been granted pursuant to this Code. The term
7								"automobile wrecking operation" as used herein shall mean the
8								disassembling, dismantling, junking or "wrecking" of motor vehicles of
9								any type, or the storage of such vehicles not in operable condition.
10								(q) Hazardous waste facility, when conducted not less than 200 feet
11								from any R or NC District, which shall mean all contiguous land and
12								structures, other appurtenances and improvements on the land used for
13								treatment, transfer, storage, resource recovery, disposal or recycling of
14								hazardous waste that is produced at an off-site facility, but shall not
15								include a facility that: (1) manages only used oil, used oil filters, latex
16								paint, antifreeze, small household batteries or lead acid batteries; or
17				ϵ			ϵ	(2) establishes that it is not required to obtain a hazardous waste
18								facility permit from the State of California. The terms "hazardous"
19								waste," "treatment," "transfer," "storage," "disposal," "off-site
20								facility," and "used oil" as used herein shall have the meaning given
21								those terms in the California Health and Safety Code, Division 20,
22								Chapter 6.5, Articles 2 and 13, which are hereby incorporated by
23								reference.

SEC. 226. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING.

24

1 2 3 4 5	CC- 3 12-	S R	-3:	C - C 3 - - N	<i>M</i> − <i>1</i>	H	PDR- 1-G	PDR-1- D	₽DR-1- ₿	<i>PDR</i> -2	
7 8 9											SEC. 226. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING.
10 11 12 13 14 15	PI	₽	? <i>P</i> .	P _P	<u>N</u> A		P	<u>P</u>	P under 5,000 gsj	P	(a) Light manufacturing uses, involving only the assembly, packaging, repairing or processing of previously prepared materials, which are conducted within a building but do not occupy the ground story of any building; provided:
16 17 18 19											(1) That no part of a building so occupied shall have any opening, other than fixed windows and exits required by law, within 50 feet of any R District;
20 21 22 23 24 25											(2) That the mechanical equipment required for such uses, together with related floor space used primarily by the operators of such equipment, shall not in the aggregate occupy more than ¼ of the gross floor area of the building in which the uses are located; and

		П			П	1	1			1	1	
1												— (3) That no machine shall be used that has
2												more than five horsepower capacity.
3												(b) Light manufacturing which occupies not
4												more than ½ the ground story of the building and
5										$\underline{\mathcal{D}}$		involves or requires no machine that has more
6				D	₽	V	\mathbb{N}_{D}		<u>P</u>	r under	\underline{D}	than five horsepower capacity, if conducted
7				<i>F</i>	₽	4	A	1	-	unaer 5,000 gsf	F	entirely within an enclosed building; provided,
8										2,000 gsj		that no part of a building so occupied shall have
9												any opening, other than fixed windows and exits
10												required by law, within 20 feet of any R District.
11												(c) Light food-processing for delicatessen,
12										_		catering or restaurant supply, if conducted
13						V	N		D.	<u>₽</u> ,		entirely within an enclosed building; provided,
14				<i>₽</i>	₽	4	$\frac{P}{A}$	ı I	<u>P</u>	under	<u> </u>	that no part of a building so occupied shall have
15										5,000 gsf		any opening, other than fixed windows or exits
16												required by law, within 20 feet of any R District.
17										P		
18					1	<u>D</u>	PP	Ì	<u>P</u>	under	₽	(d) Light manufacturing, not including any use
19										5,000 gsf		first specifically listed below.
20	\parallel							\dashv		P		(e) Industrial or chemical research or testing
21		PP	₽	PP	$_{P}$	<u>D</u>	$\frac{P}{P}$				P	laboratory, not involving any danger of
22								ſ		2,500 gsf		explosions.
23	$oxed{+}$				H					-,- 0 89		
24		PP	₽	PP	PI	2	P					(f) Life Science laboratory (as defined in
25												Sections 890.52 and 890.53).

ı		т т		т г	-		П			I	1	
1												(g) Battery manufacture, if conducted on
2					P	P	P				ϵ	premises not less than 200 feet from any R
3												District.
4												(h) Any of the following uses, when conducted
5												within a completely enclosed building; provided,
6						₽	P	C	ϵ		ϵ	that no part of a building so occupied shall have
7												any opening, other than fixed windows or exits
8												required by law, within 50 feet of any R District:
9												— (1) Automobile assembling.
10				Н								— (2) Bottling plant, brewery, dairy products
11												plant, malt manufacturing or processing or malt
12												products plant;
13		H					H					
14	-	\mathbb{H}	-	H			H					— (3)—Ice manufacturing plant;
15												(4) Concrete mixing, concrete products
16		Ш										manufacture;
17												(5) Electric foundry or foundry for
18												nonferrous metals;
19												<u>(6) Metal working or blacksmith shop;</u>
20												excluding presses of over 20 tons' capacity and
21												machine-operated drophammers.
22	\dagger	\parallel		\parallel								— (7)—Enameling, lacquering, wholesale paint
23												mixing from previously prepared pigments and
24												vehicles;
							Ш					,

1 (8) Woodworking mill, manufacture wood-fibre, sawdust or excelsior products involving chemical processing.	e of
3 involving chemical processing.	
mrorring enemieur processing.	not
.	
4	uors,
5	ekles,
6	soda
7 $\left \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	meat
8	cally
9	
10 PC C C C C C C C C C	
11 PC C C Sugar refinery.	
12 PC C C C Wool pulling or scouring.	
13	
14 CC C C C C C C C C C	
15	lkali,
16 $\left \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	sive,
17	iimal
18 refuse.	
19	leum
20	
21 C (p) Steam power plant.	
22	
23	
24	
	es, if

Ī	 т т	т 1	 т			I	
1							conducted on premises not less than 200 feet from
2							any R District.
3							(s) Live storage, killing or dressing of poultry
4						_	or rabbits, if conducted on premises not less than
5				P		ϵ	200 feet from any R District, without limitation as
6							to nature of sale.
7				ϵ			(t) Stockyard, livestock feed yard, abattoir.
8			H				(u) Rendering or reduction of fat, bones or
9							other animal material, where adequate provision
10						C	
11						ϵ	is made for the control of odors through the use of
12							surface condensers and direct flame afterburners
13							or equivalent equipment.
14							(v) Incineration of garbage, refuse, dead
15							animals or parts thereof.
16							(w) The following uses, when conducted not
17				P		ϵ	less than 500 feet from any R or NC District:
18							— (1) Manufacture, refining, distillation or
19							treatment of any of the following: abrasives, acid
20							(noncorrosive), alcohol, ammonia, asbestos,
21							asphalt, bleaching powder, candles (from tallow),
22							celluloid, chlorine, coal, coke, creosote, dextrine,
23							disinfectant, dye, enamel, gas carbon or
24							lampblack, gas (acetylene or other inflammable),
25							glucose, insecticide, lacquer, linoleum, matches,

	oilcloth, oil paint, paper (or pulp), perfume, plastics, poison, potash, printing ink, refuse mash or refuse grain, rubber (including balata or gutta percha or crude or scrap rubber), shellac, shoe or stove polish, soap, starch, tar, turpentine, varnish;
	(2) Curing, smoking or drying fish, manufacture of fish oil;
	— (3) Tanning or curing of raw hides or skins;
	(4) Foundry, structural iron or pipe works, boilermaking where riveting is involved, locomotive works, roundhouse or railroad shop.

SEC. 226.1. CONDITIONAL USE CRITERIA FOR POWER PLANTS.

- (a) Applicability. These controls shall apply to all power plants in M-1 and M-2 Zones.
- (b) Prior Nonconforming Uses. Consistent with Article 1.7 of the Planning Code, nonconforming power plant uses shall require conditional use authorization in order to enlarge, intensify, or extend the use if such changes would expand a power plant use, make it more permanent, or substantially change the use. An intensification of use shall include the following changes, without limitation and in addition to the criteria set forth in Article 1.7 of the Planning Code:
- (1) An increase in output capability by more than 10% (either an increase in capacity or increase in planned or permitted output per year);
 - (2) A change in type of fuel;
- (3) A greater than five percent increase in the volume of monthly discharge of waste water into the sewer or into the San Francisco Bay, or an increase in the temperature of existing waste water discharges into the San Francisco Bay;

1	(4) Any increase greater than five percent in the emission rate or the total annual tons
2	of emission for particulate precursors, ozone precursors or greenhouse gases;
3	(5) A greater than five percent increase in the volume of regulated substances used on-
4	site on a monthly basis, or in the volume of regulated substances stored on site or in the volume of
5	regulated substances transported to the site on a monthly basis; or
6	(6) Improvements to any power generation unit costing more than 25 percent of the
7	assessed value of the same unit prior to improvement.
8	(c) Criteria. In acting on any application for conditional use authorization for a power plant
9	under Section 226(p), the Commission shall consider the conditional use authorization requirements sec
10	forth in Article 3 of the Planning Code and, in addition, shall only approve an application for a
11	conditional use authorization if facts are presented to establish that, on the basis of the record before
12	the Commission:
13	(1) The benefits to the City's energy system resulting from the energy generated by the
14	proposed power plant cannot be obtained in a reasonable time from a technically and economically
15	feasible power plant and/or energy conservation project that would have materially fewer potential
16	environmental impacts considering, but not limited to, the following: (a) emissions of criteria air
17	pollutants and greenhouse gas emissions; (b) stormwater and wastewater discharges; and (c) noise and
18	vibration impacts.
19	(2) A newly proposed power plant use would not directly and adversely impact existing
20	or reasonably foreseeable adjoining land uses, or, as applied to a prior nonconforming use, the
21	extension of the power plant use or the increase in intensity of the use would not result in increased
22	direct and adverse impacts on existing or reasonably foreseeable adjoining land uses; and
23	(3) Granting conditional use authorization would not reasonably be expected to leave
24	known contamination in place in such a way that would prolong or increase public health risks

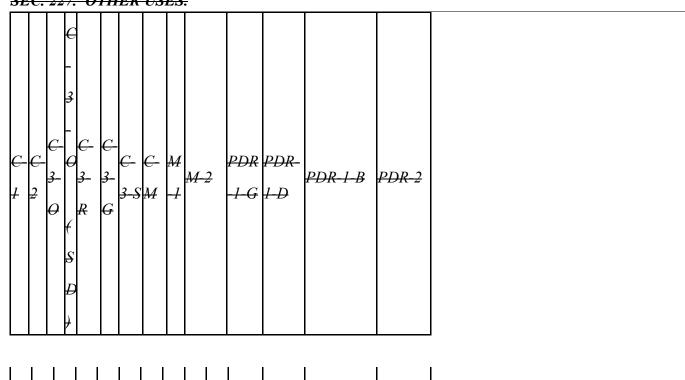
associated with such contamination at levels inconsistent with a risk-based remediation consistent with the proposed power plant use; and

(4) Granting conditional use authorization would not reasonably be expected to preclude future redevelopment and reuse of the property for non-power plant uses.

(d) Written Findings. The Planning Commission shall make detailed written findings explaining the basis for its decision under this Section.

(e) Severability. In the event that a court or agency of competent jurisdiction holds that federal or state law, rule or regulation invalidates any clause, sentence, paragraph of this Section or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, it is intended that the court or agency sever such clause, sentence, paragraph or section so that the remainder of this Section shall remain in effect.

SEC. 227. OTHER USES.



	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	Ī	ĺ	i	ı	1
1															(c) Mortuary establishment,
2															including retail establishments that
3		C				C	\overline{C}	₽	₽	₽	₽		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	predominantly sell or offer for sale
4															caskets, tombstones, or other funerary
5															goods.
6															(d) Public structure or use of a
7															nonindustrial character, when in
8															conformity with the General Plan.
9	P	P	P	P	₽	P	P	₽	₽	₽	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	Such structure or use shall not include
10															a storage yard, incinerator, machine
11															shop, garage or similar use.
12															(e) Utility installation, excluding
13															Internet Services Exchange (see
14															Section 227(r)); public service facility,
15	P^*	<u>P*</u>	C	C	\overline{C}	₽	P	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	C	<u>P</u>	
16															excluding service yard; provided that
17															operating requirements necessitate
18															location within the district.
19															-(f) Public transportation facility,
20															whether public or privately owned or
21															operated, when in conformity with the
22	C^*	C*	ϵ	\overline{C}	\overline{C}	\overline{C}	\overline{C}	\overline{C}	ϵ	\overline{C}	ϵ	ϵ		ϵ	General Plan, and which does not
23															require approval of the Board of
24															Supervisors under other provisions of
25															law, and which includes:
20															

		1	İ	ı	ı	ı	Ī	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ī	1	1
1															— (1) Off-street passenger terminal
2															facilities for mass transportation of a
3															single or combined modes including
4															but not limited to aircraft, ferries,
5															fixed-rail vehicles and buses when
6															such facility is not commonly defined
7															as a boarding platform, bus stop,
8															transit shelter or similar ancillary
9															feature of a transit system; and
10															— (2) Landing field for aircraft.
11															<u>(g) Public transportation facility,</u>
12															when in conformity with the General
13	<u>C*</u>	<u>C*</u>	\overline{C}	C	\overline{C}	ϵ	C	\overline{C}	₽	₽	₽	₽		₽	Plan, other than as required in (f) of
14															this Section or as in Sections 223 and
15															226 of this Code.
16															(h) Commercial wireless
17															transmitting, receiving or relay
18															
19	₽	P	D	D	D	D	₽	D	D	₽	₽	<u>P</u>	C	<u>P</u>	facility, including towers, antennae,
20	P	!'	ľ	P	/-	r	r	P	/-	P	ľ	/-	ϵ	/	and related equipment for the
21															transmission, reception, or relay of
22															radio, television, or other electronic
23															signals where:
24															— (1) No portion of such facility
25															exceeds a height of 25 feet above the
20															

			1		1		1 1		i				i	
1														roof line of the building on the
2														premises or above the ground if there
3														is no building, or 25 feet above the
4														height limit applicable to the subject
5														site under Article 2.5 of this Code,
6														whichever is the lesser height; and
7														(2) Such facility, if closer than
8														1,000 feet to any R District (except for
9														those R Districts entirely surrounded
10														by a C-3, M or a combination of C-3
11														and M Districts), does not include a
12														parabolic antenna with a diameter in
13														excess of three meters or a composite
14														diameter or antennae in excess of six
15														meters. (See also Section 204.3.)
16														(i) Commercial wireless
17	C C	ϵ	ϵ	C	C	ϵ	C	C	C	C	ϵ	$\frac{c}{c}$	ϵ	transmitting, receiving or relay
18				C	C	C	b	U	C	C		-	C	facility, as described in Subsection
19														227(h) above, where:
20														— (1) Any portion of such facility
21														exceeds a height of 25 feet above the
22 23														roof line of the building on the
23 24														premises or above the ground if there
2 4 25														is no building, or 25 feet above the
20														

	ı	ı	ı	Ī	ı	ĺ	ĺ	ı	ı	ı	Ī	Ī	Ī	ı	1
1															height limit applicable to the subject
2															site under Article 2.5 of this Code,
3															whichever is the lesser height; or
4															— (2) Such facility, if closer than
5															1,000 feet to any R District (except for
6															those R Districts entirely surrounded
7															by a C-3, M or combination of C-3
8															and M Districts), includes a parabolic
9															antenna with a diameter in excess of
10															three meters or a composite diameter
11															of antennae in excess of six meters.
12															(See also Section 204.3.)
13															(j) Sale or lease sign, as defined
14	<u>P*</u>	<u>P*</u>	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	and regulated by Article 6 of this
15															Code.
16															(k) General advertising sign, as
17		<u> P</u> *	₽	P	<u>P</u>	₽	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P	P					defined and regulated by Article 6 of
18															this Code.
19															
20	<u>P*</u>	<u>P*</u>	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	(l) Access driveway to property in
21															any C or M District.
22															—(m) Planned Unit Development, as
23	\overline{C}	\overline{C}						C	C	C	C #	<i>C</i> #	C#	C #	defined and regulated by Section 304
24											СП	Επ		Cπ	and other applicable provisions of this
25															Code.

	I	I	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	Ī	ı]	1
1																(n) Any use that is permitted as a
2																principal use in any other C, M, or
3										₽						PDR District without limitation as to
4																enclosure within a building, wall or
5																fence.
6																(o) Temporary uses, as specified in
7	a F	Б. С	E C	T I (•	5 m	r r D	011	a i i	205.0					and regulated by Sections 205 through
8	SE	E S.	EC.	H	NS	20.	5 11	HR()U (JH	205.2 of this Code. (*See Section					
9																212(a).)
10	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	<i>P##</i>	<i>P##</i>	<i>P</i> ##		<i>P</i> ##	—(p)—Arts activities.
11																(q) Waterborne commerce,
12																navigation, fisheries and recreation,
13																and industrial, commercial and other
14		P							₽	<u>P</u>					₽	operations directly related to the
15																conduct of waterborne commerce,
16																navigation, fisheries or recreation on
17																property subject to public trust.
18																(r) Internet Services Exchange as
19	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	\boldsymbol{C}	ϵ	C	C	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	C		ϵ	defined in Section 209.6(c).
20											₽	D	D		<u>P</u>	. , ,
21											١.]	F			(s) Fringe financial services, as
22	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D				under			under	defined in Section 249.35, and subject
23	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	L	₽	₽			5,000	∠,300	- gs/	∠,300	to the restrictions set forth in Section
24											2,50	gsf	per	-lot;	gsf per	
25											() gs/	per	and		lot and	that no new fringe financial service

	1 1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı		l I				İ	i i	
1											per	lot;	subject to	subject	shall be located within a ¼ miles of an
2											lot;	\overline{C}	controls of	to	existing fringe financial service.
3											ϵ	above	Sec. 121.8	controls	
4											abov			of Sec.	
5											e			121.8	
6															(t) Small Enterprise Workspace
7															(S.E.W.). An S.E.W. is a single
8															building that is comprised of discrete
9															workspace units which are
10															independently accessed from building
11															common areas.
12															— (1) The S.E.W. building must
13															meet the following additional
14															requirements:
15															——————————————————————————————————————
16	<i>NA </i>	VA∤	<i>\.A.</i> /	VA.	NA.	NΑ	NA	NA	NΑ	NA	$ ot\!$	P	NP	NP	uses principally or conditionally
17															permitted in the subject zoning district,
18															or office uses (as defined in Section
19															890.70);
20															— (B) Any retail uses are subject
21															to any per parcel size controls of the
22															subject zoning district;
23															—— (C) No residential uses shall be
24															permitted;
25															(D) Fifty percent of the units in
ļ		1	1			ı						ı	•		

	 				•	
1						the building must contain no more
2						than 500 gross square feet each, while
3						the remaining fifty percent of the units
4						in the building must contain no more
5						than 2,500 gross square feet each; an
6						exception to this rule applies for
7						larger PDR spaces on the ground
8						floor, as described in subsection (E)
9						below
10						— (E) An S.E.W. building may
11						contain units larger than 2,500 square
12						feet on the ground floor as long as
13						each such unit contains a principal
14						PDR use. For the purposes of this
15						Section, a PDR use is one identified in
16						Sections 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226,
17						227(a), 227(b), and 227(p) of this
18						Code. Such PDR units may be
19						independently accessible from the
20						street.
21						(F) After the issuance of any
22						certificate of occupancy or completion
23						for the building, any merger,
24						subdivision, expansion, or other
25						change in gross floor area of any unit

	1 1	ı	I								I	I		1
1														shall be permitted only as long as the
2														provisions of this subsection (D) and
3														(E) are met. To facilitate review of any
4														such project, all such applications will
5														be referred to the Planning
6														Department, and applicants are
7														required to submit full building plans,
8														not just the unit(s) subject to the
9														change in floor area.
10														— (2) S.E.W. units may be
11														established only in new buildings or in
12														buildings for which a first certificate
13														of occupancy or completion was
14														issued after the effective date of this
15														Section.
16														— (3) Where permitted, S.E.W.
17														Buildings are exempt from the controls
18														in Sec. 230 limiting demolition of
19														industrial buildings.
20										<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>			
21										subi	subje			
22										ect	ct to			(u) Integrated PDR, as defined in
23	NA N	ANA	NA	contr	NP	NP	Sec. 890.49.							
24										cont				DCC. 070.77.
25											Sec.			
										rols	⊳ec.			

					1							1	İ	Ī
1											in	890.4		
2											Sec. 890.	9		
3											890.			
4											49			
5														
6														
7														
8														
9														
10														
11														
12														
13														
14														
15	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ			ϵ	ϵ
16														
17														
18														
19														
20														
21														
22														
23														
24														
25														

(v) Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishments, defined as retail uses where more than 10% of the square footage of occupied floor area, as defined in Section 102.10, or more than 10 linear feet of display area projected to the floor, whichever is less, is dedicated to the sale, distribution, delivery, furnishing or marketing of Tobacco Paraphernalia from one person to another. "Tobacco Paraphernalia" does not include lighters, matches, cigarette holders, any device used to store or preserve tobacco, tobacco, cigarettes, cigarette papers, cigars, or any other preparation of tobacco that is permitted by existing law. Medical Cannabis Dispensaries, as defined in Section 3301(f) of the San Francisco Health Code, are not Tobacco

1									Paraphernalia Establishments.
2									[# Dwellings are not permitted as part
3									of any Planned Unit Development in
4									these districts.]
5									[*See Section 212(a)]
6									

SEC. 237. AUTOMOTIVE SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to provide for a major automotive area with a citywide and regional market, there shall be an Automotive Special Use District as designated on Sectional Map No. 2-SU02 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. The following provisions shall apply within such special use district:

(a) Wholesaling of automotive parts and any <u>A</u>automotive <u>U</u>use, <u>as defined in Section 102</u> <u>listed in Section 223</u> of this Code when connected with and incidental to the sale of new or used automobiles, shall be permitted as principal uses. In addition, any <u>A</u>automotive <u>U</u>use <u>listed in Section 223</u> that is not connected with and incidental to the sale of automobiles, and not otherwise permitted, may be permitted as a conditional use by the <u>City</u> Planning Commission under Section 303 of this Code.

SEC. 238. NOB HILL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to provide for an established area with a unique combination of uses and a special identity, there shall be a Nob Hill Special Use District as designated on Sectional Map No. *I*-SU*01* of the Zoning Map *of the City and County of San Francisco*. The following provisions shall apply within such special use district:

- (a) A <u>hH</u>otel, <u>inn or hostel</u>, as defined in <u>Section 102</u> <u>described in Section 209.2(e)</u> of this Code, may be permitted by the <u>City</u> Planning Commission as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code.
- (b) In connection with any permitted principal or conditional use located in such \underline{sS} pecial \underline{uU} se \underline{dD} istrict, incidental commercial uses may be permitted by the \underline{City} -Planning Commission as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code, if designed primarily for occupants of and visitors to the use to which they are incidental, accessible to the general public only from within the building, and not identified outside the building by means of any sign or signs.
- (c) A <u>Private Community Facility</u> <u>private lodge, private clubhouse, private recreational facility</u> <u>or community facility other than as specified in Planning Code Subsection 209.4(a) of as defined in Section 102 of this Code, and <u>that which</u> is not operated as a gainful (for-profit) business may be permitted by the Planning Commission as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code.</u>
- (d) Eating and <u>aDrinking uses as defined in Section 102</u> 790.34 of this Code, with the exception of <u>Eating and Drinking uses that are also defined as Formula Retail</u> <u>large fast food restaurants as defined in Section 790.90 of this Code</u>, may be permitted by the Planning Commission as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code. The limitations on design, accessibility, and identification set forth in Subsection (b) above shall not apply to such uses hereby permitted.
- (e) Signage for principal permitted uses or for $e\underline{E}$ ating and $d\underline{D}$ rinking uses within the Nob Hill Special Use District shall be limited as per $\underline{Planning\ Code}$. Section 606 $\underline{of\ this\ Code}$ with the exception that projecting signs in the form of sign copy on canopies and awnings shall be permitted for $e\underline{E}$ ating and $d\underline{D}$ rinking uses in lieu of wall signs unless otherwise limited as a condition of approval of a conditional use authorization.

(f) The various uses provided for in Subsections 238(a) through 238(e) above are not
permitted in any portion of a building \underline{that} \underline{which} is devoted to a \underline{dD} welling \underline{uU} nit or to \underline{gG} roup
<i>k</i> <u>H</u> ousing as defined in Section <u>102</u> 209.2(a) of this Code.

(g) Awnings, canopies, and marquees, as regulated in Section 136.3 of this Code, shall be permitted in the Nob Hill Special Use District.

SEC. 239. WASHINGTON-BROADWAY SPECIAL USE DISTRICTS.

In order to provide for certain areas with special traffic and parking considerations, many existing buildings of small scale and established character *that which* have been and will be retained and converted, and certain wholesaling activities carried on with distinct benefit to the *eC*ity, there shall be two Washington-Broadway Special Use Districts, Numbers 1 and 2, as designated on Sectional Map No. *I*-SU*01** of the Zoning Map *of the City and County of San Francisco*. The following provisions shall apply within such *sS*pecial *#Use dD*istricts:

- (a) There shall be certain exemptions from off-street parking requirements, as provided in Section 161(d) of this Code.
- (b) No permitted use shall include <u>a Drive-up Facility</u>, <u>as defined in Section 102 of this</u>

 <u>Code</u>, <u>an establishment of the "drive-in" type</u>, <u>serving customers waiting in parked motor vehicles</u>, with the exception of <u>automobile</u> <u>Automotive</u> <u>sS</u>ervice <u>sS</u>tations.
- (c) A <u>Public Auto pParking L</u>ot, or a <u>Public Auto Parking storage gG</u> arage <u>open to the public for passenger automobiles</u> if not a public building requiring approval by the Board of Supervisors under other provisions of law, shall be permitted only upon approval by the Planning Commission as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code.
- (d) In Washington-Broadway Special Use District Number 2 only, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$ holesale Sales uses $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$ conducted entirely within an enclosed building shall be permitted as a principal use.

SEC. 240.1. WATERFRONT SPECIAL USE DISTRICT NO. 1.

- 2 (a) Maritime Uses and Related Accessory Uses Related to Maritime Uses. Maritime uses 3 within Waterfront Special Use District No. 1 include those uses that require access to or use of San Francisco Bay waters in order to function or operate in the normal course of business, including but 4 not limited to those uses associated with waterborne commerce, navigation, fisheries and recreation, 5 6 and industrial, commercial and other operations directly related to the conduct of waterborne 7 commerce, navigation, fisheries and recreation. A related minor use that which is identified as an 8 acceptable, existing, or interim land use in the Waterfront Land Use Plan adopted by the Port 9 Commission and that which is either necessary to the operation or enjoyment of a mMaritime #Use, as defined in Section 102 of this Code, or is appropriate, incidental, and subordinate to any 10 such use, shall be permitted as an accessory use when located on the same lot, provided that 11 12 the use does not involve the use of more than $\underline{one-third}$ 1/3 of the site area occupied by such 13 use and the principal or conditional use to which it is accessory, except in the case of 14 accessory off-street parking and loading.
 - (b) Principal uses shall include:
 - (1) Maritime $\mu \underline{U}$ ses as defined $\underline{in\ Section\ 102\ of\ this\ Code}$ $\underline{above\ in\ paragraph\ (a)}$ $\underline{shall\ be\ permitted\ as\ principal\ uses;}$
 - (2) Any use <u>that which</u> is listed in <u>the this</u> Code as a permitted use in the district established by Section 201 applicable to the particular property involved shall be permitted as a principal use if the use is identified as an acceptable, existing, or interim land use in the Waterfront Land Use Plan adopted by the Port Commission.
 - (c) Conditional uses shall include any use <u>that which</u> is listed in <u>the this</u> Code as a conditional use in the district established by Section 201 applicable to the particular property involved, provided that the use is identified as an acceptable, existing, or interim land use in the Waterfront Land Use Plan adopted by the Port Commission. The specific use or uses

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (d) Any use, other than <u>mMaritime <u>wUses defined described</u> in <u>Section 102 of this Code</u> <u>Subsection (b)(1) of this Section</u>, <u>that which</u> is listed in this Code as a permitted use or conditional use in the use district established by Section 201 applicable to the particular property involved, that involves (1) new construction or (2) substantial exterior alterations visible from the street or other major public site, excluding minor changes including but not limited to maintenance, alterations, and repairs involving replacing features with similar features or adding similar features; restoration of preexisting conditions; and signs, awnings, or canopies, shall be subject to review of the urban design of the proposed use under the waterfront design review process, as provided under Section 240(c) of this Code.</u>
- (e) In considering any application in this special use district under Section 303 <u>of this</u> <u>Code</u>, the Planning Commission shall consider the following criteria in lieu of the criteria set forth in Section 303(c):
- (1) That such use or feature as proposed is consistent with the Waterfront Land Use Plan (WLUP) adopted by the Port Commission, including any amendments thereto which the Planning Commission has found to be consistent with the General Plan;
- (2) That such use or feature as proposed is consistent with the WLUP Waterfront Design and Access goals, policies, and criteria adopted by the Port Commission, including any amendments thereto which the Planning Commission has found to be consistent with the General Plan;
- (3) Provision to the extent feasible, along the sea wall and along the perimeters of piers or platforms, of public access and of open spaces available for public use and suitable for viewing purposes or water-oriented recreation;

- (4) Limitation of water coverage in the Northern Waterfront area from the Hyde Street Pier to Pier 46 so as not to exceed the degree of coverage by piers as existing at the effective date of this Section;
 - (5) Construction of new piers or platforms so that the water's edge shall be maintained at the sea wall where feasible:
 - (6) Provision or maintenance of view corridors along streets into the Bay, and of panoramic views, in accordance with the view policies of the Northeastern Waterfront Plan, a part of the General Plan; and
 - (7) Development over the water generally on piers or platforms rather than on fill.
 - (f) Off-street parking requirements may be modified by the Planning Department and Planning Commission, as provided in Section 161(f) of this Code.
 - (g) The basic floor area ratio limit shall be 5.0 to 1 to the extent provided in Section 124(e) of this Code. To calculate the floor area ratio on piers under the jurisdiction of the Port Commission, all building permit applications shall include a map of the lot or lease area with precise boundaries showing its location on the pier under consideration. The proposed lot shall be reviewed and approved as part of the building permit and be the basis for further alterations or expansions of the structure.

SEC. 241. DOLORES HEIGHTS SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to preserve and provide for an established area with a unique character and balance of built and natural environment, with public and private view corridors and panoramas, to conserve existing buildings, plant materials and planted spaces, to prevent unreasonable obstruction of view and light by buildings or plant materials, and to encourage development in context and scale with established character and landscape, there shall be a Dolores Heights Special Use District as designated on Sectional Map No. 7 SU07 of the

- Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. In this #District, all provisions of the City
 Planning Code applicable in RH-1 Districts shall continue to apply except that rear yard and
 height limit provisions of this Section 241 shall be substituted for rear yard and height limit
 provisions found elsewhere in this Code.
 - (a) The minimum rear yard depth shall be equal to 45 percent of the total depth of the lot on which building is situated, but in no case shall the rear yard be less than 25 feet deep.
 - (b) No portion of a building shall exceed a height of 35 feet above the existing grade of the lot, with the intent that the building shall be contained within an envelope that slopes upward or downward with the slope of the property. The "height of a building" for purposes of this Section, shall be measured in the manner described in Section 260 102.12 of the City Planning this Code, whether the lot being measured slopes upward or downward from the street.
 - (c) Variances may be granted from the rear yard and height limit provisions in Paragraphs (a) and (b) above in accordance with procedures specified in Section 305 of *this* the City Planning Code provided that no such variance shall permit a building to have a height in excess of that otherwise permitted in an RH-1 District.

SEC. 243. VAN NESS SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

- (a) **General.** A Special Use District entitled the Van Ness Special Use District, the boundaries of which are shown on Sectional Map No. 2SU02 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco, is hereby established for the purposes set forth below.
- (b) **Purposes.** In order to implement the objectives and policies of the Van Ness Avenue Area Plan, a part of the General Plan, which includes (i) (1) creation of a mix of residential and commercial uses on the boulevard, (ii) (2) preservation and enhancement of the pedestrian environment, ((iii) (3) encouragement of the retention and appropriate alteration of architecturally and historically significant and contributory buildings, (iv) (4)

- conservation of the existing housing stock, (++) (5) enhancement of the visual and urban design quality of the street, and (+++) (6) the establishment of an area appropriate for a medical center use (the "Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict") to support citywide and regional health care at the transit nexus of Van Ness Avenue and Geary Boulevard, the following controls are imposed in the Van Ness Special Use District.
- (c) **Controls**. All provisions of the *City*-Planning Code applicable to an RC-4 District shall apply except as otherwise provided in this Section.
- (1) **Basic Floor Area Ratio.** The basic floor area ratio limit shall be 7.0 to 1 in the 130-foot height district and at the hospital site within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict, and 4.8:1 in the 80-foot height district. These limits shall apply to dwellings notwithstanding Section 124(b) of this Code, including floor space used for nonaccessory offstreet parking, driveways, and maneuvering areas. The floor area ratio may be increased to up to 7.5:1 for a medical office building if located within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict. For definitions of feloor adrea ratio and geross feloor adrea, see Sections 102.11 and 102.9, respectively. The provisions allowing a floor area premium set forth in Section 125(a) shall not apply in the Van Ness Special Use District.
- (2) **Housing Density.** The restrictions on density set forth in *the Zoning Control Tables Sections 207, 207.1, 208, 209.1 and 209.2 of this Code* shall not apply.
- (3) **Height and Bulk Restrictions.** See Height and Bulk Map No. HT02. See Section 270 of this Code for bulk limits. However, medical centers within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict subject to otherwise applicable standards for bulk limits per Sections 270 and 271(c)(2) shall be permitted to exceed such standards to allow for unique massing and volume required for medical facilities, if authorized as a Conditional Use pursuant to Section 303 of this Code, in lieu of findings otherwise required under Section 271 of this Code.

1	(4) Awnings, Canopies, and Marquees. Awnings, canopies and marquees, as
2	defined in Sections 790.20, 790.26 and 790.58 of this Code, and further regulated by the Building Code
3	and Sections 243(c)(5), 136.2 and 607.3 of this Code, are permitted. However, mMedical centers
4	within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict subject to otherwise applicable standards for
5	awnings per Section 136.1 of this Code shall be permitted to exceed such standards to allow
6	for coverage of patient drop-off and entry areas.
7	(5) Medical Centers within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict subject to
8	otherwise applicable standards for obstructions over streets or alleys per $\pm \underline{S}$ ection 136(c)(1)(B)
9	of this Code shall be permitted to exceed such standards for vertical dimensions and
10	horizontal projections for architectural features to provide visual interest, achieve appropriate
11	articulation of building faeçades, and reduce pedestrian level wind currents.
12	(6) Signs.
13	(A) Signs located within the Van Ness Special Use District, with the exception
14	of the Civic Center Special Sign District as described in Section 608.3 of this Code and as shown in
15	Sectional Map SSD, shall be regulated as provided in Article 6, including Section 607.3 which governs
16	signs located in the Van Ness Special Sign District.
17	(B) Signs on structures designated as landmarks under the provisions of Section
18	1004 shall be regulated as provided in Section 607.3(d).
19	(6) (7) Rear Yards. The requirements of this Code applicable to rear yards may
20	be modified or waived by the Zoning Administrator pursuant to Section 307(g) if all of the
21	following conditions are met:
22	(A) The interior block open space formed by the rear yards of abutting
23	properties will not be adversely affected; and
24	(B) A comparable amount of usable open space is provided elsewhere
25	on the lot or within the development where it is more accessible to residents; and

(C) The access of light and air to abutting properties will not be significantly impeded.

This provision shall be administered pursuant to the procedures *that which* are applicable to variances, as set forth in Sections 306.1 through 306.5 and 308.2 of this Code.

(7) (8) **Required Setbacks.** Setbacks for buildings exceeding a height of 50 feet shall be regulated as provided in Section 253.2 of this Code.

(8) (9) Limitation of Nonresidential Uses.

(A) Residential Uses; Ratio Established. In newly constructed structures, nonresidential uses shall only be permitted if the ratio between the amount of net additional occupied floor area for residential uses, as defined in this paragraph below, to the amount of occupied floor area for nonresidential uses in excess of the occupied floor area of structures existing on the site at the time the project is approved is 3 to 1 or greater. In additions to existing structures that which exceed 20 percent of the gross floor area of the existing structure, nonresidential uses shall be permitted in the addition in excess of 20 percent only if the ratio between the amount of occupied floor area for residential use, as defined in this paragraph below, to the area of occupied floor area for nonresidential use is 3 to 1 or greater. This residential use ratio shall not apply to development sites in the Van Ness Special Use District that which have less than 60 feet of street frontage on Van Ness Avenue and have no street frontage other than the Van Ness Avenue frontage. For purposes of this Section, "nonresidential uses" shall mean <u>any use not defined as a Residential Use in Section 102</u> and principally or conditionally permitted in the Van Ness Special Use District. those uses described in Sections 209.2(d) and (e) (hotel, inn, hostel), 209.3(a) (hospital, medical center or other medical institution with in-patient care facilities), 209.4 (community facilities), 209.6 (public facilities and utilities), 209.7 (vehicle storage and access) and 209.8 (commercial establishments); in the Automotive Special Use District nonresidential uses include automotive uses as described in Section 237;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	"residential use" Residential Use is defined in Section 102 of this Code. shall mean those uses
2	described in Sections 209.1 and 209.2(a), (b) and (c) (dwelling units and group housing).
3	(B) Reduction of Ratio of Residential Uses for Affordable Housing
4	The Planning Commission may modify the Van Ness Special Use District residential to

The Planning Commission may modify the Van Ness Special Use District residential to nonresidential use ratio between Golden Gate Avenue and California Street as a conditional

use in one of the following ways:

(i) **In-Lieu Fee.** By conditional use, the developer may elect to fulfill the obligation to build housing by paying an in-lieu fee to the Affordable Housing Fund as provided in Section 413 of this Code. No more than a 50 percent reduction of the required housing for a specific project can be fulfilled by paying an in-lieu fee. Use of these funds shall provide affordable housing within 2,000 feet of the Van Ness Special Use District. The in-lieu fee shall be determined by the following formula:

13 (1) (Lot Area x FAR)/4) x 3 = 14 Residential SQ. FT. Requirement 15 **(2)** Residential SQ. FT. 16 Requirement - Residential SQ. FT. 17 Developed = LOSS18 (3) LOSS x \$15 = In-Lieu Fee

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

(ii) Providing Affordable Housing. By conditional use, the developer may reduce up to 50 percent of the required amount of on-site housing by maintaining a portion of that housing as permanently affordable for the life of the project. Affordable units shall be managed by a nonprofit housing agency through a duly executed agreement between the project sponsor, the nonprofit agency, and the Planning Department. The mix of affordable units retained in the project shall conform to the overall dwelling unit

size mix of the project. The portion of retained residential that which shall be affordable will be determined by calculating the number of market rate units that which could be subsidized by the amount of "in-lieu fee" calculated in Paragraph (i) above. The number of square feet of affordable housing shall be calculated in the following manner:

5 (1) In-Lieu Fee Square Feet of 6 Affordable Housing foot = \$30/square 7 Retained in the subsidy 8 **Project**

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

2

3

4

Affordability and Fee Calculations. The Department shall report annually to the Planning Commission on the activity and utilization of Section $243(\underline{d_C})(8)(B)$. Based on an evaluation of this report, the Planning Commission may initiate a modification or deletion of Section $243(\underline{d_C})(8)(B)$. The dollar amounts used in the calculation for Paragraphs (i) and (ii) of this Subsection shall be subject to annual adjustments in accord with Section 413.6(1) of this Code. Affordability shall be defined by rents or sale prices affordable by households with no more than 80 percent of median income standards developed by HUD.

(iv) If the <u>Planning</u> Commission finds that taking into consideration projects constructed since the effective date of the Van Ness Special Use District and the housing development potential remaining in the District the overall objective of adding a substantial increment of new housing on Van Ness Avenue will not be significantly compromised, the Commission may by conditional use modify the 3:1 housing ratio or may modify the rules regarding the timing and location of linked projects if in addition to Section 303(c) standards of this Code it finds that:

1	(1) The project is to provide space for expansion of an
2	established business from an adjacent site (for this purpose two sites separated by an alley
3	shall be deemed to be adjacent); or,
4	(2) The project is to provide space for an institutional, hotel,
5	medical, cultural, or social service use meeting an important public need which cannot
6	reasonably be met elsewhere in the area; and
7	(3) Housing cannot reasonably be included in the project
8	referred to in (1) and (2) above.
9	The Commission shall consider the feasibility of requiring the project to be constructed
10	in such a manner that it can support the addition of housing at some later time.
11	(C) Off-Site Provision of Required Residential Space. For the
12	purpose of calculating the 3 to 1 ratio between residential and nonresidential use, two or more
13	projects for new construction within the Van Ness Special Use District may be considered and
14	approved together as linked projects. The requirements of Paragraph (A) above may be
15	satisfied if the aggregate amount of occupied floor area for residential use in two or more
16	linked projects is at least three times greater than the aggregate amount of occupied floor
17	area for nonresidential use.
18	(i) Those building permit applicants who wish to link two or more
19	projects for the purpose of meeting the 3 to 1 residential to nonresidential ratio shall file with
20	the Planning Department a statement of intent identifying the applications covering the
21	projects that are to be considered and approved together;
22	(ii) When the Planning Department approves an application for a
23	project containing only nonresidential use and the project is linked to one or more other
24	projects pursuant to the statement of intent filed with the Department, it shall include as a
25	condition of approval a requirement prohibiting the project sponsor from commencing any

work on the site until the Zoning Administrator issues a written determination that such work may proceed. The Zoning Administrator shall not issue such a determination until those permits authorizing the projects containing residential use have been issued and foundations have been completed at each such site;

(iii) If a permit for a project containing nonresidential use expires because of delays in the completion of foundations for linked projects containing residential uses, new permits may be approved for the nonresidential project within three years of such expiration without regard to the 3 to 1 residential ratio requirement if a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy or a Permit of Occupancy has been issued for each project containing residential use:

(iv) No building or portion of a building approved as a linked project that contains residential use required to meet the 3 to 1 residential to nonresidential ratio requirement shall be used for any nonresidential purposes; provided, however, that this restriction shall no longer apply if 50 percent or more of the non-residential occupied floor area in the linked projects has been converted to residential use, or has been demolished, or has been destroyed by fire or other act of God;

(v) The Zoning Administrator shall impose as a condition of approval of a permit authorizing the residential uses of linked projects the requirement that the owner record in the land records of the property a notice of restrictions, approved as to form by the Zoning Administrator, placed on the use of the property by this Section.

(D) **Nonconforming Uses.** A use which existed lawfully at the effective date of this Section and which fails to conform to the use limitation of Section $243(\underline{dc})(8)(A)$ above, shall be considered a nonconforming use and subject to the provisions of Sections 180 through 188 of this Code, including the provisions of Section 182 regarding change of use, except as follows:

(i) In calculating the cost of structural alterations pursuant to
Section 181(b)(4), the cost of reinforcing the building to meet the standards for seismic loads
and forces of the 1975 Building Code shall not be included; and

(ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 181(b), the structure occupied by the nonconforming use may be enlarged by an amount equal to 20 percent of the gross floor area of the existing structure.

(E) **Demolitions**. All demolitions of buildings containing residential use and all conversions from residential uses to nonresidential uses above the ground floor shall be permitted only if authorized as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code, unless the Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Chief of the Bureau of Fire Prevention and Public Safety determines that the building is unsafe or dangerous and that demolition is the only feasible means to secure the public safety. When considering whether to grant a conditional use permit for the demolition or conversion, in lieu of the criteria set forth in *Planning Code* Section 303 of this Code, consideration shall be given to the adverse impact on the public health, safety and general welfare of the loss of housing stock in the definition of residential use shall be as set forth in Section 243(de)(8)(A), but shall not include any guest room in a building classified as a residential hotel subject to the Residential Hotel Unit Conversion and Demolition Ordinance.

A eC onditional uV se eC onditional uV se eC onditional uV se eC onditional uV se eC onditional uV se eC onditional uV se eC onditional uV set eC ondits eC on eC on eC on eC on eC on eC on eC on eC o

requests and is granted an exemption from this requirement on the ground that the applicant
has demonstrated that (1) the need for demolition did not arise because of the deliberate or
unreasonable neglect of the maintenance of the building, or that (2) the restrictions would
cause undue hardship to the property owner or that (3) the restrictions would leave the
property without any substantial remaining market value or reasonable use.

(F) Residential Parking. Pursuant to Table 151 in Article 1.5 of this Code, the residential parking requirement shall be one space for each dwelling unit; provided, however, that the Zoning Administrator may reduce the parking requirement to not less than one space for each four dwelling units pursuant to the procedures and criteria of Sections 307(g) and (i) of this Code.

(G) Medical Center Parking. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Code, the maximum parking provisions for the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict shall not exceed the lesser of 990 spaces or 125% percent of the minimum number of spaces required by Code in the aggregate for the Cathedral Hill Campus which, for purposes of this subsection, shall be the Van Ness Medical Use District and Assessor's Block 0690, Lot 016, located at 1375 Sutter Street. Any parking sought up to this maximum but that exceeds the parking provisions outlined elsewhere in this Code may only be granted by the Planning Commission as a Conditional Use Aauthorization.

(G) (H) **Medical Center Loading.** Loading standards for medical centers within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict applicable under Section 154(b) of this Code may be reduced from the required minimum dimensions through a Conditional Use Aa uthorization, provided that the dimensions provided will be sufficient to meet the reasonably foreseeable loading demands associated with the proposed facility

(H) (H) Adult Entertainment <u>Businesses</u> <u>Enterprises.</u> <u>Adult Businesses</u> <u>The</u> <u>uses described in Section 221(k) of this Code</u> are not permitted.

1	(I) (J) Other Entertainment Uses. Nighttime Entertainment and Arts
2	Activities, as defined in Section 102 Other Entertainment Uses as defined in Section 790.38 of this
3	Code shall require notification as set forth in Section 312 of this Code.

(K) Formula Retail Uses. Formula Retail uses, as defined in Section 303(i) of this Code, shall be permitted, subject to a Conditional Use Authorization, in parcels zoned RC-3 or RC-4 that are within the Van Ness SUD.

(J) (L) Medical Center Street Frontages. If authorized as a $C_{\underline{c}}$ onditional $U_{\underline{u}}$ se under Section 303 of this Code, a medical center within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict may deviate from the street frontage requirements of Section 145.1 of this Code, so long as the Planning Commission finds that the proposed street frontages otherwise achieve the intended purposes of Section 145.1 to "preserve, enhance and promote attractive, clearly defined street frontages that are pedestrian-oriented, fine-grained, and which are appropriate and compatible with the buildings and uses" in the surrounding areas.

(9) (10) Reduction of Ground Level Wind Currents.

- (A) New buildings and additions to existing buildings shall be shaped, or other wind baffling measures shall be adopted, so that the development will not cause year-round ground level wind currents to exceed, more than 10 percent of the time, between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., the comfort level of 11 m.p.h. equivalent wind speed in areas of pedestrian use and seven m.p.h. equivalent wind speed in public seating areas. When pre-existing ambient wind speeds exceed the comfort levels specified above, the building shall be designed to reduce the ambient wind speeds in efforts to meet the goals of this requirement.
- (B) An exception to this requirement may be permitted but only if and to the extent that the project sponsor demonstrates that the building or addition cannot be shaped or wind baffling measures cannot be adopted without unduly restricting the development potential of the building site in question.

(i) The exception may permit the building or addition to increase
the time that the comfort level is exceeded, but only to the extent necessary to avoid undue
restriction of the development potential of the site.

- (ii) Notwithstanding the above, no exception shall be allowed and no building or addition shall be permitted that causes equivalent wind speeds to reach or exceed the hazard level of 26 m.p.h. for a single hour of the year.
- (C) For the purposes of this Section, the term "equivalent wind speed" shall mean an hourly wind speed adjusted to incorporate the effects of gustiness or turbulence on pedestrians.

(d) Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict - Conditional Use for Medical Center.

Within the Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict, the boundaries of which are shown on Sectional Map No. SU02 of the Zoning Map, medical facilities affiliated with the same institution, separated only by a street or alley, shall be considered a single medical center for purposes of this section.

(1) The "Van Ness Medical Use Subdistrict" shall be defined as the area shown on Sectional Map No. SU02, to provide medical services by a licensed medical provider. The purpose of the Subdistrict is to allow for the development of a seismically compliant medical facility with unique design requirements not otherwise permitted within the Van Ness Special Use District. To the extent provided in Section 243, deviations from the controls of Section 243 shall be permitted in the Subdistrict relating to bulk, FAR, parking, loading, projections and obstructions over streets and alleys, and street frontage due to the unique requirements of new medical centers.

SEC. 247. DOWNTOWN SUPPORT SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

(a) **Purpose.** In order to provide that a certain area within the C-3-S District be able to be developed for hHotel use with an increased basic floor area ratio of 7.5 to 1, there shall

- be a "Downtown Support Special Use District" (also referred to as the "C-3-S (SU) District") as designated on *Zoning Sectional* Map *SU0*1 *of the Zoning Map*. Development at densities above the basic floor area ratio of 7.5:1 in this special use district will not be permitted.
 - (b) **Requirements.** The basic and maximum floor area ratio of the C-3-S (SU) District, after purchase of all market-rate, available TDR within the C-3-S District, shall be 7.5:1. Where there are fewer square feet of TDR within the C-3-S District available than the Planning Commission determines is required for a project, the Planning Commission may, as part of a Section 309 review, authorize a project sponsor to make a monetary contribution towards the preservation of a Landmark building within the C-3 area in an amount to be determined by the Commission. For purposes of this Section 247, the C-3 area shall include any C-3 District and any P District adjacent thereto. All other provisions of this Code applicable to the C-3-S District shall apply in the C-3-S (SU) District.

SEC. 248. TRANSIT CENTER C-3-O(SD) COMMERCIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

A Special Use District entitled the "Transit Center C-3-O(SD) Commercial Special Use District" is hereby established for a portion of the C-3-O(SD) district in the downtown area around the Transbay Transit Center within the City and County of San Francisco, the boundaries of which are designated on Sectional Map No. \pm SU01 of the Zoning Map3 of the City and County of San Francisco. The following provisions shall apply within the Special Use District:

20 * * *

(b) **Definition**s-of "Commercial Use."

(1) "Commercial Use" shall mean any use other <u>than a Residential Use</u>, <u>as defined</u> <u>in Section 102 of this Code</u>, than dwellings and other housing uses permitted in the underlying zoning district, and shall include any permitted or conditional use described in Sections 217 through 226 and shall also include hotel uses permitted as conditional uses per Sections 216(b) and 303(g).

(c) Controls.

- (1) All new development on lots larger than 15,000 square feet in the Special Use District shall include not less than 2 gross square feet of principally or conditionally permitted commercial uses for every 1 gross square foot of dwellings or other housing uses.
- (d) **Exceptions.** Exceptions to the controls in <u>s</u>Subsection (c) may be granted by the Planning Commission according to the procedures in Section 309 only if the Commission makes one of the following affirmative findings:
- (1) That the development consists of multiple buildings on a single lot or adjacent lots that are entitled as a single development project pursuant to Section 309, and that commercial uses account for greater than 50% percent of the project's aggregate total gross floor area for all buildings and where the project sponsor demonstrates that it is infeasible or impractical to construct commercial uses on the footprint of the portion of the site dedicated to dwellings and/or other housing uses due to the size and configuration of that portion of the lot; or
- (2) That the footprint of the portion of the site dedicated to dwellings and/or other housing uses is less than 15,000 square feet and the lot contains existing buildings which are to be retained.

SEC. 249.1. FOLSOM AND MAIN RESIDENTIAL/COMMERCIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

(a) **Purpose.** In order to convert an under-utilized and outmoded industrial area to a unique residential neighborhood close to downtown which will contribute significantly to the City's housing supply, create tapered residential buildings, provide an appropriate mixture of retail sales and personal services to support new residential development, provide a buffer of office and parking use between the bridge and freeway ramps and the housing sites, and allow the existing industrial, service and office uses to remain, there shall be the Folsom and

- Main Residential/Commercial Special Use District as designated on Sectional Map <u>No.</u> +SU<u>01</u>
 of the Zoning Map <u>of the City and County of San Francisco</u>.
 - (b) **Controls.** The following zoning controls are applicable in the Residential/Commercial Special Use District.

(1) Reduction of Ground-Level Wind Currents.

(A) **Requirement.** New buildings and additions to existing buildings shall be shaped, or other wind-baffling measures shall be adopted, so that the developments will not cause ground-level wind currents to exceed, more than 10 percent of the time year-round, between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., the comfort level of 11 m.p.h. equivalent wind speed in areas of substantial pedestrian use and seven m.p.h. equivalent wind speed in public seating areas. The term "equivalent wind speed" shall mean an hourly mean wind speed adjusted to incorporate the effects of gustiness or turbulence on pedestrians.

When preexisting ambient wind speeds exceed the comfort level, or when a proposed building or addition may cause ambient wind speeds to exceed the comfort level, the building shall be designed to reduce the ambient wind speeds to meet the requirements. The provisions of this Section 249.1(b)(3) shall not apply to any buildings or additions to existing buildings for which a draft EIR has been published prior to January 1, 1985.

(B) **Exception.** The Zoning Administrator may allow the building or addition to add to the amount of time the comfort level is exceeded by the least practical amount if (1) it can be shown that a building or addition cannot be shaped and other windbaffling measures cannot be adopted to meet the foregoing requirements without creating an unattractive and ungainly building form and without unduly restricting the development potential of the building site in question, and (2) it is concluded that, because of the limited amount by which the comfort level is exceeded, the limited location in which the comfort level

is exceeded, or the limited time during which the comfort level is exceeded, the addition is insubstantial.

The Zoning Administrator shall not grant an exception and no building or addition shall be permitted that causes equivalent wind speeds to reach or exceed the hazard level of 26 miles per hour for a single hour of the year.

(C) **Procedures.** Procedures and methodologies for implementing this Section shall be specified by the Office of Environmental Review of the Planning Department.

(2) Uses.

(A) Permitted uses are (i) those listed in Sections 209.1 and 209.2 of this Code and (ii) those permitted in an RC-4 District, plus the uses listed in \$\sigma\$ubsection (e)(1)(B) below; provided that, for newly constructed buildings or additions of \$\frac{20}{20}\$ twenty percent (20%) or more of an existing building's gross floor area, at least six net square feet of residential use is provided for each one net square foot of non-residential use on any lot. Additions of less than \$\frac{20}{20}\$ twenty percent (20%) of a building's gross floor area are exempt from the six to one residential requirements. Once granted, this exemption from the residential development requirement for building additions may not be repeated for any single property. Any addition of more than \$\frac{20}{20}\$ twenty percent (20%) of gross square feet of building area shall be required to provide the housing on a \$\frac{6}{10}\$ to \$1\$ six-to-one basis for all of the additional building area. All areas used for parking for either residential or non-residential uses shall be excluded in the calculation of the residential/non-residential ratio. For the purposes of application of this 6 to 1 ratio, \$hH\$otels, times or hostels as defined under Section \$\frac{102}{209.2(d)}\$ and \$(e)\$ shall be considered a non-residential rather than a residential use.

(B) The use provisions applicable to an RC-4 District shall be applicable to the "Residential/Commercial" Subdistrict with the following modifications or additions:

1	(i) all uses <u>defined as Institutional uses</u> listed under Section <u>102</u> 209.3
2	("Institutions") shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
3	(ii) all uses listed under Section 209.4 ("Community Facilities") shall be
4	permitted as of right as principal uses;
5	(ii) (iii) Utility Installation uses, utility uses listed defined in Section
6	102 209.6, shall be permitted as conditional uses, with such utility uses to include
7	telecommunications and internet communication co-location, web-hosting and other similar
8	facilities, provided such uses are primarily conducted within enclosed buildings;
9	(iii) (iv) Automotive uses, as defined in Section 102 in lieu of Section
10	209.7, automotive uses shall be those permitted in Section 223(a), Section 223(m) (except that such use
11	shall be permitted as a principal use for only five (5) years after the construction of the
12	building, after which a eC onditional eC
13	Parking Lots, as defined in Section 102 of this Code Section 223(p) (except that such parking lot shall
14	be a conditional use limited to two years per each conditional use authorization);
15	(iv) (v) Section 209.8 shall not be applicable; Planned Unit
16	Developments, Arts Activities, and Mortuaries, as defined in Code Section 102, are not permitted.
17	(v) (vi) all <u>Retail Sales and Service uses</u> listed in Section 218, as defined
18	in Section 102 of this Code, shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
19	(vi) (vii) Office Uses all uses listed in Section 219(c) shall be permitted
20	as of right above the ground floor or below the ground floor, and all office uses listed in Section
21	219(c) shall require conditional use authorization be permitted on the ground floor as conditional
22	uses;
23	(vii) (viii) Trade Shops and Catering uses all uses listed in Section 222
24	shall be permitted as of right above or below the ground floor level, and shall require be
25	<i>e</i> Conditional <i>u</i> Use <i>s authorization</i> at the ground <i>floor;</i>

1	<u>(viii)</u> (ix) Movie Theaters, Nighttime Entertainment and General
2	Entertainment all-uses listed in Section 221(a)-(f) shall be permitted as of right as principal uses;
3	(ix) (x) Animal Hospital all uses listed in Section 224(a) shall be
4	permitted as conditional uses;
5	(x) (xi) Wholesale Establishment all uses listed in Section 225(b) shall
6	be permitted as of right as principal uses;
7	(xi) (xii) Light Manufacturing all uses listed in Section 226(a) shall be
8	permitted as of right as principal uses;
9	$\underline{(xii)}$ $\underline{(xiii)}$ $\underline{commercial}$ $\underline{w}\underline{W}$ ireless \underline{fF} acilities \underline{as} \underline{per} $\underline{Section}$ $\underline{227(h)}$ \underline{or} $\underline{(i)}$
10	shall be permitted as conditional uses;
11	(xiii) (xiv) Internet Service Exchanges all uses listed in Section 227(r)
12	shall be permitted as of right as principal uses.
13	(C) A nonconforming use may be changed to any equally or more
14	conforming use without providing the 6 to 1 ratio of required residential space.
15	(D) No use, even though listed as a permitted use or otherwise allowed,
16	shall be permitted in the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict which, by reason of its nature or
17	manner of operation, creates conditions that are hazardous, noxious, or offensive through the
18	emission of odor, fumes, smoke, cinders, dust, gas, vibration, glare, refuse, water-carried
19	waste, or excessive noise.
20	(3) Density.
21	(A) Residential Density. There shall be no density limit for residential
22	uses in the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict. The provisions of Sections 207.1 and 208
23	related to residential density shall not apply.
24	(B) Non-residential Density. There shall be a density limit for non-
25	residential uses, which shall be measured as a Floor Area Ratio (FAR), as defined by Section

- 102.9, 102.10, 102.11 and 124 102 of this Code. The maximum nonresidential FAR for newly constructed buildings or additions of 20 twenty percent (20%) or more of an existing building shall be 0.75. Otherwise the FAR for the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict shall be five-to-one 5 to 1. The provisions of Section 123, 124, 125 and 127 relating to Floor Area Ratio shall apply.
- (C) Area used for parking for $e\underline{C}$ ommercial \underline{uses} or \underline{rR} esidential uses including parking permitted as of right or by conditional use shall not be considered as commercial FAR.

(4) Open Space.

- (A) Open space shall be provided at the ratio of thirty-six net square feet of open space for each $d\underline{D}$ welling $d\underline{D}$ with if all private, with a ratio of 1.33 of common usable open space that may be substituted for private; open space shall be provided at the ratio of one square foot of open space per 50 square feet of gross floor area for all other uses.
- (B) The open space requirement for #Residential use may be met by providing one or more of the following types of open space: private usable open space as set forth below; common open space, including an unenclosed park or plaza at grade or above, or an enclosed or partly enclosed pool or a health club, accessible to residents and guests of residents and not to the general public, and "publicly accessible open space" as set forth in C)(i) below. Where any publicly accessible open space is used to satisfy the open space requirements for both #Residential and non-residential use, the open space area must be of an area at least equal to the sum of the separate open space requirements to be satisfied by that open space. Up to forty 40 percent (40%) of the open space requirement for residential uses may be met by providing private open spaces, provided that any such private open space counted toward a portion of the open space requirement has a minimum area of 36 square feet, with a minimum dimension of four feet in any direction.

1	(C) The open space requirement for non-residential uses shall be met by
2	providing "publicly accessible open space," which is defined as open space situated in such
3	locations and which provides such ingress and egress as will make the area accessible to the
4	general public and which is open to the public daily for at least twelve daylight hours.
5	(i) Publicly accessible open space. One or more of the following
6	types of open space shall satisfy the definition of publicly accessible open space:
7	(AA) An unenclosed park or garden at grade or above;
8	(BB) An unenclosed plaza with seating areas and
9	landscaping and no more than $\underline{10}$ \underline{ten} -percent $\underline{(10\%)}$ of the floor area devoted to food or
10	beverage service;
11	(CC) An enclosed pedestrian pathway, which extends
12	through the building, which is accessed from a public street at grade, which is landscaped and
13	has access to natural light and ventilation, and in which retail space may face the pedestrian
14	path inside the building provided that no more than 20 twenty percent (20%) of the floor area
15	of the required open space may be devoted to seating areas within the pedestrian path;
16	(DD) A sun terrace or solarium with landscaping;
17	(EE) Sidewalk widening following a regular pattern of
18	setbacks;
19	(FF) A recreation facility on the roof of a parking garage;
20	(GG) An unenclosed pedestrian street that traverses a
21	large block in an east-west direction;
22	(HH) A publicly-accessible area with a scenic overlook;
23	(II) A publicly-accessible area within 900 feet of the site;
24	(JJ) Streetscapes on surrounding streets, as approved by
25	the Planning Department; or

1	(KK) Other similar open space features as more particularly
2	defined in the Recreation and Open Space Section of the Rincon Hill Plan, a part of the
3	General Plan. If a sidewalk widening is used to meet the open space requirement, the
4	Planning Commission shall require approval of the open space proposal by the Department of
5	Public Works prior to Planning Commission approval of the project.
6	(ii) The required publicly accessible open space shall, as
7	determined by the Zoning Administrator:
8	(AA) Be in such locations and provide such ingress and
9	egress as will make the area convenient, safe, secure and easily accessible to the general
10	public;
11	(BB) Be appropriately landscaped;
12	(CC) Be accessible to public water and toilet facilities;
13	(DD) Be protected from uncomfortable winds;
14	(EE) Incorporate ample seating and, if appropriate,
15	access to limited amounts of food and beverage service, which will enhance public use of the
16	area;
17	(FF) Be well signed and accessible to the public during
18	daylight hours;
19	(GG) Have adequate access to sunlight if sunlight access
20	is appropriate to the type of area;
21	(HH) Be well lighted if the area is of the type requiring
22	artificial illumination;
23	(II) Be designed to enhance user safety and security;
24	(JJ) Be of sufficient size to be attractive and practical for
25	its intended use; and

(KK) The owner of the property on which the open space is
located shall maintain it by keeping the area clean and free of litter and keeping in a healthy
state any plant material that is provided. The Zoning Administrator shall have authority to
require a property owner to hold harmless the City and County of San Francisco, its officers
agents and employees, from any damage or injury caused by the design, construction or
maintenance of open space, and to require the owner or owners or subsequent owner or
owners of the property to be solely liable for any damage or loss occasioned by an act or
neglect in respect to the design, construction or maintenance of the open space.

- (D) The provisions of Section 135 concerning usable open space shall not apply.
- (5) **Parking Requirements.** Parking requirements in the Special Use District shall be those of a Downtown Residential (DTR) District, as defined in Section 151.1 of this eCode.

(6) Street-Facing Use Requirements.

- (A) Ground floor retail space (including personal service and restaurants) and space devoted to building and pedestrian circulation is required along the street frontage for a minimum of <u>50 fifty</u> percent <u>(50%)</u> of the street frontage; exceptions to this standard may be granted administratively by the Zoning Administrator if (s)he deems the exception to provide a more attractive, usable and visually interesting pedestrian streetscape.
- (B) Uses along a street frontage at grade level shall be visually interesting and attractive to pedestrians. Curb cuts shall be minimized. No parking ingress or egress shall be permitted that would disrupt or delay transit service.
- (7) **Site Coverage.** There shall be no limit on site coverage. One hundred percent (100%) site coverage shall be permitted.

1	(8) Dwelling Unit Exposure. In light of the high-density nature of the
2	Residential/Commercial Subdistrict, the dwelling unit exposure requirements of Section 140
3	shall not apply.
4	(9) Height and Tower Separation Standards.
5	(A) There shall be an 85-foot maximum height for the podium/base of a
6	building.
7	(B) There shall be an overall height limit of 400 feet in the
8	Residential/Commercial Subdistrict.
9	(C) There shall be a 50 foot minimum tower height differential between
10	towers on the same development site.
11	(D) In the Residential/Commercial Subdistrict, there shall be a minimum
12	82 1/2 foot separation between towers.
13	(E) All space above the 200-foot height level shall be devoted to
14	residential use.
15	(10) Bulk Standards. The Residential/Commercial Subdistrict shall be subject
16	to "W" Bulk District controls, as follows:
17	(A) Base (0 - 85 feet): Unlimited. The site coverage limitations of Section
18	249.1(b)(1) shall not apply.
19	(B) (i) Buildings over 85 in height, but less than 300 feet in height,
20	shall be limited to a maximum plan length of 100 feet and a maximum diagonal length of 125
21	feet.
22	(ii) Buildings over 300 feet in height shall not exceed a maximum
23	plan length of 115 feet and a maximum diagonal length of 145 feet.
24	(iii) Minor increases in Plan length for the purposes of improved

design may be approved pursuant to Section 271.

(C) A 10% percent volume reduction is required for the upper tower of any
building that is 300 feet in height or taller. The upper tower is defined as the top one-third
portion of a free standing tower; for a tower that sits atop a podium or base, the upper tower is
defined as the top one-third of the height of the tower as measured from the top of the podium
or base.
(D) Falson Other Orthon About the Office there at least 500

- (D) **Folsom Street Setback:** Above the 85 foot base, at least 50% percent of the entire Folsom Street frontage shall be set back a minimum of 12½ feet. No setback will be required for any portion of the frontage occupied by a tower with a height in excess of 85 feet, unless that tower or towers occupies more than 50% percent of the total Folsom Street frontage.
- (E) The floor plates on either tower shall not exceed an average of 11,000 gross square feet over the entire tower.

SEC. 249.5. NORTH OF MARKET RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

(a) **General.** A special use district entitled the "North of Market Residential Special Use District," which includes RC-4 and P Use Districts, the boundaries of which are shown on Sectional Map No. *1SUb SU01* of the Zoning Map *of the City and County of San Francisco*, is hereby established for the purposes set forth below.

* * * *

- (c) **Controls.** The following zoning controls are applicable in the North of Market Residential Special Use District. Certain controls are set forth in other Sections of this Code and are referenced herein.
- (1) **Conditional Use Criteria.** In making determinations on applications for $e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se authorizations required for uses located within the North of Market Residential Special Use District, the Planning Commission shall consider the purposes as set forth in Subsection (b) above, in addition to the criteria of Section 303(c) of this Code.

1	(2) Notwithstanding the Zoning Control Table for RC Districts found in Section 209.3
2	provisions of Section 209.8 of this Code, commercial establishments shall be limited to the
3	ground floor and the first basement floor, except that such establishments may be permitted
4	on the second story as a conditional use if authorized pursuant to Section 303 and Section
5	249.5(c)(1) of this Code.
6	(3) The following uses are not permitted:
7	(A) A <u>H</u> hotel, inn, hostel or <u>M</u> motel; and
8	(B) \underline{M}_m assage \underline{E}_e stablishments which are not incidental to $\underline{Hospitals}$
9	Residential Care Facilities, Health Services, and Social Service or Philanthropic Facility uses the
10	institutional uses permitted in Sections 217(a) through (d) of the Planning Code or are not incidenta
11	to a health club, gymnasium or other facility with a regular membership or other facility which
12	is used primarily for instruction and training in body building, exercising, reducing, sports
13	dancing or other similar physical activities.
14	(4) In the portion of the area designated as Subarea No. 1 of the North of
15	Market Residential Special Use District, as shown on Section Map 18Ub No. 8U01 of the
16	Zoning Map, the density ratio shall be one dwelling unit for each 125 square feet of lot area; in
17	Subarea No. 2, as shown on Section Map ISUb No. SU01 of the Zoning Map, the density ratio
18	shall be one dwelling unit for each 200 feet of lot area. The double density provisions for
19	Senior Housing, as defined in Section 102, of Section 209.1(m) shall not result in greater density
20	than that permitted in an RC-4 District.
21	(5) There are no minimum parking requirements in this Special Use District, as
22	provided in Section 161(h) of this Code.
23	(6) A bulk district "T" shall apply pursuant to the provisions of Section 270
24	Table 270 of this Code.

1	(6) (7) Special exceptions to the 80-foot base height limit in height and bulk
2	districts 80-120-T and 80-130-T may be granted pursuant to the provisions of Section 263.7 of
3	this Code.
4	(7) (8) Building setbacks are required in this district pursuant to Section 132.2;
5	provisions for exceptions are also set forth in Section 132.2 of this Code.
6	(8) (9) Exceptions to the rear yard requirements for an RC-4 District may be
7	granted pursuant to Section 134(g) of this Code.
8	(10) Awnings, Ccanopies and Mmarquees, as defined in Sections 102 790.20, 790.26
9	and 790.58 of this Code, and further regulated by the Building Code and Sections 249.5(c)(12), 136.2
10	and 607.4 of this Code are permitted.
11	(11) Signs located in the RC-4 portion of this district shall be regulated as provided in
12	Section 607.4 of this Code.
13	$\underline{(9)}$ (12) All provisions of the \underline{City} Planning Code applicable in an RC-4 Use
14	District shall apply within that portion of the district zoned RC-4, except as specifically
15	provided above. All provisions of the City Planning Code applicable in a P Use District shall
16	apply within that portion of the district zoned P, except as specifically provided above.
17	$\underline{(10)}$ $\underline{(13)}$ All demolitions of buildings containing residential units shall be
18	permitted only if authorized as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code, unless the
19	Director of the Department of Building Inspection or the Chief of the Bureau of Fire Prevention
20	and Public Safety determines that the building is unsafe or dangerous and that demolition is
21	the only feasible means to secure the public safety. When considering whether to grant a
22	conditional use permit for the demolition, in lieu of the criteria set forth in City Planning Code
23	Section 303(c), consideration shall be given to the purposes of the North of Market
24	Residential Special Use District set forth in Section 249.5(b), above, to the adverse impact on
25	the public health, safety and general welfare due to the loss of existing housing stock in the

1	district and to any unreasonable hardship to the applicant if the permit is denied. Demolition of
2	residential hotel units shall also comply with the provisions of the Residential Hotel Ordinance.
3	(d) Liquor Establishments. In addition to all other applicable controls set forth in this
4	Code, Liquor Establishments in the North of Market Residential Special Use District shall be
5	subject to the controls set forth in this Section.
6	(1) No Off-Sale Liquor Establishments shall be permitted in the North of Market
7	Residential Special Use District.
8	(2) An Off-Sale Liquor Establishment lawfully existing in the North of Market
9	Residential Special Use District and selling alcoholic beverages as licensed by the State of
10	California prior to the effective date of this legislation may continue operation only under the
11	following conditions, as provided by California Business and Professions Code Section 23790:
12	(A) The premises shall retain the same type of retail liquor license within
13	a license classification; and
14	(B) The licensed premises shall be operated continuously without
15	substantial change in mode or character of operation.
16	(3) The prohibition on Off-Sale Liquor Establishments shall not be interpreted
17	to prohibit the following, provided that the type of California liquor license does not change,
18	the location of the establishment does not change, and the square footage used for the
19	display and sale of alcoholic beverages does not increase:
20	(A) A change in ownership of an Off-Sale Liquor Establishment or an
21	owner-to-owner transfer of a California liquor license; or
22	(B) Re-establishment, restoration or repair of an existing Off-Sale Liquor
23	Establishment on the same lot after total or partial destruction or damage due to fire, riot,

insurrection, toxic accident or act of God; or

24

2	not more than ninety (90) days for repair, renovation or remodeling.
3	(4) The prohibition on Off-Sale Liquor Establishments shall not be interpreted
4	to prohibit the following:
5	(A) Temporary uses, as described in Planning Code Section 205.1; or
6	(B) Establishment of an Off-Sale Liquor Establishment if application for
7	such Off-Sale Liquor Establishment is on file with the California Department of Alcoholic
8	Beverage Control prior to the effective date of this legislation; or
9	(C) Re-location of an existing Off-Sale Liquor Establishment in the North
10	of Market Residential Special Use District to another location within the North of Market
11	Residential Special Use District with conditional use authorization from the City Planning
12	Commission, provided that (i) the type of California liquor license does not, change, (ii) the
13	square footage used for the display and sale of alcoholic beverages does not increase, and
14	(iii) the original premises shall not be occupied by an Off-Sale Liquor Establishment unless by
15	another Off-Sale Liquor Establishment that is also relocating from within the North of Market
16	Residential Special Use District. Any such conditional use authorization shall include a
17	requirement that the establishment comes with the "Good Neighbor Policies" set forth in
18	Subsection (d)(6) below; or
19	(D) A change in liquor license from a Type 21 (Off-Sale General) to a
20	Type 20 (Off-Sale Beer and Wine), provided that the square footage used for the display and
21	sale of alcoholic beverages does not increase.
22	(5) The prohibition on Off-Sale Liquor Establishments shall be interpreted to
23	prohibit the transfer of any California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board off-sale liquor license
24	from a location outside of the North of Market Residential Special Use District to a location

within the North of Market Residential Special Use District or the issuance of any original

(C) Temporary closure of an existing Off-Sale Liquor Establishment for

25

- California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board off-sale liquor license for a location within the North of Market Residential Special Use District.
 - (6) The following "Good Neighbor Policies" shall apply to all Liquor Establishments in the North of Market Residential Special Use District in order to maintain the safety and cleanliness of the premises and vicinity:
 - (A) Employees of the establishment shall walk a 100-foot radius from the premises some time between 30 minutes after closing time and 8:00 a.m. the following morning, and shall pick up and dispose of any discarded beverage containers and other trash left by patrons;
 - (B) The establishment shall provide outside lighting in a manner sufficient to illuminate street and sidewalk areas and adjacent parking, as appropriate to maintain security, without disturbing area residences;
 - (C) No alcoholic beverages shall be consumed on any outdoor property adjacent to the establishment and which is under the control of the establishment, excepting those areas of the property that are enclosed and not visible from the sidewalk. are intended for patron services, are supervised by the establishment, and are not located adjacent to any sidewalk areas;
 - (D) No more than 33 percent of the square footage of the windows and clear doors of the establishment shall bear advertising or signage of any sort, and all advertising and signage shall be placed and maintained in a manner that ensures that law enforcement personnel have a clear and unobstructed view of the interior of the premises, including the area in which the cash registers are maintained, from the exterior public sidewalk or entrance to the premises. This requirement shall not apply to premises where there are no windows, or where existing windows are located at a height that precludes a view of the interior of the premises to a person standing outside the premises;

1	(E) No person under the age of 21 shall sell or package alcoholic
2	beverages;
3	(F) Employees of the establishment shall regularly police the area under
4	the control of the establishment in an effort to prevent the loitering of persons about the
5	premises; and
6	(G) The establishment shall promptly remove any graffiti from the
7	exterior of the premises.
8	(7) For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:
9	(A) "Liquor Establishment" shall mean any enterprise selling alcoholic
10	beverages pursuant to a California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board license.
11	(B) "Off-Sale Liquor Establishment" shall mean <u>a Liquor Store, as defined</u>
12	in Section 102 any establishment that is defined in Section 790.55 of this Code.
13	(C) "Alcoholic Beverages" shall mean "alcoholic beverages," as defined
14	by California Business and Professions Code Sections 23004 and 23025;
15	(D) "Sell" or "Sale" shall mean and include any retail transaction
16	whereby, for any consideration, an alcoholic beverage is transferred from one person to
17	another.
18	* * * *
19	SEC. 249.13. GEARY BOULEVARD/DIVISADERO STREET SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
20	(a) General. A Special Use District entitled the Divisadero Street/Geary Boulevard

Special Use District, consisting of Lots 5, 5A, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9A, 10, 11 and 12 of Assessor's Block

Street Special Use District, will advance the policies of the Commerce and Industry Element

of the City's General Master Plan in that they will encourage the expansion of needed health

(b) Purposes. The following controls, imposed in the Geary Boulevard/Divisadero

1079 is hereby established for the purposes set forth below.

21

22

23

24

- (c) **Controls.** The specific controls set forth herein shall apply only to the development of out-patient facilities affiliated with and operated by a health maintenance organization solely for the benefit of its members. Any development which does not meet the purposes set forth herein shall be governed by the underlying zoning controls.
- (1) **Design Review By Planning Commission.** An applicant submitting an application for a proposed development and use pursuant to this Section shall be required to submit an application for design review by the Planning Commission. The design review application may be submitted concurrently with or before a building permit application.
- (2) **Fees.** In addition to the building permit review fee set forth in Section 352, the project sponsor shall pay a fee of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00) per application to compensate the *Department of City* Planning *Department* for compliance with this Section.
- (3) **Principal Permitted Uses.** Ground floor uses shall be limited to those set forth for NC-3 Districts. Upper floor uses shall be limited to out-patient facilities, including physicians' offices needed to providing preventive health-care, and accessory administrative uses affiliated with and operated by a health maintenance organization, provided however that the accessory administrative use shall not occupy more than 15% *percent* of the floor area subject to the floor area ratio. For the purposes of interpreting "out-patient facilities" under this section, such facilities shall not be deemed an office use subject to the provisions of Sections 309 through 325 et seq.
- (4) **Basic Floor Area Ratio.** The basic floor area ratio shall be six (6) to one (1). The <u>definitions for provisions of Sections 102.9 and 102.10 defining gGross fFloor <u>Aarea and Occupied Floor Area in Section 102 of this Code</u> shall be used for calculating the floor area ratio.</u>

1	In addition to the floor area excluded from the floor area ratio calculation set forth in the
2	definitions for Gross Floor Area (Subsections Sections 102.9 (b)(1) through 102.9(14) inclusive)
3	and Occupied Floor Area Section 102.10, dwelling units and other residential uses as defined in
4	this Section 249.13 ordinance shall be exempted from the floor area calculation.

- (5) **Dwelling Unit Density and Residential Use.** The dwelling unit density shall be governed by the underlying zoning classification as set forth in *the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located Sections 207, 207.1, 209.1 and 209.2 of this Code.* For the purposes of this section, residential use shall include rooms or beds used by out-patients receiving medical treatment at the health maintenance organization, including but not limited to patients receiving treatment at the AIDS infusion center, or receiving chemo-therapy treatment, regardless of the length of stay of such out-patients.
- (6) **Height And Bulk Restrictions.** The applicable Height and Bulk for this Special Use District shall be 105-X.
- (7) **Rear Yards.** The requirements of this Code applicable to rear yards and applicable to dwelling units or other residential use may be modified by the Planning Commission as part of the design review, if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The interior block open space formed by the rear yards of the abutting properties will not be adversely affected;
- (B) A comparable amount of usable open space is provided elsewhere on the lot or within the development where it is more accessible to the residents; and
- (C) The access to light and air for abutting properties will not be significantly impeded.
- (8) **Required Setbacks.** The Planning Commission may impose a side setback of up to 15 feet above the building height of 65 feet if it determines that this requirement is necessary to achieve a superior architectural design.

(9) **Demolitions.** Demolition of any building containing residential uses and any conversion from residential to non-residential uses above the ground floor shall be permitted provided that the notice and relocation assistance provisions of Chapter 37 of the San Francisco Administrative Code (The San Francisco Residential Rent Arbitration and Stabilization Ordinance) are met.

If the Commission determines, during its design review, that the public benefits to be gained do not outweigh the adverse impacts from the demolition of the residential units, the Commission may impose conditions to reduce such adverse impact. The conditions may require that the applicant pay to the City Controller the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) to mitigate the loss of housing units. Said amount paid to the City shall thereafter be used exclusively for the development of housing affordable to individuals or households with income not to exceed 80% percent of the median income of the San Francisco Standard Metropolitan Areas as defined by HUD.

- (10) **Parking.** One (1) off-street parking space for every 500 square feet of occupied floor area of out-patient facility space and accessory use space shall be provided. The provisions of Section 151 of this Code shall govern off-street parking requirements for all other allowable uses in this Special Use District. The Planning Commission may reduce the off-street parking requirement if it finds that all or part of the off-street parking requirement is provided by existing off-street parking serving the health maintenance organization, and that such off-street parking is located within one block of the Special Use District.
- (11) **Appeal.** The decision of the Planning Commission may be appealed to the Board of *Permit* Appeals within fifteen (15) days after action by the Planning Commission on the design review application. The procedure for appeal shall be as described in Section 308.2. The decision of the Planning Commission, or that of the Board of *Permit* Appeals on appeal shall constitute a final determination on all land use and Planning Code issues, except

- for review by a court of competent jurisdiction. Review by the Board of *Permit* Appeals on the issuance of a building or site permit for a proposed structure for this Special Use District shall be limited to issues arising out of the San Francisco Building Code, Health Code and Fire Code.
 - SEC. 249.14. THIRD STREET SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
 - (a) **Purpose.** There shall be a special use district known as the Third Street Special Use District, as designated on Sectional Map No. *10*SU*10* of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco, encompassing the commercially and industrially zoned property fronting Third Street from *Cesar Chavez Army* Street to Meade Avenue. The purpose of this special use district is to enhance the social and economic vitality of Third Street as the primary neighborhood commercial district for the Bayview Hunters Points area and encourage a healthier mix of essential neighborhood-serving retail uses and by allowing for drive-up facilities as a conditional use.
 - (b) Controls.
 - (1) A <u>Restaurant or a Limited Restaurant, as defined in Section 102 of this Code, large</u> fast-food restaurant or a small self-service restaurant may have a drive-up facility only with conditional use authorization by the <u>City</u> Planning Commission. In addition to the conditional use criteria set forth in Section 303, the Commission shall find that:
 - (A) The restaurant does not form a part of any continuous retail frontage (defined for purposes of this <u>s</u>Subsection as two or more buildings which contain commercial uses and which have a continuous faeçade line at street level unbroken by any driveway, alley or walkway having a width greater than five feet;
 - (B) The restaurant is located on a lot that:
 - (i) Adjoins three city streets,

1	(ii) Is not within 500 foot walking distance of an elementary or
2	secondary school; and
3	(C) The restaurant has sufficient off-street queuing space for at least
4	eight cars and has off-street parking as required in Article 1.5 of this Code; and
5	(D) The proposed building massing and site planning is designed to
6	complement the urban character of the street and respect pedestrian access along Third
7	Street; and
8	(E) To the extent feasible, the project provides for additional residential
9	development and/or other land use activities on the site.
10	SEC. 249.18. NORTHEAST CHINA BASIN SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
11	A Special Use District entitled the "Northeast China Basin Special Use District," the
12	boundaries of which are shown on the Zoning Map, is hereby established for the purposes set
13	forth below. The following provisions shall apply within the Northeast China Basin Special Use
14	District:
15	* * * *
16	(b) Controls.
17	(1) General. The provisions of the M-2 use district established by Section 201
18	of this Code shall prevail except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (4) below.
19	(2) Conditional Uses. An open-air ballpark with a maximum seating capacity
20	of 45,000, Sports Stadium as defined in Section 102 of this Code assembly and entertainment uses
21	under Section 221 of this Code, with associated parking, and various uses accessory to or
22	related to ballpark and assembly and entertainment uses, including sports clubs, restaurants,

(3) Parking. In recognition of the public transit anticipated to be available to

serve a ballpark in the proposed location, in recognition of the large supply of parking in the

and retail shops, shall all be permitted as conditional uses.

23

24

- vicinity, much of which can be made available for ballpark use in the evening and on weekends, and in recognition of the availability of approximately 5,000 off-site parking spaces near the ballpark during the first five years of the ballpark's operation, there shall be no minimum requirement for off-street parking spaces for the uses permitted in the Northeast China Basin Special Use District. This provision supersedes the parking requirements set forth in Section 151 of this Code applicable to the permitted uses set forth herein.
- (4) **Architectural Design.** In recognition of the prominence of the location and vital importance of the uses described in <u>sSubsection</u> (b)(2) above, such uses shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the <u>City</u> Planning Commission. A conditional use may be authorized by the <u>City</u> Planning Commission if the facts presented are such to establish that the architectural design of the structure is appropriate for its intended use, location and civic purpose. This criterion shall be in lieu of the criteria set forth in Section 303(c)(1) through (4) of this Code.

SEC. 249.20. SCOTT STREET SENIOR HOUSING SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to provide for housing for seniors, there shall be a Scott Street Senior Housing Special Use District, consisting of Lots 15, 18, 19, 22, 29A, 29B, 38 and 40 of Assessor's Block 681, as designated on Sectional Map 2SU of the Zoning Map. The following provisions shall apply within such special use district:

(a) Any developer of housing who (i) agrees to construct at least 50 percent of the total dwelling units of a housing development for occupancy by at least one person 62 years of age or older, and (ii) intends and operates 100 percent of the housing development for occupancy by persons 55 years or older, shall be entitled to a density bonus upon approval by the Planning Commission as a conditional use under Section 303 of this Code. Section 249.20(a)(ii) means that the housing development has at least 80 percent of the total occupied dwelling units occupied by at least one person 55 years of age or older and adheres to policies which demonstrate an intent to house older persons.

1	(b) For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:
2	(1) "Density bonus" shall mean:
3	(A) A density increase of up to 34 dwelling units in addition to the number of
4	dwelling units otherwise allowable in the underlying districts; provided that:
5	(i) All density bonus units shall be seniors units; and
6	(ii) Cooking facilities in all density bonus units shall be limited to
7	microwave ovens, refrigerators and full-sized sinks.
8	(B) The relocation, within a housing project in the special use district, of any
9	portion of the maximum allowable residential density, including the density bonus provided under
10	Subsection (b)(1)(A), between the area of the project site zoned NC-3 and the area of the project site
11	zoned RH-3.
12	(2) "Housing development" shall mean 35 or more dwelling units.
13	(c) In this special use district, all applicable provisions of the Planning Code shall continue
14	to apply, except as otherwise provided in this Section 249.20.
15	(d) In this special use district, a modification to or exception from otherwise applicable
16	requirements of this Code may be appropriate in order to further the goal of creating senior housing. A
17	conditional use approval for a development subject to this Section may modify or grant the following
18	exceptions from or modifications to the requirements of this Code, if the facts presented are such as to
19	establish that the modification or exception satisfies the criteria of Subsections 303(c)(1) through
20	303(c)(3) of this Code;
21	(1) A modification of or exception to the front setback requirements of Section 132 of
22	this Code;
23	(2) A modification of or exception to the rear yard requirements of Section 134 of this
24	Code;

1	(3) A modification of or exception to the unit exposure requirements of Section 140 of
2	this Code:
3	(4) A modification of or exception to the parking requirements of Section 151 of this
4	Code;
5	(5) A modification of or exception to the off-street loading requirements of Section
6	152 of this Code;
7	(6) A modification of or exception to the use limitations of Section 209 of this Code to
8	permit office (including but not limited to social service) uses in the RH-3 area;
9	(7) A modification of or exception to the height limitations of Section 260(b)(1)(B) of
10	this Code pertaining to elevator penthouses; and
11	(8) A modification of or exception to the open space requirements of Section 135 of
12	this Code.
13	(e) In evaluating a conditional use application to grant a density bonus or exceptions to the
14	Planning Code pursuant to this Section, the Planning Commission shall consider the extent to which
15	the dwelling units of a proposed housing development would be affordable.
16	(f) The controls of this Section shall remain in effect until December 31, 2005.
17	SEC. 249.21. CALIFORNIA STREET AND PRESIDIO AVENUE - COMMUNITY CENTER
18	SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
19	A Special Use District entitled the "California Street and Presidio Avenue - Community
20	Center Special Use District" (also referred to as the "California-Presidio Special Use District")
21	the boundaries of which are shown on Section al Map No. 3SU 03 of the Zoning Map of the City
22	and County of San Francisco, is hereby established for the purposes set forth below.
23	(a) Purposes . <u>The purpose of this Special Use District is </u> <u>Ft</u> o provide for the development
24	of a Community Facility, Child Care Facility, School, Post-Secondary Educational Institution,

Religious Institution, Social Service or Philanthropic Facility or a Residential Care Facility or Other

- *Institution, Large,* on a site that is currently split-zoned, which will serve both the immediate neighborhood and the larger San Francisco community, with related educational, cultural, social and recreational uses, including, but not limited to, retail sales, eating and drinking facilities and parking.
- (b) **Controls.** All provisions of the Planning Code currently applicable to the RM-1 District and Sacramento Street Neighborhood Commercial District ("Sacramento NCD") portions of the California-Presidio Special Use District shall continue to apply to those portions of the site, except as otherwise provided in this Section 249.21.
- (1) **Permitted Uses.** The following uses (including, without limitation, all uses which are principal permitted uses in RM-1 and Sacramento NCD Districts) shall be permitted as principal uses in this Special Use District:

Community Facility, <u>Child Care Facility, School, Post-Secondary Educational Institution, Religious Institution, Social Service or Philanthropic Facility or a Residential Care Facility or Other Institutions, Large, which may include, but are not limited to, theatre, auditorium, performance, and meeting space, classrooms, art activities, including but not limited to, dance and music studios, health club, fitness center and related uses, including, but not limited to, aerobics and cardiovascular areas, gymnasium, pools, spa and other uses incidental thereto, social services, youth and day camp, teen programs, eEating and dDrinking uses (as defined in Section 102 790.34 of this Code, with the exception of Eating and Drinking uses that are also defined as Formula Retail large fast food restaurants as defined in Section 790.90 of this Code), Arts Activities, Nighttime Entertainment other entertainment uses (as defined in Section 790.38 of this Code), on-site catering, child-care, retail, roof top recreation (including, but not limited to, basketball courts, play structures and other related uses), rooftop garden and parking. Such uses shall not be limited by story and may serve both the immediate neighborhood and the larger San Francisco community. The permitted hours of operation of commercial</u>

1	establishments shall be from 5 a.m. to 12 a.m.; any extended hours will require conditional
2	use authorization pursuant to sSubsection (b)(2) hereunder.
3	(2) Conditional Uses. The Planning Commission may authorize the following
4	uses within the California-Presidio Special Use District as a conditional use in accordance
5	with the requirements of Section 303 of this Code:
6	(A) (i) Any principally permitted use under Subsection (b)(1) above where
7	the total floor area exceeds 130,000 gross square feet of floor area, excluding all parking and
8	loading areas, including driveways and maneuvering areas incidental thereto, located entirely
9	below curb level at the center line of the building along its California Street frontage.
10	(B) (ii) Any use not authorized as a principal permitted use in Subsection
11	(b)(1) which is allowed as a conditional use in either the RM-1 or Sacramento NCD Districts.
12	(3) Conditional Use and Architectural Design Review by Planning
13	Commission. Any application for any new structure, or significant enlargement of any existing
13 14	Commission. Any application for any new structure, or significant enlargement of any existing structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be
14	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be
14 15	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance
14 15 16	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements in this \mathfrak{S} ubsection (b)(3). The Planning Commission shall approve such
14 15 16 17	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements in this $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ubsection (b)(3). The Planning Commission shall approve such application if it finds that the proposed project:
14 15 16 17 18	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements in this \mathfrak{S} ubsection (b)(3). The Planning Commission shall approve such application if it finds that the proposed project: (A) (i) Meets the height, bulk, floor area limitation, parking standards and
14 15 16 17 18 19	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements in this £Subsection (b)(3). The Planning Commission shall approve such application if it finds that the proposed project: (A) (i) Meets the height, bulk, floor area limitation, parking standards and other standards or requirements of the California-Presidio Special Use District set forth below,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements in this £Subsection (b)(3). The Planning Commission shall approve such application if it finds that the proposed project: (A) (i) Meets the height, bulk, floor area limitation, parking standards and other standards or requirements of the California-Presidio Special Use District set forth below, (B) (ii) Is consistent with the Priority Policies set forth in Planning Code
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	structure to house a use permitted within the California-Presidio Special Use District shall be subject to conditional use review and approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements in this &Subsection (b)(3). The Planning Commission shall approve such application if it finds that the proposed project: (A) (i) Meets the height, bulk, floor area limitation, parking standards and other standards or requirements of the California-Presidio Special Use District set forth below, (B) (ii) Is consistent with the Priority Policies set forth in Planning Code Section 101.1, and

1	(ii) (b) The facade façade of the proposed structure is compatible
2	with design features of other non-residential faeçades and contributes to the positive visual
3	quality of the underlying RM-1 and Sacramento NCD Districts,
4	(iii) (c) The treatment of screening, service areas, lighting and
5	general signage program is compatible with non-residential buildings in the area or with the
6	design and purposes of the proposed project, and
7	(iv) (d) The building is designed in discrete elements which
8	respect the scale of development in the neighborhood.
9	The criteria in this Subsection (b)(3) shall be in lieu of the criteria set forth in Sections
10	303(c), Section 121.1 (Development of Large Lots, Neighborhood Commercial Districts) and
11	Section 121.2 (Use Size Limits (Non-Residential), Neighborhood Commercial Districts) and
12	Section 253 (Review of Proposed Buildings and Structures Exceeding a Height of 40 Feet in
13	R Districts) of this Code. In making determinations on applications for conditional use
14	authorization within the California-Presidio Special Use District, the Planning Commission
15	shall consider the purposes set forth in Subsection (a) above, in addition to any other criteria
16	to be applied hereunder.
17	(4) Floor Area Ratio. The floor area ratio limit shall be 2.5 to 1, provided,
18	however, that the limit shall not apply to floor area used for off-street parking and loading and
19	for driveways and maneuvering areas incidental thereto, where such parking and loading is
20	located entirely below curb level as measured from the property line at the center point of the
21	building along its California Street frontage.
22	(5) Height and Bulk Restrictions. The applicable Height and Bulk for this
23	Special Use District shall be 65-X.
24	(6) Required Setbacks - Site Coverage. The provisions of Sections 132, 134,

and 136 of this Code governing setbacks shall not apply.

(7) Parking. The off-street parking requirement may be modified by the

(A) (i) Modification of the parking requirement is justified by the

(B) (ii) Modification of the parking requirement will not be detrimental to

Planning Commission pursuant to the procedures for granting eC onditional #U se authorization

set forth in Section 303 of this Code. In acting upon any application for a modification of

parking requirements the Planning Commission shall consider the criteria set forth below in

lieu of the criteria set forth in Section 303, or elsewhere in the Code, and shall grant the

reasonable anticipated auto usage by visitors of the project, including, without limitation,

taking into consideration appropriate link factors due to multiple uses of programs and

facilities, the normal hours of operation of such uses, programs and facilities and other factors

the health, safety, convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the

vicinity of the project. In making such finding, the Planning Commission may, among other

things, take into consideration (A) (i) the proposed project's net effect on parking demand as

compared to the parking demand that is not currently being met because of the absence of

off-street parking associated with existing uses, and (B) (ii) whether the parking proposed for

the project will decrease the deficiency that currently exists with respect to the parking that

available to nearby residents, businesses and the general public for use as short-term or

evening parking when not utilized by the uses authorized hereunder to which such parking is

Special Use District containing residential uses shall be authorized pursuant to the procedures

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Planning Code, parking may be made

(8) **Demolitions.** The demolition of all buildings in this California-Presidio

would normally be required under the Planning Code for the existing structures and uses.

2

3

4

5

6

modification if it finds that:

applicable to the proposed uses; or

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25

Planning Commission **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

otherwise accessory.

Page 348

1	for granting authorization set forth in Section 303 of this Code, provided that the notice and
2	relocation assistance provisions of Chapter 37 of the San Francisco Administrative Code (the
3	San Francisco Residential Rent Stabilization and Arbitration Ordinance) are met. In
4	considering whether to grant a conditional use permit for demolition, in lieu of the criteria set
5	forth in Section 303, consideration shall be given to:
6	(A) (i) The purposes of this California-Presidio Special Use District set
7	forth in Subsection (a), above;
8	(B) (ii) The adverse impact on the public health, safety and welfare due
9	to the loss of existing housing stock in the underlying RM-1 and Sacramento NCD Districts,
10	and
11	$\underline{(C)}$ (iii) The hardship to the applicant if the permit is denied or a
12	particular mitigation or condition is required.
13	Conditional Use authorization for demolition of the building at 3272 California Street
14	shall be subject to such conditions, if any, as the Planning Commission may reasonably
15	require.
16	(9) Signs. Except as provided herein, signage shall be regulated as provided in
17	Article 6 of this Code, subject to review in accordance with the criteria set forth in Subsection
18	(b)(3) herein.
19	(A) (i) Signs for Businesses or Other Authorized Uses.
20	(i) A. Window Signs. Window signs shall be permitted. The total
21	area of all window signs shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs
22	are located. Such signs may be non-illuminated, indirectly illuminated or directly illuminated.
23	(ii) B. Wall Signs. One wall sign per business or authorized use
24	which fronts and opens on the street is permitted, provided that for a business or authorized

use located at the street intersection that fronts on two streets two wall signs shall be

1	permitted. The area of a wall sign shall not exceed 50 square feet and the height of the wall
2	sign shall not exceed 20 feet. The wall sign may be non-illuminated, indirectly illuminated or
3	directly illuminated.

(iii) C. Projecting Signs. One projecting sign per business or authorized use that fronts and opens on the street is permitted, provided that for a business or use located at the street intersection that fronts on two streets two signs shall be permitted. In no case shall more than five such projecting signs be permitted within this California-Presidio Special Use District. The area of the projecting signs shall not exceed 32 square feet and the height shall not exceed 30 feet. Projecting signs may be non-illuminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.

(iv) D. Signs on Awnings. One awning or marquee per business or authorized use which fronts and opens on the street shall be permitted, provided that for a business or use located at a street intersection which fronts on two streets two awnings or marquees may be permitted. The area of the sign copy on such marquee shall not exceed 40 square feet and may be non-illuminated or indirectly illuminated.

Only one wall sign, awning sign, or projecting sign as described in this Subsection is permitted for each business or authorized use fronting on a street, provided that for a business or use at the intersection fronting on two streets, any two of such signs is permitted.

(B) (ii) Projecting Signs (Banner Type). Up to four banner-type projecting signs adjacent to the main entrance are permitted. The area of these projecting signs shall not exceed 32 square feet and the height shall not exceed 50 feet. Such signs shall be non-illuminated or indirectly illuminated non-fluttering fixed banner types (principally used to celebrate holidays or announce events).

(C) (iii) **Identifying Sign.** One project name identifying sign above the main entrance to the building shall be permitted and the area of the identifying sign shall not

1	exceed 200 square feet and 40 feet in height. The identifying sign may be non-illuminated or
2	indirectly illuminated.

(D) (iv) **Directly Illuminated Wall Sign.** A directly illuminated digitally programmable sign or signs attached to the building fa*e*<u>c</u>ade at or around the corner of the building at California Street and Presidio Avenue to display announcements about community center events, programs and related matters consistent with the purposes and uses of the project is permitted.

SEC. 249.25. JACKSON SQUARE SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to provide for the protection and enhancement of specialty retail and antique store uses in the Jackson Square area, there shall be established the Jackson Square Special Use District as designated on Sectional Map No. # SU@1 of the Zoning Map. The boundaries of this #Special #Use #District shall be coterminous with the boundaries of the Jackson Square Historic District as established by Appendix B to Article 10 of this Code and further described in Section 3 of that Appendix, and shall also include Lot 4 of Block 195. The following provisions shall apply within the Jackson Square Special Use District:

- (a) **Purposes.** These controls are intended to protect and enhance the unique retail character of the $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ pecial $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se $\underline{d}\underline{D}$ istrict. All decisions of the Planning Commission and Department for the establishment of ground floor use shall be guided by the following factors:
- (1) Continuation and enhancement of existing ground floor retail uses are of critical importance to the character of the District and displacement of such uses should be discouraged;
- (2) Attraction and retention of similar new retail establishments that conform with the character of this District should be encouraged; and

1 Uses that greatly intensify the density of employment have a negative (3) 2 impact on the provision of neighborhood services, traffic circulation, and limited on- and off-3 street parking. (b) Controls. 4 (1) **General.** The provisions of the C-2 use district as established in Section 5 6 210.2 and applicable provisions of the Garment Shop Special Use District (Section 236) and the 7 Washington-Broadway Special Use Districts (Section 239), and the Chinatown Community 8 Business District (Section 810.1), shall prevail except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) below. 9 (2) Conditional Uses. 10 (A) (a) Office Uuses and Business Services and Institutional Uses as set forth 11 12 in Sections 102 of this Code 219(a), (b), (c), and (d), and Sections 890.70 and 890.111, and all 13 institutional uses set forth in Sections 217 and 890.50, at the ground floor are subject to eConditional #Use authorization pursuant to Section 303 of this Code, provided, however, that 14 15 building lobbies, entrances, and exits to and from the basement, ground floor, or upper floors, and other reasonably-sized common areas at the ground floor shall be permitted without 16 17 *eC*onditional *uU*se authorization. In addition to the findings required under Section 303(c) for 18 *eC*onditional *uU*se authorization, the Commission shall make the following findings: 19 The use shall be necessary to preserve the historic resource 20 and no other use can be demonstrated to preserve the historic resource. 21 (ii) The use shall be compatible with, and shall enhance, the

<u>(B)</u> (b) Subsection (b)(2)(a) shall not apply to any use that fronts Pacific

22

23

24

25

Street.

unique retail character of the District.

1	(3) Prohibited Uses. Adult <u>Businesses</u> entertainment enterprises, as defined in
2	Section <u>102 of this Code</u> , <u>221(k)</u> are prohibited.
3	SEC. 249.31. JAPANTOWN SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
4	A Special Use District entitled "Japantown Special Use District," the boundaries of
5	which are shown on Sectional Map No. 2SU02 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of
6	San Francisco is hereby established for the purposes set forth below.
7	* * * *
8	(b) Controls. The following provisions, in addition to all other applicable provisions of
9	the Planning Code, shall apply within such Special Use District:
10	(1) Conditional Use Authorization. The following activities, if not otherwise
11	prohibited, shall require \underline{eC} onditional \underline{uU} se authorization from the Planning Commission
12	pursuant to Section 303.
13	$\underline{(A)}$ (i) Use Size. The establishment of a new use or any change in use
14	in excess of 4,000 gross square feet.
15	(B) (ii) Merger. The merger of one or more existing uses into a use in
16	excess of 2,500 gross square feet.
17	(iii) Formula Retail. The establishment of any formula retail use, as defined in
18	Section 703.3(b).
19	(2) For any use subject to conditional use authorization and for any activity that
20	the Planning Commission considers under its discretionary review power, the Planning
21	Commission shall make the following additional findings:
22	(A) (i) The use is not incompatible with the cultural and historic integrity,
23	neighborhood character, development pattern, and design aesthetic of the Special Use
24	District; and

<u>(B)</u> (ii)	The use supports	one or more	of the purposes	for establishing
the Japantown Special Use	District.			

- (3) **Notice.** Any change in use or establishment of a new use in the neighborhood commercial zones within this Special Use District shall require notice pursuant to section 312 and shall include *the following:* a posted notice.
- (i) Posted Notice. Posted notice shall be in locations that the Zoning Administrator designates. Said locations shall be easily visible to members of the public and shall be posted, at a minimum, on Geary Boulevard, Post Street, and Webster Street, Fillmore Street, or Laguna Street.

SEC. 249.32. LAGUNA, HAIGHT, BUCHANAN AND HERMANN STREETS SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

- (a) **Purpose.** In order to facilitate the development of a mixed-use project including affordable and market-rate rental and ownership dwelling units, affordable senior dwelling units welcoming to the lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) senior community, community facilities, open space and retail services generally consistent with the policies of the Market and Octavia Area Plan, approved by the Board of Supervisors on October 24, 2007 (the "Area Plan"), there shall be the Laguna, Haight, Buchanan and. Hermann Streets Special Use District, applicable to the two RM-3 and NC-3 zoned blocks bounded by Laguna, Haight, Buchanan and Hermann Streets, consisting of Assessor's Blocks 857 and portions of Assessor's Block 870. The following provisions shall apply within the Special Use District:
- (b) **Applicability.** The provisions of this Special Use District shall only apply to projects which require conditional use authorization under Section 303 of this Code. In considering the appropriateness of conditional use authorization within the Special Use District, the Commission shall, in addition to the factors required by Section 303, consider the following factors:

- (1) **Parking.** Consistent with the Area Plan, there shall be no minimum number of off-street parking spaces required for any use within the Special Use District. There shall be no more than 0.75 off-street parking space per unit, including dwelling units, senior dwelling units, which parking spaces may be located anywhere in the Special Use District. In addition, up to 51 replacement parking spaces may be provided in the Special Use District for the existing dental clinic located on Assessor's Block 870, Lot 3, provided that 15 of such spaces should be subject to a parking rate structure to encourage short-term use, and that the Project Sponsor AF Evans, or its successor, should use good faith efforts to agree with the owner of the dental clinic that any after tax revenue from such parking spaces should be used to support the indoor community facility; and provided that the owner of the dental clinic, within five years from the effective date of this ordinance, submits a plan consistent with *Planning Code* Section 304.5 of this Code, for reuse of the dental clinic. The minimum number of parking spaces required for any commercial or community facility use set forth in Section 151 of this Code shall instead be the maximum number of spaces that can be provided for such commercial and community facility uses.
- (2) **Off-Street Parking Standards.** The off-street parking standards for both residential and non-residential parking spaces set forth in the Area Plan shall be generally applied, including that: (i) (A) that no more than 20 feet per block frontage of any building may be devoted to off-street parking ingress and egress, and such ingress and egress is not located on a Transit Preferential Street, Citywide Pedestrian Network or designated Neighborhood Commercial Street where an alternative frontage exists; (B) (ii) that off-street parking at or above the ground floor be set back at least 25 feet from any street exceeding a width of 30 feet and that active uses be provided along such street frontages within the required setback; (C) (iii) that vehicle movement on or around the project does not unduly impact pedestrian spaces or movement, transit service, bicycle movement, or the overall

traffic movement in the district; (D) (iv) that accommodating off-street parking does not degrade the overall urban design quality of the project; (E) (v) that parking does not diminish the quality and viability of existing or planned streetscape enhancements; (F) (vi) that for residential projects of 50 units or more, all residential accessory parking in excess of 0.5 spaces per unit is stored and accessed by mechanical stackers or lifts, valet, or other spaceefficient means that reduces space used for parking and maneuvering, maximizes other uses, and discourages the use of vehicles for commuting for daily errands; (G) (vii) that projects that provide 10 or more spaces for non-residential uses dedicate 5% percent of those spaces, rounded down, to short-term, transient use by vehicles from certified car sharing organizations per Section 166, vanpool, rideshare, taxis, or other co-operative auto programs; (H) (viii) that retail uses larger than 20,000 square feet which sell merchandise that is bulky or difficult to carry by hand or by public transit offer door-to-door delivery services and/or shuttle service; (1) (ix) that car-share parking spaces be offered in at least the minimum amounts set forth in Planning Code 166; (J) (x) that accessory non-residential parking spaces be available to the general public from the hours of 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. Monday through Friday, and at all times on Saturday and Sunday; and (K) (xi) that parking spaces be leased or sold separately from the rental or purchase price of units.

- (3) **Loading.** The minimum number of loading spaces required for any use as set forth in Section 152 of this Code shall instead be the maximum number of spaces that can be provided.
- (4) **Residential Density.** The base residential density limits of the underlying zoning as set forth in *the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located Sections 209 and 712* shall apply. For a project that exceeds those base density limits through a Section 304 planned unit development authorization, the policy of the Area Plan that 40% *percent* of on-site family units be two or more bedroom units shall apply.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Impact Fees or In-Kind Provision of Community Infrastructure. The Planning Commission shall consider imposition of a community infrastructure impact fees or accept in lieu the in kind provision of community infrastructure improvements generally consistent with the priorities set forth in the Area Plan, including publicly accessible open space in excess of the residential open space requirements of this Code and an indoor community facility, of a value comparable to the Area Plan policies. In the event the Planning Commission does not accept in lieu the in kind provision of publicly accessible open space in excess of the residential open space requirements of this Code or an indoor community facility, such in kind open space and community facilities shall not otherwise be required to be provided by a project in the Special Use District. Should impact fees, rather than in kind provision of infrastructure improvements, be provided in whole or part, such fees shall be deposited in the Market & Octavia Community Improvements Fund as proposed to be 13 established by the Area Plan. Fees deposited in the Market & Octavia Community Improvements Fund, as proposed to be established by the Area Plan, may be used to support
 - (c) **Affordable Housing.** Should the percentage of family and senior dwelling units in a project in the Special Use District proposed to be affordable to households of low- or moderate-income meet or exceed 35 thirty-five percent (35%) of the total number of dDwelling #Units in the project, the proposed amendments to Section 315.4(a)(1)(A), which can be found in Board of Supervisors File Nos. 071156 and 080255, imposing an additional affordable housing fee in the Market and Octavia Plan Area, shall not apply.
 - (d) Waller Street. The project sponsor shall gain approval for the use of Waller Street from the Board of Supervisors prior to issuance of a building or site permit.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

25

the indoor community facility.

(e) **Expiration.** If a site or building permit has not been issued and construction commenced on the mixed-use project described above, the provisions of this Special Use District shall expire five years from the effective date of this legislation.

SEC. 249.33. VAN NESS & MARKET DOWNTOWN RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

- (a) **Purpose.** There shall be a Van Ness & Market Downtown Residential Special Use District, which is comprised of the parcels zoned C-3-G in the Market Octavia Better Neighborhoods Plan area, and whose boundaries are designated on Sectional Map Nos. 2SU02 and 7SU07 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. This dDistrict is generally comprised of parcels focused at the intersections of Van Ness Avenue at Market Street and South Van Ness Avenue at Mission Street, along with parcels on both sides of Market and Mission Streets between 10th and 12th Streets. This &District is intended to be a transit-oriented, high-density, mixed-use neighborhood with a significant residential presence. This area is encouraged to transition from largely a back-office and warehouse support function to downtown into a more cohesive downtown residential district, and serves as a transition zone to the lower scale residential and neighborhood commercial areas to the west of the C-3. A notable amount of large citywide commercial and office activity will remain in the area, including government offices supporting the Civic Center and City Hall. This area was initially identified in the Downtown Plan of the General Plan as an area to encourage housing adjacent to the downtown. As part of the city's Better Neighborhoods Program, this concept was fully articulated in the Market and Octavia Area Plan, and is described therein.
 - (b) Use Controls.
- (1) **Non-residential Uses.** For newly-constructed buildings or additions which exceed 20 percent or more of an existing structure's gross floor area, non-residential uses are not permitted above the *4th fourth* story, and at least two occupied square feet of residential

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- use shall be provided for each occupied square foot of non-residential use. In order to accommodate local government office uses near City Hall, publicly-owned or leased buildings or lots are exempted from the requirements of this $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ubsection.
- (2) **Residential Density.** There shall be no density limit for residential uses by lot area, but by the applicable requirements and limitations elsewhere in this Code, including but not limited to height, bulk, setbacks, open space, and exposure, as well as by the Market & Octavia Area Plan Fundamental Principals for Design, other applicable design guidelines, applicable elements and area plans of the General Plan, and design review by the Planning Department. The limitations <u>set forth in the Zoning Control Table for the district in which the lot is located</u> of Section 215 shall not apply.
- shall be subject to all the terms of Section 415 and following of the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program. Notwithstanding the foregoing, projects within the Van Ness and Market Downtown Residential Special Use District shall at a minimum fulfill the requirements to the levels specified in this section. Should Section 415 require greater contributions to the affordable housing program, those requirements shall supercede this section. Proposed exceptions to these requirements due to hardships associated with construction type, specifically heights above 120 feet, are not applicable in this Special Use District because parcels are receiving an up zoning through increased density and benefits through the general transformation of the district to a transit oriented neighborhood with a mixed use character. Requirements and administration of this program shall follow the conditions outlined in Section 415 of the Planning this Code unless otherwise specified in this section.
- (A) **Payment of Affordable Housing Fee.** Except as provided in Section 415.5(g) of this Code, all development projects subject to Section 415 et seq. in the

Van Ness Market Special Use District shall be required to pay an Affordable Housing Fee under Section 415.5 equivalent to 20 percent of the number of units in the principal project.

- (B) Alternatives to Payment of Affordable Housing Fee. If a project sponsor both qualifies for and chooses to meet the requirements through an Alternative to the Program, the project sponsor may choose one of the Alternatives in Section 415.5(g).
- (i) On Site Housing Requirements and Benefits. For projects that qualify for and choose to fulfill the requirements of Section 415 through the provision of onsite housing, the Planning Department shall require that 12% percent of all units constructed on the project site shall be affordable to qualifying households so that a project applicant must construct .12 times the total number of units produced in the principal project. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the project applicant shall round up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.
- (ii) Compliance Through Off-Site Housing Development. For projects that qualify for and choose to fulfill the requirements of Section 415 through the provision of off-site housing, the Planning Department shall require that 20% percent of all units constructed on the project site shall be affordable to qualifying households so that a project applicant must construct .20 times the total number of units produced in the principal project. If the total number of units is not a whole number, the project applicant shall round up to the nearest whole number for any portion of .5 or above.
- (4) **Open Space Provider.** The off-site open space permitted by this Section may be provided individually by the project sponsor or jointly by the project sponsor and other project sponsors, provided that each square foot of jointly developed open space may count toward only one sponsor's requirement. With the approval of the Planning Commission, a public or private agency may develop and maintain the open space, provided that (A) (i) the project sponsor or sponsors pay for the cost of development of the number of square feet the

1	project sponsor is required to provide, (B) (ii) provision satisfactory to the Commission is
2	made for the continued maintenance of the open space for the actual lifetime of the building
3	giving rise to the open space requirement, and $\underline{(C)}$ (iii) the Commission finds that there is
4	reasonable assurance that the open space to be developed by such agency will be developed
5	and open for use by the time the building, the open space requirement of which is being me
6	by the payment, is ready for occupancy.
7	(A) Off-Site Provision of Required Open Space. Up to 40 percent of
8	usable open space required by Sections 135 and 138 may be provided off-site if it is within the
9	SUD or within 900 feet of the project site and meets the standards described below for
10	publicly accessible open space described below.
11	(B) Publicly-Accessible Open Space Standards.
12	(C) Open space must be of one or more of the following types:
13	(i) An unenclosed park or garden at street grade or following the
14	natural topography, including improvements to hillsides or other unimproved public areas
15	according to the Market & Octavia Area Plan;
16	(ii) An unenclosed plaza at street grade, with seating areas and
17	landscaping and no more than 10 percent of the floor area devoted to food or beverage
18	service;
19	(iii) An unenclosed pedestrian pathway that meets the minimum
20	standards described in Section 827(g)(3)(A) - (E) of this Code;
21	(iv) A terrace or roof garden with landscaping;
22	(v) Streetscape improvements with landscaping and pedestriar
23	amenities that result in additional space beyond the pre-existing sidewalk width and conform
24	to the Market & Octavia Area Plan, such as sidewalk widening or building setbacks; and

(vi) Streetscape improvements with landscaping and pedestrian			
amenities on alleyways from building face to building face, beyond basic street tree planting of			
street lighting as otherwise required by this Code, in accordance with the Market & Octavia			
Area Plan.			
(D) Open space must meet the following standards:			
(i) Be in such locations and provide such ingress and egress as			
will make the area convenient, safe, secure and easily accessible to the general public;			
(ii) Be appropriately landscaped;			
(iii) Be protected from uncomfortable winds;			
(iv) Incorporate ample seating and, if appropriate, access to			
limited amounts of food and beverage service, which will enhance public use of the area;			
(v) Be well signed and accessible to the public during daylight			
hours;			
(vi) Be well lighted if the area is of the type requiring artificial			
illumination;			
(vii) Be designed to enhance user safety and security;			
(viii) Be of sufficient size to be attractive and practical for its			
intended use; and			
(ix) Have access to drinking water and toilets if feasible.			
(E) Maintenance. Open spaces shall be maintained at no public			
expense, except as might be provided for by any community facilities district that may be			
formed. The owner of the property on which the open space is located shall maintain it by			
keeping the area clean and free of litter and keeping in a healthy state any plant material that			
is provided. Conditions intended to assure continued maintenance of the open space for the			

- actual lifetime of the building giving rise to the open space requirement may be imposed in accordance with the provisions of Section 309.1 <u>of this Code</u>.
- (F) **Informational Plaque.** Prior to issuance of a permit of occupancy, a plaque of no less than 24 inches by 36 inches in size shall be placed in a publicly conspicuous location outside the building at street level, or at the site of any publicly-accessible open space, identifying said open space feature and its location, stating the right of the public to use the space and the hours of use, describing its principal required features (e.g., number of seats, availability of food service) and stating the name and address of the owner or owner's agent responsible for maintenance.
- (G) The Zoning Administrator shall have authority to require a property owner to hold harmless the City and County of San Francisco, its officers, agents and employees, from any damage or injury caused by the design, construction or maintenance of open space, and to require the owner or owners or subsequent owner or owners of the property to be solely liable for any damage or loss occasioned by any act or neglect in respect to the design, construction or maintenance of the open space.
- (5) Lot Coverage. The rear yard requirements of Section 134 <u>of this Code</u> shall not apply. Lot coverage is limited to 80 percent at all residential levels except on levels in which all residential units face onto a public right-of-way. The unbuilt portion of the lot shall be open to the sky except for those obstructions permitted in yards per Section 136(c) <u>of this</u> <u>Code</u>. Exceptions to the 20 percent open area may be granted pursuant to the procedures of Section 309 for conversions of existing non-residential structures where it is determined that provision of 20 percent open area would require partial demolition of the existing non-residential structure.
 - (6) Floor Area Ratio.

(A) The maximum FAR allowed, except as allowed in this Section, shall
be that described in Section 123(\underline{c}), provided that it shall not be greater than 9:1. The
definition of Gross Floor Area shall be that in Section 102.9 as of the date of approval of this
<u>Section 249.33</u> <u>Ordinance</u> , and shall include all \underline{rR} esidential uses. The provisions of Section
124(g) of this Code shall not apply in this special use district.

- (B) Floor Area Bonus Permitted for Public Improvements or In-lieu Contributions to the Van Ness and Market Neighborhood Infrastructure Fund and In lieu Contributions to the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund.
- (i) The gross floor area of a structure or structures on a lot may exceed the maximum ratio described in Section 123(c) of this Code through participation in the Van Ness and Market Affordable Housing and Neighborhood Infrastructure Program, according to the procedures described in Section 424.
- (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 127 and 128 of this Code, projects in this Special Use District are not eligible to acquire Transferable Development Rights from a Transfer Lot or Lots pursuant to the provisions of Sections 127 and 128 for that increment of FAR above the base FAR limit in Section 124 up to the maximum FAR described in Section 123(c). Instead, a project may pay to the City's Citywide Affordable Housing Fund thirty dollars (\$30) per additional gross square foot for that increment of FAR above the base FAR limit in Section 124 up to the maximum FAR described in Section 123(c). Any monies deposited into the Citywide Affordable Housing Fund shall be administered as provided for in Section 415 et seq.

SEC. 249.34. TRINITY PLAZA SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to give effect to the Development Agreement for the Trinity Plaza Development Project, there shall be the Trinity Plaza Special Use District consisting of Assessor's Block 3702, Lots 039, 051, 052, and 053 and a portion of former Jessie Street between Seventh and

1	Eighth Streets, as designated on Sectional Map $\underline{No.}$ $\underline{ISU01}$ of the Zoning Map of the City and
2	County of San Francisco.

- (a) **Special Controls**. The following controls shall apply within this Special Use District:
- (1) **Floor Area Ratio.** The floor area ratio limits set forth in Sections 123 and 124 of this Code for C-3-G Districts shall not apply to *dD*wellings and other residential uses.
- (2) Residential Density. The maximum density ratio for dwelling units in C-3-G

 Districts set forth in Section 215 shall not apply.
 - (3) Shadows on Public Sidewalks. The requirement regarding sunlight to public sidewalks set forth in Section 146 shall not apply.
 - (3) (4) **Exposure of Dwelling Units.** Exceptions to the provisions of Section 140 of this Code regarding dwelling unit exposure to open areas may be granted through the process set forth in Section 309 in lieu of the process set forth in Section 305. An exception to the provisions of Section 140 shall only be granted upon a determination that the proposed design provides adequate access to air and light consistent with the intent of Section 140.
 - (b) The Development Agreement for the Trinity Plaza Development Project. This Special Use District is further subject to the restrictions and controls set forth in the Development Agreement for the Trinity Plaza Development Project, recorded against the property, as amended from time to time.
 - SEC. 249.35. FRINGE FINANCIAL SERVICE RESTRICTED USE DISTRICT.

21 ****

(b) Establishment of the Fringe Financial Service Restricted Use District. In order to preserve the residential character and the neighborhood-serving commercial uses of the following defined areas, a noncontiguous Fringe Financial Service Restricted Use District (Fringe Financial Service RUD) is hereby established for the following properties:

1	(1) <u>Properties in NC-1 and NCT-3 Districts, and in the Broadway (Sec. 714), Castro</u>
2	Street (Sec. 715), Inner Clement Street (Sec. 716), Outer Clement Street (Sec. 717), Excelsior Outer
3	Mission Street (Sec. 745), Fillmore Street (Sec. 747), Upper Fillmore Street (Sec. 718), Haight Street
4	(Sec. 719), Upper Market Street (Sec. 721), Upper Market Street NCT (Sec. 733), Mission Street (Sec.
5	736), North Beach (Sec. 722), Pacific Avenue (Sec. 732), Sacramento Street (Sec. 724), Inner Sunset
6	(Sec. 730), 24th Street – Mission (Sec. 727), 24th Street – Noe Valley (Sec. 728), Union Street (Sec.
7	725), Valencia Street (Sec. 726), and West Portal Avenue (Sec. 729) Neighborhood Commercial
8	<u>Districts;</u>
9	(2) Properties in the Mission Alcoholic Beverage Special Use District, as
10	described in Section 781.8 of this Code and as designated on Zoning Maps Numbers SU07
11	and SU08 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco;
12	(3) (2) Properties in the North of Market Residential Special Use District, as
13	described in Section 249.5 of this Code and as designated on Zoning Maps Numbers SU01
14	and SU02;
15	(4) (3) Properties in the Divisadero Street (Section 783), Haight Street (Section
16	781.9) and Third Street (Section 782) Alcohol Restricted Use Districts, as described in Section 783 of
17	this Code and as designated on Zoning Maps Numbers SU02 and SU07 of the Zoning Map of the City
18	and County of San Francisco and the Excelsior Outer Mission Neighborhood Commercial District, as
19	described in Section 745 of this Code and as designated on Zoning Map ZN08 of the Zoning Map of the
20	City and County of San Francisco;
21	(4) Properties in the Third Street Alcohol Restricted Use District, as described in
22	Section 782 of this Code and as designated on Zoning Map Number SU10 of the Zoning Map of the
23	City and County of San Francisco; and
24	
25	

(5) Properties in the Haight Street Alcohol Restricted Use Subdistrict, as described i
Section 781.9 of this Code and as designated on Zoning Maps Numbers SU06 and SU07 of the Zonin
Map of the City and County of San Francisco.

4 ****

- (f) **Definitions:** The following definitions shall apply to this Section 249.35.
- (1) A"Efringe Efinancial Service" as defined in Section 102 of this Code shall mean a retail use that provides banking services and products to the public and is owned or operated by a "check casher" as defined in California Civil Code section 1789.31, as amended from time to time, or by a "licensee" as defined in California Financial Code section 23001(d), as amended from time to time.
- (2) A "nonprofit fringe financial service" shall mean a fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial Revenue and Taxation Code and Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of the United States. Any such nonprofit fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF ringe fF inancial fF ringe fF
- (g) The Planning Department shall maintain information regarding the location of existing $f\underline{F}$ ringe $f\underline{F}$ inancial $s\underline{S}$ ervices located outside the Fringe Financial Service Restricted Use District, which information shall be presumed accurate. An applicant for a new $f\underline{F}$ ringe $f\underline{F}$ inancial $s\underline{S}$ ervice use may submit information to the Department to demonstrate that an existing fringe financial service use has closed or is otherwise not located within a $\underline{one-quarter}$ f mile of the location of the proposed new $f\underline{F}$ ringe f inancial f inancia

SEC. 249.35B. DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In recognition of existing large parcels where a limitation on office square footage per lot would be proportionally inappropriate, to accommodate office space for activities that

- require space outside of downtown, to provide affordable office space to small firms and organizations which may be engaged in incubator businesses and microenterprises, and to accommodate office space in relation to the agglomeration of internal, telecommunications and related utility uses in the immediate area, there shall be a Design and Development Special Use District applied to certain portions of the South Basin area west of Third Street, and to parcels on Third Street near the intersections of Cargo Way, Custer Avenue, Davidson Avenue, Evans Avenue, and Egbert Avenue, as shown on Sectional Map 10 SU of the Zoning Map. The following provisions shall apply within such special use district:
- (a) Except as described below, the specific use definitions and controls for PDR-1 and PDR-2 Districts, as detailed *in the District's Zoning Control Table Sections 213-277 of this Code*, shall apply to lots within this Design and Development SUD, including the accessory use provisions contained in Section 204.3 *of this Code*.
- (b) Any *ΘO*ffice use is permitted, limited to a floor area ratio of 0.25 of gross floor area to 1 square foot of lot area notwithstanding the office use size limitations of the PDR-2 District. In no case shall office use be limited to less than the size allowed in a PDR-2 District as detailed in the District's Zoning Control Table under Planning Code Section 219; nor shall it exceed a total of 50,000 square feet of gross floor area per lot.
- (c) An Θ Office use above the amount permitted in Section 249.35B(b) of this Code is permitted provided that it shall be limited to the following activities:
- (1) design activities, including but not limited to architectural, graphic, interior, product, and industrial design;
- (2) <u>bB</u>usiness <u>sService</u> as defined in <u>Planning Code</u> Section <u>102</u> <u>890.111</u> <u>of this</u> Code;
 - (3) ancillary office activities related to internet, telecommunications, electronic networking or data storage service and maintenance;

1 (4) digital media and arts.

- (d) For all Θ fice use square footage greater than the amount permitted under 249.35B(b), a Notice of Special Restriction shall be executed by the Zoning Administrator and recorded in the Office of the County Recorder, specifying that the office activities are limited to the uses permitted under Planning Code Section 249.35B(c).
- (e) For all Θ fice use square footage greater than the amount permitted under 249.35B(b) of this Code, each individual business shall be limited to 5,000 square feet of gross floor area.
 - (f) Off-street parking spaces shall be provided in the minimum amounts as follows:
- (1) for $\theta \underline{O}$ ffice uses permitted under Section 249.35B(b), according to Table 151 of this Code;
- (2) for office uses permitted under Section 249.35B(c), 1 space for every 2,500 square feet of occupied floor area.

SEC. 249.41. 901 BUSH STREET SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

- (a) In order to facilitate development of the 901 Bush Project in a manner consistent with City policies and neighborhood character, there shall be the 901 Bush Special Use District consisting of Assessor's Block 0282, Lot 001 as designated on the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco and generally bounded by Bush Street to the north, Taylor Street to the East, and Assessor's Block 0282 Lots 017 and 022 to the west and south, respectively.
- (b) All the applicable provisions of the Planning Code for RC-4 Districts shall apply within this Special Use District except for the following:
- (1) **Residential Density.** The maximum density ratio for dD welling dD welling dD welling dD welling dD welling dD shall not apply. Density in

- the Special Use District shall not exceed one $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit for each 120 square feet of lot area.
 - (2) **Rear Yard.** The rear yard requirements established by Section 134 <u>of this</u>

 <u>Code</u> shall not apply. The rear yard depth shall be 9% <u>percent</u> of total lot depth.
 - (3) **Open Space**. The dimensional requirements for useable open space established by Section 135(g) *of this Code* shall not apply.
 - (4) Off-Street Parking. The off-street parking requirements established by Section 151 shall not apply. No off-street parking is required in the Special Use District.
 - Affordable Housing. Notwithstanding the terms of Sections 415 *et seq.*; of this Code, and due to the unique circumstances of the site, the existing building, and the property's history; the existing residential project within this Special Use District shall contain five (5) on-site inclusionary affordable housing units that meet all other requirements of Sections 415 *et seq.*
 - (c) The terms of this Special Use District shall apply only to the existing building on the subject lot and all successor lots or units that may be created though a subdivision. Any demolition, new construction, or building additions within this Special Use District shall be subject to all applicable terms of the Planning Code in effect at the time of the demolition, new construction, or building addition.

SEC. 249.42. INDIA BASIN INDUSTRIAL PARK SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to provide continued enhancement and protection of certain retail, office, and social service uses in the India Basin Industrial Park area, and to generally retain setback requirements previously required under the India Basin Industrial Park Redevelopment Plan, there shall be an India Basin Industrial Park Special Use District, the boundaries of which are shown on Sectional Map <u>Nos.</u> &SU<u>08</u> and <u>10</u>SU<u>10</u> of the Zoning Map <u>of the City and County of San Francisco</u>. The following provisions shall apply within this Special Use District:

- (a) Parcels in close proximity to Third Street. Parcels numbers 5203/035, 5203/043, 5203/083, 5203/084, 5211/028-054, 5235/012, 5235/015, 5242/001, 5242/002, 5242/007 and 5242/031, are subject to the provisions of the PDR-2 District except as provided below:
 - (1) \pm . Office Uses. Office uses, as defined in Planning Code Section 102 within the meaning of Section 219 shall not be subject to the use size limits for θO ffice uses in the PDR-2 District set forth in the PDR Zoning Control Table Section 219 and the non-residential use size limits in the PDR-2 District set forth in the PDR Zoning Control Table, Section 121.8, however, a new or expanded θO ffice use is not permitted if the total amount of θO ffice use on one of the parcels designated above would exceed 50,000 gross square feet.
 - Retail uses. Retail <u>Sales and Service</u> uses <u>as defined in Section 102</u> within the meaning of Section 218 shall not be subject to the use size limits for rRetail uses in the PDR-2 District set forth in <u>the PDR Zoning Control Table Section 218</u> and the non-residential use size limits for the PDR-2 District set forth in <u>the PDR Zoning Control Table Section 121.8</u>, however, any individual new or expanded rRetail use that contains a gross floor area greater than 5,999 square feet shall require Conditional Use authorization pursuant to Section 303 and must comply with the criteria of Sections 121.2(a)(1) through (3) <u>of this Code</u>.
 - (3) 3. Institutional uses. Social <u>s</u>Service and <u>Philanthropic fF</u>acilities <u>as defined</u> <u>in within the meaning of</u> Section <u>102</u> <u>217(d)</u> shall not be subject to the use-size limit for the PDR-2 District set forth in <u>the PDR Zoning Control Table Section 217(d)</u>. Child-<u>eC</u>are facilities <u>as defined in Section 102</u> <u>within the meaning of Section 217(e)</u> shall be principally permitted. <u>Health Service uses, as defined in Section 102 of this Code, Clinies</u> primarily providing outpatient care in medical, psychiatric or other healing arts shall be principally permitted if the gross floor area of such facility is less than 7,000 square feet. Such clinics may be affiliated with a medical institution, which institution has met the applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this Code concerning

- institutional master plans. <u>Health Service uses Clinics</u> primarily providing outpatient care in medical, psychiatric or other healing art with a gross floor area equal to or greater than 7,000 square feet, whether or not affiliated with a <u>Hospital medical institution</u>, which institution has met the applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this Code concerning institutional master plans, shall require <u>eConditional <u>#U</u>se authorization pursuant to Section 303.</u>
- (4) 4. **Off-Street Parking.** The minimum off-street parking requirements set forth in Section 151 of this Code shall not apply. However, for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of parking allowed as an accessory use under Section 204.5, the amount of parking required by this Code shall be the amount set forth in Section 151.
- Front setbacks. All parcels within this Special Use District shall provide landscaped (b) front setbacks at depths and along frontages identified in this Subsection. The intent is to maintain and reinforce existing landscaped front setbacks, including the landscaped berms, India Basin Industrial Park signs, and tree hedges. Such setbacks shall be completely and appropriately landscaped and shall remain unpaved and devoted to plant material, excepting reasonable space necessary for ingress and egress to properties. Except as set forth in this Subsection for corner properties, only those permitted obstructions identified in Section 132(f) shall be permitted within such front setback. Corner properties with frontage along more than one street identified below shall provide the required setback along all applicable frontages with two exceptions: (1) the required setback along each frontage may be reduced to the depth of the front setback of an existing building on an adjacent lot along the same frontage, provided that the adjacent building occupies at least half of the width of the adjacent lot, and (2) building elements may extend into portions of the required setback, resulting in an irregular setback, provided that the total area of the resulting setback along each frontage is at least equal to the total area of the setback that would otherwise be required. The required front setbacks are as follows:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	1.	(1) Third Street, east side, north of Burke Avenue, 10 feet.
2	2.	(2) Third Street, east side, south of Burke Avenue, 15 feet.
3	3.	(3) Evans Avenue, north side, 15 feet.
4	4.	(4) Evans Avenue, south side between Third Street and Mendell Street, 15 feet.
5	5.	(5) Cargo Way, south side, 15 feet.

SEC. 249.46. VETERANS COMMON SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

In order to facilitate the development of the Veterans Commons Project for homeless veterans, that shall be a *special use district known as the* Veterans Commons Special Use District, consisting of Assessor's Block No. 3513, Lot No. 07, at the street location address 150 Otis Street, and as designated on *Sheet Sectional Map No.* SU07 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. The following provisions shall apply within the Veterans Common Special Use District:

- (a) Construction of Affordable Housing Project. The property in the Veterans Commons Special Use District may be converted from public institutional special to a residential housing project with attendant meeting rooms, community kitchens and ancillary services, and property management offices.
- (b) **Controls.** Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Code, the following controls shall govern uses in this Special Use District:
- (1) This Special Use District shall permit uses consistent with the RTO (Residential Transit Oriented) subject to the exceptions listed below:
- 21 (A) **Rear Yard.** The rear yard requirements under Section 134 shall not 22 apply.
- 23 (B) **Usable Open Space.** The usable open space requirements under 24 Section 135(d) shall not apply.

1	(C)	Sunlight and Dwelling Unit Exposure. The sunlight and o	dwelling
2	unit exposure requireme	ents of Section 140 shall not apply to any west facing units.	

- (D) **Section 155.2 Bicycle Parking.** Bicycle parking requirements under Section 155.2 shall not apply.
- (E) **Section 207.6 Dwelling Unit Mix.** The two-bedroom unit requirements under Section 207.6 shall not apply.
 - (2) **Density.** Notwithstanding the density requirements <u>in the Zoning Control Table</u> <u>for the district in which the lot is located</u> <u>of Section 209</u>, the Special Use District shall allow up to 76 dwelling units (or a ratio of no less than 89.41 sq. ft./dwelling) in a single building.
 - (3) **On-site Social Services.** The area dedicated to on-site social services/special service provision shall be no greater than 6,300 sq. ft. and shall be located in or below the ground story.

SEC. 249.54. EXECUTIVE PARK SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

- (a) **General.** A Special Use District entitled the Executive Park Special Use District is hereby established for Assessor's Block 4991, Lots 024, 061, 065, 074, 075, 078, 085 and 086 and Assessor's Block 5076, Lots 012 and 013, generally bounded by Harney Way on the south, Highway 101 on the west, Executive Park Boulevard North on the north and Executive Park Boulevard East on the east, and is set forth in Sectional Map <u>No.</u> SU10 of the Zoning Map <u>of the City and County of San Francisco</u>.
- (b) **Purpose.** The purpose of the Executive Park Special Use District (SUD) is to accommodate and encourage medium to high density, mixed-use, predominately residential development at the location of an existing office park. The new mixed-use development is envisioned to tie together the new development with existing and approved residential development north and east of the SUD, along with long-established neighborhoods to the west. The SUD provides controls tailored to Executive Park's unique circumstances: the

- existing area does not feature a fine-grained street and block pattern typical of San Francisco residential development adequate to serve the access, circulation and open space needs of the envisioned urban residential and mixed use neighborhood. Also, some portions of the area may become part of dedicated public right-of-way as a result of the anticipated future widening of Harney Way and redesign of on-ramps and off-ramps to Highway 101 at Alana Way and Harney Way. The SUD anticipates a new mixed-use, predominately residential neighborhood, with a fine-grained block and street pattern and new open space, and provides for the transfer of buildable density from portions of the area that may become part of dedicated public right-of-way to other parts of the area, among other provisions.
- (c) **Controls.** The Planning Code provisions for the underlying use district shall control except as provided below.
- (1) **Executive Park Design Guidelines.** In addition to the Planning Code provisions, developments in the SUD shall comply with the Executive Park Subarea Plan of the Bayview Hunters Point Area Plan of the General Plan, approved by the Board of Supervisors by Ordinance No. 143-11, on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 110624 and the Executive Park Design Guidelines as established by Planning Commission Resolution 18352, on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 110626 and incorporated into this Section by this reference. The Executive Park Design Guidelines also are on file with the Planning Department in File No. 2006.0422EMUTZ.

(2) **Uses.**

(A) <u>Retail Sales and Service</u> <u>U</u>#ses <u>as defined in under</u> Planning Code Section <u>102</u> <u>218</u> are principally permitted at street level throughout the SUD when individual establishments are less than 10,000 square feet of gross floor area. Retail establishments equal to or greater than 10,000 square feet of gross floor area require Permit Design Review under <u>Planning Code</u> Section 309.2 of this Code. Tenant spaces that are expanded to be

1	10,000 square feet or greater after initial approval will require addition review under Planning
2	Code Section 309.2.

- (B) Ground floor retail is required at the two southern corners of the intersection of Executive Park Boulevard North and Thomas Mellon Circle. (Portions of Block 4991, Lots 085 and 086). For each corner, retail frontage is required for a minimum of 100 feet along Executive Park Boulevard North and 50 feet along Thomas Mellon Circle.
- (C) Child-]*eC*are facilities <u>as defined in Section 102 of this Code</u> under Section 209.3(f) are principally permitted.
- (D) Community $f\underline{F}$ acilities $\underline{and\ Private\ Community\ Facilities\ as\ defined\ in}$ $\underline{Section\ 102\ of\ this\ Code\ under\ Section\ 209.4(a)\ and\ (b)}}$ are principally permitted.
 - (E) Non-accessory parking is not permitted.
- (3) Required Residential to Non-Residential Use Ratio. Non-residential uses are limited to one occupiable square foot for every six occupiable square feet of residential use.

(4) Density Transfer.

(A) In accordance with the provisions of this £Subsection, (i) the density allowed on Block 4991, Lots 024, 061, 065 and 078, and Block 5076, Lots 012 and 013, may be transferred to any other lot within the SUD north of Alana Way or north of the proposed Harney Way setback line and (ii) if the portion of Assessor's Block 4991, Lot 085 south of the Harney setback line becomes its own lot through a subdivision action, the new lot south of the setback line may transfer its density to any other lot north of Alana Way or north of the Harney setback line pursuant to the procedures described in this £Subsection. The Blocks and Lots in the SUD and the location of the proposed Harney Way setback line are shown on the map in Figure 249.54(A). In addition, a detailed description of the Harney Way

setback line is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 110625 and incorporated into this Section by this reference.

[Figure 249.54(A) is not shown but is not to be deleted.]

- (B) To transfer density, a Notice of Special Restriction ("NSR") must be recorded against lots that both provide and receive the density transfer. Prior to recording a NSR for a density transfer, the Planning Department must have verified that the density transfer proposed is authorized by this *Subsection. The NSR shall explicitly state the square footage of the providing lot, and the maximum number of residential units and the maximum gross square footage of non-residential uses that are being forgone on the providing lot and transferred to the receiving lot or lots. If density is being distributed between more than one lot, the NSR shall explicitly state how much density each lot is receiving. The NSR must also explicitly state that by transferring density, the providing lot is foregoing all rights to develop on the providing lot the number of units and amount of non-residential square footage transferred. In all cases, lots receiving density transfers will continue to be subject to all relevant controls and guidelines notwithstanding new maximum allowed density. The NSR memorializing the transfer must be approved as to form by the City Attorney.
 - (5) **Family Size Units.** Section 207.6 applies to lots within the SUD.
- (6) **Harney Way Setback.** No building shall be built on the southern side of the Harney setback line as shown on Figure 249.54(A) and described in the detailed description of the Harney Way setback line on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. 110625. Residential and non-residential densities that would have otherwise been allowed south of the setback line may be applied to other portions of the lot or transferred to other lots within the SUD pursuant to Section 249.54(c)(4).
- (7) **Site Coverage.** Rear yard provisions of Planning Code Section 134 do not apply. The maximum site coverage of any building is 75 percent of the site area as measured

at the grade level of the building's main pedestrian entry and at each succeeding level or story of the building. The site area used to create new publicly accessible streets, will be credited toward the area required to be unbuilt when calculating the site coverage. The location of proposed new publicly accessible streets and resulting new formulated blocks are shown in Figure 249.54(B).

[Figure 249.54(B) is not shown but is not to be deleted.]

- (8) **Open Space.** For all residential uses, 75 square feet of open space is required per dwelling unit. All residential open space must meet the provisions described in Section 135, except where modified through Design Review under Section 309.2. Open space requirements may be met with the following types of open space: "private usable open space" as defined in Section 135(a) of this Code, "common usable open space" as defined in Section 135(a) of this Code, and "publicly accessible open space" as defined in Section 135(h) and (i) of this Code, except that in the case of new publicly accessible streets, "publicly accessible open space" does not include the curb-to-curb area that is open to vehicles and includes only the sidewalk area. At least 36 square feet of open space per dwelling unit must be provided on-site. Exceptions to this requirement may be sought through the Section 309.2 approval process. For purposes of this Section "on-site" means the area within the new formulated blocks shown in Figure 249.54(B). On-site includes setback area, but not areas used to create new publicly accessible streets.
- (9) **Obstructions.** Provisions in the Executive Park Design Guidelines shall be used in-lieu of Planning Code Section 136 in determining allowable obstructions.
- (10) **Off-Street Parking.** The minimum off-street parking requirements set forth in Section 151 shall not apply. However, for the purpose of determining the maximum amount of parking allowed as an accessory use under Section 204.5, the amount of parking required by this Code shall be the amount specified in Section 151 for the use or activity.

- of the floor of the main pedestrian entrance to the building, with exceptions for (A) parking ingress and egress, and (B) parking spaces dedicated to car sharing, vanpools, and handicap accessible parking spaces. Notwithstanding the above, for sloping lots, building floor dedicated to parking may be partially above grade, if fully wrapped with active uses as defined by Planning Code Section 145.1.
- (12) **Off-street Loading.** Off-street loading pursuant to Section 152 through 152.2 is not required. There is no limit to the number of allowed loading spaces as long as loading facilities meet the Executive Park Design Guidelines.
- (13) **Car Sharing.** The car sharing provisions of Planning Code Section 166 shall apply to lots within the SUD.
- (14) **Signs.** Sign controls for NC-2 Districts shall apply to the SUD in-lieu of sign controls for the underlying use district.
 - (15) Streetscape and Other Infrastructure Improvements.
- (A) General Requirements For New Publicly Accessible Streets and Improvements to Existing Streets. For each building or phase of development, all bordering streets, including proposed new publicly accessible streets as shown on Figure 249.54(B), shall be fully improved for the entire width of the right-of-way consistent with the Executive Park Subarea Plan and the Executive Park Design Guidelines. If a proposed building or phase does not directly connect with Thomas Mellon Drive, Executive Park Boulevard West, Executive Park Boulevard North or Executive Park Boulevard East, construction of the building or phase must also include right-of-way improvements leading to at least one of these streets. Said improvements must be completed and operational prior to the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy, whether temporary or final ("the time of

occupancy"), as required by the conditions of approval for each building or phase of development.

- Space. To provide adequate public open space, the Executive Park Subarea Plan and Executive Park Design Guidelines identify three new public open space areas in the SUD as shown in Figure 249.54(B). For any building or phase of development that is immediately adjacent to any of the three identified open spaces in the SUD as shown in Figure 249.54(B), the construction of the open space shall be completed to the satisfaction of the City prior to the issuance of any temporary or final certificate of occupancy. This requirement applies to the first such building or phase of development adjacent to the open space.
- (C) Planning Commission approval of a building or phase under Section 309.2 shall incorporate conditions for each building or phase that clearly identifies which portions of the publicly accessible streets and open space in Figure 249.54(B) will be constructed pursuant to Subsections (A) and (B) above.

The Planning Commission may make exceptions to these General Requirements in formulating the related conditions of approval in extraordinary circumstances, such as but not limited to: (1) a subject right-of-way or open space is wholly or partially on a property under different ownership; or (2) strict adherence to the delivery schedule pursuant to the General Requirements would require a portion of a newly constructed right-of-way or open space to be demolished and reconstructed within two years given construction phasing.

In making such exceptions, the Planning Commission shall include conditions that will assure either of the following: (1) that the delivery of open space or right-of-way improvements otherwise generally required at the time of occupancy be delivered no more than two years after said occupancy as guaranteed by a letter of credit acceptable to the City Attorney's Office or other instrument providing a similar level of guarantee acceptable to the

- 1 City Attorney's Office; or (2) delivery of other public improvements as described in the 2 Executive Park Subarea Plan of equal or greater value at the time of occupancy of the related 3 build or phase of development.
 - (D) Street improvements must comply with any applicable provisions of the San Francisco Charter or Municipal Code and adopted implementing regulations, including, without limitation, those contained in the City's Subdivision Code and Public Works Code regarding street lighting, sidewalk paving, storm-water management, landscaping and design of public structures.
 - (E) Conditions of approval of a building or phase within the SUD shall require the abutting property owner or owners to hold harmless the City and County of San Francisco, its officers, agents, and employees, from any damage or injury caused by reason of the design, construction or maintenance of the improvements, and shall require the owner(s) and their successors and assigns of the respective property to be solely liable for any damage or loss occasioned by any act.
 - (F) Project Sponsors shall apply for all required permits for changes to the legislated sidewalk widths and street improvements and pay all required fees.

SEC. 249.61. 17TH AND RHODE ISLAND STREET GROCERY STORE SPECIAL USE SUBDISTRICT.

In order to facilitate the development of a neighborhood grocery store at 17th and Rhode Island Street in the Potrero Hill neighborhood, in an area that does not have a proliferation of off-sale Type 20 or Type 21 liquor establishments and previously was zoned M-1 (which permitted liquor stores as a principal permitted use), there shall be a 17th and Rhode Island Street Grocery Store Special Use Subdistrict, applicable to the NC-3 zoned block bounded by 17th Street, Rhode Island Street, Mariposa Street and Kansas Street

- 1 (Assessor's Block 3978, Lot 1). The following provisions shall apply within the Special Use 2 Subdistrict:
 - (a) One off-sale Type 20 and Type 21 liquor store, as defined by Section <u>102</u>-790.55 of this Code, is permitted as a conditional use on the first or second story, provided that it is operated as an integral element of a grocery store of not less than 30,000 gross square feet.
 - (b) Nighttime Entertainment, as defined by <u>Section</u> 102.<u>17</u> of this Code, shall not be permitted.

SEC. 249.65. BAYSHORE BOULEVARD HOME IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

(a) **General.** A Special Use District entitled the Bayshore Boulevard Home Improvement Special Use District, the boundaries of which are designated on Sectional Maps SU08 and SU10 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco, is hereby established for the purposes set forth below. The Bayshore Boulevard Home Improvement Special Use District consists of properties on lots fronting Bayshore Boulevard from Jerrold Avenue south to the 1-280 Freeway, the west side of Loomis Street from Jerrold Avenue south to the 1-280 Freeway, Oakdale Avenue from Loomis Street to Bayshore Boulevard, Marengo Street from Bayshore Boulevard to Waterloo Street and the west side of Boutwell Street from Industrial Street south to the 1-280 Freeway, and also include some lots on Cortland Avenue; the blocks and lots included in the Bayshore Boulevard Home Improvement Special Use District are designated in amendments to Sectional Maps SU08 and SU010 of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco.

* * * *

(c) **Controls.** The following controls shall apply in the Bayshore Boulevard Home Improvement Special Use District:

1	(1) A <i>∗</i> <u>R</u>	etail <u>S</u> s ales and <u>pP</u> ersona sS ervice use as defined in Section <u> 102</u> 218		
2	of this Code shall be permitted regardless of the use size limitations in the PDR Zoning Control			
3	Table Sections 218, however the use size controls set forth in Section 121.6 and 121.8 shall			
4	continue to apply.			
5	(2) Esta	blishment of any of the following uses shall require Conditional Use		
6	Authorization under Sec	tion 303 of this Code:		
7	(A)	a $f\underline{F}$ ormula $f\underline{R}$ etail use as defined in Section 102 703.3(b) of this		
8	Code that is 10,000 squa	are feet or larger;		
9	(B)	a $\underline{\mathit{1L}}$ iquor $\underline{\mathit{sS}}$ tore as defined in Section $\underline{\mathit{102}}$ $\underline{\mathit{790.55}}$ of this Code;		
10	(C)	a $d\underline{D}$ rive \underline{U} #p $f\underline{F}$ acility as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ $\underline{790.30}$ of this Code;		
11	(D)	an $a\underline{A}$ dult Business $entertainment$ establishment as defined in		
12	Section 102 221(k) of this Code;			
13	(E)	an $a\underline{A}$ utomotive use as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ $\underline{223}$ of this Code; and		
14	(F)	a $f\underline{F}$ ringe $f\underline{F}$ inancial $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ervice as defined in Section $\underline{102}\underline{249.35}$ of this		
15	Code.			
16	(3) No (off-street parking spaces shall be required. The maximum permitted		
17	number of accessory of	f-street parking spaces shall be that which would apply to accessory		
18	off-street parking for a P	DR-2 District absent this Special Use District.		
19	(4) The	following projects shall be consistent with the policies and guidelines		
20	of the "Bayshore Boulev	ard Home Improvement District Design Guidelines" as adopted by the		
21	Planning Commission ar	nd amended from time to time:		
22	(A)	New construction; or		
23	(B)	An increase in gross floor area of more than 25 percent.		
24	(5) The	provisions set forth in Section 230 of this Code, which relate to		
25	demolition of industrial b	uildings in PDR districts, shall not apply.		

2	apply.
3	(7) Formula retail uses as defined in Section 703.3(b) of this Code that are
4	10,000 square feet or larger shall be subject to the Redevelopment Agency's Bayview
5	Hunters Point "Employment and Contracting Policy."
6	* * * *
7	SEC. 249.67. ART & DESIGN EDUCATIONAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.
8	(a) Purpose. The Art & Design Educational Special Use District is intended to
9	facilitate the continued operation of the California College of the Arts campus at 1111 Eighth
0	Street, which is characterized by instruction in industrial arts and/or fine arts, while providing
1	an appropriate regulatory scheme for a potential phased expansion of the campus in the
2	future.
3	(b) Geography. The boundaries of the Art & Design Educational Special Use District
4	are shown on Sectional Map No. SU08 of the Zoning Map. The area includes Parcel numbers
5	3808/004, 3820/002, 3913/002, and 3913/003.
6	(c) Controls. All provisions of the Planning Code currently applicable shall continue
7	to apply, including but not limited to the provisions of the PDR-1-D zoning district, except as
8	otherwise provided in this Section.
9	(1) Postsecondary Educational Institutional Uses. Postsecondary
20	educational institutional uses are exempted from use size limitations and shall be permitted as

of right. Postsecondary educational institutional uses for the purposes of academic,

professional, business or fine-arts education shall have an institutional master plan

Student Housing. Student $h\underline{H}$ ousing, as defined by Section 102.36 of this

considered by the Planning Commission pursuant to Section 304.5 of this Code.

Code, is permitted subject to the following requirements:

The requirements for street trees set forth in Section 428 of this Code shall

Planning Commission BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

1

21

22

23

24

25

(6)

1	<u>(A)</u> (i)	For any	housing	project	within	this	Special	Use	District	, the
2	standards for development pr	oject revi	ew, entitl	ement p	rocess	, and	I impact	fees	of the	JMU
3	District shall apply.									

- (B) (ii) The total number of beds on all parcels within the Special Use District shall not exceed 750. The number of beds per parcel is not limited, but will be determined by the regulations on the built envelope of buildings, including height, bulk, setbacks, and lot coverage.
- (3) **Temporary Structures.** The Zoning Administrator may authorize a temporary structure without a public hearing provided that the structure is occupied by a use that is permitted by right or is a use authorized by this Section 249.67.
 - SEC. 253. REVIEW OF PROPOSED BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES EXCEEDING A HEIGHT OF 40 FEET IN RH DISTRICTS, OR MORE THAN 50 FEET IN RM AND RC DISTRICTS.
 - (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, in any RH, RM, or RC District, established by the use district provisions of Article 2 of this Code, wherever a height limit of more than 40 feet in a RH District, or more than 50 feet in a RM or RC District, is prescribed by the height and bulk district in which the property is located, any building or structure exceeding 40 feet in height in a RH District, or 50 feet in height in a RM or RC District, shall be permitted only upon approval by the Planning Commission according to the procedures for conditional use approval in Section 303 of this Code; provided, however, that a building over 40 feet in height in a RM or RC District with more than 50 feet of street frontage on the front *facade façade* is subject to the conditional use requirement.

(b) <u>Commission review of proposals.</u>

(1) In reviewing any such proposal for a building or structure exceeding 40 feet in height in a RH District, 50 feet in height in a RM or RC District, or 40 feet in a RM or RC

1	District where the street frontage of the building is more than 50 feet the Planning
2	Commission shall consider the expressed purposes of this Code, of the RH, RM, or RC
3	Districts, and of the height and bulk districts, set forth in Sections 101, 206 through 206.3 209.1
4	209.2 209.3, and 251 hereof, as well as the criteria stated in Section 303(c) of this Code and
5	the objectives, policies and principles of the $\frac{Master}{General}$ Plan, and may permit a height of
6	such building or structure up to but not exceeding the height limit prescribed by the height and
7	bulk district in which the property is located.

(2) (1) On narrow streets and alleys. In reviewing a proposal for a building exceeding 50 feet in RM and RC districts, the Planning Commission may require that the permitted bulk and required setbacks of a building be arranged to maintain appropriate scale on and maximize sunlight to narrow streets (rights-of-way 40 feet in width or narrower) and alleys.

SEC. 260. HEIGHT LIMITS: MEASUREMENT.

- (a) **Method of Measurement.** The limits upon the height of buildings and structures shall be as specified on the Zoning Map. In the measurement of height for purposes of such limits, the following rules shall be applicable:
- (1) The point above which such measurements shall be taken shall be as specified *in the definition of "height" in this Code as follows*.
- (A) In the case of either (B) or (C) below, such point shall be taken at the centerline of the building or, where the building steps laterally in relation to a street that is the basis for height measurement, separate points shall be taken at the centerline of each building step.
- (B) Where the lot is level with or slopes downward from a street at the centerline of the building or building step, such point shall be taken at curb level on such a street. This point shall be used for height measurement only for a lot depth not extending beyond a line 100 feet from and parallel to such street, or beyond a line equidistant between such street and the street on the

1	opposite side of the block, whichever depth is greater. Measurement of height for any portion of the lot
2	extending beyond such line shall be considered in relation to the opposite (lower) end of the lot, and
3	that portion shall be considered an upward sloping lot in accordance with Subsection (C) below,
4	whether or not the lot also has frontage on a lower street.

(C) Where the lot slopes upward from a street at the centerline of the building or building step, such point shall be taken at curb level for purposes of measuring the height of the closest part of the building within 10 feet of the property line of such street; at every other cross-section of the building, at right angles to the centerline of the building or building step, such point shall be taken as the average of the ground elevations at either side of the building or building step at that cross-section. The ground elevations used shall be either existing elevations or the elevations resulting from new grading operations encompassing an entire block. Elevations beneath the building shall be taken by projecting a straight line between ground elevations at the exterior walls at either side of the entire building in the same plane.

(D) Where the lot has frontage on two or more streets, the owner may choose the street or streets from which the measurement of height is to be taken, within the scope of the rules stated above.

Where the height limits for buildings and structures are established by this Code, the upper points to be taken for measurement of height shall be as prescribed in the provisions relating to such height limits.

(2) The upper point to which such measurement shall be taken shall be the highest point on the finished roof in the case of a flat roof, and the average height of the rise in the case of a pitched or stepped roof, or similarly sculptured roof form, or any higher point of a feature not exempted under Subsection (b) below. For any building taller than 550 feet in height in the S-2 Bulk District, the height of the building shall be measured at the upper point of all features of the building and exempted features in such cases shall be limited to only

- those permitted in <u>sSubsection</u> (b)(1)(M) and which are permitted by the Planning Commission according to the procedures of Section 309.
 - (3) In cases where the height limit is 65 feet or less and a street from which height measurements are made slopes laterally along the lot, or the ground slopes laterally on a lot that also slopes upward from the street, there shall be a maximum width for the portion of the building or structure that may be measured from a single point at curb or ground level, according to the definition of "height," as specified in the following table. These requirements shall not apply to any property to which the bulk limitations in Section 270 of this Code are applicable.

TABLE 260 HEIGHT MEASUREMENT ON LATERAL SLOPES WHERE HEIGHT LIMIT IS 65 FEET OR LESS

Average Slope of Curb or Ground From Which Height is Measured	Maximum Width for Portion of Building that May Be Measured from a Single Point
5 percent or less	No requirement
More than 5 percent but no more than 15 percent	65 feet
More than 15 percent but no more than 20 percent	55 feet
More than 20 percent but no more than 25 percent	45 feet
More than 25 percent	35 feet

[NOTE: Diagram not shown but not to be deleted.]

1	(b) Exemptions. In addition to other height exceptions permitted by this Code, the
2	features listed in this Subsection shall be exempt from the height limits established by this
3	Code, in an amount up to but not exceeding that which is specified.
4	* * * *
5	(2) The following features shall be exempt, without regard to their horizontal
6	area, provided the limitations indicated for each are observed:
7	(A) Railings, parapets and catwalks, with a maximum height of four feet.
8	(B) Open railings, catwalks and fire escapes required by law, wherever
9	situated.
10	(C) Unroofed recreation facilities with open fencing, including tennis and
11	basketball courts at roof level, swimming pools with a maximum height of four feet and play
12	equipment with a maximum height of 10 feet.
13	(D) Unenclosed seating areas limited to tables, chairs and benches, and
14	related windscreens, lattices and sunshades with a maximum height of 10 feet.
15	(E) Landscaping, with a maximum height of four feet for all features
16	other than plant materials.
17	(F) Short-term parking of passenger automobiles, without additional
18	structures or equipment other than trellises or similar overhead screening for such
19	automobiles with a maximum height of eight feet.
20	(G) Amusement parks, carnivals and circuses, where otherwise
21	permitted as temporary uses.
22	(H) Flagpoles and flags, clothes poles and clotheslines, and
23	weathervanes.
24	(I) Radio and television antennae where permitted as accessory uses
25	and towers and antennae for transmission, reception, or relay of radio, television or other

1	electronic signals, where permitted as principal or conditional uses, subject to the limitations \underline{in}
2	the definition for Wireless Facilities in Section 102 of this Code and the Zoning Control Table for the
3	district in which the Lot is located of Subsections 227(h) and (i) of this Code and limitations imposed
4	by the <i>City</i> -Planning Commission.

- (J) Warning and navigation signals and beacons, light standards and similar devices, not including any sign regulated by this Code.
 - (K) Public monuments owned by government agencies.
- (L) Cranes, scaffolding and batch plants erected temporarily at active construction sites.
- (M) Structures and equipment necessary for the operation of industrial plants, transportation facilities, public utilities and government installations, where otherwise permitted by this Code and where such structures and equipment do not contain separate floors, not including towers and antennae for transmission, reception, or relay of radio, television, or other electronic signals where permitted as principal or conditional uses by this Code.
- (N) Buildings, structures and equipment of the San Francisco Port Commission, where not subject to this Code due to provisions of the San Francisco Charter or State law.
- (O) Additional building height, up to a height of five feet above the otherwise applicable height limit, where the uppermost floor of the building is to be occupied solely by live/work units located within a South of Market District.
- (P) Enclosed recreational facilities up to a height of 10 feet above the otherwise applicable height limit when located within a 65-U Height and Bulk District and either an MUO or SSO District, and only then when authorized by the Planning Commission as a conditional use pursuant to Sections 303 and 316 of this Code, provided that the project is designed in

1	such a way as to reduce the apparent mass of the structure above a base 50 foot building
2	height.
3	(Q) Historic signs within an historic sign district permitted pursuant to Sections
4	302, 303 and 608.14 of this Code.
5	(R) In the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed Use Districts, enclosed utility sheds of
6	not more than 100 square feet, exclusively for the storage of landscaping and gardening
7	equipment for adjacent rooftop landscaping, with a maximum height of 8 feet above the
8	otherwise applicable height limit.
9	SEC. 263.28. SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS: SALI DISTRICTS IN THE 40-55-X HEIGHT AND
10	BULK DISTRICT.
11	(a) Purpose. Arts activities are encouraged in the Western SoMa Planning Area
12	Special Use District, and especially in the SALI District. Therefore, additional development
13	potential is provided in the SALI District when additional space is provided for the exclusive
14	use of arts activities.
15	(b) Applicability. This Section shall apply to all properties zoned SALI and a Height
16	and Bulk district of 40-55-X.
17	(c) Controls.
18	(1) Additional Height Permitted. In SALI Districts in the 40-55-X Height and

Bulk District, buildings are limited to a maximum height of 40 feet unless all of the following

located on the First ground sStory or above, as defined in Section 102.24 under the definition for

Story, is designated for the exclusive use of Arts Activities, as defined in Section 102.2. If the

First Story ground floor is designed for the use of Arts Activities, it shall also be permitted to

At least one $\pm \underline{S}$ tory of the $\pm \underline{B}$ uilding, as defined in Section 102.23,

criteria are met, in which case they may extend to a maximum height of 55 feet:

(A)

19

20

21

22

23

24

- contain lobbies, egress, building services, and other features necessary for the operation of the building and permitted uses elsewhere in the building.
- (B) Any such story dedicated to arts activities pursuant to <u>s</u>Subsections (2) and (3) below, regardless of its location within the building, shall have a minimum floor-to-floor height of 15 feet.
- (2) **Timing of Designation.** In the case of the new construction of a building that extends beyond 40 feet in height, exclusive of permitted obstructions under Section 260(b), any designated arts activity story shall be established prior to the issuance of a first building permit or along with any associated Planning Commission action, whichever occurs first. In the case of buildings that were constructed prior to the effective date of this Section that would be expanded such that they would extend beyond 40 feet in height, exclusive of permitted obstructions under Section 260(b), any such story shall be designated prior to the issuance of any building permit or along with any associated Planning Commission action, whichever occurs first.
- (3) Recordation of Designation. Notice of the designation of the arts activities story shall be recorded as a restriction on the deed of the property along with plans clearly depicting the designated story in relation to the balance of the building. A designated arts activity story may be re-designated to a different story within the same building only if the newly designated story meets the minimum criteria listed above. Such re-designation shall follow all required procedures listed in this Section for the initial designation of an arts activities story. In no case may the designated arts activity story be converted to a use other than arts activity without complete removal of all portions of the building that extend above 40 feet in height, exclusive of permitted obstructions under Section 260(b).

1	Section 4. Article 3 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Sections
2	303, 304.5, 307, 309.2, 320, and 342.1, to read as follows:
3	SEC. 303. CONDITIONAL USES.
4	* * * *
5	(c) Determination. After its hearing on the application, or upon the recommendation or
6	the Director of Planning if the application is filed pursuant to Sections 316 through 316.8 or
7	this Code and no hearing is required, the Planning Commission shall approve the application
8	and authorize a conditional use if the facts presented are such to establish <i>that</i> :
9	(1) $\frac{That}{T}$ he proposed use or feature, at the size and intensity contemplated and
10	at the proposed location, will provide a development that is necessary or desirable for, and
11	compatible with, the neighborhood or the community.÷
12	(A) If In Neighborhood Commercial Districts, if the proposed use is to be
13	located at a location in which the square footage exceeds the Non-Residential Use Size limitations
14	for the district in which the use is located found in Planning Code Section 121.2(a) or 121.2(b), the
15	following shall be considered:
16	$\underline{(A)}$ (i) The intensity of activity in the district is not such that
17	allowing the larger use will be likely to foreclose the location of other needed neighborhood
18	servicing uses in the area; and
19	$\underline{(B)}$ (ii) The proposed use will serve the neighborhood, in whole of
20	in significant part, and the nature of the use requires a larger size in order to function; and
21	(C) (iii) The building in which the use is to be located is designed
22	in discrete elements which respect the scale of development in the district; and
23	(2) That sSuch use or feature as proposed will not be detrimental to the health
24	safety convenience or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity of

1	injurious to property, improvements or potential development in the vicinity, with respect to
2	aspects including but not limited to the following:
3	(A) The nature of the proposed site, including its size and shape, and the
4	proposed size, shape and arrangement of structures;
5	(B) The accessibility and traffic patterns for persons and vehicles, the
6	type and volume of such traffic, and the adequacy of proposed off-street parking and loading
7	and of proposed alternatives to off-street parking, including provisions of car-share parking
8	spaces, as defined in Section 166 of this Code.
9	(C) The safeguards afforded to prevent noxious or offensive emissions
10	such as noise, glare, dust and odor;
11	(D) Treatment given, as appropriate, to such aspects as landscaping,
12	screening, open spaces, parking and loading areas, service areas, lighting and signs; and
13	(3) $That$ $s\underline{S}$ uch use or feature as proposed will comply with the applicable
14	provisions of this Code and will not adversely affect the General Plan; and
15	(4) With respect to applications filed pursuant to Article 7 of this Code, that $s\underline{S}$ uch use
16	or feature as proposed will provide development that is in conformity with the stated purpose
17	of the applicable Neighborhood Commercial Use District; and
18	(5) The use or feature satisfies any criteria specific to the use or feature in Subsections
19	(g), et seq. of this Section. (A) With respect to applications filed pursuant to Article 7, Section 703.2(a),
20	for a movie theater use as defined in Planning Code Section 790.64, an Adult Entertainment use as
21	defined in Planning Code Section 790.36, or Other Entertainment uses as defined in Planning Code
22	Section 790.38, that such use or feature will:
23	(i) Not be located within 1,000 feet of another such use, if the proposed
24	use or feature is an Adult Entertainment Use, as defined by Section 790.36 of this Code; and/or
25	(ii) Not be open between two a.m. and six a.m.; and

1	(iii) Not use electronic amplification between midnight and six a.m.;
2	and
3	(iv) Be adequately soundproofed or insulated for noise and operated so
4	that incidental noise shall not be audible beyond the premises or in other sections of the building and
5	fixed-source equipment noise shall not exceed the decibel levels specified in the San Francisco Noise
6	Control Ordinance.
7	(B) Notwithstanding the above, the Planning Commission may authorize a
8	conditional use which does not satisfy the criteria set forth in (5)(A)(ii) and/or (5)(A)(iii) above, if facts
9	presented are such to establish that the use will be operated in such a way as to minimize disruption to
10	residences in and around the district with respect to noise and crowd control.
11	(C) The action of the Planning Commission approving a conditional use does
12	not take effect until the appeal period is over or while the approval is under appeal.
13	(6) With respect to applications for live/work units in RH, RM and RTO Districts filed
14	pursuant to Section 209.9(f) or 209.9(h) of this Code, that:
15	(A) Each live/work unit is within a building envelope in existence on the
16	effective date of Ordinance No. 412-88 (effective October 10, 1988) and also within a portion of the
17	building which lawfully contains at the time of application a nonconforming, nonresidential use;
18	(B) There shall be no more than one live/work unit for each 1,000 gross
19	square feet of floor area devoted to live/work units within the subject structure; and
20	(C) The project sponsor will provide any off-street parking, in addition to that
21	otherwise required by this Code, needed to satisfy the reasonably anticipated auto usage by residents of
22	and visitors to the project.
23	Such action of the Planning Commission, in either approving or disapproving the application, shall be
24	final except upon the filing of a valid appeal to the Board of Supervisors as provided in Section 308.1.
25	* * *

- (f) Conditional Use Abatement. The Planning Commission may consider the possible revocation of a conditional use or the possible modification of or placement of additional conditions on a conditional use when the Planning Commission determines, based upon substantial evidence, that the applicant for the conditional use had submitted false or misleading information in the application process that could have reasonably had a substantial effect upon the decision of the Commission or the conditional use is not in compliance with a condition of approval, is in violation of law if the violation is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Planning Commission, or operates in such a manner as to create hazardous, noxious or offensive conditions enumerated in Section 202(c) if the violation is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Planning Commission and these circumstances have not been abated through administrative action of the Director, the Zoning Administrator or other City authority. Such consideration shall be the subject of a public hearing before the Planning Commission but no fee shall be required of the applicant or the subject conditional use operator.
- (1) <u>Public Hearing.</u> The Director of Planning or the Planning Commission may seek a public hearing on conditional use abatement when the Director or Commission has substantial evidence submitted within one year of the effective date of the Conditional Use authorization that the applicant for the conditional use had submitted false or misleading information in the application process that could have reasonably had a substantial effect upon the decision of the Commission or substantial evidence of a violation of conditions of approval, a violation of law, or operation which creates hazardous, noxious or offensive conditions enumerated in Section 202(c).
- (2) <u>Notification.</u> The notice for the public hearing on a conditional use abatement shall be subject to the notification procedure <u>as</u> described in Sections 306.3 and

- 306.8 except that notice to the property owner and the operator of the subject establishment or use shall be mailed by regular and certified mail.
- (3) <u>Consideration.</u> In considering a conditional use revocation, the Commission shall consider whether and how the false or misleading information submitted by the applicant could have reasonably had a substantial effect upon the decision of the Commission, or the Board of Supervisors on appeal, to authorize the conditional use, substantial evidence of how any required condition has been violated or not implemented or how the conditional use is in violation of the law if the violation is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Planning Commission or operates in such a manner as to create hazardous, noxious or offensive conditions enumerated in Section 202(c) if the violation is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Planning Commission. As an alternative to revocation, the Commission may consider how the use can be required to meet the law or the conditions of approval, how the hazardous, noxious or offensive conditions can be abated, or how the criteria of Section 303(c) can be met by modifying existing conditions or by adding new conditions which could remedy a violation.
- (4) **Appeals.** A decision by the Planning Commission to revoke a conditional use, to modify conditions or to place additional conditions on a conditional use or a decision by the Planning Commission refusing to revoke or amend a conditional use, may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors within 30 days after the date of action by the Planning Commission pursuant to the provisions of Section 308.1(b). The Board of Supervisors may disapprove the action of the Planning Commission in an abatement matter by the same vote necessary to overturn the Commission's approval or denial of a conditional use. The Planning Commission's action on a conditional use abatement issue shall take effect when the appeal period is over or, upon appeal, when there is final action on the appeal.

- (5) **Reconsideration.** The decision by the Planning Commission with regards to a conditional use abatement issue or by the Board of Supervisors on appeal shall be final and not subject to reconsideration within a period of one year from the effective date of final action upon the earlier abatement proceeding, unless the Director of Planning determines that:
 - (A) There is substantial new evidence of a new conditional use abatement issue that is significantly different than the issue previously considered by the Planning Commission; or
 - (B) There is substantial new evidence about the same conditional use abatement issue considered in the earlier abatement proceeding, this new evidence was not or could not be reasonably available at the time of the earlier abatement proceeding, and that new evidence indicates that the Commission's decision in the earlier proceeding has not been implemented within a reasonable time or raises significant new issues not previously considered by the Planning Commission. The decision of the Director of Planning regarding the sufficiency and adequacy of evidence to allow the reconsideration of a conditional use abatement issue within a period of one year from the effective date of final action on the earlier abatement proceeding shall be final.
 - (g) **Hotels and Motels.** (H) With respect to applications for development of tourist hotels and motels, the Planning Commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria set forth in Subsections (c) and (d) above:
 - (1) (A) The impact of the employees of the hotel or motel on the demand in the City for housing, public transit, child_care, and other social services. To the extent relevant, the Commission shall also consider the seasonal and part-time nature of employment in the hotel or motel;

1	(2) (B) The measures that will be taken by the project sponsor to employ
2	residents of San Francisco in order to minimize increased demand for regional transportation;
3	(3) (C) The market demand for a hotel or motel of the type proposed; and
4	(4) (D) In the Transit Center C-3-O(SD) Commercial Special Use District, the
5	opportunity for commercial growth in the Special Use District and whether the proposed hotel,
6	considered with other hotels and non-commercial uses approved or proposed for major
7	development sites in the Special Use District since its adoption would substantially reduce the
8	capacity to accommodate dense, transit-oriented job growth in the District.
9	(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (g)(1) above, the Planning
10	Commission shall not consider the impact of the employees of a proposed hotel or motel project on the
11	demand in the City for housing where:
12	(A) The proposed project would be located on property under the jurisdiction
13	of the San Francisco Port Commission; and
14	(B) The sponsor of the proposed project has been granted exclusive rights to
15	propose the project by the San Francisco Port Commission prior to June 1, 1991.
16	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (g)(1) above, with respect to the
17	conversion of residential units to tourist hotel or motel use pursuant to an application filed on or before
18	June 1, 1990 under the provisions of Chapter 41 of the San Francisco Administrative Code, the
19	Planning Commission shall not consider the criteria contained in Subsection (g)(1) above; provided,
20	however, that the Planning Commission shall consider the criteria contained in Subsection (g)(1)(B) at
21	a separate public hearing if the applicant applies for a permit for new construction or alteration where
22	the cost of such construction or alteration exceeds \$100,000. Furthermore, no change in classification
23	from principal permitted use to conditional use in Section 216(b)(i) of this Code shall apply to hotels or
24	motels that have filed applications on or before June 1, 1990 to convert residential units to tourist units

pursuant to Chapter 41 of the San Francisco Administrative Code.

(h) Internet Services Exchange.

- (1) With respect to application for development of Internet Services Exchange as defined in Section <u>102</u>, <u>209.6(c)</u>, the Planning Commission shall, in addition to the criteria set forth in Subsection (c) above, find that:
- (A) The intensity of the use at this location and in the surrounding neighborhood is not such that allowing the use will likely foreclose the location of other needed neighborhood-serving uses in the area;
- (B) The building in which the use is located is designed in discrete elements, which respect the scale of development in adjacent blocks, particularly any existing residential uses:
- (C) Rooftop equipment on the building in which the use is located is screened appropriately.
- (D) The back-up power system for the proposed use will comply with all applicable *fF*ederal, *sS*tate, regional, and local air pollution controls.
 - (E) Fixed-source equipment noise does not exceed the decibel levels specified in the San Francisco Noise Control Ordinance.
 - (F) The building is designed to minimize energy consumption, such as through the use of energy-efficient technology, including without limitation, heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems, lighting controls, natural ventilation and recapturing waste heat, and as such commercially available technology evolves;
 - (G) The project sponsor has examined the feasibility of supplying and, to the extent feasible, will supply all or a portion of the building's power needs through on-site power generation, such as through the use of fuel cells or co-generation;
 - (H) The project sponsor shall have submitted design capacity and projected power use of the building as part of the conditional use application; and

- (2) As a condition of approval, and so long as the use remains an Internet Services Exchange, the project sponsor shall submit to the Planning Department on an annual basis power use statements for the previous twelve-month period as provided by all suppliers of utilities and shall submit a written annual report to the Department of Environment and the Planning Department which shall state: (a) the annual energy consumption and fuel consumption of all tenants and occupants of the Internet Services Exchange; (b) the number of all diesel generators located at the site and the hours of usage, including usage for testing purposes; (c) evidence that diesel generators at the site are in compliance with all applicable local, regional, satate, and feederal permits, regulations and laws; and (d) such other information as the Planning Commission may require.
- (3) The Planning Department shall have the following responsibilities regarding Internet Services Exchanges:
- (A) Upon the effective date of the requirement of a $e\underline{C}$ onditional $u\underline{U}$ se $permit\ authorization$ for an Internet Services Exchange, the Planning Department shall notify property owners of all existing Internet Services Exchanges that the use has been reclassified as a conditional use;
- (B) Upon the effective date of the requirement of a eConditional #Use permit authorization for an Internet Services Exchange, the Planning Department shall submit to the Board of Supervisors and to the Director of the Department of Building Inspection a written report covering all existing Internet Services Exchanges and those Internet Services Exchanges seeking to obtain a eConditional #Use permit authorization, which report shall state the address, assessor's block and lot, zoning classification, square footage of the Internet Services Exchange constructed or to be constructed, a list of permits previously issued by the Planning and/or Building Inspection Departments concerning the Internet Services Exchange, the date of issuance of such permits, and the status of any outstanding requests for permits

1	from the	Planning	and/or	Building	Inspection	Departments	concerning	Internet	Services
2	Exchange	e; and							

(C) Within three years from the effective date of the requirement of a eConditional #Use permit authorization for an Internet Services Exchange, the Planning Department, in consultation with the Department of Environment, shall submit to the Board of Supervisors a written report, which report shall contain the Planning Commission's evaluation of the effectiveness of the conditions imposed on Internet Services Exchanges, and whether it recommends additional or modified conditions to reduce energy and fuel consumption, limit air pollutant emissions, and enhance the compatibility of industrial uses, such as Internet Services Exchanges, located near or in residential or commercial districts.

(i) Formula Retail Uses.

- (1) **Formula Retail Use.** A fFormula #Retail use is <u>defined in Sections 102, 703.3</u> and 803.6 of this Code hereby defined as a type of retail sales activity or retail sales establishment which has eleven or more other retail sales establishments located in the United States. In addition to the eleven establishments, the business maintains two or more of the following features: a standardized array of merchandise, a standardized facade, a standardized decor and color scheme, uniform apparel, standardized signage, a trademark or a servicemark.
- (A) Standardized array of merchandise shall be defined as 50% or more of instock merchandise from a single distributor bearing uniform markings.
- (B) Trademark shall be defined as a word, phrase, symbol or design, or a combination of words, phrases, symbols or designs that identifies and distinguishes the source of the goods from one party from those of others.
- (C) Servicemark shall be defined as word, phrase, symbol or design, or a combination of words, phrases, symbols or designs that identifies and distinguishes the source of a service from one party from those of others.

1	(D) Decor shall be defined as the style of interior furnishings, which may
2	include but is not limited to, style of furniture, wall coverings or permanent fixtures.
3	(E) Color Scheme shall be defined as selection of colors used throughout, such
4	as on the furnishings, permanent fixtures, and wall coverings, or as used on the facade.
5	(F) Facade shall be defined as the face or front of a building, including
6	awnings, looking onto a street or an open space.
7	(G) Uniform Apparel shall be defined as standardized items of clothing
8	including but not limited to standardized aprons, pants, shirts, smocks or dresses, hat, and pins (other
9	than name tags) as well as standardized colors of clothing.
10	(H) Signage shall be defined as business sign pursuant to Section 602.3 of the
11	Planning Code.
12	(2) "Retail Sales Activity or Retail Sales Establishment." For the purposes
13	of $\pm \underline{S}$ ubsection (i), a retail sales activity or retail sales establishment shall include the following
14	uses, as defined in Article 7 and Article 8 of this Code: "Bar," "Drive-up Facility," "Eating and
15	Drinking Use," "Liquor Store," "Sales and Service, Other Retail," "Restaurant," "Limited-
16	Restaurant," "Take-Out Food," "Sales and Service, Retail," "Service, Financial," "Movie
17	Theater," and "Amusement and Game Arcade."
18	(3) Conditional Use Criteria. With regard to a $e\underline{C}$ onditional $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ se
19	authorization application for a $f\underline{F}$ ormula $f\underline{R}$ etail use, the Planning Commission shall consider,
20	in addition to the criteria set forth in Subsection (c) above:
21	(A) The existing concentrations of formula retail uses within the district.
22	(B) The availability of other similar retail uses within the district.
23	(C) The compatibility of the proposed formula retail use with the
24	existing architectural and aesthetic character of the district.
25	(D) The existing retail vacancy rates within the district.

1		(E)	The exist	ting mi	x of Citywide-ser	ving retail us	ses a	and neighbor	hood-
2	serving retail uses	within	the district	-					
3	(4)	C	onditional	Use	Authorization	Required.	Α	Conditional	Use
4	Aauthorization sha	ll be	required fo	r a <i><u>f</u>F</i> o	ormula <i>+<u>R</u>etail u</i>	se in the fol	llowi	ng zoning di	stricts
5	unless explicitly ex	empte	ed:						
6		(A)	All Neigh	borhoc	od Commercial D	istricts in Art	icle	7;	
7		(B)	All Mixed	Use-G	Seneral Districts	in Section 84	10;		
8		(C)	All Urban	Mixed	Use Districts in	Section 843	•		
9		(D)	All Resid	ential-	Commercial Distr	ricts as defin	ed ir	Section 206	.3;
10		(E)	<u>All Reside</u>	ential a	nd Residential En	clave District.	<u>s</u> Jap	oantown Specie	al Use
11	District as defined in	Section	on 249.31;						
12		(F)	Chinato	wn Co	mmunity Busine	ess District	as o	defined in Se	ection
13	810.1;								
14		(G)	Chinat	own F	Residential/Neigh	borhood C	omm	nercial Distri	ct as
15	defined in 812.1;								
16		(H)	Western	SoMa	a Planning Area	Special Use	e Dis	strict as defin	ned in
17	823;								
18		(I)	Residentia	al Tran	sit-Oriented Dist	ricts as defin	ed ir	n 206.4 and 2	06.5;
19		(J)	Limited C	onform	ing Use/Non-Conf	forming Use i	n RI.	I-RM-RTO and	l RED
20	Districts.								
21		(K)	Third Str	eet Fo	rmula Retail Re	stricted Use	Dis	trict, as defin	ied in
22	Section 786.								
23	(5)	For	mula Reta	ail Us	es Not Permitt	ed. Formula	a Re	etail uses ar	e not
24	permitted in the foll	lowing	zoning dis	tricts:					
25		(A)	Hayes-G	ough N	leighborhood Co	mmercial Tra	ansit	: District;	

1	(B) North Beach Neighborhood Commercial District;
2	(C) Chinatown Visitor Retail District;
3	(D) Upper Fillmore District does not permit Formula Retail uses that
4	are also Restaurant or Limited-Restaurant uses as defined in Section 790.90 and 790.91;
5	(E) Broadway Neighborhood Commercial District does not permit
6	Formula Retail uses that are also Restaurant or Limited-Restaurant uses as defined in
7	Section 790.90 and 790.91;
8	(F) Mission Street Formula Retail Restaurant Subdistrict does not
9	permit Formula Retail uses that are also Restaurant or Limited-Restaurant uses as defined in
10	Section 790.90 and 790.91;
11	(G) Geary Boulevard Formula Retail Pet Supply Store and Formula
12	Retail Eating and Drinking Subdistrict does not permit Formula Retail uses that are also either
13	a Retail Pet Supply Store or an Eating and Drinking use as set forth in Section 781.4;
14	(H) Taraval Street Restaurant Subdistrict does not permit Formula
15	Retail uses that are also Restaurant or Limited-Restaurant uses as defined in Section 790.90
16	and 790.91;
17	(6) Neighborhood Commercial Notification and Design Review. Any
18	building permit application for a "formula retail use" as defined in this section and located
19	within a Neighborhood Commercial District in Article 7 shall be subject to the Neighborhood
20	Commercial Notification and Design Review Procedures of Section 312 of this Code.
21	(7) Change in Use. A change from one formula retail use to another requires
22	a new Conditional Use Authorization, whether or not a Conditional Use $A\underline{a}$ uthorization would
23	otherwise be required by the particular change in use in question. This Conditional Use
24	Aauthorization requirement also applies in changes from one Formula Retail operator to

- another within the same use category. A new Conditional Use <u>Aa</u>uthorization shall not apply to a change in a <u>F</u>ormula <u>Retail</u> use <u>retailer</u> that meets the following criteria:
 - (A) the $f\underline{F}$ ormula \underline{Retail} use operation remains the same in terms of its size, function and general merchandise offering as determined by the Zoning Administrator, and
 - (B) the change in the fF ormula fR etail use operator is the result of the business being purchased by another fR ormula fR etail operator who will retain all components of the existing retailer and make minor alterations to the establishment(s) such as signage and branding.

The new operator shall comply with all conditions of approval previously imposed on the existing operator, including but not limited to signage programs and hours of operation; and shall conduct the operation generally in the same manner and offer essentially the same services and/or type of merchandise; or seek and be granted a new Conditional Use \underline{Aa} uthorization.

(8) **Determination of Formula Retail Use.** In those areas in which "FFormula #Retail uses" are prohibited, any building permit application determined by the City to be for a "FFormula #Retail uses" that does not identify the use as a "FFormula #Retail uses" is incomplete and cannot be processed until the omission is corrected. Any building permit approved that is determined by the City to have been, at the time of application, for a "FFormula #Retail use" that did not identify the use as a "FFormula #Retail use" is subject to revocation at any time. If the City determines that a building permit application or building permit subject to this Section of the Code is for a "FFormula #Retail use," the building permit application or holder bears the burden of proving to the City that the proposed or existing use is not a "FFormula #Retail use."

* * * *

1 (k) Change in Use or Demolition of Movie Theater Uses. 2 (1)With respect to a change in use or demolition of a mM ovie tT heater use as 3 set forth defined in Sections 102 221.1, 703.2(b)(1)(B)(ii), 803.2(b)(1)(B)(iii) or 803.3(b)(1)(B)(ii), in addition to the criteria set forth in Subsections (c) and (d) above, the Commission shall 4 5 make the following findings: (A) 6 Preservation of a mMovie tTheater use is no longer economically 7 viable and cannot effect a reasonable economic return to the property owner. 8 (i) For purposes of defining "reasonable economic return," the Planning 9 Commission shall be guided by the criteria for *Fair Return on Investment "fair return on* 10 investment" as set forth in Section 102 228.4(a).; and The change in use or demolition of the mM ovie t heater use will not 11 (B) undermine the economic diversity and vitality of the surrounding Neighborhood Commercial 12 13 District: and (C) The resulting project will preserve the architectural integrity of 14 important historic features of the movie theater use affected. 15 * * * * 16 17 (m) Change in Use or Demolition of General Grocery Store Uses. 18 (1) 19

- (1) With respect to a change in use or demolition of gG eneral gG rocery gG tore use as gG in Sections gG in Sections gG and gG in Sections gG
- (A) Preservation of a gG-eneral gG-rocery sS-tore use is no longer economically viable and cannot effect a reasonable economic return to the property owner. The Commission may disregard the above finding if it finds that the change in use or replacement structure in the case of demolition will contain a general grocery store that is of a

20

21

22

23

24

sufficient size to serve the shopping needs of nearby residents and offers comparable
services to the former general grocery store.
(i) For purposes of defining "reasonable economic return," the Planning
Commission shall be guided by the criteria for Fair Return on Investment $\underline{\#F}$ air \underline{R} eturn or
iInvestment" as set forth in Section 102 228.4(a).; and
(B) The change in use or demolition of the gG eneral gG rocery gS tore use will
not undermine the economic diversity and vitality of the surrounding neighborhood.
(n) Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishments.
(1) With respect to a Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishment, as defined in
Section 102 227(v) of this Code, in addition to the criteria set forth in Subsections (c) and (d)
above, the Commission shall make the following findings:
(A) The concentration of such establishments in the particular zoning
district for which they are proposed does not appear to contribute directly to peace, health,
safety, and general welfare problems, including drug use, drug sales, drug trafficking, other
crimes associated with drug use, loitering, and littering, as well as traffic circulation, parking
and noise problems on the district's public streets and lots;
(B) The concentration of such establishments in the particular zoning
district for which they are proposed does not appear to adversely impact the health, safety
and welfare of residents of nearby areas, including fear for the safety of children, elderly and
disabled residents, and visitors to San Francisco; and
(C) The proposed establishment is compatible with the existing
character of the particular district for which it is proposed.
(o) Massage Establishments.

With respect to Massage Establishments that are subject to Conditional

Use authorization, as defined in Sections $\underline{102}$ $\underline{218.1}$, 790.60, and 890.60 of this Code, in

24

25

(1)

1	addition to the criteria set forth in Subsection (c) above, the Commission shall make the
2	following findings:
3	(A) Whether the applicant has obtained, and maintains in good
4	standing, a permit for a Massage Establishment from the Department of Public Health
5	pursuant to Section 1908 of the San Francisco Health Code;
6	(B) Whether the use's facade façade is transparent and open to the
7	public. Permanent transparency and openness are preferable. Elements that lend openness
8	and transparency to a faeçade include:
9	(i) active street frontage of at least 25' feet in length where 75%
10	percent of that length is devoted to entrances to commercially used space or windows at the
11	pedestrian eye-level;
12	(ii) windows that use clear, untinted glass, except for decorative
13	or architectural accent;
14	(iii) any decorative railings or decorative grille work, other than
15	wire mesh, which is placed in front of or behind such windows, should be at least 75 percent
16	open to perpendicular view and no more than six feet in height above grade;
17	(C) Whether the use includes pedestrian-oriented lighting. Well lit
18	establishments where lighting is installed and maintained along all public rights-of-way
19	adjacent to the building with the massage use during the post-sunset hours of the massage
20	use are encouraged:
21	(D) Whether the use is reasonably oriented to facilitate public access.
22	Barriers that make entrance to the use more difficult than to an average service-provider in
23	the area are to be strongly discouraged. These include (but are not limited to) foyers equipped

with double doors that can be opened only from the inside and security cameras.

24

(p) Eating and Drinking Uses. (1) Conditional Use Criteria. With regard to a
$e\underline{C}$ onditional $u\underline{U}$ se authorization application for a Restaurant, Limited-Restaurant and Bar uses
in Neighborhood Commercial Districts or Mixed Use Districts, the Planning Commission shall
consider, in addition to the criteria set forth in Subsection (c) above : (A) The the existing
concentration of eating and drinking uses in the area. Such concentration should not exceed
25% percent of the total commercial frontage as measured in linear feet within the immediate
area of the subject site. For the purposes of this Section of the Code, the immediate area shall
be defined as all properties located within 300' of the subject property and also located within
the same zoning district.
(q) Adult Business and Other Entertainment Uses.
(1) With respect to conditional use authorization applications for Adult Business and
Other Entertainment uses, such use or feature shall:
(A) If the use is an Adult Business, it shall not be located within 1,000 feet of
another such use; and/or
(B) Not be open between two a.m. and six a.m; and
(C) Not use electronic amplification between midnight and six a.m.; and
(D) Be adequately soundproofed or insulated for noise and operated so that
incidental noise shall not be audible beyond the premises or in other sections of the building and fixed-
source equipment noise shall not exceed the decibel levels specified in the San Francisco Noise Control
Ordinance.
(2) Notwithstanding the above, the Planning Commission may authorize a conditional
use which does not satisfy the criteria set forth in $(q)(1)(B)$ and/or $(q)(1)(C)$ above, if facts presented
are such to establish that the use will be operated in such a way as to minimize disruption to residences
in and around the district with respect to noise and crowd control.

1	(3) The action of the Planning Commission approving a conditional use does not take
2	effect until the appeal period is over or while the approval is under appeal.
3	(r) Power Plants. The controls of this Subsection shall apply to all Power Plants in M-1, M-2,
4	and PDR-1-G, and PDR-2 Districts, including any intensification of a Power Plants as described in
5	<u>Section 178(c)(2).</u>
6	(1) Criteria. In acting on any application for Conditional Use authorization for a Power
7	Plant, the Commission shall consider the conditional use authorization requirements set forth in
8	Subsection (c) above and, in addition, shall only approve an application for a Conditional Use
9	authorization if facts are presented to establish that, on the basis of the record before the Commission:
10	(A) The benefits to the City's energy system resulting from the energy generated
11	by the proposed power plant cannot be obtained in a reasonable time from a technically and
12	economically feasible power plant and/or energy conservation project that would have materially fewer
13	potential environmental impacts considering, but not limited to, the following: (i) Emissions of criteria
14	air pollutants and greenhouse gas emissions; (ii) Storm-water and wastewater discharges; and (iii)
15	noise and vibration impacts.
16	(B) A newly proposed Power Plant use would not directly and adversely impact
17	existing or reasonably foreseeable adjoining land uses, or, as applied to a prior nonconforming use,
18	the extension of the power plant use or the increase in intensity of the use would not result in increased
19	direct and adverse impacts on existing or reasonably foreseeable adjoining land uses; and
20	(C) Granting Conditional Use authorization would not reasonably be expected
21	to leave known contamination in place in such a way that would prolong or increase public health risks
22	associated with such contamination at levels inconsistent with a risk-based remediation consistent with
23	the proposed power plant use; and
24	(D) Granting Conditional Use authorization would not reasonably be expected
25	to preclude future redevelopment and reuse of the property for non-power plant uses.

1	(2) Written Findings. The Planning Commission shall make detailed written finding
2	explaining the basis for its decision under this Section.
3	(3) Severability. In the event that a court or agency of competent jurisdiction holds that
4	Federal or State law, rule, or regulation invalidates any clause, sentence, paragraph of this Section of
5	the application thereof to any person or circumstances, it is intended that the court or agency seven
6	such clause, sentence, paragraph or section so that the remainder of this Section shall remain in effect.

SEC. 304.5. INSTITUTIONAL MASTER PLANS.

8 ****

(b) When Required. Each <u>Hospital</u> <u>medical institution</u> and each <u>pPost-sAS</u>econdary <u>eE</u>ducational <u>iI</u>nstitution in the City and County of San Francisco <u>(for the purposes of this Section collectively referred to as "institution(s)")</u>, including <u>Geroup Hi</u>ousing affiliated with and operated by any such institution, <u>as described in Sections 209.2(c)</u>, <u>209.3(a) and (i)</u>, <u>216(a)</u>, <u>and 217(a) and (h) of this Code</u>, shall have on file with the Planning Department a current institutional master plan describing the existing and anticipated future development of that institution as provided in Subsection (c) below. Medical and educational institutions of less than 50,000 square feet or medical and educational institutions of less than 100,000 square feet in the C-3 district may submit an Abbreviated Institutional Master Plan as described in Subsection (d) below.

Thereafter, at intervals of two years, each such institution shall file an Update with the Planning Department describing the current status of its institutional master plan. The requirements for an update are provided in Subsection (f) below.

The Zoning Administrator shall be notified whenever the following occur to determine whether a new Institutional Master Plan or an Update shall be required: there are significant revisions to the information contained in the Institutional Master Plan; or 10 years have passed since the last Institutional Master Plan was submitted and heard by the Planning

Commission (as described by Subsection (e) below). Significant revisions may include plans to construct new facilities that were not previously discussed in the Institutional Master Plan, plans to demolish existing facilities that were not discussed in the Institutional Master Plan, closure of an existing unit, opening of a new unit, change in use of an existing unit or inpatient facility, an increase in the institutions size by 10,000 square feet or 25% of total square footage (whichever is less), or significant changes in use of existing facilities that were not discussed in the Institutional Master Plan.

SEC. 307. OTHER POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR.

In addition to those specified in Sections 302 through 306, and Sections 316 through 316.6 of this Code, the Zoning Administrator shall have the following powers and duties in administration and enforcement of this Code. The duties described in this Section shall be performed under the general supervision of the Director of Planning, who shall be kept informed of the actions of the Zoning Administrator.

* * * *

residential project no longer qualifies as Student Housing as defined in Planning Code Section 102.36, the Zoning Administrator may allow the conversion of the Student Housing to any permitted residential use in the zoning district in which the Student Housing is located upon determination that the converted Student Housing has complied with any applicable Inclusionary Affordable Housing Requirements as outlined in Planning Code Section 415.3(c)(5)(C)(iii), and that all other Planning Code requirements applicable to that residential use have been met or modified through appropriate procedures.

The provisions and procedures set forth in Section 309.1, applicable in Downtown Residential Districts, shall also apply in the Executive Park Special Use District (SUD) to

SEC. 309.2. PERMIT REVIEW IN THE EXECUTIVE PARK SPECIAL USE DISTRICT.

achieve the objectives and policies of the General Plan and the purposes of this Code, including but not limited to Section 249.54 and Section 263.27, except that Section 309.2(a) and (b) shall apply instead of the provisions in Section 309.1(a) and (b), the provisions of Section 309.1(c) are modified as provided in Section 309.2(c) and Section 309.1(e) is inapplicable in the SUD.

(a) **Design Review.**

- (1) In addition to the standard permit review process, the design of projects for all new construction shall be subject to design review and approval by Department staff. A detailed design review will be initiated by Department staff working with the project sponsor, at the time an application for Section 309.2 review or building permit is filed, and may take place in advance of filing a building permit application. This comprehensive review shall resolve issues related to the project's design, including the following:
 - (A) Overall building massing and scale;
 - (B) Architectural treatments, faeçade design and building materials;
- (C) The design of lower floors, including building setback areas, townhouse-style units and entries, and parking and loading access;
 - (D) The provision of required open space, both on- and off-site;
- (E) Streetscape and other public improvements, including tree planting, street furniture, and lighting and adherence to all relevant regulations, plans and guidelines;
- (F) Circulation, including streets, alleys and mid-block pedestrian pathways.
- (2) For review of projects that include *retail*-space *for Retail Sales and Service uses as defined specified* in *Planning* Code Section <u>102-218</u> of 10,000 gross square feet or more, the Planning Commission shall consider the criteria in Section 121.2(a)(1)-(3).

(3) Other changes necessary to bring a project into conformance with the Executive Park Subarea Plan of the Bayview Hunters Point Area Plan, approved by the Board of Supervisors on July 12, 2011, the Executive Park Design Guidelines, approved by the Planning Commission by Resolution No. 18352 and incorporated by this reference into this Section, and other elements and area plans of the General Plan. If the project sponsor opposes project modifications and conditions recommended by the Director of Planning pursuant to the design review, the Director shall prepare a report of recommended modifications which shall be presented to the Planning Commission for a hearing pursuant to Subsection (c) and which shall be available to the public upon mail notification of said hearing.

* * * *

SEC. 317. LOSS OF DWELLING UNITS THROUGH MERGER, CONVERSION, AND DEMOLITION.

- (a) **Findings.** San Francisco faces a continuing shortage of affordable housing. There is a high ratio of rental to ownership tenure among the City's residents. The General Plan recognizes that existing housing is the greatest stock of rental and financially accessible residential units, and is a resource in need of protection. Therefore, a public hearing will be held prior to approval of any permit that would remove existing housing, with certain exceptions, as described below. The Planning Commission shall develop a Code Implementation Document setting forth procedures and regulations for the implementation of this Section 317 as provided further below. The Zoning Administrator shall modify economic criteria related to property values and construction costs in the Implementation Document as warranted by changing economic conditions to meet the intent of this Section.
- (b) **Definitions.** For the purposes of this Section 317, the terms below shall be defined as follows:

(1) "Residential Conversion" shall mean the removal of cooking facilities in a
Residential Unit or the change of occupancy (as defined and regulated by the Building Code),
or the change of use (as defined and regulated by the Planning Code), of any Residential Use
or Live-Work Unit to a non-residential use. The change of occupancy from a $d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit,
$g\underline{G}$ roup $h\underline{H}$ ousing, or SRO to Student Housing is also considered a conversion of a
Residential Unit. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the change of use or occupancy of a
$d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit, $g\underline{G}$ roup $d\underline{H}$ ousing, or SRO to Student Housing is not considered a conversion
of a Residential Unit if the $d\underline{D}$ welling $u\underline{U}$ nit, $g\underline{G}$ roup $d\underline{H}$ ousing or SRO will be Student Housing
owned, operated or otherwise controlled by a not for profit $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational
Institution and

- (A) it was built by the post-secondary Educational Institution;
- (B) it is in a convent, monastery, or similar religious order facility;
- (C) it is on an adjoining lot (i.e., sharing the same lot line) to the $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational Institution, so long as the lot has been owned by the $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational Institution for at least ten years as of the effective date of Ordinance 188-12; or
- (D) as of August 10, 2010, it was owned, operated or otherwise controlled by a <u>pP</u>ost-<u>sSecondary</u> Educational Institution that had an Institutional Master Plan on file with the Planning Commission, and where the occupancy by those other than students at that date was less than 20% of the total occupants. For purposes of determining occupancy, the <u>pP</u>ost-<u>sSecondary</u> Educational Institution shall present to the Planning Department verified information regarding its rental or lease of units as of that date.
 - (2) "Residential Demolition" shall mean any of the following:
- (A) Any work on a Residential Building for which the Department of Building Inspection determines that an application for a demolition permit is required, or

(B) A major alteration of a Residential Building that proposes the
Removal of more than 50% of the sum of the Front Facade and Rear Facade and also
proposes the Removal of more than 65% of the sum of all exterior walls, measured in linear
feet at the foundation level, or

- (C) A major alteration of a Residential Building that proposes the Removal of more than 50% of the Vertical Envelope Elements and more than 50% of the Horizontal Elements of the existing building, as measured in square feet of actual surface area.
- (D) The Planning Commission may reduce the above numerical elements of the criteria in Subsections (b)(2)(B) and (b)(2)(C), by up to 20% of their values should it deem that adjustment is necessary to implement the intent of this Section 317, to conserve existing sound housing and preserve affordable housing.
- (3) "Façade" Facade is defined in Section 102 of this Code shall mean an entire exterior wall assembly, including but not limited to all finishes and siding, fenestration, doors, recesses, openings, bays, parapets, sheathing and framing.
- (4) "Front <u>Façade</u> <u>Facade</u>" <u>is defined in Section 102 of this Code.</u> <u>shall mean the</u> <u>portion of the Façade Facade fronting a right-of-way, or the portion of the Facade most closely complying with that definition, as in the case of a flag lot. Where a lot has more than one frontage on rights-of-way. all such frontages shall be considered Front Facades except where a facade meets the definition of "Rear Facade."</u>
- (5) "Horizontal Elements" shall mean all roof areas and all floor plates, except floor plates at or below grade.
- (6) "Mandatory Discretionary Review" <u>is defined in Section 102 of this Code</u> shall mean a hearing before the Planning Commission that is required by this Section 317 at which the Commission will determine whether to approve, modify or disapprove a permit application.

- (7) "Residential Merger" shall mean the combining of two or more legal Residential Units, resulting in a decrease in the number of Residential Units within a building, or the enlargement of one or more existing units while substantially reducing the size of others by more than 25% of their original floor area, even if the number of units is not reduced. The Planning Commission may reduce the numerical element of this criterion by up to 20% of its value should it deem that adjustment is necessary to implement the intent of this Section 317, to conserve existing housing and preserve affordable housing.
- (8) "Rear <u>Façade</u> <u>Facade</u>" <u>is defined in Section 102 of this Code</u> <u>shall mean that</u> <u>portion of the Facade facing the part of a lot that most closely complies with the applicable Planning</u> <u>Code rear yard requirements</u>.
- (9) "Removal" shall mean, with reference to a wall, roof or floor structure, its dismantling, its relocation or its alteration of the exterior function by construction of a new building element exterior to it. Where a portion of an exterior wall is removed, any remaining wall with a height less than the Building Code requirement for legal head room shall be considered demolished. Where exterior elements of a building are removed and replaced for repair or maintenance, in like materials, with no increase in the extent of the element or volume of the building, such replacement shall not be considered Removal for the purposes of this Section. The foregoing does not supersede any requirements for or restrictions on noncomplying structures and their reconstruction as governed by Article 1.7 of this Code.
- (10) "Removal" shall mean, with reference to a Residential Unit, its Conversion, Demolition, or Merger.
- (11) "Residential Building" <u>is defined in Section 102 of this Code</u> shall be mean any structure containing one or more Residential Uses or Live-Work Units as a principal use, regardless of any other uses present in the building.

1	(12) "Residential Unit" shall mean a legal conforming or nonconforming
2	$d\underline{D}$ welling $\underline{u}\underline{U}$ nit \underline{as} $\underline{defined}$ \underline{in} $\underline{Planning}$ \underline{Code} $\underline{Section}$ $\underline{102.7}$, or a legal nonconforming Live/Work
3	Unit-as defined in Planning Code Section 102.13, or Group Housing, which are defined in
4	Planning Code Section 102 of this Code 209.2(a), (b), and (c); provided, however, this definition
5	shall not include a Residential Unit in a Residential Hotel, as defined and regulated by
6	Chapter 41 of the San Francisco Administrative Code

(13) "Vertical Envelope Elements" shall mean all exterior walls that provide weather and thermal barriers between the interior and exterior of the building, or that provide structural support to other elements of the building envelope.

10 * * * *

7

8

9

11

15

16

17

18

19

20

SEC. 320. OFFICE DEVELOPMENT; DEFINITIONS.

When used in Sections 320, 321, 322 and 323, the following terms shall each have the meaning indicated. *See also Section 102*.

14 ****

SEC. 342.1. DEFINITIONS.

As used in these Sections 342 to 342.10, *the following terms shall have the following meanings:*

(a) "Medical Use" shall mean a use as defined in Sections 790.114, 790.44, 890.114, 890.44, 209.3(a), 217(a) and (c) of the this Planning Code or a Hospital or Health Service use as defined in Section 102 of this Code, excluding any housing operated by a medical provider or any massage use.

22

23

24

- Section 5. Article 4 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Sections 401, 411.13, 415.3, and 417.2, to read as follows:
- 25 SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.

1	In addition to the specific definitions set forth elsewhere in this Article, the following
2	definitions shall govern interpretation of this Article:
3	* * * *
4	"Board" or "Board of Supervisors." As defined in Section 102. The Board of Supervisors of
5	the City and County of San Francisco.
6	"Change of Use." As defined in Section 102. A change of gross floor area from one category of
7	use to another category of use listed in the use table for the zoning district of the subject lot.
8	"Childcare facility." As defined in Section 102. A child-care facility as defined in California
9	Health and Safety Code Section 1596.750.
10	"Child-care provider." A provider as defined in California Health and Safety Code
11	Section 1596.791.
12	"City" or "San Francisco." As defined in Section 102. The City and County of San Francisco.
13	"Commission" or "Planning Commission." As defined in Section 102. The San Francisco
14	Planning Commission.
15	"Community apartment." As defined in San Francisco Subdivision Code Section
16	1308(b).
17	"Community facilities." As defined in Section 102. All uses as defined under Section 209.4(a)
18	and 209.3(d) of this Code.
19	"Condition(s) of approval." or "conditions of approval." As defined in Section 102. A condition
20	or set of written conditions imposed by the Planning Commission or another permit-approving or
21	issuing City agency or appellate body to which a project applicant agrees to adhere and fulfill when it
22	receives approval for the construction of a development project subject to this Article.
23	"Condominium." As defined in California Civil Code Section 783.
24	"Cultural/Institution/Education (CIE)." An economic activity category subject to the TIDF
25	that includes, but is not limited to, <u>S</u> schools <u>and Post-Secondary Educational Institutions</u> , as

1	$\frac{defined\ in\ Sections\ 209.3(g),\ (h),\ and\ (i)\ and\ 217(f)-(i)\ of\ this\ Code}{this\ Code};\ e\underline{C}$ hild $e\underline{C}e$ are $f\underline{F}$ acilities $e\underline{C}$
2	defined in Sections 209.3(e) and (f); museums and zoos considered Public Facilities; and
3	eCommunity f Eacilities e Community e
4	(c) 102 of this Code.
5	"DBI." As defined in Section 102. The San Francisco Department of Building Inspection or its
6	successor.
7	* * * *
8	"Department" or "Planning Department." As defined in Section 102. The San Francisco
9	Planning Department or the Planning Department's designee, including the Mayor's Office of Housing
10	and other City agencies or departments.
11	* * * *
12	"Development impact fee." As defined in Section 102. A fee imposed on a development projec
13	as a condition of approval to mitigate the impacts of increased demand for public services, facilities or
14	housing caused by the development project that may or may not be an impact fee governed by the
15	California Mitigation Fee Act (California Government Code Section 66000 et seq.).
16	* * * *
17	"Director." As defined in Section 102. The Director of Planning or his or her designee.
18	"Director of Transportation." The Director of Transportation of the MTA or his or her
19	designee(s).
20	"DPW." As defined in Section 102. The Department of Public Works, or its successor.
21	* * * *
22	"Entertainment use." For the purposes of this Section shall mean Sepace within a structure
23	or portion thereof intended or primarily suitable for or accessory to the operation of Nighttime
24	Entertainment, General Entertainment, Adult Businesses, and Movie Theater uses as defined in
25	Section 102 defined in San Francisco Planning Code Sections 102.17 (Nighttime Entertainment)

1	790.38 and 890.37 (Other Entertainment), 790.36 and 890.36 (Adult Entertainment), 790.64 and
2	890.64 (Movie Theater), and 790.4 and 890.4 (Amusement Arcade), regardless of the zoning district
3	that the use is located in.
4	* * * *
5	"Gross floor area." The total area of each floor within the building's exterior walls, as
6	defined in Section 102.9 of this Code, except that for the purposes of determining the
7	applicability of the TIDF, the exclusion from this definition set forth in <u>Subsection Section</u>
8	102.9(b)(12) of the definition of Gross Floor Area shall not apply.
9	* * * *
10	"Hotel" or "Hotel use." Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
11	suitable for or accessory to the operation of $\underline{a\ Hotel}$ uses \underline{as} defined in $\underline{San\ Francisco\ Planning}$
12	Code Sections 102 790.46 and 890.46, regardless of the zoning district that the use is located
13	in.
14	* * * *
15	"In-Kind Agreement." <u>As defined in Section 102.</u> An agreement acceptable in form and
16	substance to the City Attorney and the Director of Planning, under which the project sponsor agrees to
17	provide a specific set of community improvements, at a specific phase of construction, in lieu of
18	contribution to the relevant Fund.
19	"Infrastructure." Open space and recreational facilities; public realms improvements
20	such as pedestrian improvements and streetscape improvements; public transit facilities; and
21	community facilities such as libraries, child care facilities, and community centers.
22	"In lieu fee." As defined in Code Section 102. A fee paid by a project sponsor in lieu of
23	complying with a requirement of this Code and that is not a development impact fee governed by the
24	Mitigation Fee Act

1	"Institutional use." Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily
2	suitable for or accessory to the operation of an Institutional use as defined in Code Section 102
3	uses contained in San Francisco Planning Code Section 217 and 890.50, regardless of the zoning
4	district that the use is located in.
5	"Integrated PDR use." Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or primarily suitable
6	for or accessory to the operation of Integrated PDR Uses as uses defined in San Francisco Planning
7	Code Section 890.49, regardless of the zoning district that the use is located in.
8	* * * *
9	"Licensed Child-eCare fFacility." As defined in Section 102. A child-care facility which has
10	been issued a valid license by the California Department of Social Services pursuant to California
11	Health and Safety Code Sections 1596.80-1596.875, 1596.95-1597.09, or 1597.30-1597.61.
12	* * * *
13	"Long term housing." As defined in Section 102. Housing intended for occupancy by a person
14	or persons for 32 consecutive days or longer.
15	* * * *
16	"Net addition." As defined in e Section 102. The total amount of gross floor area defined in
17	Planning Code Section 102.9 contained in a development project, less the gross floor area contained in
18	any structure demolished or retained as part of the proposed development project.
19	* * * *
20	"Non-residential use." As defined in Section 102. Space within any structure or portion thereo;
21	intended or primarily suitable for or accessory to occupancy by retail, office, commercial, or other
22	non-residential uses defined in Section 209.3, 209.8, 217, 218, 219, 221, and 227 of this Code, except
23	uses 227(a), (b), and (p), regardless of the zoning district that the use is located in; except that
24	residential components of uses defined in Section 209.3(a)-(c) and (g) -(i) shall be defined as a

1	"residential use" for purposes of this Article. For the purposes of this Article, non-residential use shall
2	not include PDR and publicly owned and operated community facilities.
3	"Notice of Special Restrictions." As defined in Section 102. A document recorded with the
4	San Francisco Recorder's Office for any unit subject to the Inclusionary Housing Program detailing
5	the sale and resale or rental restrictions and any restrictions on purchaser or tenant income levels
6	included as a Condition of Approval of the principal project relating to the unit.
7	"Office use." As defined in Section 102. Space within a structure or portion thereof intended or
8	primarily suitable for or accessory to the operation of uses defined in San Francisco Planning Code
9	Section 890.70, regardless of the zoning district that the use is located in.
10	* * * *
11	"PDR use." As defined in Section 102. An economic activity category under the TIDF that
12	includes, but is not limited to, uses defined in San Francisco Planning Code Sections 220, 222, 223,
13	224, 225, 226, 227(a), 227(b), and 227(p), regardless of the zoning district that the use is located in.
14	* * * *
15	"Residential use." As defined in Section 102. Space within any structure or portion thereof
16	intended or primarily suitable for or accessory to occupancy by uses defined in San Francisco
17	Planning Code Sections 209.1, 790.88, and 890.88, as relevant for the subject zoning district, or
18	containing group housing as defined in Section 209.2(a)-(c) of this Code and any residential
19	components of institutional uses as defined in Section 209.3(a)-(c) and (g)-(i) of this Code.
20	"Retail/entertainment." An economic activity category under the TIDF that includes, but
21	is not limited to, a retail use; an entertainment use; and massage establishments, as defined
22	in Section <u>102</u> 218.1 of this Code.

"Retail use." For the purposes of this Section, space Space within any structure or portion

thereof intended or primarily suitable for or accessory to the operation of uses contained in

San Francisco Planning Code Section 218 the definition of Retail Sales and Services in Section 102,

23

24

1	excluding any use that is also considered a PDR Use per Section 102, regardless of the zoning
2	district that the use is located in.
3	* * * *
4	"Small Enterprise Workspace use." As defined in Section 102. Space within a structure or
5	portion thereof intended or primarily suitable for or accessory to the operation of uses defined in San
6	Francisco Planning Code Section 227(t), regardless of the zoning district that the use is located in.
7	* * * *
8	"Student Housing." As defined in <i>Planning Code</i> Section 102.36.
9	* * * *
10	"Use." As defined in Section 102. The purpose for which land or a structure, or both, are
11	legally designed, constructed, arranged, or intended, or for which they are legally occupied or
12	maintained, let or leased.
13	* * * *
14	"Visitor services." An economic activity category under the TIDF that includes, but is not
15	limited to, <u>H</u> +otel use; <u>M</u> +motel use, <u>as defined in Section 102 of this Code</u> <u>216(c) and (d)</u> ; and time-
16	share projects, as defined in Section 11003.5(a) of the California Business and Professions
17	Code.
18	* * * *

SEC. 411.3. APPLICATION OF TIDF.

Application. Except as provided in Subsections (1) and (2) below, the TIDF shall be payable with respect to any new development in the City for which a building or site permit is issued on or after September 4, 2004. In reviewing whether a development project is subject to the TIDF, the project shall be considered in its entirety. A sponsor shall not seek multiple applications for building permits to evade paying the TIDF for a single development project.

1

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	(1) The TIDF shall not be payable on new development, or any portion thereof,
2	for which a TIDF has been paid, in full or in part, under the prior TIDF Ordinance (former
3	Chapter 38 of the Administrative Code as amended through June 30, 2010), except where
4	(A) $g\underline{G}$ ross $s\underline{S}$ quare $f\underline{F}$ eet of use is being added to the building; or
5	(B) the TIDF rate for the new development is in an economic activity
6	category with a higher fee rate than the current rate for the economic activity category under
7	which the TIDF was originally paid, as set forth in Section 411.3(e).
8	(2) No TIDF shall be payable on the following types of new development.
9	* * * *
10	(F) The following types of new developments, except to the extent that
11	any such new development is also captured under a more specific use under this Code that is
12	not otherwise exempt:
13	(i) Public <u>Facility</u> , <u>facilities/utilities-Internet Service Exchange and</u>
14	<u>Utility Installation uses</u> , as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ $\underline{209.6}$ of this Code, except that this exclusion
15	shall not apply to new development on property owned by a private person or entity and
16	leased to the City;
17	(ii) <u>Agricultural and Non-Commercial Entertainment and Recreation</u>
18	\underline{uses} \underline{Open} $\underline{recreation/horticulture}$, as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ $\underline{209.5}$ of this Code, $\underline{including}$ $\underline{private}$
19	noncommercial recreation open use, as referred to in Section 221(g) of this Code;
20	(iii) <u>Private and Public Auto Parking Garages and Lots Vehicle</u>
21	storage and access, as defined in Section 102 209.7 of this Code;
22	(iv) Automotive services, which includes Public and Private Parking
23	Lots, Public and Private Parking Garages, Parcel Delivery Services, Ambulance Services, Vehicle
24	Storage Lots and Garages, and Truck Terminals as defined in Section 102 223(1)-(v) of this Code,

1	that are in a new development, where the project sponsor has met the deadline established in
2	Section 411.3(a)(3);

- 3 (v) Wholesale <u>S</u>storage <u>of materials and equipment</u>, as defined in Section <u>102 225</u> of this Code, where the project sponsor has met the deadline established in Section 411.3(a)(3);
 - (vi) <u>Mortuary, Public Facility, Utility Installation, Public Transport</u>

 <u>Facility, Wireless Telecommunication Facility, Temporary Uses, Waterborne Commerce, and Internet</u>

 <u>Service Exchange Uses as defined in Section 102 of this Code, as well as Any use that is permitted as a principal use in any other C, M, or PDR District without limitation as to enclosure within a building, wall or fence. Other Uses, as defined in Section 227(c) (l), (n) (o), and (q) (r) of this Code;</u>
 - (3) The exclusions from TIDF set forth in Section 411.3(a)(2)(F)(iv) and (v) (automotive services and #\vec{W}\text{holesale } \(\frac{s}{S}\text{torage } \) \(\frac{of materials and equipment}{of materials and equipment} \) shall only apply where a project sponsor for a new development has filed an application for environmental evaluation, a categorical exemption or a preliminary project assessment for the project on or before the effective date of Ordinance No. 18-14, or, for new development subject to a redevelopment plan, development agreement, interagency cooperation agreement, or other agreement entered into by the City, the project sponsor submits proof that the sponsor has submitted to the successor agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City and County of San Francisco documentation comparable to that required for an application for environmental evaluation, a categorical exemption or a preliminary project assessment for the project, on or before the effective date of Ordinance No. 18-14.
 - (b) **Timing of Payment.** Except for those Integrated PDR projects subject to Section 328 of this Code, the <u>The</u> TIDF shall be paid prior to issuance of the first construction document, with an option for the project sponsor to defer payment until prior to issuance of the first certificate of occupancy upon agreeing to pay a deferral surcharge in accordance with Section

1	107A.13 of the San Francisco Building Code. Under no circumstances may any City official or
2	agency, including the Port of San Francisco, issue a certificate of final completion and
3	occupancy for any new development subject to the TIDF until the TIDF has been paid.
4	* * * *
5	(d) Credits. When determining the number of gross square feet of use to which the
6	TIDF applies, the Department shall provide the following credits:
7	(1) Prior Use Credits. There shall be a credit for prior uses eliminated on the
8	site. The credit shall be calculated according to the following formula:
9	(A) There shall be a credit for the number of gross square feet of use
10	being eliminated by the new development, multiplied by an adjustment factor to reflect the
11	difference in the fee rate of the use being added and the use being eliminated. The
12	adjustment factor shall be determined by the Department as follows:
13	(i) The adjustment factor shall be a fraction, the numerator of
14	which shall be the fee rate which the Department shall determine, in consultation with the
15	MTA, if necessary, applies to the economic activity category in the most recent calculation of
16	the TIDF Schedule approved by the Board or Supervisors for the prior use being eliminated by
17	the project.
18	(ii) The denominator of the fraction shall be the fee rate for the
19	use being added, as set forth in the most recent calculation of the TIDF Schedule approved by
20	the Board of Supervisors.
21	(B) A credit for a prior use may be given only if the prior use was active
22	on the site within five years before the date of the application for a building or site permit for
23	the proposed use.
24	
25	

1	(C) As of September 4, 2004, no sponsor shall be entitled to a refund
2	of the TIDF on a building for which the fee was paid under the former Chapter 38 of the San
3	Francisco Administrative Code.
4	(D) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the adjustment factor shall not
5	exceed one.
6	(2) Policy Credits. Development projects that meet the criteria outlined in
7	Subsection 411.3(d)(2)(B) may receive Policy Credits, subject to the following limitations:
8	(A) Limit on Available Policy Credits. When making a determination
9	under this Article for the amount of TIDF owed, the Department shall allocate available Policy
10	Credits, described in Section 411.3(d)(2)(B), as follows:
11	(i) No development project shall receive a Policy Credit under
12	Section 411.3(d)(2)(B) if the total amount of credits received by development projects under
13	that section would exceed 3% of the total anticipated TIDF revenue for the current Fiscal
14	Year. To the extent Policy Credits allowed in any Fiscal Year are not allocated, the
15	unallocated amount shall be carried over to the next Fiscal Year. The amount to be carried
16	over to the next Fiscal Year shall be calculated based upon 3% of the sum of the actual TIDF
17	revenues collected during the current Fiscal Year and the total amount of policy credits
18	granted during the current Fiscal Year.
19	(ii) In no event shall the Policy Credits for a single development
20	exceed 100% of the total TIDF that would otherwise be due.
21	(B) The Planning Department shall maintain and shall make available
22	on the Planning Department's website, a list showing:
23	(i) All development projects receiving Policy Credits under
24	Section 411.3(d)(2)(C) of this Article, and, if applicable, the date(s) of approval and the
25	issuance of any building or site permit;

1	(ii) The total amount of Policy Credits received with respect to
2	each listed development project;
3	(iii) Any Policy Credits allocated to a development project the
4	site permit for which is modified, cancelled, revoked, or has expired;
5	(iv) Such other information as the Department may determine is
6	appropriate.
7	(C) Available Policy Credits. The following development projects may
8	receive Policy Credits, subject to the limitations set forth in Section 411.3(d)(2)(A):
9	(i) Small Businesses. Businesses that either occupy or expand
10	any preexisting non-residential space, provided that: (a) the gross square footage of such
11	non-residential space is not greater than 5,000 square feet, and (b) the business is not
12	formula retail, as defined in this Code. Only the gross square footage dedicated to such
13	business shall be eligible for the Policy Credit.
14	(ii) Reduced Parking Developments. In zoning districts that set
15	a parking maximum, development projects that provide a lower number, or ratio, of off-street
16	parking than permitted on an as-of-right basis without conditional use authorization in Table
17	151.1 of this Code. The credit shall be determined by the Department as follows:
18	Max. More than 60% or 75% or Allowed in 50% but more but more but
19	Planning 50% of less than less than 90% of
20	Code Table Max. or 60% of 75% of 90% of Max. or 151.1 less Max. Max. more

24

25

21

(D) **Process for Allocation of Policy Credits.** The Policy Credits described in this Section shall be allocated to qualifying development projects by the Zoning

50%

20%

0%

80%

TIDF Credit

90%

1	Administrator at the moment their first entitlement is approved by the Planning Commission of
2	the Planning Department. In addition, the following considerations shall apply:
3	(i) If a development project is modified for any reason after it is

- first approved, and such modification would result in a potential increase in the amount of Policy Credits allocated to it, the development project shall maintain the credits allocated on the list described in Section 411.3(d)(2)(B)(A)(v). Any additional credit may only be allocated at the time such modification is approved, subject to the limits of Section 411.3(d)(2)(A)(i).
- (ii) If a development project is modified for any reason after it is first approved, and such modification would result in a potential decrease in the amount of Policy Credits allocated to it, the remainder Policy Credits shall become available for other qualifying development projects during the approval period on account of such a modification.
- (iii) The maximum amount of Policy Credits available for the approval period shall be increased by the amount of Policy Credits allocated to a development project for which an issued site or building permit has been finally cancelled or revoked, or has expired, with the irrevocable effect of preventing construction of the development.
- (3) **Limitation.** In no event shall the combined Policy Credits and Prior Use Credits for a single development exceed 100% of the total TIDF that would otherwise be due.

18 * * * *

SEC. 415.3. APPLICATION.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary in this Code, Section 415.1 *et seq.* shall apply to any housing project that consists of ten or more units where an individual project or a phased project is to be undertaken and where the total undertaking comprises a project with ten or more units, even if the development is on separate but adjacent lots; and
- (1) Does not require Commission approval as a Conditional Use Aauthorization or Planned Unit Development;

1	(2) Requires Commission approval as a Conditional Use Authorization or
2	Planned Unit Development;
3	(3) Consists of $l\underline{L}$ ive/ $w\underline{W}$ ork $w\underline{U}$ nits as defined by Section 102.13 of this Code;
4	or
5	(4) Requires Commission approval of replacement housing destroyed by
6	earthquake, fire or natural disaster only where the destroyed housing included units restricted
7	under the Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program or the City's predecessor inclusionary
8	housing policy, condominium conversion requirements, or other affordable housing program.
9	* * * *
10	(c) Section 415.1 et seq., the Inclusionary Housing Program, shall not apply to:
11	(1) That portion of a housing project located on property owned by the United
12	States or any of its agencies or leased by the United States or any of its agencies for a period
13	in excess of 50 years, with the exception of such property not used exclusively for a
14	governmental purpose;
15	(2) That portion of a housing project located on property owned by the State
16	of California or any of its agencies, with the exception of such property not used exclusively
17	for a governmental or educational purpose; or
18	(3) That portion of a housing project located on property under the jurisdiction
19	of the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency or the Port of San Francisco where the
20	application of Section 415.1 et seq. is prohibited by California or local law.
21	(4) A 100% percent affordable housing project in which rents are controlled or
22	regulated by any government unit, agency or authority, excepting those unsubsidized and/or
23	unassisted units which are insured by the United States Department of Housing and Urban

Development. The Mayor's Office of Housing must represent to the Planning Commission or

Planning Department that the project meets this requirement.

24

1	(A) Restrictions. If a project sponsor takes advantage of this
2	$s\underline{S}$ ubsection, all of the rules and regulations of the programs or recorded documents
3	guaranteeing the affordability of the units shall govern the units and the requirements of this
4	Program shall not apply.
5	(B) Conditions. In order to qualify for this provision, the project
6	sponsor must record an NSR against the property that provides that, in the event of
7	foreclosure or for any other reason, the project no longer qualifies as a project meeting the
8	requirements of $\underline{s}\underline{S}$ ubsection (4) the project will either:
9	(i) pay the Affordable Housing Fee plus interest from the date
10	the project received its first construction document for the project if no affordable units were
11	ever provided or, if affordable units were provided and occupied, then the Affordable Housing
12	Fee with no interest is due on the date the units were no longer occupied by qualifying
13	households; or
14	(ii) provide the required number of on-site affordable units
15	required at time of original project approval and that those units shall be subject to all of the
16	requirements of this Program.

- (C) In the event that there is a foreclosure or other event triggering the requirements of sSubsection (B) above, the project sponsor shall record a new NSR specifying the manner it-in which it complies with this Program, including but not limited to any specific units restricted as affordable under (B)(ii). The new NSR shall provide that the units must comply with all of the requirements of this Program.
 - (5) A Student Housing project that meets all of the following criteria:
- (A) The building or space conversion does not result in loss or conversion of existing housing, including but not limited to rental housing and dwelling units;

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	(B) An institutional master plan (IMP) pursuant to Section 304.5 is on
2	file with the Planning Department prior to the issuance of any building permit or alteration
3	permit in connection with the creation of the Student Housing project, and, in addition to the
4	requirements of Section 304.5, such IMP shall describe:
5	(i) to the extent such information is available, the type and
6	location of housing used by its students;
7	(ii) any plans for the provision of Student Housing; and
8	(iii) the Educational Institution's need for student housing to
9	support its program; and (iv) the percentage of its students, on an average annual basis, that
0	receive some form of need-based assistance as described in (113B).
1	(C) The Mayor's Office of Housing (MOH) is authorized to monitor this
2	program. MOH shall develop a monitoring form and annual monitoring fee to be paid by the
3	owner of the real property or the $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational Institution or $\underline{Religious}$
4	Institutions, as defined in Section $\underline{102}$ $\underline{209.3(j)}$ of this Code. The owner of the real property and
5	each pP ost- sS econdary Educational Institution or Institutions shall agree to submit annual

(i) Evidence that the $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational Institution continues to own or otherwise control the Student Housing project under a master lease or other contractual agreement with at least a 5 year term, including a certificate from the owner of the real property and the $p\underline{P}$ ost- $s\underline{S}$ econdary Educational Institution attaching a true and complete copy of the master lease or other contractual agreement (financial information may be redacted) and certifying that the lease or contract has not otherwise been amended or

documentation to the Mayor's Office of Housing (MOH) and the Planning Department, on or

before December 31 of each year, that addresses the following:

24 terminated; and

25

1

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1	(ii) Evidence, on an average annualized basis, of the percentage
2	of students in good standing enrolled at least half time or more in the post-secondary
3	Educational Institution or Institutions who are occupying the beds or accessory living space in
4	the Student Housing project; and

- (iii) The owner of the real property records a Notice of Special Restrictions (NSR) against fee title to the real property on which the Student Housing is located that states the following:
- The <u>pP</u>ost-<u>sSe</u>condary Educational Institution, or the owner of the real property on its behalf, must file a statement with the Department if it intends to terminate the Student Housing project at least 60 days before it terminates such use ("statement of termination");
- The Student Housing project becomes subject to the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance requirements applicable to Housing Projects other than Qualified Housing Projects if (1) a post-secondary Educational Institution files a statement of termination with the Department and another <u>pPost-sSecondary</u> Educational Institution or Institutions have not been substituted or obligated to meet the requirements of this section; or (2) the owner of the real property or the post-secondary Educational Institution fails to file a statement of termination and fails to meet the requirements for a Student Housing project, then within not more than one year of a Notice Of Violation issued by the Planning Department;
- If units in a Student Housing project become subject to the Inclusionary Housing Ordinance then the owner of those units shall (1) pay the Affordable Housing Fee plus interest from the date the project received its first construction document for the project if there is no evidence the Project ever qualified as Student Housing or, if Student Housing was provided and occupied, then the Affordable Housing Fee with no interest is due on the date the units were no longer occupied by qualifying households and interest would accrue from that date if the fee is not paid; or (2) provide the required number of on-site affordable units

- 1 required at time of original project approval and that those units shall be subject to all of the
- 2 requirements of this Program. In this event, the owner of the real property shall record a new
- 3 NSR providing that the designated units must comply with all of the requirements of this
- 4 Program.
- 5 The <u>pP</u>ost-<u>sS</u>econdary Educational Institution is required to report annually
- 6 as required in <u>s</u>Subsection (C) above;
- 7 The City may commence legal action against the owner and/or Ppost-
- 8 Secondary Educational Institution to enforce the NSR and the terms of Article IV of the
- 9 Planning Code and Planning Code Section 415 et seq. if it determines that the project no
- 10 longer meets the requirements for a Student Housing project; and
- 11 The Student Housing project may be inspected by any City employee to
- determine its status as a Student Housing project and its compliance with this Section at any
- time upon at least 24 hours' prior notice to the owner of the real property or to the master
- 14 lessee.
- 15 (d) For projects that have received a first site or building permit prior to the effective
- date of Section 415.1 *et seq.*, the requirements in effect prior to the effective date of Section
- 17 415.1 *et seq.* shall apply.
- (e) In November, 2012 the voters amended the Charter by adopting Proposition C
- 19 "The Affordable Housing Trust Fund and Housing Production Incentives" which is, in part,
- 20 codified as Charter Section 16.110 ("Proposition C"). To the extent that there is any
- 21 inconsistency between the provisions of Proposition C and Sections 415 et seq. or any other
- 22 Planning Code provisions, the provisions of Proposition C shall control.
- 23 SEC. 417.2. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 See Section 401 of this Article.
- 25 "Gross sSquare fFootage" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 102.9.

3	
4	Section 6. Article 6 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by amending Sections
5	606 and 607.1, and deleting Sections 607.3, 607.4, and 608.10, to read as follows:
6	SEC. 606. RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS.
7	Signs in Residential and Residential Enclave Districts, other than those signs exempted by
8	Section 603 of this Code, shall conform to the following provisions:
9	(a) General Provisions for All Signs.
10	(1) No sign shall project beyond a street property line or legislated setback line
11	or into a required front setback area.
12	(2) No sign shall have or consist of any moving, rotating or otherwise animated
13	part, or (if permitted to be illuminated) any flashing, blinking, fluctuating or otherwise animated
14	light.
15	(3) No roof sign, wind sign, or general advertising sign shall be permitted.
16	(4) No sign shall extend above the roofline of a building to which it is attached
17	or above a height of 12 feet.
18	(b) Signs for Uses Permitted in Residential and Residential Enclave Districts. The
19	following types of signs, subject to the limitations prescribed for them, shall be the only signs
20	permitted for uses authorized as principal or conditional uses in R and RED Districts, excep
21	that signs for any commercial establishments so authorized in RC Districts shall be subject to
22	the limitations of Paragraph (c) (3) below.
23	(1) One nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated nameplate for each stree
24	frontage of the lot, not exceeding a height of 12 feet, and having an area not exceeding one
25	square foot in RH Districts or two square feet in RM or RED Districts.

"Eastern Neighborhood Controls" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 175.6(c)(1).

1

2

Application.

1	(2) One identifying sign for each street frontage of the lot, not exceeding a
2	height of 12 feet, and meeting the following additional requirements:

- (A) In RH Districts: nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated only; maximum area 12 square feet;
- (B) In RM, <u>RTO</u> or RED Districts: maximum area eight square feet if directly illuminated, and 20 square feet if nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (C) In RTO Districts: nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated only; maximum area 12 square feet; signage related to commercial uses permitted under Sections 209.8(e) and 230 is regulated according to the provisions described in Section 230.
- (3) <u>Sale or Lease Signs.</u> One temporary nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated sale or lease sign for each street frontage of the total parcel involved, not exceeding a height of 24 feet if freestanding and not above the roofline if attached to a building, and having an area not exceeding six square feet for each lot or for each 3,000 square feet in such total parcel, whichever ratio permits the larger area, provided that no such sign shall exceed 50 square feet in area and any such sign exceeding 18 square feet in area shall be set back at least 25 feet from all street property lines. Any sale or lease sign shall be removed within seven days following removal of the property from the market.
- (4) <u>Construction Signs</u>. Temporary nonilluminated signs of persons and firms connected with work on buildings under actual construction or alteration, giving their names and information pertinent to the project, not exceeding a height of 12 feet, with the combined area of all such signs not to exceed 10 square feet for each street frontage of the project.
- (c) <u>Business Signs for Limited Commercial Uses.</u> For Limited Commercial Uses, as described in Section 186 of this Code, and for Limited Corner Commercial Uses, as permitted by <u>Section 231, the following controls shall apply:</u>

1	(1) Wall Signs. One wall sign is permitted for each street frontage occupied by the use,
2	placed flat against the wall that faces such street and not located above the ground floor. Such sign
3	shall not exceed an area of one square foot for each linear foot of street frontage occupied by the
4	building or part thereof that is devoted to the commercial use or 50 square feet per street frontage,
5	whichever is less. Any such sign may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
6	(2) Window Signs. Window signs, limited to signs painted or similarly applied directly
7	on the surface of the window glass, are permitted. The total area of all window signs, as defined in
8	Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed one-quarter the area of the window on which the signs are located.
9	Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
10	(3) Projecting Signs. The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business.
11	The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed six square feet. The height of
12	such sign shall not exceed 14 feet, or the height of the lowest residential windowsill above the
13	commercial use, whichever is lower. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the
14	horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or four feet, whichever is less. Any
15	such sign may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
16	(4) Signs on Awnings. Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings in lieu of wall
17	signs and projecting signs. The area of such sign copy as defined in Section 602.1(c) shall not exceed
18	20 square feet per business. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
19	(5) Illumination. Any illumination permitted for signs covered by this Subsection (c)
20	shall be extinguished at all times when the commercial use is not open for business.
21	(d) Signs for Other Nonconforming Uses. Signs for any use in an R District which is
22	nonconforming under the provisions of Sections 180 through 187 of this Code, or which is given
23	conditional use status under said sections, shall be subject to the provisions of this Subsection (c),
24	except that any such use that would first be permitted as either a principal or a conditional use in some
25	other R District under Article 2 of this Code, other than an RC District, shall be subject to the

1	provisions of Subsection 606(b) above. Any illumination permitted for signs covered by this
2	Subsection $\frac{(c)}{(d)}$ shall be extinguished at all times when the nonconforming use is not open
3	for business.

- (1) **Automobile Service Stations.** The following business signs are permitted for an automobile service station. Any such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly or directly illuminated. *Directly illuminated signs may be illuminated only during open business hours.*
- (A) A maximum of two oil company signs, which shall not extend *more* than 10 feet above the roofline if attached to a building, or exceed a height of 24 feet if freestanding. The area of any such sign shall not exceed 180 square feet, and along each street frontage all parts of such a sign or signs that are within 10 feet of the street property line shall not exceed 80 square feet in area. The areas of other permanent and temporary signs as covered in Subparagraph 606(e)(d)(1)(B) below shall not be included in the calculation of the areas specified in this Subparagraph.
- (B) Other Permanent and Temporary Signs Customarily Incidental to the Service Station Business. No such sign shall extend above the roofline if attached to a building, or exceed a height of 12 feet if freestanding. The area of such signs shall not exceed 20 square feet for each such sign or a total of 80 square feet for all such signs on the premises.
- (2) **Open Land Uses.** If there is no building with more than 50 square feet of floor area involved in the use, one business sign is permitted for each street frontage occupied by such use, not exceeding a height of 12 feet and having an area not exceeding one square foot for each foot of such street frontage. The total area of all signs for such a use shall not exceed 50 square feet. Any such sign may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.

(3) **Other Uses.** For a use not listed in *Subsections Paragraph* 606(c)(1) or 606(e)(2)(d) above, one business sign is permitted for each street frontage occupied by the use, placed flat against the wall that faces such street and not located above the ground floor. Such sign shall not exceed an area of <u>one two</u> square feet for each foot of street frontage occupied by the building or part thereof that is devoted to the nonconforming use. The total area of all signs for such a use shall not exceed 100 square feet. Any such sign may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated. *In RM, RED and RC Districts, any such sign may be directly illuminated.*

SEC. 607.1. NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL-COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS.

Signs located in Neighborhood Commercial Districts shall be regulated as provided herein, except for those signs which are exempted by Section 603 of this Code or as more specifically regulated in a Special Sign District under Sections 608 et seq. In the event of conflict between the provisions of Section 607.1 and other provisions of Article 6, the provisions of Section 607.1 shall prevail in Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts, <u>provided, however, that with respect to properties also located in the Upper Market Special Sign District, the provisions of Section 608.16 of this Code shall prevail.</u>

In each such Special Sign District, signs, other than those signs exempted by Section 603 of this Code, shall be subject to the special controls in Sections 608.1 through 608.16, respectively, in addition to all other or, if so expressly specified in those Sections in lieu of other applicable sign provisions of this Code. In the event of inconsistency with any other provision of Article 6, the most restrictive provision shall prevail unless this Code specifically provides otherwise.

(a) **Purposes and Findings.** In addition to the purposes stated in Sections 101 and 601 of this Code, the following purposes apply to Neighborhood Commercial *and Residential*-

- 1 <u>Commercial</u> Districts. These purposes constitute findings that form a basis for regulations and
 2 provide guidance for their application.
 - (1) As Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts change, they need to maintain their attractiveness to <u>residents</u>, customers and potential new businesses alike. Physical amenities and a pleasant appearance will profit both existing and new enterprises.
 - (2) The character of signs and other features projecting from buildings is an important part of the visual appeal of a street and the general quality and economic stability of the area. Opportunities exist to relate these signs and projections more effectively to street design and building design. These regulations establish a framework that will contribute toward a coherent appearance of Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts.
 - (3) Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts are typically mixed use areas with commercial units on the ground or lower stories and residential uses on upper stories. Although signs <u>and other advertising devices</u> are essential to a vital commercial district, they should not be allowed to interfere with or diminish the livability of residential units within a Neighborhood Commercial District or in adjacent residential districts.
 - (4) The scale of most Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts as characterized by building height, bulk, and appearance, and the width of streets and sidewalks differs from that of other commercial and industrial districts. Sign sizes should relate and be compatible with the surrounding district scale.
 - (b) **Signs or Sign Features Not Permitted in NC** <u>and RC</u> **Districts.** Roof signs as defined in Section 602.16 of this Code, wind signs as defined in Section 602.22 of this Code, and signs on canopies, as defined in Section 136.1(b) of this Code, are not permitted in NC and RC Districts. No sign shall have or consist of any moving, rotating, or otherwise physically

- (c) **Identifying Signs.** Identifying signs, as defined in Section 602.10, shall be permitted in all Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts subject to the limits set forth below.
- (1) One sign per lot shall be permitted and such sign shall not exceed 20 square feet in area. The sign may be a freestanding sign, if the building is recessed from the street property line, or may be a wall sign or a projecting sign. The existence of a freestanding identifying sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding business sign on the same lot. A wall or projecting sign shall be mounted on the first-story level; a freestanding sign shall not exceed 15 feet in height. Such sign may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (2) One sign identifying a shopping center or shopping mall shall be permitted subject to the conditions in Paragraph (1), but shall not exceed 30 square feet in area. Any sign identifying a permitted use listed in zoning categories .40 through .70 in Section 703.2(a) in an NC District shall be considered a business sign and subject to Section 607.1(f) of this Code. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated during the hours of operation of the businesses in the shopping center or shopping mall.
- (d) **Nameplates.** One nameplate, as defined in Section 602.12 of this Code, not exceeding an area of two square feet, shall be permitted for each noncommercial use in NC Districts.
- (e) **General Advertising Signs.** General advertising signs, as defined in Section 602.7, *shall are not be* permitted in Neighborhood Commercial *and Residential-Commercial* Districts, *except in the Inner Sunset Neighborhood Commercial District where they are not permitted*,

as provided for below. In NC Districts where such signs are permitted, general advertising signs may
be either a wall sign or freestanding, provided that the surface of any freestanding sign shall be
parallel to and within three feet of an adjacent building wall. In either case, the building wall shall
form a complete backdrop for the sign, as the sign is viewed from all points from a street or alley from
which it is legible. No general advertising sign shall be permitted to cover part or all of any windows.
Any extension of the copy beyond the rectangular perimeter of the sign shall be included in the
calculation of the sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a) of this Code.
(1) NC 2 NCT 2 and NC 5 Districts. No more than one general advertising sign shall

- (1) NC-2, NCT-2, and NC-S Districts. No more than one general advertising sign shall be permitted per lot or in NC-S Districts, per district. Such sign shall not exceed 72 square feet in area nor exceed 12 feet in height. Such sign may be either nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (2) NC-3, NCT-3, and Broadway Districts. No more than one general advertising sign not exceeding 300 square feet or two general advertising signs of 72 square feet each shall be permitted per lot. The height of any such sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsills on the wall to which it is attached, whichever is lower, if a wall sign, or the adjacent wall or the top of the adjacent wall if a freestanding sign, whichever is lower.
- (A) NC-3 and NCT-3 Districts. Signs may be either nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (f) **Business Signs.** Business signs, as defined in Section 602.3 shall be permitted in all Neighborhood Commercial and Residential-Commercial Districts subject to the limits set forth below.
 - (1) NC-1 and NCT-1 Districts.
- (A) **Window Signs.** The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.

(B) Wall Signs. The area of all wall signs shall not exceed one square
foot per square foot of street frontage occupied by the business measured along the wall to
which the signs are attached, or 50 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less.
The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 15 feet or the height of the wall to which it is
attached. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; or during business
hours, may be directly illuminated.

- (C) **Projecting Signs.** The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 24 square feet. The height of such sign shall not exceed 15 feet or the height of the wall to which it is attached. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet six inches, whichever is less. The sign may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated, or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
- (D) **Signs on Awnings.** Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings in lieu of wall signs and projecting signs. The area of such sign copy as defined in Section 602.1(c) shall not exceed 20 square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated.
- (2) RC, NC-2, NCT-2, NC-S, Broadway, Castro Street, Inner Clement Street, Outer Clement Street, Upper Fillmore Street, Folsom Street, Glen Park, Inner Sunset, Irving Street, Haight Street, Hayes-Gough, Judah Street, Upper Market Street, Excelsior Outer Mission Street, Noriega Street, North Beach, Ocean Avenue, Pacific Avenue, Polk Street, RCD, Sacramento Street, SoMa, Taraval Street, Union Street, Valencia Street, 24th Street Mission, 24th Street Noe Valley, and West Portal Avenue, Glen Park, RCD, and Folsom Street Neighborhood Commercial Districts.

- (A) **Window Signs.** The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (B) **Wall Signs.** The area of all wall signs shall not exceed two square feet per foot of street frontage occupied by the use measured along the wall to which the signs are attached, or 100 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less. The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.
- (C) **Projecting Signs.** The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 24 square feet. The height of such sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet six inches, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
- (D) **Signs on Awnings and Marquees.** Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings or marquees in lieu of projecting signs. The area of such sign copy as defined in Section 602.1(c) shall not exceed 30 square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; except that sign copy on marquees for movie theaters or places of entertainment may be directly illuminated during business hours.
- (E) **Freestanding Signs and Sign Towers.** With the exception of automotive gas and service stations, which are regulated under Paragraph 607.1(f)(4), one freestanding sign or sign tower per lot shall be permitted in lieu of a projecting sign, if the

building or buildings are recessed from the street property line. The existence of a freestanding business sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding identifying sign on the same lot. The area of such freestanding sign or sign tower, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 20 square feet nor shall the height of the sign exceed 24 feet. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.

(3) Mission Street NCT, NC-3, and NCT-3 Neighborhood Commercial Districts.

- (A) **Window Signs.** The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (B) **Wall Signs.** The area of all wall signs shall not exceed three square feet per foot of street frontage occupied by the use measured along the wall to which the signs are attached, or 150 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less. The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.
- (C) **Projecting Signs.** The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 32 square feet. The height of the sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet six inches, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.

- (D) **Sign Copy on Awnings and Marquees**. Sign copy may be located on permitted awnings or marquees in lieu of projecting signs. The area of such sign copy, as defined in Section 602.1(c), shall not exceed 40 square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated; except that sign copy on marquees for movie theaters or places of entertainment may be directly illuminated during business hours.
 - (E) **Freestanding Signs and Sign Towers.** With the exception of automotive gas and service stations, which are regulated under Paragraph 607.1(f)(4) of this Code, one freestanding sign or sign tower per lot shall be permitted in lieu of a projecting sign if the building or buildings are recessed from the street property line. The existence of a freestanding business sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding identifying sign on the same lot. The area of such freestanding sign or sign tower, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 30 square feet nor shall the height of the sign exceed 24 feet. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated, or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
 - (4) **Special Standards for Automotive Gas and Service Stations.** For automotive gas and service stations in Neighborhood Commercial Districts, only the following signs are permitted, subject to the standards in this Paragraph (f)(4) and to all other standards in this Section 607.1.
 - (A) A maximum of two oil company signs, which shall not extend above the roofline if attached to a building, or exceed the maximum height permitted for freestanding signs in the same district if freestanding. The area of any such sign shall not exceed 180 square feet, and along each street frontage, all parts of such a sign or signs that are within 10 feet of the street property line shall not exceed 80 square feet in area. No such sign shall project more than five feet beyond any street property line. The areas of other permanent and

- temporary signs as covered in Subparagraph (B) below shall not be included in the calculation of the areas specified in this Subparagraph.
 - (B) Other permanent and temporary business signs, not to exceed 30 square feet in area for each such sign or a total of 180 square feet for all such signs on the premises. No such sign shall extend above the roofline if attached to a building, or in any case project beyond any street property line or building setback line.
 - (g) **Temporary Signs.** One temporary nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated sale or lease sign or nonilluminated sign of persons and firms connected with work on buildings under actual construction or alteration, giving their names and information pertinent to the project per lot, shall be permitted. Such sign shall not exceed 50 square feet and shall conform to all regulations of Subsection 607.1(f) for business signs in the respective NC <u>or RC</u> District in which the sign is to be located. All temporary signs shall be promptly removed upon completion of the activity to which they pertain.
 - (h) **Special Sign Districts.** Additional controls apply to certain Neighborhood Commercial *and Residential-Commercial* Districts that are designated as Special Sign Districts. Special Sign Districts are described within Sections 608.1 through 608.11 of this Code and with the exception of Sections 608.1, 608.2 and 608.11, their designations, locations and boundaries are provided on Sectional Map SSD of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco.
 - (i) **Restrictions on Illumination.** Signs in Neighborhood Commercial <u>and Residential-Commercial</u> Districts shall not have nor consist of any flashing, blinking, fluctuating or otherwise animated light except those moving or rotating or otherwise physically animated parts used for rotation of barber poles and the indication of time of day and temperature, and in the following special districts, all specifically designated as "Special Districts for Sign

1	illumination" on Sectional Map SSD of the Zoning Map of the City and County of Sar
2	Francisco.
3	(1) Broadway Neighborhood Commercial District. Along the main
4	commercial frontage of Broadway between west of Columbus Avenue and Osgood Place.
5	(2) NC-3. NC-3 District along Lombard Street from Van Ness Avenue to
6	Broderick Street.
7	(3) Notwithstanding the type of signs permissible under subparagraph (i), a
8	video sign is prohibited in the districts described in subparagraphs (1) and (2).
9	(j) Other Sign Requirements. Within Neighborhood Commercial and Residential
10	<u>Commercial</u> Districts, the following additional requirements shall apply:
11	(1) Public Areas. No sign shall be placed upon any public street, alley, sidewalk, public
12	plaza or right-of-way, or in any portion of a transit system, except such projecting signs as are
13	otherwise permitted by this Code and signs, structures, and features as are specifically approved by the
14	appropriate public authorities under applicable laws and regulations not inconsistent with this Code
15	and under such conditions as may be imposed by such authorities.
16	(2) Maintenance. Every sign pertaining to an active establishment shall be adequately
17	maintained in its appearance. When the activity for which the business sign has been posted has ceased
18	operation for more than 90 days within the Chinatown Mixed Use Districts, all signs pertaining to tha
19	business activity shall be removed after that time.
20	(3) (1) Temporary Signs. The provisions of Section 607.1(g) of this Code shall
21	apply.
22	(4) (2) Special Standards for Automotive Gas and Service Stations. The
23	provisions of Section 607.1(f)(4) of this Code shall apply.
24	SEC. 607.3. VAN NESS SPECIAL SIGN DISTRICT.

1	(a) General. Signs located within the Van Ness Special Use District, with the exception of the
2	Civic Center Special Sign District as shown in Sectional Map SSD, shall be regulated by the provisions
3	of Article 6 and those set forth below, except for those signs which are exempt pursuant to Section 603.
4	In the event of conflict between the provisions of this Section and those of Article 6, the provisions of
5	this Section shall prevail in the Van Ness Special Use District.
6	(b) Purposes. In addition to the purposes stated in Sections 101 and 601 of this Code, the
7	following purposes apply to the Van Ness Special Use District. These purposes constitute findings that
8	form a basis for regulations and provide guidance for their application.
9	(1) As Van Ness Avenue changes from an automotive oriented area to a mixed-use,
10	predominantly residential district, it needs to maintain its attractiveness to business customers and
11	residents alike. Physical amenities and a pleasant appearance will benefit both existing and new
12	enterprises.
13	(2) The character of signs and other features projecting from buildings is an important
14	part of the visual appeal of a street and the general quality and economic stability of the area.
15	Opportunities exist to relate these signs and projections more effectively to street design and building
16	design. These regulations establish a framework that will contribute toward a coherent appearance of
17	the Van Ness Special Use District.
18	(3) The Van Ness Special Use District is intended to be a mixed-use area with
19	commercial units on the ground or lower stories and residential uses on upper stories. Although signs
20	and other advertising devices are essential to a vital commercial district, they should not be allowed to
21	interfere with or diminish the livability of residential units within the Van Ness Special Use District or
22	in adjacent residential districts.
23	(4) The scale of the Van Ness Special Use District as characterized by building height,
24	bulk, and appearance, and by the width of streets and sidewalks, differs from that of other commercial

and industrial districts. Sign sizes should relate and be compatible with the surrounding district scale.

(0)	Controls
(5)	Controis.

- (1) Signs or Sign Features Not Permitted in the Van Ness Special Use District. Roof signs as defined in Section 602.16 are not permitted.
- (2) Identifying Signs. Identifying signs, as defined in Section 602.10, shall be permitted in the Van Ness Special Use District subject to the limits set forth below.
- (A) An identifying sign shall not exceed 20 square feet in area. The sign may be a wall sign or a projecting sign. A wall sign or projecting sign shall be mounted at or below the level of the lowest residential windowsill or 25 feet, whichever is lower. Such sign may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated. For the purposes of this Section, "wall signs" shall be defined as signs placed flat against a building wall with its copy parallel to the wall to which it is attached and not protruding more than the thickness of the sign cabinet.
- (B) One name plate, as defined in Section 602.12, not exceeding an area of six square feet, shall be permitted for each resident and occupant of the building.
- (3) General Advertising Signs. General advertising signs, as defined in Section 602.7, shall be permitted in the Van Ness Special Use Districts as provided below. General advertising signs may be either a wall sign or a freestanding sign, provided that the surface of any freestanding sign shall be parallel to and within three feet of an adjacent building wall. The building wall shall form a complete backdrop for the wall sign, as the sign is viewed from those points on a street or alley from which it is legible. Signs painted directly on a building wall shall be considered general advertising signs for the purposes of this Section. No general advertising sign shall be permitted to cover part or all of any window. No more than one general advertising sign of 300 square feet or two general advertising signs of 72 square feet each shall be permitted per lot. The height of any such sign shall not exceed 36 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached or before which it is placed, or the height of the lowest residential windowsill located on the wall to which the sign is attached or before which it is placed, whichever is lowest. Signs may be either non-illuminated, directly or indirectly

1	illuminated. All general advertising signs shall conform to the provisions of Section 5408 of the
2	California Business and Professions Code, including the requirement that no advertising display shall
3	be placed within 100 feet from another advertising display on the same side of Van Ness Avenue.
4	(4) Business Signs. Business signs, as defined in Section 602.3, shall be permitted
5	subject to the following restrictions:
6	(A) Window Signs. The total area of any window sign, as defined in Section
7	602.1(b), shall not exceed 1/3 the area of the window on or in which the sign is located. Such signs may
8	be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated. For purposes of this Section,
9	"window signs" shall be defined as signs placed directly on the surface of the glass inside the building.
10	(B) Wall Signs. The area of any wall sign shall not exceed three square feet per
11	foot of street frontage occupied by the building on which the sign is located. The height of any wall sign
12	shall not exceed 45 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of
13	any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. Such signs may
14	be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.
15	(C) Projecting Signs. The area of any projecting sign shall not exceed 36 square
16	feet. The height of the sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or
17	the height of the lowest of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached,
18	whichever is lowest. No part of the sign shall project more than six feet from the property line. Such
19	signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated.
20	(D) Signs on Awnings and Marquees. Sign copy may be located on permitted
21	awnings and marquees in lieu of projecting signs. The area of such sign copy shall not exceed 60
22	square feet. Such sign copy may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated or directly illuminated.
23	(E) Freestanding Signs and Sign Towers. Freestanding signs and sign towers
24	shall not be permitted in the Van Ness Special Sign District except as provided in Section 606(c)(1).

1	(F) Automotive Gas and Service Stations. For automotive gas and service
2	stations, only the following signs are permitted:
3	(i) A maximum of two oil company signs, which shall not extend more
4	than 10 feet above the roof line if attached to a building, or exceed 24 feet in height if freestanding. The
5	area of any such sign shall not exceed 180 square feet. Along each street frontage, all parts of such a
6	sign or signs that are within 10 feet of the street property line shall not exceed 80 square feet in area.
7	No such sign shall project more than five feet beyond any property line. The areas of other permanent
8	and temporary signs as covered in Subparagraph (ii) below shall not be included in the calculation of
9	the areas specified in this Subsection.
10	(ii) Other permanent and temporary signs customarily incidental to the
11	service station business, not to exceed 30 square feet in area for each such sign or a total of 180 square
12	feet for all such signs on the premises. No such sign shall extend above the roof line if attached to a
13	building, or in any case project beyond any street property line or building setback line.
14	(5) Temporary Signs. Temporary signs permitted in the Van Ness Special Use District
15	are sale or lease signs as defined in Section 602.17 and construction signs giving the names of persons
16	and firms connected with work on buildings under actual construction or alteration and information
17	pertinent to the project. One sign per lot not exceeding 50 square feet shall be permitted and conform
18	to all regulations as set forth in Section 607(f). All temporary signs shall be promptly removed upon
19	removal of the property from the market or completion of the construction activity.
20	(6) Maintenance and Removal of Signs. Every business and identifying sign shall be
21	adequately maintained in its appearance, or else removed or obscured. When the business, service,
22	industry, use or activity for which a business sign or identifying sign has been erected has ceased

operation on the premises, all such signs pertaining to such establishment shall be removed or

obscured within 180 days.

23

24

1	(7) Additional Controls. Additional sign controls apply to certain areas of the Van Ness
2	Special Use District designated as Special Sign Districts. Special Sign Districts are described within
3	Sections 608.1 through 608.11 of this Code and, with the exception of Sections 608.1, 608.2 and
4	608.11, their designations, locations and boundaries are provided on Sectional Map SSD of the Zoning
5	Map of the City and County of San Francisco.
6	(8) Automotive sales and service signs within the Automotive Special Use District which
7	have all required permits but which do not comply with the controls for new signs established in
8	Section 607.3 of this Code shall be permitted to remain as nonconforming uses and shall be permitted
9	to modify the signage text to describe new automobile ownerships and dealerships that may occur from
10	time to time.
11	(d) Landmark Buildings. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary,
12	any sign which is presently located upon or was once located upon a structure within the Van Ness
13	Special Use District which is designated a landmark under Section 1004 may be replaced and/or
14	restored subject to the limits set forth below.
15	(1) The sign may not exceed the size, shape and number of the sign(s) being replaced
16	and/or restored.
17	(2) The sign may be a wall, projecting, or freestanding sign.
18	(3) The height of the sign may not exceed 80 feet from the sidewalk elevation.
19	(4) The sign must be in the same location of the sign being replaced and/or restored.
20	(5) The sign may not be located on the roof.
21	(6) The sign may not cover or partially block any window.
22	(7) The light of the sign may not be flashing, intermittent, or moving.
23	(8) The features of the sign including size, shape and illumination must be reviewed and
24	approved in accordance with the procedures for the application of a Certificate of Appropriateness
25	under Section 1006 of this Code and subject to the discretion of the City Planning Commission. Both

1 the Landmark Preservation Advisory Board and the City Planning Commission have the authority to 2 modify any features of the sign in order to preserve the historical nature of the building. SEC. 607.4. NORTH OF MARKET RESIDENTIAL SPECIAL USE DISTRICT. 3 Signs located in the RC-4 portion of the North of Market Residential Special Use District shall 4 5 be regulated as provided herein, except for those signs which are exempted by Section 603 of this Code. (a) Business Signs. Business signs, as defined in Section 602.3, shall be permitted subject to 6 7 the regulations set forth below: 8 (1) Window Signs. The total area of all window signs, as defined in Section 602.1(b), 9 shall not exceed 1/3 of the area of the window on or in which the signs are located. Such signs may be 10 nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated. (2) Wall Signs. The area of all wall signs shall not exceed three square feet per foot of 11 12 street frontage occupied by the use measured along the wall to which the signs are attached, or 150 square feet for each street frontage, whichever is less. The height of any wall sign shall not exceed 24 13 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest of any residential 14 windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. Such signs may be 15 16 nonilluminated, indirectly, or directly illuminated. 17 (3) **Projecting Signs.** The number of projecting signs shall not exceed one per business. The area of such sign, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 32 square feet. The height of the 18 sign shall not exceed 24 feet, or the height of the wall to which it is attached, or the height of the lowest 19 20 of any residential windowsill on the wall to which the sign is attached, whichever is lower. No part of 21 the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to 22 the curbline, or six feet, six inches, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated, indirectly, or 23 directly illuminated. 24 (4) Sign Copy on Awnings and Marquees. Sign copy may be located on permitted

awnings or marquees in lieu of projecting signs. The area of such sign copy, as defined in Section

- (5) Freestanding Signs and Sign Towers. With the exception of automotive service station signs, which are permitted subject to the provisions of Section 606(c)(1) of this Code, one freestanding sign or sign tower per lot shall be permitted in lieu of a projecting sign if the building or buildings are recessed from the street property line. The existence of a freestanding business sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding identifying sign on the same lot. The area of such freestanding sign or sign tower, as defined in Section 602.1(a), shall not exceed 30 square feet, nor shall the height of the sign exceed 24 feet. No part of the sign shall project more than 75 percent of the horizontal distance from the street property line to the curbline, or six feet, whichever is less. Such signs may be nonilluminated or indirectly illuminated, or during business hours, may be directly illuminated.
- (b) Nameplates. One nameplate, as defined in Section 602.12 of this Code, not exceeding an area of two square feet, shall be permitted for each non-commercial use.
- (c) Identifying Signs. Identifying signs, as defined in Section 602.10, shall be permitted subject to the following regulations:
- (1) One sign per lot shall be permitted and such sign shall not exceed 20 square feet in area. The sign may be a freestanding sign, if the building is recessed from the street property line, or may be a wall sign or a projecting sign. The existence of a freestanding identifying sign shall preclude the erection of a freestanding business sign on the same lot. A wall or projecting sign shall be mounted on the first-story level; a freestanding sign shall not exceed 15 feet in height. Such sign may be nonilluminated, indirectly illuminated, or directly illuminated.
- (d) Signs or Sign Features Not Permitted in the North of Market Residential Special Use District. Roof signs as defined in Section 602.16 of this Code, wind signs as defined in Section 602.22 of this Code and general advertising signs as defined in Section 602.7 are not permitted. In addition, no sign shall have or consist of any moving, rotating, or otherwise physically animated part or any lights

that give the appearance of animation by flashing, blinking or fluctuating. All signs or sign features not
 otherwise specifically regulated in this Section shall be prohibited.

SEC. 608.10. ON AND NEAR MARKET STREET FROM THE CENTRAL SKYWAY OVERPASS TO DIAMOND STREET.

There shall be a special sign district known as the Upper Market Special Sign District in the vicinity of Market Street from the Central Skyway overpass to Diamond Street as designated on Sectional Map SSD of the Zoning Map of the City and County of San Francisco. The original copy of said Sectional Map with this Special Sign District indicated thereon is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors under File No. 324-76-2. With respect to said Special Sign District, the following regulations shall apply:

(a) Purposes and Findings. In addition to the purposes stated in Sections 101 and 601 of this Code, the following purposes apply to the Upper Market Special Sign District. These purposes constitute findings that form a basis for these regulations and provide guidance for their application.

(1) In November 1962, the electorate of San Francisco voted approval of an investment in a City and regional rapid transit system that will runs_beneath Market Street, including a city subway along Upper Market. In June 1968, the electorate approved a bonded indebtedness of \$24,500,000, including payment for reconstruction and improvement of Market Street from the Central Skyway overpass to the vicinity of Castro Street. The street is being rebuilt at public expense, with special paying, furnishings and landscaping. When rebuilt, this portion of Market Street will have heavy concentrations of pedestrians, and will increase in importance as a_transit and shopping corridor. It is a purpose of the Upper Market Special Sign District to further this public endeavor.

(2) As the street is rebuilt, the area is attracting and will continue to attract investments, development and design efforts in reliance upon the promise of a street of high quality. Both existing and new enterprises will be strengthened by the high standards of their environment and by the joint efforts of owners and business people.

1	(3) The character of signs along the street and of other features projecting from
2	buildings is especially significant to street appearance and to the general quality and economic
3	stability of the area. Opportunities exist to relate these signs and projections more effectively to the
4	street design and to the design of buildings, and it is a purpose of these regulations to set a framework
5	that will contribute toward those ends.
6	(4) The standards established by these regulations are reasonable standards related to
7	the unique nature of the Upper Market area and to its present and future needs. Where removal or
8	alteration of existing signs is required, the periods for removal or alteration allow adequate time for
9	amortization of the signs, consistent with other improvements along the street. The removal or

the unique nature of the Upper Market area and to its present and future needs. Where removal or alteration of existing signs is required, the periods for removal or alteration allow adequate time for amortization of the signs, consistent with other improvements along the street. The removal or alteration will help to promote equality among establishments, adding greater significance to the improvement efforts.

(5) The standards established by these regulations are deemed to be minimum

(5) The standards established by these regulations are deemed to be minimum requirements, forming a basic framework for development and remodeling. They are not intended in any way to preclude further design refinement or review by individuals or duly constituted organizations which might consider more restrictive requirements as to any aspects limited herein, or as to additional aspects such as materials, color, graphics, types of representation, relationship of signs to one another and to architectural features, or the general quality of design. It is anticipated that private efforts along such lines will and should be made for the further improvement of the Upper Market area.

(b) General Advertising Signs. Except as specified in Subsection 608.10(f) below:

- (1) No general advertising sign shall be permitted at any location within said Special Sign District; and
- (2) No general advertising sign shall be located within 200 feet of said Special Sign District, if any portion of a face of such sign would be visible from any point on a street, alley or plaza within the Special Sign District.

1	(c) Roof Signs. Notwithstanding the exceptions stated in Subsection 60/(b) of this Code, no
2	roof sign shall be permitted within said Special Sign District.
3	(d) Projection of Signs and Other Features. Within said Special Sign District:
4	(1) No projection shall exceed a horizontal distance of six feet beyond any street
5	property line. This limitation shall apply to signs and to all other features including but not limited to
6	marquees, awnings and canopies, with the sole exception of flagpoles for flags of any nation or
7	political subdivision.
8	(2) Projecting signs for each establishment shall be limited to one sign on each street
9	frontage occupied by the establishment, in addition to any signs that are placed flat upon or otherwise
10	integrated in the design of marquees and awnings.
11	(e) Height and Extension Above Roofline. Within said Special Sign District, all of the
12	following limitations shall apply:
13	(1) Notwithstanding the exceptions stated in Subsection 607(g) of this Code, no sign
14	attached to a building shall extend or be located above the roofline of the building to which it is
15	attached.
16	(2) A projecting sign attached to a building with lettering or other inscription arranged
17	in a vertical manner shall have a maximum height of 50 feet or the roofline of the building to which it is
18	attached, whichever is the lesser.
19	(3) Except as provided in Paragraph 608.10(e)(5) below, all other signs attached to a
20	building shall be located no higher than the windowsill level of the lowest story (if any) that has a
21	window or windows on the building facade on which the signs are placed, exclusive of the ground story
22	and mezzanine, provided that no such sign shall in any case exceed a height of 50 feet or the roofline of
23	the building to which it is attached, whichever is the lesser.
24	

1	(4) In addition, except as provided in Paragraph $608.10(e)(3)$ below, uniformity of
2	height shall be maintained in both the upper and lower edges of signs placed flat upon or essentially
3	parallel to each facade of a single building.
4	(5) As to the requirements of Paragraphs 608.10(e)(3) and (4) above, deviation from
5	the requirements may be permitted to the extent an alternative placement of signs is made necessary by
6	the location of arches, entrances and other architectural features, as determined by the Zoning
7	Administrator, or for the purpose of installing special lighting effects and temporary holiday
8	decorations.
9	(6) The maximum height for freestanding signs shall be 24 feet.
10	(f) Public Areas. No sign or other structure or feature shall be placed upon any public street,
11	alley or public plaza, or in any portion of a transit system, except such signs, structures and features as
12	are specifically approved by the appropriate public authorities under applicable laws and regulations
13	not inconsistent with this Code and under such conditions as may be imposed by such authorities.
14	o the extent an alternative placement of signs is made necessary by the location of arches, entrances
15	and other architectural features, as determined by the Zoning Administrator, or for the purpose of
16	installing special lighting effects and temporary holiday decorations.
17	(6) The maximum height for freestanding signs shall be 24 feet.
18	(f) Public Areas. No sign or other structure or feature shall be placed upon any public street,
19	alley or public plaza, or in any portion of a transit system, except such signs, structures and features as
20	are specifically approved by the appropriate public authorities under applicable laws and regulations
21	not inconsistent with this Code and under such conditions as may be imposed by such authorities.
22	
23	Section 7. Article 7 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 701.3
24	and amending Section 799, to read as follows:

1	SEC. 701.3. REFERENCE	S TO ARTICLES 1 & 2 (TEMPORARY).
2	Articles 1 and 2 of t	this Code are in the process of a significant reorganization. As a result,
3	some references to Articles	1 and 2 have not yet been modified. The following references in this
4	Section of the Code are ame	nded as follows:
5	102.8 shall refer to S	ection 102, Family
6	102.9 shall refer to S	ection 102, Gross Floor Area Ratio
7	102.10 shall refer to	Section 102, Occupied Floor Area
8	102.11 shall refer to	Section 102, Floor Area Ratio
9	102.12, shall refer to	Section 102, Height (of a building)
10	102.18, shall refer to	Section 102, One Ownership
11	102.35(a), shall refer	to Section 102, Neighborhood Agriculture
12	102.35 (b) shall refer	to Section 102, Large Scale Urban Agriculture.
13	Any other discrepancy b	between an Article 1 or 2 references in this Section of the Code and the
14	actual or intended reference	shall be arbitrated by the Zoning Administrator on a case-by-case basis.
15	SEC. 799. OTHER APPL	ICABLE SECTIONS OF THE PLANNING CODE.
16	Reference should be	be made to other sections which also apply to Neighborhood
17	Commercial Districts. The	se sections and their titles are listed below.
18	* * * *	
19	General Provisions	
20	Section 101	Purposes
21	Section 101.1	General Plan Consistency and Implementation
22	Section 109	Severability
23	Definitions	
24	Section ₅ 102-102.25	Definitions
25	* * * *	

1	Uses	
2	Section 201	Classes of Use Districts
3	Section 202	Uses Permitted by This Code
4	Section 202.1	Zoning Control Tables
5	Section 202.2	Operating Conditions
6	Section 202.3	Limitation on Change in Use or Demolition of General Grocery Store Use
7	Section 202.4	Limitation on Change in Use or Demolition of Movie Theater Use
8	Section 202.5	Conversion of Automotive Service Stations
9	Section 202.6	<u>Live/Work Units</u>
10	Section 203	Effect on Certain Public Services
11	Section 204	Accessory Uses, General
12	Section 204.1	Accessory Uses for Dwellings in All R and NC Districts
13	Section 204.4	Dwelling Units Accessory to Other Uses
14	Section 204.5	Parking and Loading as Accessory Uses
15	Section 205	Temporary Uses, General
16	Section 205.1	Temporary Uses, Sixty-day Limit
17	Section 205.2	Temporary Uses, Two-year Limit
18	Section 207.1	Rules for Calculation of Dwelling Unit Densities
19	Section 207.4	Density of Dwelling Units in Neighborhood Commercial Districts
20	Section 208	Density Limitations for Group Housing
21	Section <u>211</u> 234	P (Public) Districts
22	Section <u>211.1 234.1</u>	Principal Uses Permitted, P Districts
23	Section <u>211.2</u> 234.2	<u>Conditional Uses, P Districts</u>
24	Section 235	Special Use Districts
25	* * * *	

1	Section 8. Article 8 of the Planning Code is hereby amended by adding Section 801.2
2	and amending Sections 803.5 and 899, to read as follows:
3	SEC. 801.2. REFERENCES TO ARTICLES 1 & 2 (TEMPORARY).
4	Articles 1 and 2 of this Code are in the process of a significant reorganization. As a result, some
5	references to Articles 1 and 2 have not yet been modified. The following references in this Section of
6	the Code are amended as follows:
7	102.8 shall refer to Section 102, Family
8	102.9 shall refer to Section 102, Gross Floor Area Ratio
9	102.10 shall refer to Section 102, Occupied Floor Area
10	102.11 shall refer to Section 102, Floor Area Ratio
11	102.12, shall refer to Section 102, Height (of a building)
12	102.18, shall refer to Section 102, One Ownership
13	102.35(a), shall refer to Section 102, Neighborhood Agriculture
14	102.35 (b) shall refer to Section 102, Large Scale Urban Agriculture.
15	209.5(a) & (b) shall refer to Section 102, Entertainment and Recreation, Non-Commercial
16	209.9(f) and (g) shall refer to Section 102, Live/Work Unit
17	221(c) shall refer to Section 102, Community Facility
18	221(d) shall refer to Section 102, Arts Activities.
19	221(f) shall refer to Section 102, Entertainment, General
20	224 shall refer to Section 102, Animal Hospital, Cat Boarding, and Kennel
21	225 shall refer to Section 102, Storage Yard, Wholesale Sales, and Wholesale Storage
22	226 shall refer to Section 102, Industrial Use
23	227(a) shall refer to Section 102, Greenhouse.
24	227(c) shall refer to Section 102, Mortuary
25	227(h) shall refer to Section 102, Commercial Wireless Telecommunication Facility

1	Any other discrepancy between an Article 1 or 2 references in this Section of the Code and the
2	actual or intended reference shall be arbitrated by the Zoning Administrator on a case-by-case basis.
3	SEC. 803.5. GOOD NEIGHBOR POLICIES GOVERNING USES IN MIXED USE
4	DISTRICTS.
5	(a) Eating and Drinking Uses Bars and Restaurants in the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed
6	Use Districts and South of Market Mixed Use Districts. Within the Eastern Neighborhoods Mixed
7	<i>Use Districts and South of Market</i> Mixed Use Districts, <i>the Operating Conditions of Section 202.2(a)</i>
8	shall apply to all Eating and Drinking Uses. bars and restaurants, permitted pursuant to Sections 813
9	through 818, and 840 through 843 of this Code, shall not be allowed except on conditions which, in the
10	judgment of the City agency, board or commission which last exercises jurisdiction to apply this Code
11	to a proposed such use, are reasonably calculated to insure that:
12	(1) the quiet, safety and cleanliness of the premises and its adjacent area are
13	maintained;
14	(2) adequate off-street parking is provided, for which purpose the agency, board or
15	commission may require parking in excess of that required under the provisions of Section 150(c) of
16	this Code and may include participation in a South of Market Parking Management Program if and
17	when such a program exists;
18	(3) proper and adequate storage and disposal of debris and garbage is provided;
19	(4) noise and odors are contained within the premises so as not to be a nuisance to
20	neighbors; and
21	(5) sufficient toilet facilities are made accessible to patrons, including persons waiting
22	to enter the establishment.
23	* * * *
24	SEC. 899. OTHER APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE PLANNING CODE.

•		Thining Code in 7 thores other than the 7 thore dies apply to Mixed
2	Use Districts. Such section	s and their titles are listed below. The following listing is set forth
3	for convenience; in the eve	ent of any omission of a provision, that provision shall nevertheless
4	still apply.	
5	General Provisions	
6	Section 101	Purposes
7	Section 101.1	General Plan Consistency and Implementation
8	Section 109	Severability
9	Definitions	
10	Sections 102-102.28	Definitions
11	* * * *	
12	Parking	
13	Section 150	Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements
14	Section 151 I	Schedule of Permitted Required Off-Street Parking Spaces in
15	Section 151. <u>1</u>	Specified Districts
16	Section 152	Schedule of Required Off-Street Freight Loading Spaces
17	Section 153	Rules for Calculation of Required Spaces
18	Section 154	Minimum Dimensions for Required Off-Street Parking and Loading
19	Section 134	Spaces
20	Section 155	General Standards as to Location and Arrangement of Off-Street
21	Section 133	Parking and Loading Spaces
22	Sections 155.1 to 155.5	Bicycle Parking Requirements
23	Section 156	Parking Lots
24	Section 157	Conditional Use Applications for Parking Exceeding Accessory
25	Occilon 197	Amounts

Certain sections of the Planning Code in Articles other than this Article also apply to Mixed

1		
2	Section 159	Required Off-Street Parking Not on the Same Lot as Structure or
3		Use Served
4	Section 160	Collective Provision and Joint Use of Required Off-Street Parking
5	Section 161	Exemptions from Off-Street Parking, Freight Loading
6	Section 163	Transportation Management Programs
7	* * * *	
8	Uses	
9	Section 201	Classes of Use Districts
10	Section 202	Uses Permitted By This Code
11	Section 202.1	Zoning Control Tables
12	Section 202.2	Operating Conditions
13	<u>Section 202.3</u>	Limitation on Change in Use or Demolition of General Grocery Store
14	Section 202.5	<u>Use</u>
15	Section 202.4	Limitation on Change in Use or Demolition of Movie Theater Use
16	Section 202.5	Conversion of Automotive Service Stations
17	Section 202.6	<u>Live/Work Units</u>
18	Section 203	Effect on Certain Public Services
19	Section 204	Accessory Uses, General
20	Section 204.1	Accessory Uses for Dwellings in All Districts
21	Section 204.4	Dwelling Units Accessory to Other Uses
22	Section 204.5	Parking and Loading as Accessory Uses
23	Sections 205-205.3	Temporary Uses
24	Section 207.1	Rules for Calculation of Dwelling Unit Densities
25	Section 207.5	Density of Dwelling Units in Mixed Use Districts

1	Section 208	Density Limitations for Group Housing
2	Section 233	Live/Work Units
3	Section <u>211.2</u> 234.2	Conditional Uses, P Districts
4	Section 235	Special Use Districts
5	* * * *	
6		
7	Section 9. Effective D	Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after
8	enactment. Enactment occur	rs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the
9	ordinance unsigned or does	not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board
10	of Supervisors overrides the	Mayor's veto of the ordinance
11		
12	Section 10. Scope of	Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors
13	intends to amend only those	words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles,
14	numbers, punctuation marks	, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal
15	Code that are explicitly show	n in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment
16	additions, and Board amend	ment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under
17	the official title of the ordinar	nce.
18		
19	APPROVED AS TO FORM:	Attornay
20	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City	Allomey
21	By: JUDITH A. BOYAJIAN	.
22	Deputy City Attorney	N .
23	n:\legana\as2014\1400338\00945054.docx	
24		

Exhibit B:Signature page for Ordinance

23

24

25

1

Section 208 **Density Limitations for Group Housing**

Section 233 Live/Work Units

Section 211.2 234.2 Conditional Uses, P Districts

Section 235 **Special Use Districts**

Section 9. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after enactment. Enactment occurs when the Mayor signs the ordinance, the Mayor returns the ordinance unsigned or does not sign the ordinance within ten days of receiving it, or the Board of Supervisors overrides the Mayor's veto of the ordinance

Section 10. Scope of Ordinance. In enacting this ordinance, the Board of Supervisors intends to amend only those words, phrases, paragraphs, subsections, sections, articles, numbers, punctuation marks, charts, diagrams, or any other constituent parts of the Municipal Code that are explicitly shown in this ordinance as additions, deletions, Board amendment additions, and Board amendment deletions in accordance with the "Note" that appears under the official title of the ordinance.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

DENNIS/J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By:

Deputy City Attorney

n:\legana\as2014\1400338\00945054.docx

	Ex	hi	þit	ţ C] :	Sar	npl	e	þf	Ar	tic	ple	2	include a motel as described in Subsection 216(c) below:
С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С					(i) 200 rooms or less;
С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С					(ii) More than 200 rooms.
С	NA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					(c) Motel, including an auto court, motor lodge, tourist court or other facility similarly identified, containing rooms or suites of rooms, none with individual cooking facilities, which are offered for compensation and are primarily for the accommodation of transient guests traveling by automobile, and where each sleeping unit is independently accessible from the outside; provided, that the entrance to such motel is within 200 feet of and immediately accessible from a major thoroughfare as designated in the General Plan.
	С				С	С	С	С	С					(d) Motel, as described in Subsection 216(c) above but without restriction as to location of its entrance.

 $(Amended \ by \ Ord.\ 414-85,\ App.\ 9/17/85;\ Ord.\ 47-92,\ App.\ 2/14/92;\ Ord.\ 99-08,\ File\ No.\ 080339,\ App.\ 6/11/2008;\ Ord.\ 298-08,\ File\ No.\ 081153,\ App.\ 12/19/2008;\ Ord.\ \underline{182-12},\ File\ No.\ 120665,\ App.\ 8/8/2012,\ Eff.\ 9/7/2012)$

AMENDMENT HISTORY

New column C-3-O(SD) added; Ord. <u>182-12</u>, Eff. 9/7/2012.

SEC. 217. INSTITUTIONS.

C-1	C-2	C-3- O	C-3-O (SD)	C-3- R	C-3- G	C-3-S	С-М	M-1	M-2	PDR-1- G	PDR-1- D	PDR-1-B	PDR-2	
														SEC. 217. INSTITUTIONS.
С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С						(a) Hospital, medical center or other medical institution which includes facilities for inpatient or outpatient medical care and may also include medical offices, clinics, laboratories, and employee or student dormitories and other housing, operated by and affiliated with the institution, which institution has met the applicable provisions of Section 304.5 of this Code concerning institutional master plans.
P	P	P	P	P	P	С	P	P						(b) Residential care facility providing lodging, board and care for a period of 24 hours or more to persons in need of specialized aid by personnel licensed by the State of California. Such facilities shall include but not necessarily be limited to a board and care home, family care home, long-term nursery, orphanage, rest home or home for the treatment of addictive, contagious or other diseases or psychological disorders.
Р	P	P	P	P	P	Р	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	(c) Clinic primarily providing

										under 5,000 gsf, C above	under 5,000 gsf, C above	under 7,500 sf	under 5,000 sf	outpatient care in medical, psychiatric or other healing arts and not a part of a medical institution as specified in Subsection 217(a) above.
Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	P under 5,000 gsf, C above	P under 5,000 gsf, C above	P under 5,000 sf	P under 5,000 sf	(d) Social service or philanthropic facility providing assistance of a charitable or public service nature.
P	Р	Р	P	P	P	С	P	P			P			(e) Child-care facility providing less than 24-hour care for children by licensed personnel and meeting the open-space and other requirements of the State of California and other authorities.
P	Р	Р	Р	P	P	Р	Р	P			P under 20,000 gsf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing		(f) Elementary school, either public or private. Such institution may include employee or student dormitories and other housing operated by and affiliated with the institution.
P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р			P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing		(g) Secondary school, either public or private, other than a school having industrial arts as its primary course of study. Such institution may include employee or student dormitories and other housing operated by and affiliated with the institution.
P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P			P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing		(h) Postsecondary educational institution for the purposes of academic, professional, business or fine-arts education, which is required to submit an institutional master plan pursuant to Section 304.5 of this Code. Such institution may include employee or student dormitories and other housing operated by and affiliated with the institution. Such institution shall not have industrial arts as its primary course of study.
						P	P	P	P	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	(i) Secondary or postsecondary educational institution, other than as specified in Subsection 217(g) and (h) above.
P	P	P	Р	P	P	P	P	P	P	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	P under 20,000 sf if no housing	(j) Church or other religious institution. Such institution may include, on the same lot, the housing of persons who engage in supportive activity for the institution.
P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P							(k) Medical cannabis dispensary as defined by Section 3301(f) of the San Francisco Health Code. (a) Requirements. MCDs must meet the following requirements: 1. the parcel containing the MCD cannot located within 1,000 feet from a parcel containing: a. a public or private elementary or secondary school and b. a community facility and/or recreation center that

								1 age 207 01 13
1								primarily serves persons under 18
								years of age; and 2. the MCD is not
								located on the same parcel as a
								facility providing substance abuse
								services that is licensed or certified
								by the State of California or funded
								by the Department of Public Health;
								3. no alcohol is sold or
								distributed on the premises for on
								or off-site consumption;
								4. if medical cannabis is smoked on the premises the
								dispensary shall provide adequate
								ventilation within the structure
								such that the doors and windows
								are not left open for such purposes,
								resulting in odor emission from the premises;
								5. in addition to these
								requirements, an MCD must meet
								all of the requirements in Article 33
								of the San Francisco Health Code. (b) Application and
								Referral Process. The Department
								of Public Health is the lead agency
								for regulating MCDs. Final City
								permits are issued by the Department of Public Health. No
								dispensary may open without final
								authorization from the Department
								of Public Health. The Planning
								Department will review an application for a Medical Cannabis
								Dispensary only upon receipt of (1)
								a valid referral from the
								Department of Public Health
								pursuant to DPH Code Section 3304 and 3305; (2) supplemental
								application materials designated by
								the Planning Department; and (3) a
								building permit application.
								(c) Notice. Once the Department has determined that the
								application is complete, a 30-day
								notice of application shall be
								mailed to owners and occupants within a 300 foot radius of the
								subject property. Notice shall be
								posted on the project site for no
								less than 30 days.
								(d) Hearing. A Mandatory Discretionary Review hearing will
								be scheduled at the Planning
								Commission, which may choose to
								exercise its discretionary review
								powers and disapprove, modify, or approve the dispensary.
								(e) Signage. Signage for
								the medical cannabis dispensary
								shall be limited to one wall sign not to exceed ten square feet in area,
								and one identifying sign not to
								exceed two square feet in area;
								such signs shall not be directly
								illuminated. Any wall sign, or the identifying sign if the medical
								cannabis dispensary has no exterior
								wall sign, shall include the
								following language: "Only individuals with legally recognized
								Medical Cannabis Identification
								Cards or a verifiable, written
								recommendation from a physician
								for medical cannabis may obtain cannabis from medical cannabis
1								dispensaries." The required text
								shall be a minimum of two inches
								in height. (f) If an MCD closes for a
		I	I		1		l l	(1) If all MCD closes for a
•		. ,		,				

							duration longer than 18 months or if the MCD's license is revoked by DPH pursuant to Health Code Section 3315, the MCD will be considered abandoned and any Planning Commission authorization for the parcel shall be null and void. (g) Any permit issued for a medical cannabis dispensary shall contain the following statement in bold-face type: "Issuance of this permit by the City and County of San Francisco is not intended to and does not authorize the violation of State or Federal law."
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

(Amended by Ord. 443-78, App. 10/6/78; Ord. 115-90, App. 4/6/90; Ord. 275-05, File No. 051250, App. 11/30/2005; Ord. 225-06, File No. 060032, Effective without the signature of the Mayor; Ord. 225-07, File No. 070677, App. 10/2/2007; Ord. 90-08, File No. 080232, App. 5/21/2008; Ord. 99-08, File No. 080339, App. 6/11/2008; Ord. 298-08, File No. 081153, App. 12/19/2008; Ord. 140-11, File No. 110482, App. 7/5/2011, Eff. 8/4/2011; Ord. 182-12, File No. 120665, App. 8/8/2012, Eff. 9/7/2012)

AMENDMENT HISTORY

Divisions (a) and (k) amended; Ord. <u>140-11</u>, Eff. 8/4/2011. New column C-3-O(SD) added; Ord. <u>182-12</u>, Eff. 9/7/2012.

SEC. 218. RETAIL SALES AND PERSONAL SERVICES.

C-1	C-2	C-3- O	C-3-O (SD)	C-3-R	C-3- G	C-3-S	С-М	M-1	M-2	PDR-1- G	PDR-1- D	PDR-1- B	PDR-2	
														SEC. 218. RETAIL SALES AND PERSONAL SERVICES.
														The uses specified in this Section shall not include any use first specifically listed in a subsequent Section of this Code.
Р	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(a) Retail business or personal service establishment, of a type which supplies new commodities or offers personal services primarily to residents in the immediate vicinity.
	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P under 2,500 gsf per lot; C above for Grocery stores, as defined in Section 790.102 (a) and Health club, fitness, gymnasium, or exercise facility when including equipment and space for weight-lifting and cardio-vascular activities	P under 5,000 gsf per lot; C above for Grocery stores, as defined in Section 790.102 (a) and Health club, fitness, gymnasium, or exercise facility when including equipment and space for weight-lifting and cardio-vascular activities	P under 2,500 gsf	P under 2,500 gsf per lot*#	(b) Retail business or personal service establishment not limited to sales or services primarily for residents in the immediate vicinity, and not restricted to sale of new commodities.

control, the applicant must obtain conditional use authorization and all other necessary permits in order to legally convert the residential unit to a business service. Exhibit D: Sample of Article

(Added by Ord. 69-87, App. 3/13/87)

SEC. 710.1. NC-1 – NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL CLUSTER DISTRICT.

NC-1 Districts are intended to serve as local neighborhood shopping districts, providing convenience retail goods and services for the immediately surrounding neighborhoods primarily during daytime hours.

These NC-1 Districts are characterized by their location in residential neighborhoods, often in outlying areas of the City. The commercial intensity of these districts varies. Many of these districts have the lowest intensity of commercial development in the City, generally consisting of small clusters with three or more commercial establishments, commonly grouped around a corner; and in some cases short linear commercial strips with low-scale, interspersed mixed-use (residential-commercial) development.

Building controls for the NC-1 District promote low-intensity development which is compatible with the existing scale and character of these neighborhood areas. Commercial development is limited to one story. Rear yard requirements at all levels preserve existing backyard space.

NC-1 commercial use provisions encourage the full range of neighborhood-serving convenience retail sales and services at the first story provided that the use size generally is limited to 3,000 square feet. However, commercial uses and features which could impact residential livability are prohibited, such as auto uses, financial services, general advertising signs, drive-up facilities, hotels, and latenight activity; eating and drinking establishments are restricted, depending upon the intensity of such uses in nearby commercial districts.

Housing development in new buildings is encouraged above the ground story in most districts. Existing residential units are protected by prohibitions of conversions above the ground story and limitations on demolitions.

SEC. 710. NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL CLUSTER DISTRICT NC-1 **ZONING CONTROL TABLE**

			NC-1
No.	Zoning Category	§ References	Controls
BUILDING	STANDARDS		
710.10	Height and Bulk Limit	§§ 102.12, 105, 106, 250 - 252, 260, 261.1, 263.20, 270, 271	Varies See Zoning Map Additional 5 feet for NC-1 parcels with a commercial use on the ground floor within the boundaries of Sargent Street to Orizaba Avenue to Lobos Street to Plymouth Avenue to Farellones Street to San Jose Avenue to Alemany Boulevard to 19th Avenue to Randolph Street to Monticello Street and back to Sargent Street. Additional 5 feet for NC-1 parcels with a commercial use on the ground floor located on Noriega, Irving, Taraval and Judah Streets west of 19th Avenue. See § 263.20; Height Sculpting on Alleys: § 261.1
710.11	Lot Size [Per Development]	§§ 121.1, 790.56	P up to 4,999 sq. ft.; C 5,000 sq. ft. & above § 121.1

710.12	Rear Yard		§§ 130, 134	, 136	abo	quired at grade ve 34(a) (e)	level and
710.13	Street Frontage				Red	quired § 145.1	
710.14	Awning		§ 790.20			36.1(a)	
710.15	Canopy		§ 790.26				
710.16	Marquee		§ 790.58				
710.17	Street Trees					quired 38.1	
COMMERC	CIAL AND INSTITUTI	ONAI	L STANDAR	DS AND	USF	ES	
710.20	Floor Area Ratio		§§ 102.9, 10 123	02.11,		to 1 24(a) (b)	
710.21	Use Size [Non-Residential]		§ 790.130		C 3	p to 2,999 sq. fi ,000 sq. ft. & a 21.2	
710.22	Off-Street Parking, Commercial/ Institutional		§§ 150, 153 159- 160, 20		Generally, none required if occupied floor area is less than 5,000 sq. ft. §§ 151, 161(g)		
710.23	Off-Street Freight Loa	ading	§§ 150, 153 204.5	- 155,	floo ft.	nerally, none re or area is less th	
710.24	Outdoor Activity Area	ı	§ 790.70		C if	located in fron located elsewhat 15.2(a)	
710.25	Drive-Up Facility		§ 790.30				
710.26	Walk-Up Facility		§ 790.140		C if	recessed 3 ft.; Fnot recessed 45.2(b)	
710.27	Hours of Operation		§ 790.48			a.m 11 p.m.; 1 p.m 2 a.m.	
710.30	General Advertising S	lign	§§ 262, 602 608, 609	- 604,			
710.31	Business Sign		§§ 262, 602 608, 609	- 604,	P § 60	07.1(f)1	
710.32	Other Signs		§§ 262, 602 608, 609	02- 604, P § 607.1(c) (d) (g)			
				NC-1			
No.	Zoning Category	§ R	eferences	es Controls by Story			ry

		§ 790.118	1st	2nd	3rd+
710.38	Residential Conversion	§ 790.84	P		
710.39	Residential Demolition	§ 790.86	P	C	С
Retail Sal	es and Services				
710.40	Other Retail Sales and Services [Not Listed Below]	§ 790.102	P #		
710.41	Bar	§ 790.22	P #		
710.43	Limited-Restaurant	§ 790.90	P #		
710.44	Restaurant	§ 790.91	P #		
710.45	Liquor Store	§ 790.55	P		
710.46	Movie Theater	§ 790.64			
710.47	Adult Entertainment	§ 790.36			
710.48	Other Entertainment	§ 790.38	С		
710.49	Financial Service	§ 790.110			
710.50	Limited Financial Service	§ 790.112	P		
710.51	Medical Service	§ 790.114	P		
710.52	Personal Service	§ 790.116	P		
710.53	Business or Professional Service	§ 790.108	P		
710.54	Massage Establishment	§ 790.60, § 1900 Health Code			
710.55	Tourist Hotel	§ 790.46			
710.56	Automobile Parking	§§ 790.8, 156, 160	С		
710.57	Automotive Gas Station	§ 790.14			
710.58	Automotive Service Station	§ 790.17			
710.59	Automotive Repair	§ 790.15			
710.60	Automotive Wash	§ 790.18			
710.61	Automobile Sale or Rental	§ 790.12			

710.62	Animal Hospital	§ 790.6			
710.63	Ambulance Service	§ 790.2			
710.64	Mortuary	§ 790.62			
710.65	Trade Shop	§ 790.124	P		
710.66	Storage	§ 790.117			
710.68	Fringe Financial Service	§ 790.111			
710.69	Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishments	§ 790.123	С		
710.69B	Amusement Game Arcade (Mechanical Amusement Devices)	§ 790.04 ¹			
710.69C	Neighborhood Agriculture	§ 102.35(a)	P	Р	Р
710.69D	Large-Scale Urban Agriculture	§ 102.35(b)	С	С	С
Institutions	and Non-Retail Sales ar	nd Services			
710.70	Administrative Service	§ 790.106			
710.80	Hospital or Medical Center	§ 790.44			
710.81	Other Institutions, Large	§ 790.50	P	С	
710.82	Other Institutions, Small	§ 790.51	P	Р	Р
710.83	Public Use	§ 790.80	С	С	С
710.84	Medical Cannabis Dispensary	§ 790.141	P #		
RESIDENT	TIAL STANDARDS AN	D USES			
710.90	Residential Use	§ 790.88	P	P	P
710.91	Residential Density, Dwelling Units	§§ 207, 207.1, 790.88(a)	Generally, 1 800 sq. ft. lot \$ 207.4		
710.92	Residential Density, Group Housing	§§ 207.1, 790.88(b)	Generally, 1 ft. lot area § 208	bedroom per 27	75 sq.
710.93	Usable Open Space [Per Residential Unit]	§§ 135, 136		ther 100 sq. ft. 3 sq. ft. if com	
710.94	Off-Street Parking,	§§ 150, 153 -	Generally, 1	space for each	

	Residential	157, 159 - 160, 204.5				
710.95	Community Residential Parking	§ 790.10	С	С	С	

SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR NC-1 DISTRICTS

Article 7 Code Section	Other Code Section	Zoning Controls
\$ 710.40 \$ 710.41 \$ 710.43 \$ 710.44		Boundaries: All NC-1 Districts Controls: P if located more than ¼ mile from any NC District or Restricted Use Subdistrict with more restrictive controls; otherwise, same as more restrictive control
§ 710.43 § 710.44	§ 781.1	TARAVAL STREET RESTAURANT SUBDISTRICT Boundaries: Applicable only for the two Taraval Street NC-1 Districts between 40th and 41st Avenues and 45th and 47th Avenues as mapped on Sectional Map 5 SU Controls: Restaurants and Limited-Restaurants are C; Formula Retail Restaurants and Limited-Restaurants are NP.
§ 710.68	§ 249.35	FRINGE FINANCIAL SERVICE RESTRICTED USE DISTRICT (FFSRUD) Boundaries: The FFSRUD and its 1/4 mile buffer includes, but is not limited to, the NC-1 Neighborhood Commercial District. Controls: Within the FFSRUD and its 1/4 mile buffer, fringe financial services are NP pursuant to Section 249.35. Outside the FFSRUD and its 1/4 mile buffer, fringe financial services are P subject to the restrictions set forth in Subsection 249.35(c)(3).
§ 710.84 § 790.141		Only those medical cannabis dispensaries that can demonstrate to the Planning Department they were in operation as of April 1, 2005 and have remained in continuous operation and have obtained a final permit to operate by March 1, 2008 are permitted in an NC-1 District.

 $(Added by Ord. 69-87, App. 3/13/87; amended by Ord. 445-87, App. 11/12/87; Ord. 412-88, App. 9/10/88; Ord. 42-89, App. 2/8/89; Ord. 229-99, File No. 990991, App. 8/20/99; Ord. 87-00, File No. 991963, App. 5/19/2000; Ord. 260-00, File No. 001424, App. 11/17/2000; Ord. 275-05, File No. 051250, App. 11/30/2005; Ord. 289-06, File No. 050176, App. 11/20/2006; Ord. 269-07, File No. 070671, App. 11/26/2007; Ord. 244-08, File No. 080567, App. 10/30/2008; Ord. 245-08, File No. 080696; Ord. 51-09, File No. 081620, App. 4/2/2009; Ord. 5-10, File No. 090319, App. 1/22/2010; Ord. <math>\frac{66-11}{1}$, File No. 101537, App. 4/20/2011; Ord. $\frac{140-11}{1}$, File No. 110482, App. 7/5/2011, Eff. 8/4/2011; Ord. $\frac{75-12}{1}$, File No. 120084, App. 4/23/2012, Eff. 5/23/2012; Ord. $\frac{175-12}{1}$, File No. 120241, App. 8/7/2012, Eff. 9/6/2012)

AMENDMENT HISTORY

Zoning Categories 710.69C and 710.69D added; Ord. 66-11, Eff. 5/20/2011. Zoning Categories 710.10 and 710.17 amended; Zoning Category 710.68 special provisions added; Zoning Category 710.84 special provisions amended; Ord. 140-11, Eff. 8/4/2011. Zoning Categories 710.43 and 710.44 amended; former Zoning Categories 710.42, 710.67, and 710.69A deleted; Zoning Categories 710.40 through 710.44 specific provisions amended; Ord. 75-12, Eff. 5/23/2012. Zoning Category 710.10 amended; Ord. 175-12, Eff. 9/6/2012.

CODIFICATION NOTE

1. So in Ord. 66-11 and previously.

SEC. 711.1. NC-2 – SMALL-SCALE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL DISTRICT.

The NC-2 District is intended to serve as the City's Small-Scale Neighborhood Commercial District. These districts are linear shopping streets which provide convenience goods and services to the surrounding neighborhoods as well as limited comparison shopping goods for a wider market. The range of comparison goods and services offered is varied and often includes specialty retail stores, restaurants, and neighborhood-serving offices. NC-2 Districts are commonly located along both collector and arterial streets which have transit routes.

These districts range in size from two or three blocks to many blocks, although the commercial development in longer districts may be interspersed with housing or other land uses. Buildings typically range in height from two to four stories with occasional one-story commercial buildings.

The small-scale district controls provide for mixed-use buildings which approximate or slightly exceed the standard development

Exhibit E

New Definition and Corresponding Existing Code Section

Adjacent Building: 134(c)(3), 242(d)(1)

Adult Business: 790.36 Formerly Adult Entertainment

Agriculture, Large-Scale Urban: 227(b), 102.34 Agriculture, Neighborhood: 209.5(d), 102.34

Agriculture, Urban: 227(b), 102.34

Animal Hospital: 790.6, 890.6 and 224(a) and (b)

Arts Activity: 102.2 and 205 Automobile Assembly: 226(h)(1)

Automobile Sale or Rental: 790.12 and 890.13 223(a), 223(b) 223(c), 223(d), 223(e)

Automobile Wrecking: 225(p)

Automotive Repair: 223(g) and (h), 790.15, 890.15

Automotive Service Station: 790.17 and 890.18 and 223(f)

Automotive Service: 790.16, 890.16

Automotive Wash: 223(f)(6),223(j), 790.18 890.20

Awning: 790.20, 890.21 Bar: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.22

Bedroom: 102.29

Bona Fide Eating Place: 790.142

Building: 102.3

Canopy: 790.26, 890.24

Cat Boarding: 224(e), derived from Kennel

Catering: 222(g), 890.25 Change of Use: 401

Child Care Facility: 209.3(e),217(e), 790.50, 790.51, 890.50

Commercial Use: 890.27, 218-227

Community Facility, Private: 209.4(b), 790.50, 890.50

Community Facility: 209.4(a), 790.50, 890.50,

Community Recycling Center: 790.80

Conditions of Approval: 401
Cottage Food Operation: 102.37

Court: 102.4

Design Professional: 890.28 Development Impact Fee: 401

District: 102.5

Drive-Up Facility: 790.30, 890.30

Dwelling Unit: 102.7 Dwelling: 102.6

Eating and Drinking Use: 790.34

Entertainment, General: 221(f), 790.4 and 890.4, 790.38, 890.37, 145.4 and 168

Entertainment, Nighttime: 102.17 Entertainment, Outdoor: 221(h), 221(j)

Façade, Front: 317 Façade, Rear: 317 Façade: 317

Facades, Principal: 102.22

Family: 102.8

Fair Return on Investment: 228 (now 202.5)

Floor Area, Gross: 102.9 Floor Area, Occupied: 102.10

Food, Fiber, and Beverage Processing 1: 226(h)(2), 226(i) Food, Fiber, and Beverage Processing 2: 226(j), (k), (h)(3), and (l)

Formula Retail: 303(i), 703.3, 803.6 Gas Station: 790.14, 890.14, 223(f) Gift Store, Tourist Oriented: 890.39

Grain Elevator: 225(g). Definition derived from internet

Greenhouse: 209.5(c), definition derived from

Grocery, General: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.102(a), 890.102(a) Grocery, Specialty: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.102(b), 890.102(b)

Group Housing: 209.2(a)&(b)

Gym: 218, 249.4, 249.21, 249.5, 790.116, 890.116

Hazardous Waste Facility: 225(g)

Height: 102.12

Horizontal Elements: 317

Hospital: 209.3(a), 217(a), 790.44, 890.44

Hotel, Residential: 790.47, 890.47

Hotel: 209.2(d)&(e), 216(b), 790.46, 890.46

Hours of Operation: 790.48, 890.48

Household: 401 In Lieu Fee: 401 Infrastructure: 401 In-Kind Agreement: 401

Internet Service Exchange: 209.6(c), 227(r) Jewelry Store: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 890.51

Job Training: 890.50(j) Junk Yard: 225(o) Kennel: 224(c)

Laboratory: 226(e), 890.52 Licensed Child-Care Facility: 401

Life Science: 226, 890.52

Limited Live Performance. Various areas of the Code, not really defined.

Liquor Store: 790.55, 890.55 Live/Work Project: 401

Live/Work Unit: 102.13 and 233

Livery Stable: 224(d)

Livestock Processing 1: 226(r), and (w)(2)

Livestock Processing 2: 226(t) Long Term Housing: 401

Lot Size (Per Development): 790.56, 890.56

Lot, Corner: 102.15 Lot, Interior: 102.16

Lot: 102.14

Mandatory Discretionary Review: 317

Manufacturing, Heavy 1: 226(h)(4), (h)(5), (h)(7), (h)(8), (m)

Manufacturing, Heavy 2: 226(o) and (u)

Manufacturing, Heavy 3: 226 (g),(n), (w)(1), and (w)(3)

Manufacturing, Light: 226(a)-(f), 890.54

Maritime Use: 240.1, 227 Marquee: 790.58, 890.58

Massage Establishment: 790.60, 890.60, 218.1

Massage, Foot/Chair: 218.1(c)(2)

Medical Cannabis Dispensary: 209.3(k), 217(k), 790.141, 890.133

Metal Working: 226(h)(6) Mobile Food Facility: 102.34

Mortuary: 209.9(h), 227(c), 790.62, 890.62

Motel: 216(c)

Movie Theater: 221(d), 790.64, 890.64 Neighborhood Serving Business: 790.68

Net Addition: 401

Non-Auto Vehicle Sale or Rental, Light Marine Vehicles: 890.69

Non-Profit Organization: 401

Non-Residential Use Size: 790.130, 890.130

Non-Residential Use: 401

Notice of Special Restrictions: 401

Office Use: 790.68, 890.70.

Office, General: 890.70 (take out of general category and made its own use)

One Ownership: 102.18 Open Air Sales: 890.38

Open Recreation Area: 209.5(a) Open Space Required: 102.19

Open Use: 102.20

Ornamental Fencing: 102.32

Outdoor Activity Area: 790.70, 890.71

Parking Garage, Private: 223(p), 790.8, 790.10, 890.8

Parking Garage, Public: 223(m), 790.8, 790.10, 890.10, 890.12

Parking Lot, Private: 223(I), 790.8, 790.10, 890.7

Parking Lot, Public: 223(I)&(n), 790.8, 790.10, 890.9, 890.11

Passive Outdoor Recreation: 209.5(b)

Permeable Surface: 102.33

Pharmacy: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.48, 890.48

Plan Dimensions: 102.12

Post-Secondary Educational Institution: 790.50, 890.50, 217(h)

Power Plant: 226(p)

Production Distribution and Repair Use: 890.49 Public Facility: 227(d), Interpretations Section

Public Transportation Facility: 227(f)

Public Utilities Yard: 225(j)

Religious Institution: 217(c), 209.3(j), 790.50(d), 890.50(d)

Replacement of Use: 401 Residential Building: 317

Residential Care Facility: 209.3(b)&(c), 790.50(e), 890.50(e)

Residential Unit: 317 Residential Use: 890.88

Restaurant, Limited: 209.8(a)-(c), 218(a), 790.90

Restaurant: 209.8(a)-(c), 218(a), 790.91

Retail Sales and Service, General: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.102(b), 890.102(b)

School: 209.3(g)&(h), 790.50(c), 890.50(c)

Senior Designed Housing: 102.6.1, Previously Dwellings Specifically Designed for and Occupied by

Senior Citizens 102.6.1

Service, Administrative: 790.106, 890.106

Service, Ambulance: 223(s) Service, Business: 890.111

Service, Financial: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.110, 890.110 Service, Fringe Financial: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.111, 890.113

Service, Health: Formerly *Medical Services or Clinic* 217(c), 790.114, 890.114 Service, Instructional: 790.116, 890.116, separated from Personal Service

Service, Limited Financial: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.112, 890.112

Service, Motor Vehicle Tow: 890.19

Service, Non-Retail Professional: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.106, 890.106

Service, Parcel Delivery: 223(q)&(r)

Service, Personal: 218, 209.8(a)-(c), 790.116, 890.116 Service, Philanthropic Administrative Service: 790.107

Service, Retail Professional: 218, 209.8(a)-(c) 790.108, 890.108

Ship Yard: 226(q)

Single Room Occupancy: 890.88 Small Enterprise Workspace: 227(d)

Social Service or Philanthropic Facility: 209.3(d)

SOMA: 401

Sports Stadium: 221(i) Storage Yard: 225(I), 225(m)

Storage, Commercial: 225(k), 890.54 Storage, Self: 225(a), 890.54(d)

Storage, Volatile Materials: 225(d) & (e), merged Inflammable and Explosive Storage

Storage, Wholesale: 225(c) & (f), merged Whole Sale and Cold Storage

Story: 102.23 and 102.24.

Street: 102.25

Structural Alterations: 102.27

Structure: 102.26

Student Housing: 102.36 Take-Out Food: 790.122

Tobacco Paraphernalia Establishment: 218, 209.8(a)-(c) 790.123. 890.123

Trade Office: 222(f)
Trade School: 217(i)

Trade Shop: 222, 790.124, 890.124, removed Catering and Hardware Store from Art. 2 Definition .

Truck Terminal: 223(v)

Use: 401

Utility installation: Section 209.6(b), 227(e) Vehicle Storage Garage: 223(t), 890.132 Vehicle Storage Lot: 223(t), 890.131 Vehicular Use Area: 102.31 Waiver Agreement: 401

Walk-Up Facility: 790.140, 890.140 Wholesale Sales: 225(b), 890.100 Width of Alley or Street: 102.30

Wireless Telecommunication Services Facility: 227(h)

Exhibit F

									Entertainme	ent, Arts and			Utility &
Agricultural	Industrial		Institutional		Sa	les and Serv	ice	Residential		eation		motive	Infrastructure
		Education	Healthcare	Community	Non-Retail	Retail	Retail (cont.)		Non-Commercial	Retail	Non-Retail	Retail	
Agriculture, Neighborhood	Automobile Wrecking	Post Secondary Institution	Hospital	Child Care Facility	Catering	Adult Business	Pharmacy	Dwelling Unit	Open Recreation Area	Arts Activities	Parking Garage, Private	Automotive Repair	Public Transportation Facility
Agriculture, Large	Automobile		Medical Cannabis	oa caro r acy	• attorning	7 14411 245111555	aaey	2	Passive Outdoor	Entertainment,	Parking Lot,	Automotive	Community Recycling
Scale Urban	Assembly	School	Dispensary	Community Facility	Design Professional	Animal Hospital	Restaurant	Group Housing	Recreation	General	Private	Sale/Rental	Center
	Food, Fiber, & Beverage		Residential Care	Community Facility,		·	Restaurant,				Service, Motor	Automotive	
Greenhouse	Processing 1	Trade School	Facility	Private	Laboratory	Bar	Limited	Hotel, Residential		Livery Stable	Vehicle Tow	Service Station	Internet Service Exchange
	Food, Fiber, and Beverage Processing 2			Job Training	Office, General	Cat Boarding	Retail Sales and Service, General	Live/Work Unit		Movie Theater	Service, Parcel Delivery	Automotive Wash	Public Utilities Yard
	1 100033111g Z			Philanthropic	Office, Octicial	Oat Boarding	ocivice, ociiciai	LIVO/ VVOIR OTH		WOVIC THEATER	Delivery	Automotive wash	1 done offittes 1 ard
	Grain Elevator			Administrative Services	Services, Administration	Gift Store- Tourist Oriented	Services, Financial	Senior Housing		Entertainment, Nighttime	Services, Ambulance	Gas Station	Utility Instillation
										· ···g·········			Wireless
	Hazardous Waste					Grocery Store,	Services, Fringe			Entertainment,		Parking Garage,	Telecommunication Services
	Facility			Public Facility	Services, Business	General	Financial			Outdoor		Public	Facility
				·	Services, Non-	Grocery Store,							,
	Junkyard			Religious Institution	Retail Professional	Specialty	Services, Health			Sports Stadium		Parking Lot, Public	
	Live Stock Processing 1			Social Service or Philanthropic Facility	Storage,	Gym	Services, Limited Financial					Vehicle Storage Garage	
	Live Stock			T Tillariti Topic T acility	Commercial	Cylli	i ilialiciai					Vehicle Storage	
	Processing 2				Trade Office	Hotel	Services, Personal					Lot	
	Manufacturing 1, Heavy				Wholesale Sales	Jewelry Store	Services, Retail Professional						
	Manufacturing 2, Heavy				Storage, Wholesale		Storage, Self						
	Manufacturing 3, Heavy				Life Science	Liquor Store	Take-Out Food						
	Manufacturing, Light				Philanthropic Administrative Services	Massage Establishment	Tobacco Paraphernalia Store						
	Metal Working				Services	Massage, Chair and Foot	Trade Shop						
	Power Plant					Mobile Food Facility	·						
	Ship Yard					Mortuary							
	Storage Yard					Motel							
	Storage, Volatile Materials					Non-Auto Vehicle Sales/Rental							
	Truck Terminal												

Exhibit G

Modifications Made to the Article 2 Ordinance Post Initiation

	Original				1	
		-			Share and	D
Item	Page	Line	Page	Line	Change	Reason
					Revised title to read: "Ordinance amending the Planning Code to	
					consolidate definitions into Section 102, reorganize Article 2 to create	
					Zoning Control Tables, and make non-substantive changes to various sections in Articles 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in order to update, clarify, and	
					simplify Code language; affirming the Planning Department's California	
					Environmental Quality Act determination and making findings of	
					consistency with the General Plan and the eight priority policies of	
1	1	4	1	4	Planning Code Section 101.1."	So that title more accurately reflects what the Ordinance is doing (Rose Hilson)
				·	Training code section 10111	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
2	4	3	4	6	Should be "A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use"	were changed.
					Delete Administrative Services and replace with Non-Retail	
3	10	21	10	24	Professional Services	This use is replacing the Admin Services. They are essentially the same.
					Should read "See also Entertainment Arts and Recreation Use" and add	
4	11	21	12	1	"Outdoor Entertainment" to the list.	were changed.
					Replace definition with: "Entertainment, General. A Retail	
					Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use that provides entertainment	
					or leisure pursuits to the general public including but not limited to	
					billiard halls, bowling alleys, skating rinks, min-golf and game arcades,	
					when conducted within a completely enclosed building, and which is	
					adequately soundproofed or insulated so as to confine incidental noise	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
5	11	23	12	3	to the premises."	were changed.
						Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
6	12	4	12	8	Should Be " A Retail Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation Use that"	were changed.
						Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
7	12	12	12	16	Should Read "A Retail Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation Use"	were changed.
						Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
8	12	15	12		Should Be "A subcategory of Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation Use"	were changed.
9	12	17	12	21	is a space missing between "Arts and" ?	Туро
						Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
10	12	20	12	24	Should Be "Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation Use"	were changed.
					Delete "ice manufacturing plant" from "Food Fiber and Beverage	This will maintain current controls for M-1 Districts, which allows ice
		16 and			Processing 2" and move it to the definition of "Heavy Manufacturing 1"	manufacturing plants, but not "FFBP2". Moving it to "Heavy Manufacturing 1"
11	21			18 to 19	on page 33 line 17.	will maintain existing use controls.
12	22	25	23	4	Add 187.1 and §228 after 202.2(b)	relevant reference
					"Commercial Wireless Facility" changed to "Wireless	
13	28	23	29	3	Telecommunication Services Facility"	correct to reflect new name.
					Should say A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use" The	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
14	31	18	31	23	words are mixed up on this one.	were changed.
						Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
15	38	1	38	4	Should be "A Retail Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation Use"	were changed.
					Add text "Removal of a Movie Theater is subject to the controls in	
16	38	3	38	6	202.4"	relevant reference
						Redundant use. Non-Retail Professional Service is the same as Admin. Services
17	40	19	40	21	Delete Administrative Services	Definition.
					Delete "Non-Retail Sales and Service uses" after "A grouping of";	
					add "Retail Professional Services" after "General Office" but before	
4.0				١.	"Non-Retail Professional Services"; add "other than Retail Professional	
18	40	23	41	1	Services" after "This use shall exclude retail uses"	Maintain consistency with the existing office definition.
10	40	24	44	١ ,	Delete Administrative Consistent	Redundant use. Non-Retail Professional Service is the same as Admin. Services
19	40	24	41		Delete Administrative Services	Definition.
20	41	12	41	15	Should be "A Non-Commercial Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
20	41	12	41	15	Use"	were changed.
21	43	7	43	_	Should be "A Non-Commercial Entertainment, <u>Arts</u> and Recreation Use"	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references were changed.
	43	· /	43	9	030	were changed.
					Delete "utility installations" "Internet Service Exchange" and "Wireless	These uses are already accounted for in the Code as a separate definition and
22	AF	8 and 9	45	_	Transmission Facility" from the definition of "Public Facility."	should not be repeated in this definition.
	43	S and 3	43	9	Delete "Long-Term Housing" from the definition of "Residential Unit"	Long-Term Housing is defined as 32 days or more. If included, it would change
23	46	23	46	າາ	and replace with "housing."	how we currently define Residential Unit.
23	40	23	40		Should be "Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation. See	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
24	47	24	47	24	Entertainment, Arts, and Recreation, Retail."	were changed.
24	,		7/			
					Should say: "Retail Use. A Commercial Use that includes uses that	
					involve the sale of goods, typically in small quantities, or services	
					directly to the ultimate consumer or end user including, but not limited	
25	40		40	_	to, Retail Sales and Service Uses, Commercial Entertainment Arts and	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
25	48	4	48	4	Recreation Uses, and Retail <u>Automotive</u> Uses."	were changed. Redundant use. Non-Retail Professional Sension is the same as Admin-Sension.
36	40	12	40	12	Delete Administrative Services from Non-Retail Sales and Service Use definition	Redundant use. Non-Retail Professional Service is the same as Admin. Services Definition.
26	48	12	48	12	Service, Philanthropic Administrative is not alphabetical, please make	Denniqui.
27	49	8	51	22	alphabetical	formatting/consistency
27	49	8	51	23	arphabetical	Redundant use. Non-Retail Professional Service is the same as Admin. Services
28	49	22	n/a	n/a	Delete Administrative Services definition	Definition.
28	49	22	11/0	11/0	Defete Administrative Services definition	Name changed to more accurately reflect the use category. Not all references
29	53	20	53	12	Should be "A Retail Entertainment, Arts and Recreation Use"	were changed.
30	117	20	116		"envelop" should be changed to "envelope"	Existing typo (Rose Hilson)
30	11/		110	14	Add this text at the end of (c)(2) "Any requirements in these sections	Existing type (more rimon)
31	133	10	132	10	pertinent to the zoning district shall be followed."	Clarification. (Rose Hilson)
32	134	10	133		Change "should" to "shall"	Grammar, consistency (Rose Hilson)
33		5 to 9	133	15-21	Change "should" to "shall"	Grammar, consistency (Rose Hilson)
- 33	154	3 10 3	133	22 21	Delete text "(B) Any non-accessory retail	Grammar, consistency (nose rinsori)
				1	uses are subject to any per parcel size controls of the subject zoning	
34	1/19	2 to 3	1/17	13-14	district;"	Typo (Ruben and Junius)
- 71					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to the contract of the contrac

						T
35	175	7	175	8	Add Section 253 to reference column	relevant reference (Rose Hilson)
					For RH-1 height limits, replace text with the following: "Buildings may not be taller than 35 feet. Per § 261 the height limit may be decreased	
36	175	7	175	8	or increased based on topography."	Clarification (Rose Hilson)
					For RH-2 height limits, replace text with the following:: "Buildings may	
					not be taller than 40 feet. Per § 261 the height limit may be decreased	
37	175	7	175	8	based on topography."	Clarification (Rose Hilson)
		_		_	Add commas to the numbers in the columns, for example 3,000 and	
38 39	177 182	3	177 182	4	1,500. delete column titles at end of chart	consistency/typo Typo/formatting
40	182	15	182	15	Residential Uses should have a grey background	consistency
	102		102	- 15	nestacitial oscissional have a grey background	Considerity
41	183	11 to 12	183	11 to 12	Add 102 to reference column	consistency/relevant reference
					"Must be located on a landmark site, and" should be (6) and "Use	
					must be located on a parcel that contains a Hospital or a Post-	Typo, (5) is associated with Mobile Food Facilities and (6) is associated with
42	184	9 to 11	84 188	9 to 11	Secondary should be (5)" Adult Business should be NP for both RC-3 and RC-4	Mortuaries. Existing controls do not permit Adult Businesses in RC Districts.
43	100	4	100	4	Add a (7) next to the C for Tobacco Paraphernalia Store, and add the	Existing controls do not permit Addit businesses in RC Districts.
					following at the bottom around line 18 "(7) NP above the second	All other retail sales and services have this restriction in RC Districts, so it
44	188	8 & 18	188	8	floor"	makes sense to restrict TP in this way as well.
45	191	11 to 12	191	11 to 12	Add "§§ 186 and 231" to "§ References" column	Missing reference
						consistency/formatting. This is a reference for Awnings above, but is a
4.5	404	22.22	404	22.22	Delete this text "(1) P for Limited Commercial Uses per § 136.1(a) and	duplicate reference. I moved all references to the end of the chart. This one is
46	191	22-23	191	22-23	Limited Corner Commercial Uses per Section 231, otherwise NP." Use Characteristics should have a grey background and the text should	no longer needed.
47	192	6	192	9 to 10	be bold	consistency/formatting
.,			172		Add text: "No less than 40 percent of the total number of proposed	-11
				Ī	dwelling units shall contain at least two bedrooms; or no less than 30	
				Ī	percent of the total number of proposed dwelling units shall contain at	
48	192	5 to 6	192	5 to 6	least three bedrooms."	Inadvertently left blank.
					Denumber so that "/CLD for Limited Commenced Library Commenced	
					Renumber so that "(6) P for Limited Commercial Uses per §136(a) and Limited Corner Commercial Uses per §231, otherwise NP." is number	
					(1), and change the other numbers accordingly. That requires all the	
					numbers in the chart to be modified. So, Line 15 on page 193,	
					Childcare Facilities would then be a (2) instead of a (1). Line 18,	
					Residential Care Facilities would be a (3) rather than a (2), Line 21	
49	194	1 to 6	194	7 to 10	Hotel would be a (4), Mobile Food Facility a (5) and Mortuary a (6).	Consistency
50	219	6	219	2	Add 187.1 and §228 to Gas Station Reference column	relevant reference
51	219	11 to 12	219	7 to 8	Add "§ 142" to "§ References" column for Vehicle Storage Lot	relevant reference
	346	0 4- 0		4 4 - 5	Add "§§ 142, 156" to "§ References" column for Parking Lot Private	relevant reference
52	219	8 to 9	219	4 to 5	and Parking Lot Public Old references should be fixed. Should read: "such that the	relevant reference
					combined floor area of any and all uses permitted by the Zoning.	
				Ī	Control Table for PDR Districts may not exceed the limits stated in the	
53	233	24-25	233	24-25	table below for any given lot."	Reference fix.
54	224	24 to 25	224	19 to 20	Auto Use should be changed to "Automotive Use Category"	consistency
	225	_		22 40 21	Add 1971 and \$229 to Gas Station Reference	relevant reference
55 56	225	5 TO 6		23 to 24 1 to 2	Add 187.1 and §228 to Gas Station Reference column Add "§§ 142, 156" to "§ References" column for Parking Lots	relevant reference relevant reference
55		9 to 10	225	1 to 2	Add "§ 142" to "§ References" column for Parking Lots Add "§ 142" to "§ References" column for Vehicle Storage Lot	relevant reference relevant reference
37				T	Add the following language to the end of number (3) "In the C-3-R	
					District, in addition to the criteria set forth in Section 303, approval	
					shall be given upon a determination that the use will not detract from	
				l	the district's primary function as an area for comparison shopper	
58		15-16			retailing and direct consumer services. "	Per Code Section 219(c)
59 60	230 231	7 14	230 231		Project Review should be capitalized. Add "§ 142" to "§ References" column for Parking Lots	consistency relevant reference
60	231	14	251	14	Page 3 142 to 3 Meteretices column for Parking Lots	recevant reference
61	231	1 and 4	230	24 to 25	in columns for PDR-1-B and PDR-2, 210.3(a) should be 210.3A	consistency
62	231	12 to 13	231	7	Add 202.2(c) to reference column	consistency/relevant reference
		l		l		
63	231	16 to 17	231	11 to 12	Add 187.1 and §228 to Gas Station Reference column	relevant reference
64	221	18 to 19	231	1.4	Add "§§ 142, 156" to "§ References" column for Parking Lots	relevant reference
04	231	10 (0 19	251	14	And 33 142, 130 to 3 references column for Parking Lots	relevant reference
65	231	23 to 24	231	18 to 19	Add 202.4 to Reference column	relevant reference
						This change should have been made in the recent PDR legislation so that
					Change "Food Fiber and Beverage Processing 1" from a "C" to a "P" for	breweries were principally permitted in all PDR districts except PDR-1-B, but
66	232	1	231	21 to 22	PDR-1-G.	was not. (Steve Wertheim)
-	335	20 +- 24			Add 202 2 to Crosser Store Comment	volavost voference
67	232	20 to 21	232	16	Add 202.3 to Grocery Store, General Add "Metal Workshop" to chart as Follows PRD-1-B: NP, PDR-1-D: P,	relevant reference
68	232	7 to 8	232	2	PDR-1-G: P, PDR-2: P	Inadvertently left off chart
69	233	12		8 to 9	210.3(a) should be 210.3A for both numbers (1) and (2)	consistency/ typo
		chart,		<u>.</u>	Change heading text as follows: Total sq. ft. Maximum For All Uses in	_
70		lines 7-8		7 to 9	Chart 210.3 Followed by a (1) or (2) combined	Typo
71 72	240	17 5 to 6	240 240	13	Add "Metal Workshop" to chart as Follows M1: P, M2: P Add "§§ 142, 156" to "§ References" column for Parking Lots	Inadvertently left off chart relevant reference
12	240	2100	240	 		reference
		l			Add Section 219.1(c)(2) to the Ordinance and fix reference to Small	
73	- /-	n/a	n/a	n/a	Enterprise Workspace: Section 102 Section 227(t)	Fix reference. (Ruben and Junius)

						Include Section 320 in Ordinance and modify to refer to new definition	
	74	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	of Office Use.	missed reference.
ſ						"Wireless Facility" should be changed to "Wireless Telecommunication	
	75	various	various	n/a	n/a	Facility" through the document	Name change per planning staff recommendation (Omar Masrey)

Exhibit H: Letter and Responses

Coalition for San Francisco

www.csfn.net • PO Box 320098 • San Francisco CA 94132-0098 • 415,262,0440 • Est 1972

Judith Berkowitz 415.824.0617

1st Vice President

George Wooding

2nd Vice President Rose Hillson

Recording Secretary

Corresponding Secretary Glenn Rogers President Wu.

Treasurer

Members-at-Large

Charles Head

Dick Millet

Penelope Clark Melinda LaValle Marlayne Morgan

President September 24, 2014

Cindy Wu, President San Francisco Planning Commission 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400

San Francisco, CA 94102-2479

Re: Case No. 2013.0647T – Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation

On Tuesday, August 19, 2014 the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods (SFN), comprised of over 40 individual San Francisco neighborhood organizations, passed the following resolution regarding the changes to "Article 2."

Resolved, that the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods urges the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors to not adopt this proposed Article 2 simplification legislation in its current form.

Please see full text of resolution, attached.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Judith Berkowitz

President

cc: Commissioners Rodney Fong, Michael Antonini, Rich Hillis, Kathrin Moore, Christine Johnson, Dennis Richards, Director of Planning John Rahaim, Commissions Secretary Jonas Ionin, Manager of Legislative Affairs Aaron Starr, Supervisors David Chiu, Eric Mar, Mark Farrell, Katy Tang, London Breed, Jane Kim, Norman Yee, Scott Wiener, David Campos, Malia Cohen, John Avalos, Clerk of the Board Angela Carvillo

Attachment: Resolution

Barbary Coast Neighborhood Assn Buena Vista Neighborhood Assn Cathedral Hill Neighborst Assn Cole Valley Improvement Assn Cow Hollow Assn Diamond Hts Neighborhood Assn East Mission Improvement Assn Ewing Terrace Neighborhood Assn Excelsior District Improvement Assn Fair Oaks Community Coalition Forest Knolls Neighborhood Assn Francisco Heights Civic Assn Golden Gate Hts Neighborhood Assn Greater W. Portal Neighborhood Assn Haight Ashbury Improvement Assn Inner Sunset Action Committee Jordan Park Improvement Assn Liberty Hill Neighborhood Assn Marina Civic Improvement & Property Owners Assn Middle Polk Neighborhood Assn Midtown Terrace Homeowners Assn Miraloma Park Improvement Club North Beach Neighbors Oceanview, Merced Heights, Ingleside - Neighbors in Action Outer Mission Merchants & Residents Assn Pacific Heights Residents Assn Parkmerced Action Coalition Potrero Boosters Neighborhood Assn Richmond Community Assn Rincon Point Neighborhood Assn Russian Hill Improvement Assn Russian Hill Neighbors Sunset Heights Assn of Responsible People Sunset-Parkside Education & Action Committee Telegraph Hill Dwellers Twin Peaks Council & Open

Space Conservancy Twin Peaks Improvement Assn University Terrace Neighborhood Assn

Resolution Concerning Article 2 Simplification Legislation

- *Whereas*, the Planning Department of the City and County of San Francisco seeks to modify, delete and add text to legislation affecting Planning Code Articles 1,2, 7 and 8;
- *Whereas*, the Planning Department only states in the "Project Name" that only Article 2 is being simplified when Articles 1,7 & 8 are also being affected; and
- Whereas, changes in this Article 2 simplification document are not clear in terms of what all existing text is to remain and what all is to be added or moved to potentially other new or re-used section numbers in the Planning Code with the final text of each section of Planning Code affected being provided within it; and
- Whereas, there are strict requirements for height, bulk, rear yard open space, etc. that have specific nuances in existing code for particular zoning use districts, but in the proposed document they appear to be generalized for citywide application; and
- *Whereas*, there is a proposed section, Planning Code Section 206, which says only that it is "RESERVED"; it is not defined as yet; and
- Whereas, the many questions and clarifications asked by the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods are yet to be answered; therefore be it
- Resolved, that the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods urges the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors to not adopt this proposed Article 2 simplification legislation in its current form.

From: Starr, Aaron (CPC)
To: ":)"; "Cindy Wu"

Cc: Dennis Richards; "Kathrin Moore"; "Michael Antonini"; "Rich Hillis"; "Rodney Fong"; Johnson, Christine D.(CPC);

Rahaim, John (CPC); Secretary, Commissions (CPC); Chiu, David (BOS); Mar, Eric (BOS); Farrell, Mark (BOS); Tang, Katy (BOS); Breed, London (BOS); Kim, Jane (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Wiener, Scott; Campos, David

(BOS); Cohen, Malia (BOS); Avalos, John (BOS); Board of Supervisors (BOS); Judith Berkowitz

Subject: RE: CSFN Resolution on Planning Code Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation

Date: Friday, October 10, 2014 11:50:00 AM

Dear Ms. Hillson,

Thank you for forwarding the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhood's resolution regarding the Article 2 Reorganization Ordinance. The following is a response to the issues that were articulated in the resolution. Please note that the hearing for this item has been postponed 1 week to October 23.

1) Whereas, the Planning Department only states in the "Project Name" that only Article 2 is being simplified when Articles 1,7 & 8 are also being affected; and

Based on your comments from our August11 meeting I asked Deputy City Attorney, Judy Boyajian to amend the language, which now reads as follows:

"Ordinance amending the Planning Code to consolidate definitions into Section 102, reorganize Article 2 to create Zoning Control Tables, and make nonsubstantive changes to various sections in Articles 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in order to update, clarify, and simplify Code language; affirming the Planning Department's California Environmental Quality Act determination and making findings of consistency with the General Plan and the eight priority policies of Planning Code Section 101.1."

2) Whereas, changes in this Article 2 simplification document are not clear in terms of what all existing text is to remain and what all is to be added or moved to potentially other new or re-used section numbers in the Planning Code with the final text of each section of Planning Code affected being provided within it; and

Deleted and added texts are identified in the Ordnance with either a strikethrough (deleted text) or by being underlined (added text). Any text without this formatting is existing text and not being altered by the Ordinance. This formatting protocol is used in every ordinance in San Francisco. If you have specific questions about any text in the Ordinance I am happy to answer those questions.

3) Whereas, there are strict requirements for height, bulk, rear yard open space, etc. that have specific nuances in existing code for particular zoning use districts, but in the proposed document they appear to be generalized for citywide application; and

During our meeting on August 11, you expressed concern over the wording of the height requirements. Based on your comments, the text in the zoning control tables has been changed as follows:

For RH-1 Districts:

"Buildings may not be taller than 35 feet. Per § 261 the height limit may be decreased or increased based on topography."

For RH-2 Districts:

"Buildings may not be taller than 40 feet. Per § 261 the height limit may be decreased based on topography."

Please provide more information regarding your concerns over rear yard and open space requirements. These controls have not been changed, and to my knowledge are accurately accounted for in the proposed zoning control tables.

4) Whereas, there is a proposed section, Planning Code Section 206, which says only that it is "RESERVED"; it is not defined as yet; and

As we discussed at out August 11 meeting, "Reserved" indicates that this section is blank and the section number is being reserved for future use. It is used as a placeholder so that we don't have to renumber every section after Section 206. As an example, Sections 313-315.9 in the Planning Code are also "Reserved." If any text is ever added to these sections it will have to go through the normal legislative process.

5) *Whereas*, the many questions and clarifications asked by the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods are yet to be answered

The questions presented in this resolution along with many other questions were addressed at the August 11, 2014 meeting. If the answers I gave were not clear enough or if you have additional questions, I am more than happy to discuss them with you.

Sincerely, Aaron Starr

From: :) [mailto:gumby5@att.net]

Sent: Wednesday, September 24, 2014 1:20 PM

To: 'Cindy Wu'

Cc: Dennis Richards; 'Kathrin Moore'; 'Michael Antonini'; 'Rich Hillis'; 'Rodney Fong'; Johnson, Christine D.(CPC); Rahaim, John (CPC); Secretary, Commissions (CPC); Starr, Aaron (CPC); Chiu, David (BOS); Mar, Eric (BOS); Farrell, Mark (BOS); Tang, Katy (BOS); Breed, London (BOS); Kim, Jane (BOS); Yee, Norman (BOS); Wiener, Scott; Campos, David (BOS); Cohen, Malia (BOS); Avalos, John (BOS); Board of Supervisors (BOS); Judith Berkowitz

Subject: CSFN Resolution on Planning Code Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation

Dear President Wu:

Please see attached letter from the Coalition for San Francisco Neighborhoods (CSFN) regarding the planned adoption by Planning Commission of "Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation" (Case No. 2013.0647T) on October 16, 2014. Thank you.

Dear Mr. Ionin:

Please ensure that Commissioner Moore gets this email as something goes wrong w/ transmission due to my ID (I do not change it since it keeps spam out). Thank you.

Rose Hillson CSFN, 2nd Vice President October 5, 2014

Rodney Fong, Cindy Wu, Michael J. Antonini, Gwyneth Borden, Rich Hillis, Kathrin Moore, Hisashi Sugaya, Commissioners
San Francisco Planning Commission
1650 Mission Street, Suite 400
San Francisco, CA 94103-2414

RE: Please postpone Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation hearing

Dear Commissioners:

Article 2 will change "student housing" from an Institutional to a Residential "characteristic use," which will get this institutional use granted automatically in residential areas without a conditional use permit. We are concerned that this precedent will be the first of more institutional uses automatically approved for residential areas, for example Group Housing.

Already, legislation to legalize short-term AirBnb-type rentals involves changing Planning Code Sec. 209.2, part of Article 2, to potentially allow hotel and motel use in residential areas without conditional use as part of the "other housing" category.

The Miraloma Park Improvement Club, which represents 2200 homes in an entirely RH-1 zoned neighborhood, is gravely concerned about the rush to open residential areas to other uses, and requests therefore that you postpone the Article 2 Simplification and Definition Consolidation legislative change for at least 45 days to provide more time for assessment of the possible repercussions of this article.

Sincerely yours,

Dan Liberthson, Corresponding Secretary

From: Starr, Aaron (CPC)

To: "miralomapark@gmail.com"

Cc: "Cindy Wu"; CTYPLN - COMMISSION SECRETARY; gumby5@att.net

Subject: Miraloma Park Improvement Club Article 2 Concerns

Date: Wednesday, October 15, 2014 6:25:00 PM
Attachments: image001.png

image002.png image003.png image004.png image005.png

Dear Mr. Liberthson,

Thank you for sending you October 5 2014 letter expressing the Miraloma Park Improvement Club concerns about the proposed Article 2 simplification and consolidation. You letter states that "Article 2 will change "student housing" from an Institutional to a Residential "characteristic use," which will get this institutional use granted automatically in residential areas without a conditional use permit." I certainly understand your concern; however the proposed Ordinance does not make this change to the Planning Code.

One of the major component of the Article 2 Reorganization is to consolidate and rationalize the various use definition in the Planning Code. As part of that, each use is being identified as a use and placed in a use category. For example all retail sales and services uses (restaurants, pharmacies and the like) will now include the following text in their definitions "A Retail Sales and Service use that...", this will of course be followed by the definition that makes this use unique.

Similarly, the definitions for use characteristics are also being modified to identify them as a use characteristics. There are two types of use characteristics, residential and commercial. Residential use characteristics include Student Housing and SROs. Commercial use characteristics include Drive Thru Facility, Formula Retail, Open Air Sales, Out Door Activity Area, Walk-Up Facility, and Water Borne Commerce. Use Characteristics are not stand alone uses that can be approved on their own, and are regulated separately from the use itself since they are not inherent to the use. For instance a Restaurant can be Formula Retail and a Drive Thru Facility, but those characteristics are not inherent to the Restaurant use.

The following is the current Student Housing definition (emphasis added):

Student Housing is a living space for students of accredited post-secondary Educational Institutions that may take the form of dwelling units, group housing, or a SRO, and is owned, operated or otherwise controlled by an accredited post-secondary Educational Institution, as defined in Section 209.3(i) of this Code. Unless expressly provided for elsewhere in this Code, the use of Student Housing is permitted where the form of housing is permitted in the underlying Zoning District in which it is located. Student Housing may consist of all or part of a building, and Student Housing owned, operated or controlled by more than one post-secondary Educational Institution may be located in one building.

As the current definition shows, Student Housing can take the form of either a dwelling unit or group housing, and it is only permitted where the form of housing it takes is permitted. Therefore,

Student Housing could technically be placed in an RH-1 Zoning district, but because group housing is not permitted in RH-1 Zoning, it would be limited to one unit of student housing per lot. The Article 2 Ordinance only seeks to more clearly identify Student Housing as use characteristic and not an actual standalone use. It does not modify where Student Housing can be located or what form it can take.

I'm happy to discuss this further if you need more information or have additional questions. Thank you again for taking the time to engage in the process.

Sincerely,

Aaron Starr, MA Acting Manager of Legislative Affairs

Planning Department, City and County of San Francisco 1650 Mission Street, Suite 400, San Francisco, CA 94103

Direct: 415-558-6362 **Fax:** 415-558-6409

Email: <u>aaron.starr@sfgov.org</u>
Web: <u>www.sfplanning.org</u>







